The Lebinon and Smyrna Meeting House.

## av lathan a ceampac

If \#es mot Levanon of Syris, or Smyrus of Asta Misor; but alster townships In central New York, each beeringat historle name The meeting-honse stood near the line which marked the boundary between the town. the line ehich marked the boundary between the town-
ablips; hence the donble barreled appellation. It was in ahips; hence the donble barreled appellation. It was in
the country: not a country village or hamelet, but out among the farms, where nue road intersected another. Juat acrose the way atood a weather beaten achool house, in mhich the writer's young tdens were trained to ahnot. A brook gargled past the actiool-house, and in that brook were tront; but that is another atory. The two incldente were trout, with those sehool days which stand out mont diativelly, are a fierce fight between the teacher and the big bogs in which aticke of wood were used as weapons, and a diegraceful attempt on the pirt of the minister's an to spell "woolly" with one "I." The attempt met with serious objection on the part of the teacher, and the mortified hoy loet his place at the head of the class and gained a chunk of experience which has lasted him to this day.
Bat we are getting away from the meeting-house, even though it is only across the road in architecture it belonged to the atilitar'an period. When the problem is fimply to get the most room for the least moner, the solution will take the form of a rectangalar building without frills. It had been painted white, and, I thiak, retained its coating ftirly well. If there was any tower or ateeple, memory does not reprodnce it. An axicovered porch stretched across the front of the building, serving at once as horse-block and foyer. It was on this porch that the minister's son of a Sunday was publicly disgraced. He had reached the mature age of eeven years, and was wearing for the first time a suit of velvet, black with red spots, made by the cunning hands of his mother. If there was ever a handsomer snit or a prouder boy, hlatory has failed to record the fact. He felt old, large, a man. Standing there in all his majeaty, ith hands in his pockets-yes, there were pocketslooking down in compassion on his boy friends who had no velvet suits all at once, and withont warning, a woman kiased bim. "What a falt was there, my countrymen ". ${ }^{\text {. }}$ Down he came from bis pedestal, for that kise was the indubitable evidence that he was atill oniy kise was the
a little hoy.
Juat to the north meering tiquse were the sheds where the farmers hitched their horses during church time, and where the school children played on week days. It was shady and cool there even in the hot summer weather, and after the noon lunch had been intervewed, what feats of skill and daring were performed on the upper beams. Gymnssifum work was not a part of the prescribed course in that school, but we took it all the aame. We wrestled and jamped and ran races, and fought a little now and then, jast to keep life from becoming monotonous.
But here we are lingering in the horse aheds when we ougbt to be fn church. By the way, that was just what the young men-and some of the older ones-were accustomed to do of a Sunday morning. They gathered under the sheds and talked horse and crops and polttics, antll they heard the first notes of the opening hymn, and then filed into church. They ant on the north side, for the gonth slde was given over to the women. Small bays sat with their mothers, and it was a grent day when the mmall lad was gracusted to the men's stde of the house. The first Sunday after the minister's son attalned to this high dignity, he chose a seat in close proximity to a bov frient of about his own age. The sermon being well under way and the boy having fall confidence in the soundness of his father'a theology-a confidence which bas never been ahaken-he felt his liberty to turn his attention to other if less sacred things. At length he found employment in attemoting to teach his frfend how to "pick up chips." The pupit did not prove apt twisting and unt wiating his fingers in a vain attempt to get them properly adjusted. His failure was so complete and hils resnltant chargin so comical, that the min plete and his resnitant chargin so comical, that the minieter's son, forgetfal/of time and place, let-loose a vigor-
ons "ha ! ha '1" Which went careering around the church ous "ha ! ha I" which went careering around the church and then the solemn tones of the minister were heard "Lathan, go and alt with Dzacon Lewis!" Lathan went, in a bumitistion of spirit which words cannot begin to measure.

