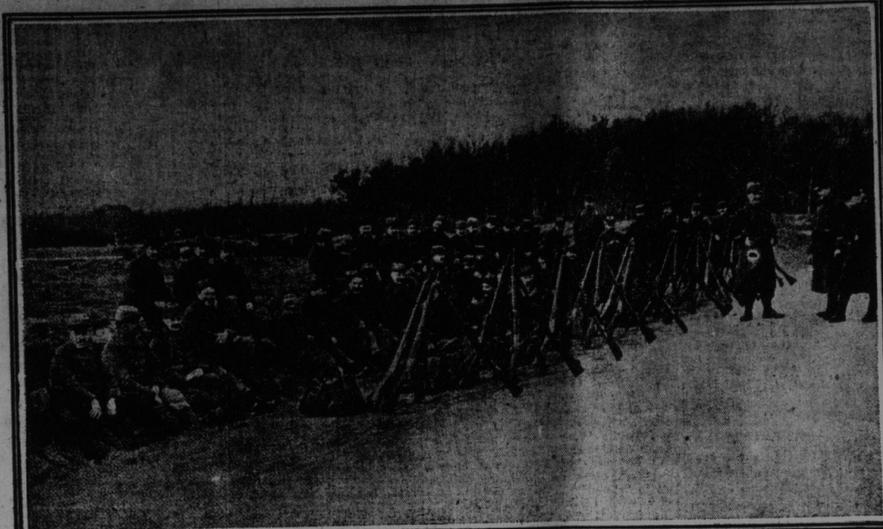


RUSSIA HAS SENT TROOPS TO PERSIA

READY TO TAKE THE PLACES OF THEIR FALLING COMRADES



FRENCH RESERVES WAITING FOR THEIR TURN IN THE TRENCHES Behind the firing lines of all the armies on the European battle fields reserves are constantly kept in readiness to take the places of their comrades who fall in battle. This picture, taken along a roadside behind the firing line in France, shows reserves waiting to fill the gaps made in their ranks.

RUSSIAN TROOPS IN PERSIA A FEW MILES FROM TEHERAN

Germans, Austrians and Turks prepare to quit city— Gov't in secret session in endeavor to arrange amicable terms of settlement of trouble between Persia and Russia.

Petrograd, Nov. 11.—According to the latest advices received in Teheran, Persia, according to a despatch from that city, a Russian force is within 45 miles of Teheran and the indications are that the Germans, Austrians and Turks in the city are preparing to leave, removal of the archives of the German and Austrian legations to the American legation, for instance, being in progress. At a secret session of parliament, the despatch states, a majority of the deputies expressed the hope that an amicable arrangement of the difficulties between Russia and Persia would be reached. The cabinet ministers had been in session for 24 hours, it is added, trying to formulate conditions acceptable to Russia and Great Britain. Much excitement is reported in the city, according to the despatch over the energetic action of the Entente Allies, and it is reported that the Shah will retire to Ispahan in the event that the Persian proposals are not acceptable.

IRELAND MUST RECRUIT 1,100 MEN A WEEK

To Fill Wastage In Irish Divisions Already at Front.

HER RESPONSE HAS BEEN MAGNIFICENT

260,000 have enlisted and number of volunteers turned down as unfit is almost fifty per cent.

Dublin, Nov. 11 (Correspondence)—Recruiting in Ireland has been placed upon a new basis. Hitherto the work has been entrusted to voluntary committees, formed in each county, with a central recruiting council for Ireland. The Lord Lieutenant of a county, usually a peer, has been at the head of the work in this country. Meetings have been held in every part of Ireland and much zeal has been displayed by the speakers at them, who have included representatives of all parties and creeds. The result has been, as announced by Major Gen. Lovick, friend and commander of the forces in Ireland, the enlistment of 51,000 men for the infantry.

As the percentage of rejections for unfitness has been as high as fifty per cent, the total number from Ireland who offered themselves for service in the army was about 160,000. Ireland, at the outbreak of the war, had more than her proportion of the men in the army and in the reserves and this total has been described by the highest military authority in a public letter as "magnificent."

There must be added to it also Ireland's recruiting for the navy, to which a substantial number of men have gone.

A fresh appeal has been made for more men. It will be necessary to fill up the wastage in the Irish divisions at the front. To keep them up to strength a recruitment of about 1,100 a week is officially stated to be necessary, and unless the Irish divisions are to be filled up from Scottish and English drafts that number will have to be found in Ireland.

No difficulty, however, is expected to arise in the matter. The rate of recruitment asked for now is less than that reached in the months of April and May last, and experience has taught the necessity for improved methods, which are counted upon to make the task easier. The existing organization has been thanked for their services which in the particular form are now at an end, and a new department for Irish recruiting has been established under the supreme headship of Lord Wimborne, Lord Lieutenant of Ireland. There are no forms in Ireland from which lists of available men to be canvassed can be compiled. The registration act does not apply to Ireland. Some districts in Ulster came under it voluntarily, but even in those districts the filling up of the forms was entirely made optional, and there does not seem to be any intention to follow Lord Derby's methods on the basis of the forms filled up in those districts.

