

# The Victoria Times

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## GAMEY TRIED TO BRIBE SULLIVAN MADE AN OFFER OF FIVE THOUSAND DOLLARS

### If He Would Corroborate Story Member Was Going to Read in House.

Toronto, April 23.—The Gamey bribery investigation was resumed this morning, but Mr. Gamey was not present, having been ordered away by his physician for two weeks' rest. Frank Sullivan was in the House this morning, and said it was at Gamey's suggestion that he introduced him to Hon. J. R. Stratton. Gamey also requested him to introduce him to Aylesworth to whom he said he had been elected to support the government. On September 24th Gamey saw Hon. Mr. Stratton, and also told him that he had been elected to support the government.

At the afternoon session of the Gamey investigation, Frank Sullivan's examination was continued by Mr. Blake. Sullivan stated he did not write or tell Stratton or any member of the government about the interview with Gamey when the latter wanted him to go to the piano factory. Witness said he went to the piano factory to see how far Gamey would go in the matter. Gamey said he could get money. Gamey, Sullivan said, wanted him to "lift" the story and everything, and he had said "Meet me at the piano factory and I can fix this, and I can get the money."

Witness, under a severe cross-examination by Mr. Blake, said he did not get the money, that he had not even talked about the money which he said Gamey was to give him. Witness said that Gamey's object in going to the piano factory was to rehearse the story over there to see how good a story it would be. Gamey, he claimed, had told him that they would defeat the government on the story, and that he was going to be appointed minister of mines. He admitted that he might have said that Mr. Stratton was uneasy. His idea, he said, was to get the money from Gamey, and he was playing Gamey. He had Gamey under the impression that all he had to do was to go up to the parliament buildings and snap his fingers, and down came the money, and he was what he saw, Gamey believed in. Witness said he corrected Gamey as he was rehearsing his story. Witness had said to Gamey, "You said up in the buildings it was Meyers who took that money to China, and Gamey said it was the money from the smoking room." Gamey said: "All right, I had forgotten that about Chase. I will write it down," and he took a small book out of his pocket and put it on his knee and wrote just across it, "Chase." He did not have any too much faith in Gamey. He was covering himself pretty well. He was not leaving himself open to Gamey. Witness said Gamey had tried to lead him to believe that he had received money from his own party to put this thing up.

Sullivan said Gamey had offered him \$2,000, and on that account he thought Gamey had got money from his friends. Witness said he did not take the money, as it was not offered in the way the other money was to be offered. Gamey, Sullivan swore, had offered him \$2,000 to corroborate his story. Afterwards he said: "I will give you \$5,000 if you will corroborate the story that I read in the parliament buildings." I said, "I won't have anything to do with you. I will clear myself in this matter."

Toronto, April 24.—At the Gamey investigation cross-examination of Frank Sullivan commenced by E. F. B. Johnston, counsel for defence, this morning. Sullivan denied emphatically that he ever received any money from Gamey, or that he ever got any from the government other than \$2 a day he was drawing as a department clerk. His talk about "deals" with Gamey had happened because the government had only a small majority and needed support, and Gamey said he was going to support it. Mrs. Sarah Dobson, postmistress of the Yorkville post office, testified at the afternoon session that her assistant had received, on February 20th, a registered letter addressed to Robert Gamey, Gore Bay. The sender was F. L. Sullivan. The balance of the session was occupied with an examination of the latter and disbursements of the Ontario bank, in an endeavor to trace certain payments thought to have been made by that bank in connection with Gamey's deposits and withdrawals from his account. The books were produced and examined exhaustively, but nothing of interest developed.

Justice Lount Dead.

Mr. Justice Lount of Ontario Supreme court, died this afternoon. Justice Wm. Lount was born in Holland Landing, Ont., in 1840. He was educated at the Barrie Grammar school, and at the University of Toronto, being called to the bar in 1863. He rapidly rose to eminence in law, especially in criminal cases, his successful defence of the Hyams brothers for murder being one of the many important trials in which he figured. He

was appointed a Q. C. by the Ontario government in 1876, and by the Dominion in 1881. He represented North Simcoe in the provincial legislature in the Liberal interest, 1867-71, and Centre Toronto in the House of Commons, being elected in 1890 and resigning in 1897. He has been referred to as "one of Ontario's foremost lawyers, a brilliant speaker, and a man of unexceptional character."