Dear Dearon Lewls! How kindly he smiled down upon the shivering boy who crept in disgrace to his side. He was "Uacle Benjamin" to every one for milen aronsd. No one ever heard him utter a bltter word, o saw upon his face an angry look. His beart was full of love and kindliness, which overflowed in good deeds done with ahsolnte freedom from ostentation. When we were in Italy in the summar of 1905 , a letter came from my father saylag, "U acle Benj smin is dead." A I read the words I saw again the old meeting house by the brook side, and the calm, kind face of the good man whe for more than four score and ten yeara had lived the poopel of Jene Chriat. In our Fether's house, I doubt
not that he will be greatly honored, although here he was known only to the few.
The pulpit was at the east end of the house, perched high agaluat the wall, and reached by a filght of atain from elther side. When the preacher had reached thile lofty eyrie, the door at the head of each flight of stairs was closed and he wanat liberty to prance about ae well as he conld in a apsce of about three feet by four. A wooden bench back of the desk took the place of chairs, and furniahed a reating place during the aermon for the miniater's son, on those occaslons when he wan honored with a seat in the pulpit. Stretched out there, the by'e vision was limited to the ceiling and his father's back, and he often killed time by speculating what would happen if he snould jab his father in the bend of the knee. On one occaslon upeculatiou gave place to actual iaventigation-but that is atill another atory, and has unpleasant associatlons,
The gallery went around three sides of the bailding, and in the west end was the choir. "Uncle Hiram," possessor of a somewhat thin but sweet tenor voice and a great love for masic, led the forces. The ranle and file was made up of all sorts and conditions. Some could sing and some only imagined that they conld, a delusion shared by no one who heard them. After the hymn had been given out, came the "plag" of the tnaigg fork, a gentle humming as one after another reached after the key, and then away they swang in plantive "Mear " or good old" Balerma," Wbat a day it was for church music when Bradbnry came, A new note was sounded; a note of gladness and rejoicing, The aingers in the old Lebanon and Smyrna meeting. house caught the bleased contagion, and. Hark from the tombs" gave place to "Joyfully, joyfully, onward we move," Then the Sauday-school children began to ing. Heretofore they had endured the music; now they loved it.
Speaking of the Sunday school brings back that clase of boys in which the minister's son had a place. The school held on'y summer seasions, and each spring we began with, "In thoae days came John the Baptist preacbing in the wilderness," etc., sud we were expected to commit to memory seven verses each week. We had few of the appurtenances which are supposed to be essential to good Sunday-school work in these days, but we had the most important thing of all-a good teacher He seemed to us to bean old man- - he may have been forty-but he knew how to win and to hold the love of his lands. The boys are all scattered now, bat one of his boys, at least, has never forgotten the lessons learned from good Deacon Phelps in the little meeting-house ander the hill.
Somehow one loves to linger over those days. They were not better than the prepent, but life was full of wonders then. What one of us will ever forget the magic-lantern exhibitions in the old church, when we sat with protruding eyes as the animals marched two by wo into the ark, or the mouse ran in and out of the man's month ? There are no plenics now auch as we had then. Then we marched with flying banners, cless by class, headed by a brass band, to some near by wood where tables groaned nuder thelr welaht of provisione. recall one such occasion. when the centre of the table was occupled by, a amall pig, roasted to a turn, and holding in his mouth an ear of corn. The poet of the day immortalized the tiny porker in this couplet

Trae to the nature with which it was born
The pig still clinge to ite ear of corn.
Were it not for feer of that cold-blooded editor who just aches for an excuse to pitch this whule thing into the waste-basket, I would tell about Deacon Ellot and his red bandanua hundkerchief ; but that le stlll another story.-Standard.

