STORIES OF WELL-KNOWN PEOPLE

Daughter of Lord Lives in London Slums.

Instead of making the special round of the mansions of the West End, the Hon. Anne Barbara Kinnaird, eldest daughter of Lord Kinnaird, has taken a small house in a back street of Barking, whence she visits the poor people who dwell in the many slums in that district of London. For nearly two years she has been an enthusiastic cadet and officer in the Salvation Army, and recently she was promoted to a captaincy in that organization. She is fair haired, young and very efficient looking in her neat blue uniform.

Capt. Kinnaird's commanding officer calls her "a fine, humble lassie," in spite of her birth—or because of it—and one of the most willing officers she ever had run across in the Army. "She simply lives for her friends," the commander added. "Children and grown-ups alike love her and look forward to her daily visits.

Capt. Kinnaird has that unusual trait to-day: an overwhelming shyness when among people who will persist in regarding her as something out of the ordinary, but among the poor her real self shines out."

The poor in her district paid a tribute to Capt. Kinnaird that leaves no doubt of their feelings, one grateful woman saying: "She's a real bit of sunshine from another world, and we are glad and proud to have her among us."

Lady Anne's father, a director in Barclay & Co.'s Bank, is president of the Y.M.C.A.

Novelist as "Cargo."

Mrs. Elinor Mordaunt, the novelist, has embarked on what promises to be one of the most remarkable adventures of its kind. She is sailing round the world in search of romance, not by the ordinary luxury-boat routes, but in cargo ships and tramp steamers.

Mrs. Mordaunt tells the story of a woman novelist of fame who called on a publisher a few days ago. The door to the publisher's sanctum was guarded by a business-like "flapper," who, after taking stock of the visitor, said: "I don't know whether Mr. So-and-so will see you. He's awfully busy—in fact he hasn't time to see even the good writers."

The Jew's Joke.

A Jew with toothache consulted a dentist, who advised him to have the tooth out.

"Can't have it out—vy, I couldn't stand the paid."

I'll give you gas—you'll never feel the pain."

The Jew asked: "Then I'll be asleep—unconscious—and you'll get the tooth out?"

"Yes!"

The Jew took all the money out of his pockets.

"Don't trouble to pay me now," said the dentist.

"I'm not going to," said the Jew. "I vant to count my money before I go to sleep."

This is one of a number of stories collected by Mr. Harry Furniss, the caricaturist, who states that in his experience Jews do not resent stories told against themselves. The one quoted above, says Mr. Furniss, was first told to him by a Jew.

The Awakening.

The stream once more escapes its stilly death
From Winter's carcass slips its chilly breath;
The sun with love draws near,
And warms the heart of earth.
Who Summer soon will rear,
When Spring is given birth.

—D. O'C.

He's With Us Again.

"Well," said the Perfect Pest," "I've got my garden all planted. I've put in ——" And so on for half an hour. "What're you putting in yours this season?"

"Me?" said the Noxious Nut, who had stopped listening after the first ten minutes; "Oh, a few oysters, a little chickweed and some electric light bulbs."

"Wha-at?"

"I'm planing on a crop of oyster, egg and electric light plants."

Make Literary Map.

A map, graphically showing Canada's literary development, has been designed by the editorial staff of the public library of Toronto for display at the British Empire Exposition in London, England, opening in May. The map, about nine feet by six feet, represents about 200 books, mostly by Canadian authors.

Map Used by Columbus.

The British museum recently acquired the first printed world map recording the discoveries of Columbus, published in 1506, and showing that his mistaken notion that he had reached Asia was shared by others.

No matter how unfavorable your environment or your present outlook, cling to your highest vision of yourself. Don't be afraid to believe in your power to be what you long to be, for he can who thinks he can! Trust yourself; grasp every opportunity for self-development, and you will uncover possibilities, get hold of resources within yourself that you may not dream you possess.

RED ROSE TEA "is good tea"

The ORANGE PEKOE QUALITY makes finer tea and more of it T-4

Surnames and Their Origin

WOOLLEY.

Racial Origin—English.
Source—A locality.

Here is a family name likely to puzzle you or deceive you as to its origin. It is almost impossible to get away from the idea that in some way it is conected with the word "woolly."

It has nothing to do with wool, however. Nor does it belong to that class of family which have developed from phrases descriptive of personality in any way. It is a development from a surname which was descriptive of the locality, or localities, in which its original bearers lived, or with which they were connected in some way.

