Annual Meeting and Reports of the Officers.

An Account of the Work of the Ladies' Auxiliary Association.

The annual meeting of the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals was held on the 19th inst. in the Board of Trade rooms. There was a good attendance of members. John V. Ellis, the presidnt, occupied the chair.

The president read the report of the cutive committee. There have been 418 cases of cruelty to animals investigated and 98 of cruelty to persons, mostly children. The work had been effectively done with the comparatively limited resources at their d. In the last annual report the hope was expressed that in some places in the province outside of St. John and Fredericton, branch societies could be formed. This has been rea-Our treasurer, Mr. Taylor, visited that place during the year and a so-

ciety has been started there.

We have affiliated with the Royal Canadian Humane society, and no doubt some advantages will result

We would like more help both in membership and money. This report was, on motion, adoptetd and ordered to be entered on the

Scretary E. J. Wetmore submitted his fourteenth annual report. It was to be regretted that parties in the cities and counties who once owned fine driving or working horses should, sidered unable to do further work for their owners, dispose of them for a small sum of money to persons who never had any experience in the care of horses, thereby causing great suffering to the animals.

The so called fashionable over-check is still being used in a manner that appears very cruel. The owners of ses should consider the matter well before using these checks.

The handling of cattle is much more humanely done than in former years, still there is much room for improve ment. Cattle conveyed in open cars during the winter must suffer much, even in short transit. Th managers of railways might, when having new cars constructed and in repairing old ones, make them more suitable for

In the matter of the shipment of sheep to the United States, the C. P. company at Montreal issued instructions to the manager of the railway at St. John not to allow any more cars to be bedded with hay or straw, fearing damage by fire in transit. From our own experience during the past six years we find that hay far the best bedding when ship ping from St. John to the United States. The following tabulated statement will give a pretty good idea of the work done during the past year:

Horses suspended from labor: For lameness.
Sores under harness.
Unfit for work. cers and others cautioned or ad-onished for overloading, overwork-ill-treatment, etc..... Cattle and other stock: Ill-treatment, neglect, shipment, etc.. 164

l, overcrowding, etc..... birds' nests and snaring .. 10

neglected.... neglected and ill-treated by others.....glected by their wives

Total

Cases taken into court—
monished by court:
for ill-treatment and neglect of children and others...

Ill-treatment of horses...

Dogs killed—mode of killing investicated Scalding dog; proved to be accidental

On motion, the secretary's report was received and ordered to be entered on the minutes. J. M. Taylor, as treasurer of the society, submitted the annual report,

To E. G. Nelson's account. office rent to May, 1, 1894....secretary's salary, one year to secretary's travelling expenses...
affiliation fee to Royal Humane
asseciation
Balance

.... 284 85

St. Sehn, N. B., Dec. 31, 1894. The secretary read reports from the Fredericton and Moncton branches, which showed that good work had been done in both places The report of the Ladies' Auxiliar

was read as follows: Being informed that the society intending year publishing a report in pamplies we thought an account of the L. A. come is commencement might be interest-

Ladies' Auxilliary has been in emist. for ten years, during which time vari-afforts have been made to promote the

objects of the society to bring the subject of kindness to animals before the general public, and also to assist the funds of the S. P. C. A. At first Bands of Mercy were formed among the children of the city, II in number, and 7 united anniversary meetings of all the bands were held, which were generally largely attended, and we are in hopes that a cood educational work was thus done among our young citizens. At these meetings prizes were offered for essays on different subjects in connection with animals and their treatment, etc. Speeches were made and other efforts to interest the young people in the good work. The public schools having now taken up the subject, and regular instruction being given there, the special work of the Bands of Mercy has been in some measure superseded, and the L. A. are now contemplating some other method of interesting the public in the cause. We would like to mention in this connection the erection by the Carleton band of a handsome fountain at the head of Rodney wharf. The A. have not confined their efforts to improving the condition of the animals, but have also tried to do something for the children of the city. For two years a club and evening school was kept up for the benefit and instruction of the newsboys, and in December, 1890, the auxiliary were requested to take steps towamrds having two women trustees added to the school board of St. John. The efforts made in this direction are no doubt known to you all, and we are in hopes that before long this desirable object will be accomplished. During the ten years of our existence we have contributed a little over \$100 to the society, but most of our funds have been employed in our own work.