It is likely, therefore, that the new methods of recruiting in Ireland will have to be based, like the old ones on general appeals.

They may easily prove more effective than in the past, for the voluntary organizations did not always temper their zeal with discretion. Districts predominantly of one political character were addressed for platforms by men who agreed with them about no Irish question, and many speakers showed their inability to realize the point of view of their audiences. The kind of patriotic appeal which moves an Englishman may leave an Irishman cold. The most effective appeals addressed to Irishmen have been based upon the invasion of Belgium. The torpedoing of the Lusitania was a powerful stimulus to recruiting, which was still further added to by the sinking of the Arabic.

Ireland was chilled, too, by action on the part of the military authorities such as that which refused to allow the Irish division to have its own colors. Even yet, though, the colors and the Ulster division have distinctive badges, the other Irish divisions have not.

There is also a feeling that the exploits of Irish regiments at the front have not had all the publicity they deserved. Except for individual exploits which gave O'Leary the Victoria Cross they are felt to have a poor show in the despatches or descriptions of the official eye-witness. Still, when all is said, the response of Ireland, notwithstanding all difficulties, is regarded as excellent, and the avoidance of such errors as may have been made in the past, it is believed, will make easy what remains to be done.

FINE MEETING AT HARTLAND LAST NIGHT

Several recruits expected as result — Stirring addresses and enthusiastic gathering.

Hartland, N. B., Nov. 11.—One of the greatest recruiting meetings yet held in Carleton county took place in Lyrio Hall tonight. Before the regular meeting opened S. S. Miller introduced the matter of the disposal of the machine gun fund and called for a vote. W. D. Keith, seconded by J. T. G. Carr, moved "That except there are objections made by those who helped at the machine gun picnic, and who are not here tonight, the treasurer of the picnic fund be authorized to forward the funds now in the bank, about \$1,225 to the treasurer of the Canadian Patriotic Fund on the 20th inst." The motion was carried unanimously.

The regular meeting was then opened by the band playing the National Anthem and a stirring march. Next followed a flag drill by 16 young girls, who sang "We'll Never Let the Old Flag Fall."

Donald Munro, as chairman, then introduced Mr. Fred Squires, who in a most eloquent and stirring speech outlined the position of Great Britain in the present war, and pointed out in the strongest terms why the men of Carleton county should enlist in the great drive for liberty.

Lieut. N. B. Shaw was greeted with cheers. He gave a short review of his trip from Valcartier to England and passed on to his arrival in Flanders, giving an interesting sketch of his experiences during the fighting in that country. He gave the greatest praise to the work done by the Canadians. He emphasized the fact that every eligible man married or single in Canada is needed at the front, and if they don't come as volunteers conscription will surely follow.

Captain L. P. D. Tilley, Mrs. C. H. Taylor sang "Soldiers of Canada." In good voice Capt. L. P. D. Tilley said this war was one that would eventually call out every available and physically fit man under the British flag. He appealed to the young men in strong words to go to the aid of their country and in defence of their homes. Three thousand men are wanted from New Brunswick at once.

Fine Example of Patriotism. Donald Munro explained that any salary he got as recruiting officer would go to the Patriotic Fund. That was the understanding when he took the job. He had offered to go to the front but as he could not be given a position he would use his salary to help the cause.

Serjt. Knight in his customary forceful manner drove home the duty of the young man. This was not only the call of the country, it was the call of God for the upholding of right and

THE UNEMPLOYED PROBLEM IN WEST NOT SO ACUTE THIS WINTER

Special to The Standard. Ottawa, Nov. 11.—J. G. Watters, president of the Canadian Trades and Labor Congress, has just returned from a tour of Western Canada and the Western States. He said that there was a good deal of unemployment in the west last summer, but he added:

"In my opinion the conditions will be less acute this winter than they were last through the absorption of many unemployed in the manufacture of war materials as well as the enlistment of thousands of men for active service at the front and the munition shops of the old country."

"The question, however," continued Mr. Watters, "which should concern statesmen, is, after the war what there will be thousands of returned soldiers, hundreds of returning mechanics now employed in shell making in Britain, thousands of unlearned aliens, in all likelihood, liberated into competition with others and coming to Canada. Already tentative arrangements are being made to bring immigrants here, particularly from the British Isles, after the war. All these things are going to happen, and just how they are going to be faced is the problem of our statesmen."