And you don't recognize its origin readily, because it is a compound of two Anglo-Saxon words, one of which long ago disappeared and one which is virtually obsolete to-day.

"Wold" was a word used by the Anglo-Saxons to designate something wild or uncivilized, a sort of wilderness. You'll get the connection by changing the "o" to an "i" in the word. And "ley" in its broadest sense meant "land" or ground.' A "wold ley," therefore, was a wild or uncultivated piece of ground or hillside, without the normal forest growth.

DIAMOND

Variations—Dimond, Dimont, Diamant.
Racial Origin—Dutch and French.
Source—A given name.

Here is a family name for the origin of which several explanations have been advanced. On the face of it you might suppose that it was a development in some way from our word indicating the precious stone.

It is not impossible, of course, that in an individual case, here and there, the name did originate that way. But so far as the available records go, this is not considered probable.

It may be that in some instances the family name was formed from an Anglo-Saxon given name. But there is nothing even to indicate this. Apparently it has come from a given name which, among the Dutch, was at first "Dieman," and then "Diament"; and among the French, "Diman." It was also found among the Flemish as "Deman," and the French call it "Demandt." All of these linguistic variations are traceable as descendants of the old German "Diomund," a given name indicating that its bearer was devoted to the protection of his followers.

In some instances the family name may have been formed before, and in others after it was brought into English.

TEETHING TROUBLES

Baby's teething time is a time of worry and anxiety to most mothers. The little ones become cross; peevish; their little stomach becomes deranged and constipation and colic sets in. To make the teething period easy on baby the stomach and bowels must be kept sweet and regular. This can be done by the use of Baby's Own Tablets—the ideal laxative for little ones. The Tablets are a sure relief for all the minor ailments of childhood such as constipation, colic, indigestion, colds and simple fevers. They always do good—never harm. The Tablets are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

The First Banks.

Few things play a more important part in our lives to-day than the system of banking.

The word bank originally meant a tradesman's stall, and the first bank in anything like the modern sense existed about 2,700 years ago. We learn about this bank from clay tablets discovered near Babylon. Apparently the first firm of bankers was that of Egibi and Son, who flourished in Babylon about 600 or 700 B.C.

The early Chinese were in the habit of issuing paper money—indeed, they got into difficulties by issuing too much. There was a bank in China about A.D. 1,000.

But banking as we understand it today did not begin until the twelfth century, when the Bank of Venice was established. This was followed by the Bank of Barcelona, in Spain, and the Bank of Stockholm, in Sweden. The latter was the first bank in Europe to issue paper money. This was in 1668. Other early banks were the Bank of St. George, at Genoa, the Bank of Hamburg, and the Bank of Amsterdam.

WHERE THE BEST TEA GROWS.

The tea plant flourishes best on the well drained side of a mountain in a country where there is plenty of moisture and a warm sun. Certain parts of Ceylon, India and Java are ideal for the growing of delicious tea, hence from these countries come the finest varieties. "SALADA" is a blend of the choicest qualities grown, in these, the three most famous tea-growing countries in the world.

Wasn't Sure.

She—"Don't you think the Van Lucre's all have a wonderful carriage?"

He (absent-mindedly)—"I know they used to, but I thought they sold it and got an automobile."

Keep Minard's Liniment in the house.

Roasting a Safe.

There must be no doubt about a safe. Therefore a safe that is being tested at the Underwriters' Laboratories has to undergo some pretty severe usage. If it does not weaken, says Mr. Harry Chase Brearley in a Symbol of Safety, it wins a label of utter trustworthiness.

First the safe is submitted to the "explosion test." Inside are magazines and loose papers and a recording thermometer. A photograph is taken of them. Then the doors are closed, and the safe is enveloped in flames. In less than three minutes the temperature exceeds a thousands degrees; and in fifteen minutes it has reached seventeen hundred degrees. Those are extreme conflagration conditions.

For the second test the safe is placed in a furnace that consists of a box of thick masonry and that is heated with four rows of blast burners. After twenty minutes an observer looking through a peep hole at the back of the furnace can see the large sheet of steel that forms the back of the safe beginning to show signs of distortion. That is only natural. Thirty minutes; tiny spurts of flame are issuing from joints in the safe from the generation of gases within the insulation. It is indicative of good design that they can escape without doing damage. Forty minutes and the steel knob of the combination lock is brilliant red; one hour, and the entire surface of the safe is brilliant red. If the safe has been submitted for the highest classification it is subjected to an inferno of ever-increasing intensity for three hours longer; but at the end of the four hours the heat inside as indicated by a recording instrument connected with an external switchboard must not be sufficient to injure the most delicate papers on the shelves.