During the past year the association was affiliated with the local branch of the Women's Council of Canada, and hope that thus their sphere of usefulness will be extended. All which is respectfully submitted on behalf of the L. H. G. A.

The following officers were elected: John V. Ellis, president; Archdeacon

The following officers were elected: John V. Ellis, president; Archdeacon Brigstocke, Rev. Mr. Bruce, Rev. Mr. Gates, W. L. Ham, T. B. Robinson Dr. Frink, W. F. Best, W. F. Pathe way, J. H. McAvity, Geo. E. Fenety, Thos. Stead, Jas. Ready, vice-presidents; E. J. Wetmore, secretary; M. Taylor, treasurer; Dr. A. A. Stockton, solicitor; W. H. Fairall, corresponding secretary; Dr. Thos. Walker, T. O'Brien, J. E. Irvine, Rev. J. M. Davenport, Arthur Everitt. W. S. Fisher, Dr D. E. Berryman, Jas. Reynolds, Joseph Allison, Geo. H. Miles, executive committee. The thanks of the society were tendered Dr. A. A. Stockton and Dr. Frink for their valuable services, to the C. P. and Shore Line railway, and to the managers of the river steamers for courtesies extended the secretary, also to the press of the city, to the police magistrate and the chief of police for kindness extended to the society, to the members of the board of trade for the use

PILLS FOR LAURIER & CO.

Some Extracts Taken from the Furniture Worker of Cincinnati.

(Furniture Worker, Jan. 15.) "Our congress in session, manufacturing wind, financial schemes, utopias, misery-and the government borrowing money in Wall street, \$50, 000,000 at a time, How proud Ameri-

cans can feel of their legislative branch of the government!" In Gov. McKinley's speech at the manufacturers' convention at Cincinnati, O., he said: "We want our own markets for our manufactures and agricultural products; we want a foreign market for our surplus products which will not surrender our markets and which will not degrade our labor to hold our markets. We want a reciprocity which will give us foreign markets for our surplus products, and in turn that will open our markets to

foreigners for those products which they produce and which we do not." Chas. Heber Clark of Philadelphia editor of the Textile Record (representing the Manufacturers' club of Philadelphia, whose members control capital to the extent of \$200,000,000), in addressing the convention on reciprocity, said: "But it seems to me we have the right to go to Brazil and We buy six times more of your products than England does, and yet you go to England and buy six times as much as you do from the United States. If you want us to buy your goods, and let them come in free, you must give us some kind of compensation for that free admisison, by lowering or taking off your duties on American goods. Gentlemen, this is nothing at all but reciprocity. It is good fair business. We are the biggest buyers. Now, we want to pay you in the things you market; if you will give us

a fair chance we will give you a fair chance. It is a good, fair, even swap. We are the only nation in the world that is in a position to do that upon a large scale, for two or three rea-sons. In the first place, we are the largest consumers; in the next place, we have a protective tariff existing, without which there can be no reciprocity. There can be no reciprocity between a free trade nation and another nation, because that nation that has free trade has already surrendered everything that is antagonistic to the other. We are the people to offer something, and my idea is that we should make the point to offer things

which we can raise and produce, and take those which we cannot, and drop the reciprocity line right there." One of the items in their constitution (the National Association of Manufacturers of the United States of America) is: "To the largest possible extent our home market should be retained and supplied by our own producers, and our foreign trade relations should be extended in every direction and manner not inconsistent

therewith." Pills for Messrs. Laurier & Co.

The total net imports into Germany of wheat in 1894 were 4,055,000 quarters, against 3,225,000 last year.

Almost all the Turkish taxes are tion is very great.

INFLAMMATION CRAMPS, &c. WKendrick's Liniment

HARDWARE MEN'S BANQUET.

The Association Members Dine Together on Invitation of the President.