## God as a Rewarder

## BYREV, THEODORE L. CUYLRR, D. D.

Among all the names and attributes of our Heavenly Father that is a very endearing one that is contained in that glorious eple of faith, the eleventh chapter of the "Hebrews." We read that God is the rewarder of them that diligently seek him. That precions promise is linked with every earneat prayer and every act of obedience. God rewards labor. D ses not every farmer act in faith when he drives hila plough in springtime, and drops his grain into the mellowed ground? Every min ister prepares his gospel message-every Sunday schoo teacher conducts the Blble class, and every godly paren tills the soll of the child's docile heart, in the simple faith that God rewards good sowing with harvests.
God rewards obedience. He enjoins upon every ainner repentaucce and the forsaking of his ains, and the acceptance of Jesus Christ as his atoning Saviour Eivery sinner that breaks off from his sins, and lays hold of Jeans Christ, does it on the assurance that our truthkeeping God will reward obedlence. "By faith, Noah beling warned of God of things not seen as yet, prepared an ark to the saving of his house." An unbelleving generation hooted, no doubt, at the "fanatic" who was wanting his time asd money on that unwieldly veasel, But every blow of Noah's hammer wai an andible evl.
dence of the patriarch's falth in the Lord as a rewarder of obedience.
God rewards belleving prayer for the right things, when it is offered in a submissive spirit. "Ask and ye shall recetve; seek and ye shall find. Humble, childHise falth creates a condition of thinga in which it is wise and right for God to grant what might otherwise be denied. We grasp the blessed truth that he heara prayer, and gives the best anawer to prayer in his own Hme and way; upon these two facts we plant our kneen when we bow down before him. On, the long, loig triale to which we are subjected, while our loving Fathe Is testing our falth and giving it more vigor and volume We are often kept at arm's length-like the pleading Syro-Phcenician mother-ln order to test onr faith; the victory comes when the Master says "be it unto thee even as thon wilt.'
Godly wives are often left to press their earnest petitions through monthe and years before the answer comes in the work of the converting Spirit. There was an excellent women in my congregation who was for a long time anxious for the conversion of her buabind. She endeavored to make her own Christian life very attrac. tive to him-a very important poiat, too often neglected. On a certain Sabbath ahe shut herself up and spent much of the day in beseeching prayers that God would touch her huaband's heart. She sald nothing to her husband but took the case atraight up to the throne of grace. The next day when she opened her Bible to conduct family worship, according to her custom, he came and took the Book ont of her hands, and sald "Wifey, it is about time 1 did this." And he read the chapter himself. Before the week was over he wa praying himself, and at the next communion he nnited with our charch
Verlly, God is a rewarder of them that diligently seek him. That praying Hannah, who said, "The grief of my heart is that of all my six children, yot one loves Jesus," was not satisfied that it phonld be so. She continued her fervent supplications until five of them were couverted during a revival. They all united in a day of fasting and prayer for the sixth danghter, and she was soon rejoicing in Christ. The victory that overcame in that case was a faith that would not be denied.
Sometimes the prayera of parenta are answered long after the lips that breathed them are monided into dust. When a certain Captain K_ sailed on his last sea voyage, he left a prayer for his little boy written out and deposited in an oaken chest. After his death at sea, his widow locked up the chest, and when she was on her dying bed, she gave the key to her son. He grew up a licentionsand diasolute man. When he had reached middle life, he determined to open that chest out of mere curiosity. He found in it a paper, on the outside of which was written, "The prayer of M-K - for his wife and child." He read the prayer, put it back into the cheat, but could not lock it out of his tronbled heart. It burned there uke a live conl. He became so diatressed that the woman whom he was living with as his mistress thought he wa becoming deranged. He broke down in penitence, cried to God for mercy, and making the woman his legal wife, began a new life of prayer and obedience to God's commandments. And oo God proved to be a rewarder of a faith that had been hidden away in a secrec place a half century before I I have no donbt that among the blessed sarpries in eternity will be the triumphs of many a believer's trasting prayere.
My friend, If you are not a Christian, I entreat you to put the divine promise to the tent. Jesuis Christ's invitation to you is to "follow me." He calls on you to formake your darling slins and offers you pardon. He calls you to self-denial, and offers you peace of conconscience. He calle you to his service, and offers you more solld joys than this world can give or take away He calls to a clean, pure, usetal life, and offers you grace sufficient for it. He calls you to follow him through sunahine or storm, up hills of difficulty; and through some sharp temptations-to follow him implicity, gladly and heartlly to the last hour of earth, and then in heaven you will acknowledge that the "God of all grace" io the eternal rewarder of all who obey him --Religious Intelligencer.

## Back to God.

by rev francia m marsten, d. d.
There is a deep undercurrent of thought and feeling in our time which crles out, "Back to God." Strong conviction is taking root in many earhest minds, and the ahifting sands of sentiment to which so many have clung in their religions Hfe, are not sufficient for the imperative seed of the world of our dav. A creeping paralysis of moral sud ethical forces has been discerned by the wise. Prophecies of disaster have not been wanting. Hence the impulse to go back to the soverelgaty of the divine Love and the absolute will of the Eternal of which Jesus was the expression and fullness of manifestattion.
From many indications the careful, stadent mu at be trupreneed with the prescience of an appronching dog.