Quebec Strike.

Quebec, April 24.—Five hundred men of the Trans and Carriers' Union struck to-day for higher wages.

Going to Australia.

Winnipeg, April 24.—Thomas Tait, formerly manager of transportation for the C. P. R., reached here to-day en route to Vancouver, whence he sails to take charge of Australian government railways.

**KILLED ON RAILWAY.**  
Boys Run Down by Train—Strike of Carpenters in Montreal.

Brookville, April 23.—Two boys named Fred and Roland Lane, aged 12 and 15 years, respectively, sons of William Lane, residing five miles from Prescott, on the Front road, were struck about 11.15 this morning by the Grand Trunk Limited train, three miles west of Prescott. They were walking home from school, and stepped out of the way of an Eastbound freight, in front of the limited. The engineer on the latter was unable to stop to avoid the accident. Roland was killed outright, while his brother sustained serious injuries. His recovery is doubtful. Both were brought to Brookville, Fred being removed to the hospital for treatment. An inquest will be held over the body of the brother.

**Passed Away.**  
Toronto, April 23.—Wm. McCabe, managing director of the North American Life Assurance Company, died to-night, aged 63 years.

**For Shorter Hours.**  
Hespeller, Ont., April 23.—Employees of the Canada Woolen mills, of which James Kendrick, M. P., is manager, went out on strike to-day for a 55-hour week. They have been working 60.

**Montreal Strike.**  
Montreal, April 23.—Six hundred carpenters were called out of six shops at noon to-day and many of the large buildings which were to have been ready for May 1st are now completely tied up. The authorization to call out the 2,500 men engaged at the carpentering business at Montreal was received from the headquarters of the brotherhood last night, but for some reason or other, action was deferred until this afternoon. The officials of the union decline to give reasons for calling out the men in these particular shops, and not in others. They say that their next step will depend on circumstances, but it is quite certain that unless a settlement is reached at once, all the carpenters and joiners in the city will be out within a day or two, except those employed in shops that have already agreed to pay the new rates of wages. The master carpenters say there are no shops which have so promised. The brotherhood say there are.

**GERMANS AND SURTAX.**  
Leader of Radicals Is Opposed to Retaliation—Views of Agrarians.

Toronto, April 23.—The News London cable says:

Witmer says that the British government has decided to retaliate against the German goods which do incalculable damage to their industries. Herr Richter, leader of the Radicals, urges that there should be no retaliation as that would only augment the difficulties of the situation and keep Germany from concluding a new commercial treaty with England. Deutsche Tages Zeitung, the organ of the Agrarians, urges energetic retaliation, maintaining that such a policy will stop Chamberlain's idea of commercial union between the colonies and the Motherland. The tariff act of 1895 enables the Emperor, with the assent of the federal council, to double the duty on Canadian imports without consulting the Reichstag."

**YACHT DISAPPEARS.**  
Had Wedding Party on Board and Was Bound For Nice.

New York, April 24.—A special cable dispatch to the Herald from Nice says: "A great sensation was caused all along the Riviera by the mysterious disappearance of the pleasure yacht Reine Victoria. It had on board M. and Mme. D'Esmerand, the sister of the latter, Mile. Marcuerite Comte De Refuge, and two sailors, Lafont and Berlin. The D'Esmerands were on their wedding tour.

"On April 7th the party embarked on the yacht for Nice. Mme. D'Esmerand carrying all her jewels, and her husband had with him several thousand francs. They should have reached Nice the same day. As the weather was magnificent no reason could be assigned for the disappearance of the vessel. Both sailors were men of great experience and the yacht was a first class vessel. All kinds of extraordinary stories of murder and piracy were current, but there is nothing to justify them. A search is being carried out by the police and the maritime authorities all along the coast."

## NEARLY TWO THOUSAND SOMALIS WERE KILLED

### Col. Cobbe's Force Relieved by Brigadier-General Manning, Who Had Engagement With the Enemy.

(Associated Press.)  
Aden Arabia, April 25.—Brigadier-General Manning, after an engagement with the Mad Mullah's forces, has relieved Colonel Cobbe, near Gumburu, Somaliland, 45 Miles west of Galadi.

About two thousand of Mullah's men were killed.

The British loss is not known.

