THE STANDARD, ST. JOHN. N. B., MONDAY, FEBRUARY 15, 1915

THE KEY TO THE SI BY THE RUSSIAN FORCES GALICIA HEI

Northern and Northwestern Slopes of Entire WITH THE FAMOUS ALPINES OF THE FRENCH ARMY. Carpathian Range Controlled by Czar's Army - Enemy's Recent Success in Bukowina Not Regarded as Serious Menace by Russian Staff Officers.

Petrograd, Feb. 14, via London.—Russian staff officers today assert that notwithstanding their occupation of the Grown Land of Bukawina shan fank, or to the Russian position about the town of Lemberg. This is due to the fact, the Russian position about the town of Lemberg. This and because the Russian positions in the Beskid range on the south pre-clude the possibility of a successful attack. Russian newspaper contiment on the rumors recently in circula-tion that the Russians were contemplating the evacuation of Lemberg and the publication of statements that the Russian authorities had pla-cought forth denials from the Russian general staff. In orther and northwestern slopes of the entire Carpathian is the two the situation in Eastern Galicia. At Mesolaborch, the Russians are reported to have begun an effen-sive movement.

At Mesolaborch, the Russians are reported to nate begin an entries sive movement. The military authorities admit the possibility of an Austro-German attack on the Russian positions around Przemysi, which Austrian fort-ress recently has shown new signs of activity. In the last few days the garrison has made a number of sorties, apparently aimed at breaking the Russian ring to the south, and with forming a junction with the Austrian main force approaching from the direction of Lupkow and Lu-toviska. Thus far the sorties, according to Russian soldiers, have been unsuccessful and disastrous. Renewed attempts at aerial reconnals-ance also have been made by the besieged forces. In the mountain passes, where much fighting at close range is taking place, the Germans have produced new fighting machines in the shape of bomb throwers and fire spouters. The former contrivance con-sists of a small apparatus capable of being carried by two men. It throws a thirty pound bomb for a distance of 200 or 300 yards into the lines of their opponents. It is used when artillery is not available. The other contrivance consists of a tube through which a flame of burn-ing oil is forced for a distance of eight yards, and which covers with flame everything it touches. This apparatus is reported to be employ-ed against bayonet charges, which is a favorite mode of Russian fight-ing.

Ing. Austrian prisoners relate that the Austrian forces lack horses. On the left bank of the Vistula river there is evidence that the Ger-mans are re-grouping their forces and they are evidently preparing a new attack in that region.





tes of the French army, who are known for their brave fighting, have borne the brunt of the heavy Vosges Mountains, where the French have gained much ground. In the above illustration is shown lpines held in readiness during a battle in the Vosges. In the other scene a French supply column Albine infantry is seen passing through a village in the mountains.

THREE POINTS BY RUSSIANS

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AUSTRIAN LINES

shting on the right bank of the is developing

n Mochowo up to the

"In the region of Lyck, Raygrod and Grajewo the fighting is characterized by considerable obstinacy. Further north our troops have tallen back up-

Protest, German Paper Says

or cars for our en

nd sympathies are in the Eng-ny, considers, 'good form,' we help them. In six days from he sea around Great Britain

Feeble to Deserve Name of

Washington's Recipe With the Briton, "Wash His Fur, but Don't Wet Him," the Frankfurter Zeitung Says.

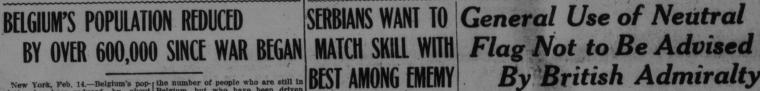
Wilson's Note to England Too

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REV. KUH

Last Sermon

ing up Hi Chaplain



New York, Feb. 14.—Belgium's por-ulation has been reduced by about 600,000 as a result of the war, and her condition presents a situation without parallel in history, says a report is-med tonlight by the Rockfeller poundation from its war relief com-mittee sent to investigate the effects of the war upon non-combatants. It she first report from this committee hich went to Belgium hast November. After detailing how means of trans-nortation, communication and banking ind their buildings ladd low, the arri-nod supply virtually cut off the report ars: ""Tet if one is to understand the Belgium tood supply virtually cut off the renders or sphasize, not the destitution of ne whadred thousand, but the sudden y enforced inactivity of a strong and isalthy nation of 7,000,000." "After stating that there are 322,000 to in England, the report says that

FIFTEEN ALIEN

News That Germans Have to Help Their Ally Against His Army Fills Serbians With Pride. Borne, Feb. 14.—Prince George of Servia, who has been in Italy recover ing from wounds that have obliged that the the second that have obliged the the second that the the second the second that the the British ships should use the flags of the British ships should use the flags of the the second the the the second the the the second the sec

him to use crutches, said today during the course of an interview on the war that he was convinced that Austria after the lesson it had received would wait for some time before resuming hostilities against Servia. He pointed out also that climatic and geographical conditions were against Austria at the present moment and that it could not withdraw its and that it could not forces from the easter

Ottawa, Feb. 14 .- "I have received

FIBING LINE IN FRANCE

of

SOME GOOD SEATS FOR

he wo Asked by the

RED CROSS BENEFIT Although the advance sale of sea f a



nous

TONIGHT "GOVERNOR"

efit of the RED CRO The Sparkling Comedy

"A MISFIT HERO"

ty a Strong Local Cast under the Auspices of I. B. GRADUATE NURSES' ASSOCIATION



BACK TO CANADA

SUSPECTS BROUGHT

Halifax, Feb. 14—There was quit ir at the steamship terminals to hen the C. P. R. liner Missana inals tod Liverpool and fourteen ta" from the first Ca-gent at Salisbury Plain tedly of German and Austri-while others of various for-malifies are under suspicion d tendencies. They all en-Canada with various resi-he first contingent and were England, but there were der detention.

COMMANDEER WHEAT



WAR TAX ON

LETTERS MEANS

ride, as they are seasured against thos pemselves the first try the central empire ich news would can Servia they are m Special to The Standard. Ottawa, Feb. 14.—The war tax of one cent on letters and postcards when it comes into effect will yield a very considerable revenue. During the last fiscal year the number of letters mail-ed in Canada was 673,000,000 and post-cards, 64,000,000, a total of 737,000, 000. If the same number were mailed in the coming year they would pay in war taxes 57,370,000 even allowing for a substantial abrinkage in business and social letters, the revenue should be at least four or five million dol-lars.

BIG REVENUE

SLAYING COMPATRIOT

er, Feb. 12.—Ragmal Sing , was hanged at New Wer his morning for the murd-ingh, another Hindu.

AND GOAL SUPPLY

REFRESHMENTS FOR BRITISH SOLDIERS IN NORTHERN FRANCE.

At this would require enormous or the second secon

ndon, Feb. 14.—Some expectancy xpressed at Shorncliffe that the evacuated by Kitchener's army ed by Kitchener's ied by the next Ca

of the 151st Brigade, French Army, and at the time of writing was before Cernay, where some of the fiercest fighting of the war has taken place." write with difficulty on my knees," he says, "with my paper on my pack in a trench, within reach of the bodies of a dozen of my comrades in arms who have fallen within the past five or thing. Fray for me."

in the European war as they pass through villages on the way to occurred in Northern France and shows the crew of an armored motor

Ned. Jane Fearm

Gallery Phone 1363 for Good Se TUES-RED CROSS NIGHT eeling appeared to d in the United Stat



Some of Those Ris ppling Little

"The Scales of Justice" Fam

Thousands A From (