An Excellent Dinn r, Appropriate Speecher and a Very Pleasant Gathering.

On the 19th the members of the St. John Iron and Hardware association were entertained at dinner at the Union club by the president, W H. Thorne. The following gentlemen were present: W. H. Thorne, A. T. Thorne, Thos. McAvity, Geo. Mc Wm. Kerr, John M. Robert-W. A. Maclauchlan, John Avity, McIntyre, Geo. W. Ketchum, Geo. Horton, Z. R. Everett and Neill (Fredericton), Geo. Boyd (Montreal). Samuel Hayward. W. S. Fisher, A. M. Rowan, F. Bev-W. L. Ham, W. J. Forbes, F. A. Young, Leonard Nase, E. A. Everett, James Pender, J. M. H. Robertson John J. Barry, Miles E. Agar, T. C. Lee, Geo. McDonald, E. B.Ketchum. The invited guests who were unable to be present were: J. T. A. Dibblee, Woodstock; Robertson & Givan, Moncton: F. W. Sumner, Moncton: A E. Jones, Woodstock; John McAvity, Thos. Bell. Geo. C. Weldon, D. H.

The following was the MENU.
Oysters, on the shell.
SOUP. omme of Game.

FISH.

Cod. a la Portugaise.

ENTREES. Bisque of Clams

Nase; Henry Chestnut, Fredericton.

Lobster Salad.
Creme de Volaille, au Suprem
Roman Punch. Roman Punch.

JOINTS.
Roast Sirloin of Beef, Yorkshire Pudding.
Boiled Turkey, Oyster
Haunch of Venison, Currant Jelly.

GAME.

Haunch of Venison,
GAME.
Roast Partridge, Bread Sauce.
SWEETS.
Cherry Pudding, Maraschino Sauce.
Queen Puffs, a la Vanille.
Salad and Cheese. Ginger Ice Cream.
Dessert.

W. H. Thorne presided, with Z. R. Everett of Fredericton and Thomas McAvity of this city on his right. On his left were S. Hayward and Wm. Kerr. The vice chair was occupied by A. T. Thorne, who had on his right S. Neill of Fredericton and G. Boyd of Montreal on his left. The Queen was proposed by the president, the company singing God Save

the Queen The next toast was the Hardward Men of Fredericton, proposed by Mi. Hayward, and was responded to by J. S. Neill and Z. R. Everett.

J. S. Neill proposed the Hardwere Manufacturers' Agents of St. John, J. J. Barry and W. A. Maclauchlan re

A song by John P. Macintyre follow ed, after which the toast of the Ircn and Hardware Manufacturing Industries of St. John was proposed by Mr. Everett of Fredericton, and responded to by T. McAvity and Geo Mc-Avity, brass industries; R. B. Emerson and W. S. Fisher, stoves and tin-ware industries; J. P. Macintyre, the iron industries; James Pender, cut and wire nails; E. B. Ketchum, saw industry

Wm. Kerr proposed our host in a very eloquent speech, W. H. Thorne responding.

J. S. Neill proposed the health of the president of the board of trade of St. John, replied to by W. S. Fisher, vicepresident

George McAvity proposed the health of the north end hardware men, and this was responded to by W. L. Ham, L. Nase, A. M. Rowan and F. Young S. Hayward proposed the health of youngest hardware merchant in St. John, M. E. Agar responding. Mr. Agar concluded a neat speech by 1 roposing the health of the vice-president, Mr. Hayward responding. dent, Mr. Hayward responding.

Mr. Emerson proposed the toast of

which was responded to by F. Beverly and E. A. Everett. J. J. Barry proposed the health of

the vice-chairman, A. T. Thorne and Geo. McDonald responding.

A. T. Thorne proposed the Ladius Geo. McDonald, J. J. Barry and W. H. Thorne responding.

The very pleasant gathering broke up with Auld Lang Syne, Mr. Macintyre leading, and concluding with God Save the Queen. Three rousing cheers were given by the party for the president. All present are loud in their praise of the dinner, which is generally acknowledged to be one of the best ever given in this city.

REVIVAL AT EASTPORT.