The "drop test" is even more spectacular. Toward the end of an hour's heating, which the safe must undergo for this test, eight men in overalls stand by at their stations like trained gun crews. Blocks and tackles are all set to open the wall door of the furnace and to roll out the bottom truck on which the red-hot safe rests. The engineer at the instruments takes a last reading of temperatures, jots them down and puts his mouth to the speaking tube. "Ready!" he calls.

Two asbestos-gloved men disconnect the recording instruments and withdraw them white hot from the furnace wall holes.

"Ten seconds!" shouts an engineer.

"Five "

A man grasps a lever.

"Go!"

The flames go out with a pop. There is a thud as a man rams a timber against the door prop. The heavy door opens. Workmen, crouching to protect their faces from the heat, quickly hook the wheeled truck and draw it forth; then they raise the safe high in air until it is plumb above a massive concrete block set flush with the flooring of the yard and covered with a heap of loose bricks. The safe is dropped and, whizzing down from the height of a fourth floor window, lands with a crash.

On a second day the test is repeated with the safe turned upside down. After that it is carefully examined and dissected, and, if it has done all that was expected of it, it wins its rating.

When ordering goods by mail send a Dominion Express Money Order.

My heart was troubled in seeking her; therefore have I gotten a good possession.

Is Baldness a Blessing?

Bald people usually bemoan the loss of their hair and sign for the locks which have gone for ever. But there is at least one advantage which comes from baldness.

For example, have you ever met a bald man who was consumptive? It has been proved that bald men are peculiarly immune from this disease. One doctor has said that out of five thousand consumptive patients not a single one was bald.

Baldness is sometimes caused by bad dieting; but more frequently by letting the cold and damp penetrate to the roots of the hair. A man will emerge from a barber's shop with his hair wet even on the coldest day.

Excessive exercise is liable to bring on baldness. Athletes become overheated, and, when they cool off, their scalp becomes chilled.

HOME TREATMENT SAFE AND EFFICIENT

Ailing People Made Strong by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills do one thing, and do it well. They build up the blood, increasing the number of red corpuscles. As this is done the blood becomes a richer red and is able to carry more oxygen, the great supporter of human life. As the blood improves in quality the tissues of the body are better nourished and the functions of the body are better performed. This is the reason Dr. Williams' Pink Pills have been so successful in the treatment of diseases due to poor, thin blood, and it is also the reason why they are so successful in building up strength after fevers and acute diseases. Among those who have used Dr. Williams' Pink Pills with great advantage is Mrs. Helena B. Taylor, Hanover, Ont., who says: "Not long ago I was critically ill. The trouble started with anaemia and a run-down system, and ended with pleurisy. I was confined to my bed for three months and three doctors were in attendance at different times. My life was despaired of, and I was practically living on doctors' medicine, because I could not eat. My friends did not expect me to recover. During my girlhood Dr. Williams' Pink Pills had brought me through a severe attack of anaemia, and my mother urged that I should try them again. The doctor could not understand why we wanted to try these pills, but we decided to do so. After taking six boxes a decided change was taking place. I was actually getting hungry and anxious to live. After using twelve boxes a miracle was worked. I could walk and felt my strength coming back, and people on all sides were asking what was helping me, and we were not slow in telling them it was Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. With my health fully restored through the use of these pills I am a striking example of what this wonderful medicine can do, and now I never see a pale or sickly-looking girl or woman that I do not feel like going up to her and asking why she does not take Dr. Williams' Pink Pills."

You can get these pills through any dealer in medicine, or by mail at 50 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Yes, That's What He Meant.

Count DeBunk—"What you call that department of your church for young people what is always giving ice cream festivals?"

Church Member — "Oh, you must mean our sundae school, I'm sure!"

His Last Chance.

A certain canny Scotsman had carried on a courtship of long duration without definitely committing himself. The girl, if she worried herself at the long probation, gave no sign until one morning her tardy lover, thumbing a small notebook, said: "Maggie, I hae been weighing up your guid points, and I hae already gotten ten. When I get a dozen I'm goin' tae ask ye the fatal question."

"Weel, I wish ye luck, Jock," answered the maiden; "I hae also gotten a wee book, and I've been puttin' doon your bad points. There are nineteen in it already, and when it reaches the score I'm gain' tae accept the blacksmith!"