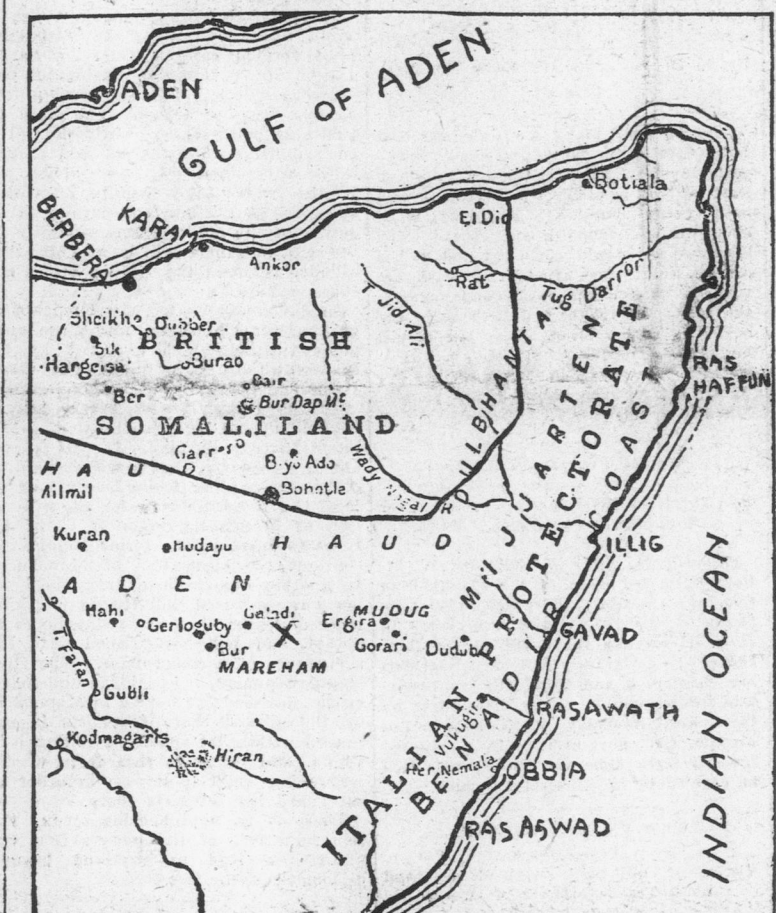
The few details obtainable of the reverse to Colonel Plunkett's detachment on April 17th show that the Mullah's forces consisted of 2,000 horsemen and 10,000 spearmen. They surrounded Col. Plunkett's forces in the open and the

Somalis, after a heavy rifle fire, charged repeatedly with their horsemen and spearmen on all sides.

The British detachment held out until its ammunition was exhausted and then charged with the bayonet, but it was ultimately overwhelmed by weight of numbers. The British force fought until all its officers and 170 men were killed. Most of the handful of men who reached the camp were wounded.

The Somalis' losses are reported to have been enormous.

The Mullah's forces are reported to aggregate from 3,000 to 40,000 mounted men and about 80,000 spearmen.



The above map of Somaliland shows the scene of the British operations against the Mad Mullah. Galadi, marked with a cross, was occupied by the British forces on the 31st of last month after a long march. A Reuter's telegram referring to the occupation stated that "The arrival of General Manning concludes a terrible task. The object set before the troops was calculated to push their powers of endurance to the extremity. The camels and horses died in a fashion which increased the obstacles which the force had to encounter."

**TELEPHONE CABLE.**  
Contract For Laying Line Between Mainland and Island—Work Begins Next Spring.

Vancouver, April 24.—The contract for laying the telephone cable across the gulf has been awarded, but the final orders for construction will not be given until the provincial government passes a private bill amending the charter of the company to permit of the laying of the cable. Starting from Point Roberts it will run to Mayne Island, then across by cable and land lines over Prevost and Salt Spring Islands, finally to Sidney, Vancouver Island. The cable a large one, will take two months to build by an English company. It will be laid early next spring.

**RETURN TO WORK.**  
Ten Thousand Men in Mahanoy District Are Back in Mines Pending Settlement of Dispute.

Mahanoy City, Pa., April 24.—Pursuant to action taken at a mass meeting here yesterday 10,000 miners returned to work in the Mahanoy district to-day, waiving the Saturday short work day pending a settlement of the dispute by a board of conciliation. The Shenandoah valley men have as yet made no move to accept the company's terms, and are still idle.