An Eastport, Me., correspondent writes: An extensive revival is in progress here. Rev. Mr. Ford, formerly of St. John, and Rev. Mr. Tuiling (Methodist) have been holding special services since the new year. After four weeks of deeply interesting meetings, with crowded houses and many conversions, they decided to send for Messrs. Cones and Allen, known as the "Bailey Band." Under the direction of these gentlemen the interest deepened and widened till the con versions have mounted into the hundreds. The large Baptist auditorium the largest in the city, capable of accommodating seven hundred people, was crowded on Sunday last with an audience of eight hundred and fifty standing room being at a premium The work, apparently, is only begun

P. E. I. CONSERVATIVES.

Richard Hunt Chosen as the Candidate for East Prince.

Cape Tormentine, Feb. 19.-Richard Hunt was unanimously nominated as the liberal conservative candidate for East Prince at a large and represen tative convention held at Summers P. E. I., today. In this riding, which belonged to the former constituency of Prince county, Mr. Hunt in 1891 led his present opponent, John Yeo, M.P., by a good majority. Mr. Hunt's election is now sure.

BANGO 'S MAYOR.

Bangor, Me., Feb 14.—F. O. Beal has been renominated by the republicans for mayor for the fourth term.

"Commend



to Your Honorable Wife"

and tell her that I am composed of clarified cottonseed oil and refined beef suet; that I am the purest of all cooking fats; that

my name is that I am better than lard, and

more useful that butter; that I am equal in shortening to twice the quantity of either, and make food much easier of digestion. I am to be found everywhere in 3 and 5 pound pails, but am Made only by

The N. K. Fairbank Company, Wellington and Ann Sts. D'ONTREAL.

P. E. ISLAND

Tryon, Feb. 9.-Terrific storms this week. No mails since Monday. Even weddings had to be postponed to a later date.

Rev. Mr. Price, Baptist minister, started last Sunday morning to Bedeque to preach the re-opening sermon, and had to return in conse quence of blocked roads. Rev. G. W. Fisher, Methodist, snow-shoed to his appointment at Crapaud at night of the same day.

Deinstadt Callbeck was to have been married on Tuesday evening, but the storm, which had become a blizzard by night, prevented. The wedding came off on Thursday night at the home of the bride's father, Alexander Roblee. Only a very few of the invited guests were present, in conse quence of roads and weather. The contracting parties, Deinstadt Callbeck and Miss Maud Leard, were united in holy wedlock by Rev. G. W. Fisher, after which they, with the guests, sat down to a sumptuous supper. The bridal pair were honored with a charivari on this occasion. The party composing it behaved with becoming decency, and nothing but innocent fun was indulged in. bride and bridegroom left for their home about nine o'clock, followed by the best wishes of all their friends.

Your correspondent hopes this may reach you before your March issue. Cape Traverse, Feb. 14.—The train on the Cape Traverse branch did not reach Emerald Junction, a distance of twelve miles, until late in the afternoon of Tuesday, after an incessant fight of forty hours with the snow drifts, which are reported to be the heaviest for years. A large number of snow shovellers were engaged all over the whole line clearing out the track, which is rather a difficult task on account of the compactness of the snow which fell during the last storm.

The mails are now crossing by the capes route. On Saturday last Milton Welsh, of the marine department, arrived here from Charlottetown and organized the boat crews, and on the same day the first mail was des patched from the island to the main-land, and since that time but two mails have crossed, chiefly on account of the unsettled condition of the weather as well as the bad state of the ice in the strait. The snow is from two to three feet deep, through which the men have to walk and haul the boats loaded with mails, making the journey long as well as fatiguing and the wearied appearance of crews readily attest to the tiring

work. The number of passengers crossing is small as yet. On Monday last J. A. Leaman of Halifax crossed over Capt. Bernard of Summerston also crossed, on his way to the West Indies. Hon. Senator Ferguson crossed over yesterday, on his way to Ot-

tawa. On Saturday last, an old woman aged 74, named Mrs. Sarah Robinson, who lived with her brother at Searletown, lost her way while coming from a neighbor's house in the early part of the evening. There was a strong breeze, with a light fall of snow at the time, and it is suppos that she became bewildered and perished from the cold. The body was not found until today, when an inquest was held by Coroner Dougherty, the jury returning a verdict of accidental death.