Where is Florence?

An old colored woman came up to the ticket window at a big railway station and addressed the agent. "I wants a ticket fo' Florence," she said.

The ticket agent spent some minutes turning over railway guides apparently with no success and then asked:

"Where is Florence?"

"Settin' over dar on de bench," replied the colored woman.

The unfailing mark of strength is patience.

The woman who knows how to manage a man never lets him know it.

Ask for Minard's and take no other.

Antiquities at the Royal Ontario Museum.

Comparatively few people are aware of the fine collections of antiquities which are displayed in the Royal Ontario Museum of Archaeology in Toronto. Space in the building is already at a premium and those in charge live in constant hope of the erection of a new wing, which would permit of an advantageous display of the many interesting and instructive specimens at present packed away in storerooms.

From time to time the Department of University Extension, University of Toronto, issues bulletins designed to keep the public in touch with noteworthy additions to the archaeological collections and keep people posted on the historical value of the museum's exhibits. A recent bulletin describes sections of the Chinese, Canadian and Indian pottery collections, as well as recent additions to other groups.

A Lohan or Apostle of Buddha, the gift of Mrs. H. D. Warren, amply illustrated and described in the pamphlet, attracts considerable interest. It is a Chinese pottery figure of the T'ang dynasty, measuring 41 inches in height. The statue, which is delicately modelled in white clay, and covered with green, yellow and white lead glazes, is supposed to be one of sixteen Lohan or disciples of Buddha thought to have been taken from a remote mountain sanctuary in Chihli some years ago. The Lohan, represented as a young man, was a human being who had reached the end of the eight-fold path and had attained perfection and enlightenment. Other statues of the Lohan group are to be found in the British Museum, the Boston Museum of Fine Arts, the Metropolitan Museum in New York, where there are two, the University Museum in Philadelphia, and the Matsukata Collection in Japan.

Of no small appeal to Canadians both from the patriotic and artistic point of view is the description of the Museum's two cases of Canadian-made pottery. This collection is the work of J. S. Keele of the Dominion Department of Mines, Miss Adeline Wadsworth and the pupils of Miss Groocock at the Central Technical School, Toronto. The clays are taken from Muskoka, and various other parts of the Dominion from coast to coast.

From the ancient New World has come a distinctive group in the pottery section, namely Indian pottery from the Casas Grandes region of northern Chihuahua, Mexico. This was originally part of a collection which was divided between the Museum at Santa Fe, New Mexico; the Archaeological Society of Washington, by which it was deposited in the National Museum; and the Royal Ontario Museum, thus giving these three institutions remarkably complete series of this class of early pottery. The pieces, of which numerous illustrations are given, are done in plain, black, red and polychrome. The unusually thin walls of the vases bear witness to the skill of the potter and the fine quality of the clay used, while the design and coloring excites admiration. This pottery is known to have been made before Columbus even dreamed of a New World.

The impression of a preponderance of art over utility is given by a beautifully executed wheel-lock petronel, a recent addition to the Arms and Armor collection. This gun, the gift of Robert Mond, is of German workmanship, dating from the latter half of the sixteenth century. Despite the fact that the stock of the gun is delicately inlaid with stone and the butt terminates in a pear-shaped formation much like a spear-head in appearance, the weapon was apparently deadly enough for the age. The German Reiters gained no small reputation for themselves due to their skill with this weapon which had the advantage over the more ancient match-lock gun that it could be carried in a holster loaded for quick action.

Reminiscent of a period in English History, about the middle of the eighteenth century, when there was a revival in the fashion for oriental objects of ornament, is a Chinese Chippendale mahogany cabinet. This is an addition to the T. Eaton collection. It is distinguished by its pagoda-like design of top and the delicate fretwork. It is the fore-runner of the modern China cabinet and very similar in appearance as well as in use.

Typical of Roman burial custom is the front of a Roman boy's sarcophagus made in the second century A.D. and bearing on it a medallion portrait of the deceased. As was the fashion in that age there are figures on the sarcophagus of the boy's game-cocks and rabbits. This example of ancient funeral sculpture comes from Bologna.

Ten-Point Success Creed.

1. Work and Earn.
2. Make a Budget.
3. Record Expenditures.
4. Have a Bank Account.
5. Carry Life Insurance.
6. Own Your Home.
7. Make a Will.
8. Invest in Safe Securities.
9. Pay Bills Promply.
10. Share with Others.

Island War on Typhoid.