**APPEAL DISMISSED.**  
Vancouver, April 24.—The full court this morning dismissed the appeal of the attorney-general of British Columbia against the C. P. R. on the Vancouver street ends question. The attorney-general must now give particulars of time, place and circumstances under which the Granville townsite was dedicated by the Crown to the Crown's subjects.

**LEAD ORES.**  
Montreal, April 23.—Sir Thomas Sloughness, in an interview to-day, dealt with a statement which has been made relative to the possible closing down of one of the Canadian Pacific railway Train smelters. "We have no such intention," remarked Sir Thomas. "It is our purpose to keep it going, but I may say that we may find it difficult to purchase lead ores unless conditions are improved."

**LOGGER'S DEATH.**  
Vancouver, April 24.—Geo. McIntosh, a logger, died this morning after being carried down Lynn creek, a distance of some two hundred feet. He fell in at the head of the flume.

## TROUBLE BREWING.

Russia Demands That China Sign Agreement Practically Ceding Sovereignty of Manchuria.

Pekin, April 23.—Russia has demanded that China sign an agreement practically ceding to her the sovereignty of Manchuria and excluding other nations from that country. The Russian Charge d'Affaires Mr. Platonov has informed Prince Ching, president of the foreign office, that no further steps in the evacuation of Manchuria will be taken until this agreement is signed.

Japan's Preparations.

Yokohama, April 23.—Three Japanese warships have been ordered to New Chwang. Marquis Ito has held a secret conference with the leading Japanese statesmen. The Russian demands for privileges in Manchuria have excited the Japanese press, which insists on vigorous action, confident that the United States, as well as Great Britain will support Japan. Arrangements have been made by which the political crisis has been averted, but the government's naval increment proposals remain unchanged.

## TOUR OF INSPECTION.

Commissioner-General Sargent Will Visit a Number of Immigration Stations.

Washington, April 24.—Commissioner-General Sargent of the immigration bureau, has started on an extended tour of inspection. He will visit all the important points along the Mexican frontier and will then visit Honolulu on his return. He will inspect the immigration stations along the Canadian border.

## ANOTHER MASSACRE IN MACEDONIA

TURKISH SOLDIERS AND GENDARMES KILLED They Were Surrounded and Slaughtered Out of Revenge for Murder of Leader.

Vienna, April 24.—Dispatches from Sofia, Bulgaria, announce that a band of Macedonians recently surrounded and slaughtered forty Baschi-Bazouks and fifteen gendarmes near Petrich, Macedonia, out of revenge for the murder of their leader, Capt. Saef, who was recently killed in an engagement in the district of Memle.

The band subsequently captured the district chief at Petrich, and 25 soldiers, whom they stripped and released.

A Constantinople dispatch says the council of war has decided to place the entrance to the Bosphorus on the Black Sea side in a state of defence. Fifty thousand troops will be brought over from Asia Minor gradually and finally the military manoeuvres will be held in the early summer, instead of the autumn.

Private advices received in Rome from the revolutionary committee in the Balkans state that preparations for an insurrection are ready. The revolutionary committee asserts that the whole of Macedonia will rise, and asks for the sympathy of Italy. It further expresses the hope that moral and material aid will be given to the movement. In government circles in Rome these advices have been received with some indifference, as the agitators are considered to be neither so numerous nor so well organized as they claim. Little faith is expressed in a general insurrection, while outbreaks are regarded as attempts to force a European intervention.

## GERMAN TARIFF LAW.

Russian Commission Has Completed Its Work of Examination.

St. Petersburg, April 24.—Special permits are now required for travel in Central Asia, excepting certain portions of the military defence. Travellers may proceed direct from any part of Russia without giving notice of any kind, the passport regulations being just the same for Central Asia as for the rest of the empire.

A special commission of the finance ministry has just completed an examination of the new German tariff law from the view-point of Russian export interests. It gave special attention to the German veterinary requirements, and it is believed preparations will be made to comply strictly with them on this side of the frontier.

## THE SHAMROCKS.

Sir Thomas Lipton's Yachts Are Now on the Way to the Clyde.

Southampton, April 24.—The two Shamrocks left Southampton to-day, in tow for the Clyde. The town council of Weymouth, at a meeting to-day, decided to present Sir Thomas Lipton with an illuminated address in recognition of his sportsmanlike efforts to recapture the America Cup.