Bedeque, Feb. 15.—A public meeting was held in the Bedeque hall on Tuesday to discuss the advisability of putting in a creamery plant in the Dunk river cheese factory, to be operated in the winter. The meeting was presided over by Major Wright and the matter was harmoniously discussed. On motion, however, it was decided not to put in a plant at the present

The District Division, No. 1, S. of I., met at Travellers' Rest Wednes day, and amongst other business re-commended the appointment of Jas Carruthers of North Bedeque as Scott act prosecutor for the eastern end of Prince county. A deputation consist-ing of the grand scribe and G. W. P. was appointed to wait upon the gov ernment to protest against the reap-pointment of Mr. Saunders of Sumnerside as vendor under the Scott

We have just finished reading 'he first batch of Daily Suns, dating from Feb. 1st, and now today there is no foreign mail again

We regret to announce the death of the wife of Benjamin Wright of South Bedeque, which took place last night. She was very highly respected by all who knew her. Mrs. Wright has been ailing for about a year and has suffered very much during that time. Her maiden name was Hooper and con-nected with the first families in Bedeque. She was buried in the Methodist cemetery, the Rev. W. J. Kirby officiating.

THEN THEY BEGAN FIGHTING.

A Kentucky Woman Gives a Racy Account of a Little Difficulty.

The Mountain Echo tells a story of free-for-all fight at a recent celebration near Bernstadt, in which one man was killed and others wounded. It will be observed in the account which is given below that one of the combatants took the precaution to draw his pistol and have it ready before he politely requested another fellow not to create any disturbance. The precaution, it seems, was a very necessary one, but did not have the effect of restoring even comparative quiet. In reading the account of the row one is naturally reminded of Green Keller's story of the Clay county witness. It is this: An old woman, living some listance from Manchester, was sum-

moned as a witness to tell what she knew about a fight at her house several nights before, in which three or four people were killed. She mounted the stand with evident reluctance and many misgivings, and when questioned by the court as to what she knew about the matter said: "Well, jedge, the fust I knowed about it was when Bill Sanders called Tom Smith a liar en' Tom knocked him down with stick of wood. One of Bill's friends then hit Tom with a knife, slicin' a big piece out of him. Sam Jones, who was a friend of Tom, then shot the other fellow, and two more shot him, and three or four others got cut right smartly by somebody. That naturally caused some excitement, jedge, and then they commence fi'tin'."

HE HAD A NEW THING.

Two men were seated at a small table near the front door waiting for their sandwiches and coffee when they were approached by a shabby stran ger, who touched his hat and said: "Gentlemen, may I ask a favor of

ne of you?" They were silent. It was no new experience to them. "What I wished to ask was, gentlemen," continued the stranger, "how o spell the word balloon." They looked at one another in evi-

dent surprise, and one asked, "The word 'balloon,' you say?" "Yes, gentlemen. I got into a dis cussion with a friend, who says there s but one 'l.' I maintain there ar

"Your friend's right," said one of the men at the table. "No, he isn't," retorted the other 'You're right. Two 'l's.' "Let me see now," said the first.
"B-a-l-double-o-n-bal-oon. I think

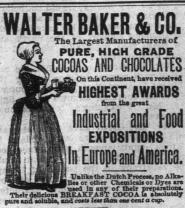
I think

you're wrong, Bill, and that this man's wins the bet." "It's no bet,' said the shabby stranger. "We simply got into an argu-ment. If I had a pocket dictionary, I could tell in a minute. Gentlemen would one of you loan me a dime with

which to purchase one?" They looked at him coldly for a mo ment, and then each pulled out a dime and gave it to him.