"In Great Britain," he said, "it has been proved that private enterprises could not meet the situation with respect to the equipping of the armies for the field. The British government had to step in and do what private enterprise failed to do. It took over factories, and many industries. That was done to preserve the nation. An emergency arose and it had to be met. Another emergency is coming here. It will be another question of preserving the nation by preserving the workers, through finding employment. And the same steps may have to be taken in Canada to meet the crisis that were adopted in Great Britain to meet German aggressiveness."

HEMMED IN BY ICE, RELIEF SHIP UNABLE TO REACH ETAH New York, Nov. 11.—The ship Cluett sent last spring to the relief of the Crocker Island expedition has been unable to reach Etah, the exploring party's base, and on September 12 the relief ship was hemmed in ice in North Star Bay. This news came in a message received by the Museum of Natural History from Copenhagen, signed by Knud Rasmussen, the Danish explorer. The Cluett was delayed by ice for 35 days in crossing Stefville Bay. When Rasmussen left North Star Bay, all members of the Crocker Island expedition were in good health, he said.

SEVEN CURED OF CANCER

By assisting Nature's efforts complete cure is possible, head of Cancer Research Dep't says.

London, Nov. 11.—Seven patients suffering from cancer have been completely cured "by assisting nature's efforts," according to Dr. Robert Bell, head of the Cancer Research Department of the Battersea General Hospital.

"We have," Dr. Bell said, "been able to demonstrate, beyond doubt, that the healing power of nature, if sufficiently assisted by regulating the diet regime of patients, together with the administration of therapeutic agents, has proved in many instances quite competent, not only to overcome the disease, but to bring about complete recovery."

Knight's Ambulance. The Knights of Pythias have received a letter of acknowledgment from the Red Cross Society for the handsome gift of an ambulance presented to them by the local lodge of the order.

WHITLOCK GOING BACK TO BRUSSELS AFTER VACATION IN U. S.

Washington, Nov. 11.—Secretary of State Lansing announced today that he expected American Minister Whitlock would return to Brussels, Belgium, after his vacation in the United States, thus settling definitely at rest reports that Mr. Whitlock would go to Havre, the present seat of the Belgian government.

Sir Douglas Haig's Canadian Interests. Information comes from Glasgow that the firm of John Haig & Co., Limited, Distillers of Marking, and of which the great British General Sir Douglas Haig, K. C. B., etc., is a Director, have entrusted their Canadian interests to Mr. D. O. Roblin, of Toronto. The famous Haig family, 28 generations old, dated back from A. D. 1169, and are admitted to be the oldest firm of Scotch Whisky distillers in the world.

Additional Directors. At the meeting of the directors of the St. John Exhibition Association held yesterday the following directors were selected to act with those elected on Tuesday last: R. T. Hayes, the Mayor, J. H. Northrup, W. E. Foster, W. W. Hubbard, George L. Warwick, E. A. Schofield, Dr. Thomas Walker, R. W. W. Frink, C. B. Lockhart.

Children Cry for Fletcher's CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of Dr. J. C. Fletcher, and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrup. It is pleasant, it contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. For more than thirty years it has been in constant use for the relief of Constipation, Flatulency, Wind Colic, all Teething Troubles and Diarrhoea. It regulates the Stomach and Bowels, assimilates the Food, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of *Dr. J. C. Fletcher*

The Kind You Have Always Bought

In Use For Over 30 Years

THE CENTRAL COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

RED ROSE TEA "is good tea"

THE VICTROLA AND THE COMMUNITY—NO. 4



The Doctor

says: "If people knew the health-giving relief from the strain of modern living which the Victrola gives, we medical men would have less to do and every home would be happier."

"When I can relax for an hour and listen to the excellent music my Victrola provides, I certainly feel the benefit. Violin music always appealed to me so I take especial pleasure in records by Elman, Kreisler or Maud Powell. I think 'The Concerto for two violins' on three records by Kreisler and Elman is the finest music I ever heard."

"Expensive?—Not nearly so expensive as one of my bills for mending shattered nerves. It's wonderful what excellent ten-inch, double-sided Victor Records you can get at 75c each."

"No medical man can leave me out of his talk about music now, as formerly. I've got it of my own."



Victrola XVI \$255
In Mahogany or Oak. Circus Walnut, \$330
The instrument by which all musical instruments are judged.
Other Victrolas from \$21 to \$205 (on easy payments, if desired) at any "His Master's Voice" dealer in any town or city in Canada. Write for free copy of our 450 page Musical Encyclopedia listing over 6000 Victor Records.

BERLINER GRAM-O-PHONE CO. LIMITED
19 Lenoir Street, Montreal
DEALERS IN EVERY TOWN AND CITY
One Price from Coast to Coast
Be sure and look for this trade mark.
Victor Records—Made in Canada—Patronize Home Products

FOR SALE BY J. & A. McMillan,

98 and 100 Prince Wm. Street - - ST. JOHN, N. B.

Wholesale Distributors of VICTOR GRAMOPHONES and RECORDS Also BERLINER MACHINES and SUPPLIES