Typhoid fever, which formerly was very prevalent in the Virgin Islands, has been abolished by inoculation with anti-typhoid vaccine of all persons between the ages of 5 and 45.

ASPIRIN

Beware of Imitations!

BAYER

Demand

Unless you see the name "Bayer Cross" on package or on tablets you are not getting the genuine Bayer Aspirin proved safe by millions and prescribed by physicians over twenty-three years for

Colds	Headache
Toothache	Lumbago
Neuritis	Rheumatism
Neuralgia	Pain, Pain

Accept "Bayer Tablets of Aspirin" only. Each unbroken package contains proven directions. Handy boxes of twelve tablets cost few cents. Druggists also sell bottles of 24 and 100. Aspirin is the trade mark (registered in Canada) of Bayer Manufacture of Monoaceticacidester of Salicylicacid. While it is well known that Aspirin means Bayer Manufacture, to assist the public against imitations, the Tablets of Bayer Company will be stamped with their general trade mark, the "Bayer Cross."

Reader Takes Newer Form of Iron--Feels Years Younger

"Six weeks ago I saw a special offer in the paper telling how thousands of people grow old in looks and energy long before they are really old in years, because, as examinations by physicians have shown, an enormous number of people do not have enough iron in their blood. I have been taking Nuxated Iron for two weeks: the results are simply astounding. The roses have come back in my lips and cheeks, and I can consciously say that I feel ten years younger."

The above is a typical hypothetical case showing the results that have been achieved by a great many people since we started this "satisfaction or money back" offer on Nuxated Iron. We will make you the same guarantee. If, after taking the two weeks' treatment of Nuxated Iron, you do not feel and look years younger, we will promptly refund your money.

Call at once for a bottle of Nuxated Iron at any good drug store.

How to Purify the Blood

"Fifteen to thirty drops of Extract of Root, commonly called Mother Seigel's Curative Syrup, may be taken in water with meals and at bedtime, for indigestion, constipation and bad blood. Persistence in this treatment will give permanent relief in nearly every case." Get the genuine at your druggist.

CUTS!

Minard's eases inflammation, soothes and heals cuts and bruises.

MINARD'S "KING OF PAIN" LINIMENT

Ogden's CUT PLUG

Now in Vacuumized Tins

80¢ the ½ lb

always fresh

Ogden's Liverpool.

The Perfect Illusion.

Harold—"Poor old Winkus! His imagination gets the best of him."

Percy—"What's he been doing now?"

Harold—"So hoarse he can hardly speak to-day. Tore the inside out of his throat cheering a football game he was listening to over the radio.

Happy is the man whose pocket is empty enough that he can, if necessary, put his pride in it.

Classified Advertisements

WOOLGROWERS—COTTS AND Rejects accepted for limited time only. Apply Georgetown Woollen Mills, Georgetown, Ontario.

MURINE Keeps EYES Clear, Bright and Beautiful

Write Murine Co., Chicago, for Eye Care Book

Heal Skin Troubles With Cuticura

If you are troubled with pimples, blackheads, redness, roughness, itching and burning, which disfigure your complexion and skin, Cuticura Soap and Ointment will do much to help you. Always include the Cuticura Talcum in your toilet preparations.

Soap 25c. Ointment 25 and 50c. Talcum 25c. Sold throughout the Dominion. Canadian Depot: Lymans, Limited, 344 St. Paul St., W., Montreal. Cuticura Soap shaves without mug.

BEFORE MY BABY CAME

I Was Greatly Benefited by Taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

Sydenham, Ont.—"I took your medicine before my baby was born, and it was a great help to me as I was very poorly until I had started to take it. I just felt as though I was tired out all the time and would have weak, faint spells. My nerves would bother me until I could get little rest, night or day. I was told by a friend to take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and I only took a few bottles and it helped me wonderfully. I would recommend it to any woman. I am doing what I can to recommend this good medicine. I will lend that little book you sent me to any one I can help. You can with the greatest of pleasure use my name in regard to the Vegetable Compound if it will help others take it."—Mrs. HARVEY MILLIGAN, Sydenham, Ont.

It is remarkable how many cases have been reported similar to this one. Many women are poorly at such times and get into a weakened, run-down condition, when it is essential to the mother, as well as the child, that her strength be kept up.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is an excellent tonic for the mother at this time. It is prepared from medicinal roots and herbs, and does not contain any harmful drugs. It may be taken in safety by the nursing mother.

ISSUE No. 13—'24.