## THE SOVEREIGNTY OF MANCHURIA

### JOINT PROTEST MAY BE PRESENTED RUSSIA

### Czar's Government Demands That No More Ports or Towns Be Opened.

London, April 24.—The Associated Press learns that there is in contemplation a forcible joint protest on the part of Great Britain, the United States and Japan against the Russian demands in the matter of the sovereignty of Manchuria.

Sir Ernest Satow, British minister to China, in a dispatch to the foreign office has confirmed the published synopsis of the note addressed to China by the Russian charge d'affaires at Peking.

Further official advices regarding the intentions of the Chinese government and explanations from St. Petersburg are awaited anxiously. In the meantime the British government is not taking active measures.

The Associated Press is authorized by the foreign office to state that if the Chinese government correctly represents Russia's claims, these claims constitute an absolute breach of all the undertakings given in connection with Manchuria, and utterly abrogates the principles of the "open door," territorial division and international comity to which the British government constantly and publicly committed itself.

The Peking correspondent of the Times describes the first article of the Russian demands on China, namely, that no more Manchuria ports or towns be opened, secondly, no more foreign consuls are to be admitted into Manchuria; thirdly, no foreigners except Russians are to be employed in the public service of Manchuria; fourthly, the present status of the administration of Manchuria is to remain unchanged; fifthly, the customs receipts at the port of New Chwang are to be given to the Russo-Chinese bank; sixthly, a sanitary commission is to be organized under Russian control; seventhly, Russia is entitled to attach the telegraph wires and poles of all Chinese lines in Manchuria; and, eighthly, no territory in Manchuria is to be alienated to any other power.

No explanation has been given to the Chinese of the Russian interpretation of the fourth demand. Chinese officials are greatly disturbed, but they are powerless. While the foregoing demands are for the evacuation of Manchuria, the opinion that they were entirely opposed to the policy of the open door, but he added that he was not yet in a position to say what action will be taken by the interested powers.

## OLD RAILROAD MAN DEAD.

J. Taylor, For Years Connected With Palace Car Companies, Dies From Pneumonia.

New York, April 23.—Jay Taylor, for nearly 40 years connected with the Wagner and Pullman palace car companies in the city and state, died from pneumonia at the home of his brother-in-law, Dr. D. N. Taylor, at Amsterdam, N. Y. Taylor ran the first palace car put into service by the Wagner Company in the summer of 1865, between New York and Albany. He had been a conductor since that time, and was the oldest train service man in the employ of either the Pullman or Wagner Company.

## MUST LEAVE FINLAND.

Several Persians Given a Week in Which to Take Their Departure.

Stockholm, Sweden, April 24.—Dispatches from Helsinki, Finland, announce that further expulsions have been ordered under the decree published on April 16th prescribing measures for the maintenance of order in Finland. The persons who have been instructed to leave the country include ex-Senator Meckelen, two editors, a former British consul, Eugene Wain, and several members of the Young Finnish party. They have received notice to leave Finland within a week, otherwise they will be deported.

## FATAL FIGHT.

Between Russian Troops and Marines—Report That Number of Officers Were Killed.

St. Petersburg, April 24.—It is reported here that many men have been killed or injured in a brawl between troops and marines at Kronstadt. Vice-Admiral Marakoff is among the wounded. It is rumored that some of the officers were killed.

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**NOTICE**  
y given that 60 (sixty) intend to apply to the Lands and Works for lease the following described: Commencing at a post 'S. W. Corner, thence thence north 40 chains, thence along shore line thence north along the line of commencement, containing sixty acres more or less.

**MOSES JOHNSON,**  
S. C., January 30th, 1903.

**NOTICE**  
s hereby gives that 60 hereof we intend to to the Chief Commissioner-Works for permission to owing described tract of head of Works Canal, in Commencing at a post 'S. W. corner, thence thence north 40 chains, thence along shore commencement, containing sixty acres more or less.

**ED. BRIDGE,**  
ALTER E. FLEWIN.

y given that sixty days to apply to the Chief Lands and Works for lease 140 acres (more or less) Island, Rupert District, post planted on the south-east Island, thence following the shore line, including the whole area

**EDWARD E. POTTS,**  
H. H. V. KOELLE,  
S. C., March 13th, 1902.