"You've a good thing," said the first "Yes, you've got something new,"

added the other. But the shabby stranger did not smile. He simply thanked them, and said he would buy one for his friend

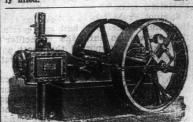


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The Great English Remedy. Six Facinges Guaranteed to promptly and permanently cure all forms of Nervous Weakness, Emissions, Spe

Mental Worry, excessive us Before and After. of Tobacco, Opium or Stimu lants, which soon lead to In firmity, Insanity, Consumption and an early grave. Has been prescribed over 35 years in thousands of cases; is the only Reliable and Honest Medicine known. Ask druggist for Wood's Phosphodine; if he offers some worthless medicine in place of this, inclose price in letter, and we will send by return

mail. Price, one package, \$1; six, \$5. One will please, six will cure. Pamphlets free to any address. The Wood Company, Windsor, Ont., Canada Sold in St. John by Parker Bros., Market Square, and G. W. Hoben, Union Hall, Main St., N.E., druggists. Orders by mail prompt-ly filled.



Robb-Armstrong Engines Simple and Compound,

Economical. Large Bearings, Perfect Regulation All Parts Interchangeable.

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MANCHESTER'S Condition

Powder AND LINIMENT.

Put up by qualified Veterinary Surgeons.

Awarded Diploma of Merit at Exhibition, Fredericton,

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Sent post paid to any part of Maritime Provinces. Single packages, 35 cents, four packages \$1.00.

Mention Paper.

BULLETIN OF AMERICAN MUSEUM OF NATURAL HISTORY, 1894.

The Bulletin of the American Mueum of Natural History for 1894 has just been received and has in it two articles of interest to the students of science in this province. In September, 1893, the Museum sent an expedition to this province which spent six weeks in the Tobique region, and made a collection of mammals. The party consisted of John and C. P. Ro and E. T. Adney, and the results of the expedition have been written up well known scientist, Professor T. A. Allen.

One hundred and seventy-five specimens were collected, representing twenty-one species. Of these one pecies is new to science and has een named evotomys fuscodorsalis. This is interesting as showing that our smaller mammals are not

In another article Prof. Allen discusses the seasonal change of color in the common rabbit, and states that a number of the skins on which his study is based are from New Brunswick. In tracing the history of this subject he neglects to refer to A. Leith Adams, who wrote about it twenty-five years ago.

GOOD PROHIBITION STORY.

Told of Edward C. Delavan, Builder of a Hotel Recently Burned.

The old Delavan house at Albany, N. Y., recently destroyed by fire, with serious loss of life, was built by that intense and carnest prohibitionist, Edward C. Delavan, nearly fifty years ago and was started as a temperance house. It was not so large then by any means as it was at the time of the fire, but it had a wide reputation as a first class hotel. The builder, Mr. Delavan, sincerely believed in prohibition and lost no opportunity to impress his views upon those with whom he was brought in contact. It was told of him that on one occasion he said to a well known local statesman that prohibiwas told of him that on one occasion he said to a well known local statesman that prohibition would in the end work a moral and social revolution and make men contented, happy, and prosperous. The local statesman said to Mr. Delavan: "What would you say to a community where nearly 1,000 men are at work every day, receiving no wages, asking none, and expecting none, working together day by day, and sleeping peacefully together by night—a community in which no liquor ever enters and none is ever permitted in sight?" "Why," exclaimed the prohibitionist, enthusiastically, "you cannot find such a place in the country; it doesn't exist outside of heaven!" Rejoined the local statesman, "Oh, yes, it does; you can find it right up on the hill here in Albany at the penitentiary." For several weeks after this incident it is said that Mr. Delavan persistently refused to be drawn into a discussion of the temperance question.

SAFETY AT SEA.

The Lesson of the Loss of the Elbe as It Should be Learned by Shipowners.

Should be Learned by Shipowners.

A great ocean steamer has gone down with all of her passengers save five and all except fifteen of her crew. No inquiry can bring to life the brave captain with his officers who died at the post of duty, nor the passengers who vainly trusted to the boasted reacources of safety. But the thousands and tens of thousands who intrust their lives to the care of the steamship companies want to know, and they have a right to know, whether such loss of life is really unavoidable, whether there is no better safety for life at sea than was furnished when the Eibe went down.

The life boats, life rafts, and life belts of the Bibe seem to have been of no mere use when they were needed than the stiffened hose, the rope ladders, and fire escapes of a New York beehive tenement in an early morning conflagration. What is the capacity of the life boats for saving life on a passenger steamer? How many life boats can be counted on? How long does it take to lower and man them? What is the use of water-tight compartments and bulkheads with open doors? In a word, what safety is there for human life in the supreme hour for which all the costly and cumbrous apparatus of safety is designed. All these safeguards sound well in the advertisements, but what are they worth when neglect at a single point or delay for a single minute means death to hundreds?

What we want to learn from the Hibe disaster is how to prevent, ir possible, a repetition of such a horror in the future. The official inquiry ought to throw new light on this problem.—New York World.

BUCKWHEAT STRAW FOR FOD-DER.

Not many of our breeders have much confidence in buckwheat straw as a food for prize animals. Yet many heasts will thrive well on buckwheat straw and what they can pick up on the barn yard, if given Dick's Blood Purifier, because it gives good health, good appetite, good digestion. Try a box on your horse which is not

The exports of rye from the United States during 1894 were only 8,674 bushels, against 763,796 in 1893.

BASIS OF TAX

Paper by A. H. Haning Y. M. C. A. Cou

Nearly if Not all Taxes Real Estate.

Present System Condemned the Subject by Leading

A. H. Hanington read Feb. 18 in the Y.M.C.A. Taxation. R. B. Emerson chairman. The following the paper:

Mr. President, Ladies men: It must have been weak moment when I co duced by my friend, Mr. address you on this subjet weakness, I confess to cerely repented very often time, as I felt, and still have not been able to give to the study of this quest to be devoted to it by a undertakes to address a ing; but, having undertak If felt compelled to carry of ment and enunciate to yo that I have on the sub trust you will excuse me bears the mark of being

As one studies this great expands before you until most lost in the breadth

it presents.

The mantle of assessment ation embraces within well the most simple me lecting the ordinary exp the inhabitants of a vi great and burning quest trade and protection, which tated and will continue to

world. These great battle fie trade and protection, no attractive they may se leave to others, at least ent, and confine myself sideration of the more tion of municipal taxation

If. as some of the anci he was a dangerous man who took no part in th considered a dangerous gives no thought to the g of taxation in connect

community in which he The principles of assested may make or mar a it is one of the most imp subjects in connection w govermnment.

Some magnify themse own estimation, and end so in the judgment of proudly boasting that the taxes and take no inte question regarding the pr which the money is raise is expended. Such an on being applauded, shoul strongly condemned; he only his own conceit an so long as he can pay out dance the taxes that upon him, he takes no i question how his fellow pay them, or how the pr which they are assess

the welfare of his nativ When men were few and mostly following suits, it was open to ear cording to his own free desired to satisfy his wants he took from na was free from all restr law in his natural but every man who gives up part of his na for the price, as Blacksto so valuable a purchase, sideration of the advan conform to the laws w adopted, but also to de to advance the common

se well understood ob the foundations of human Every community mus which, if prudently fra they diminish the natural increase the civil liberty and are not subversive introductive of true libe I stated before, one of th which every man assur becomes part of the com see that the laws which are prudently framed f

Suppose that we are allish a city, such a one as

wish to adopt such a s

common interest. It wor with reference to taxatio ment and we would be to face with the question system of law we would Let us try to look at from a business standpo chant wishes to conduc business he gets a shop uation, fits it up with wa plate glass windows and ern improvements and exhibiting his goods and fort and convenience of ers; he trims his wind most beautiful articles a results, which are what ed. His store is the pla ple feek to buy what t he reaps the reward of and ears. Had he follow policy and kept his sto der, his windows dirty, den, or charged an adr his commodities might the trade would pass t might stand in his door and call upon Hercules no avail. Taking then men as an example let u follow the principles whi

lations of our city: 1. Suppose that we I town with a commodic of the first things which countries by water; for we must prepare for sh

trol all men of enterpr