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SATURDAY MORNING JULY 22 1916—FOURTEEN PAGES

VOL. XXXVI—No. 13,037

**BRITISH AGAIN ATTACK FOE'S THIRD LINE
GERMAN ASSAULT ON LEIPSIC SALIENT REPULSED BY BRITISH
RUSSIANS DRIVE AUSTRIANS FROM THE BANKS OF STYR AND LIPA
FOE GAINED BRIEF FOOTHOLD
IN BRITISH FRONT TRENCHES**

Germans Made Bombing Attack on North Edge of British Positions in Leipsic Salient and Entered Trenches at One Point, But Were Speedily Driven Out—British Airmen Carry Out Successful Bombing Operations.

LONDON, July 22, 12.16 a.m.—The Germans, in an attack on the British on the northern edge of the Leipsic salient, succeeded Friday in occupying British front trenches, but later were driven out, according to the British official communication, issued at midnight. Elsewhere along the British front comparative calm prevailed.

The statement says: "Except for local encounters there has been a comparative lull in the main battle area today (Friday) and there has been no change in the situation since the last report."

"The enemy made a bombing attack on the north edge of our positions in the Leipsic salient and succeeded at one point in entering our front trenches, but at once were driven out.

"Successful Air Raids. "Taking advantage of the fine weather the Royal Flying Corps yesterday continued their bombing operations against points of military importance with successful results. The hostile aircraft were inactive until evening, when a good deal of fighting took place in the German lines. One of our offensive patrols encountered 11 German machines, and, as a result, three German machines were shot down, one bursting into flames.

"Another encounter between four of our machines and three of the enemy lasted 45 minutes. One of our fighters was then shot down and another badly damaged. The remainder fled.

"During other air combats a fifth German machine was shot down and was a one machine.

"It has now been established that the enemy's assault on July 18 on the Delville Wood area over a front of 2000 yards was made by three German divisions, drawn from four different divisions. The enemy's losses were correspondingly great.

"An earlier statement issued by the war office announced that the British line north of Bazentin and Longueval had been pushed forward to Fourcaux Wood. The British drove the Germans from the wood, but lost part of this position subsequently.

"The battle continues without intermission between the British and the enemy on the north of Bazentin and Longueval. The British have been pushed forward to Fourcaux Wood. The British drove the Germans from the wood, but lost part of this position subsequently.

"The statement follows: "The battle continues without intermission between the British and the enemy on the north of Bazentin and Longueval. The British have been pushed forward to Fourcaux Wood. The British drove the Germans from the wood, but lost part of this position subsequently.

TO JOIN AERIAL SERVICE

Sub-Lieut. Arthur Farquhar, son of ex-Ald. Ewart Farquhar, has left for England to serve in the Royal Naval Flying Squadron. Lieut. Farquhar holds a pilot certificate from the Curtis School of Newport News, Va.



CANADIANS IN NEW HEAD GEAR

Steel bowl-shaped helmets now in use by King George's soldiers prove very effective in reducing the number of wounds in head and neck.

HOW MUCH LONGER WILL CANADIANS STAND FOR OUR GERMAN NICKEL MIS-POLICY?

Hon. Arthur Meighen, solicitor-general in the Borden cabinet, made a speech in Hamilton on Thursday, in which he justified the present joint arrangements of the Imperial and Canadian Governments to control the export of nickel refined in the United States from Canadian ores. We have heard and read Mr. Meighen's statement before. The World takes very little stock in it. Arrangements may have been made, both governments may be satisfied and they may have a political reason for being satisfied; but that getting the nickel that she is loading and proposing to take to Germany; and, according to a detailed statement in The New York American of a couple of days ago, she is taking 740 tons of nickel, and this nickel is Canadian nickel and nothing else.

The governments may continue to make statements, but they won't satisfy the people, and the German undersea boats will be able to keep on taking nickel to Germany if they can run the gauntlet. Germany has Canadian nickel stocks in the United States in immense quantities, and she bought it in the open market in the States or thru American companies that were willing to act as her agents in the purchase.

No one who knows of the efforts made by Hon. Frank Cochrane, a member of the Borden government, and by the representative of the nickel trust in Canada, to take care of the interests of that concern, need have any doubt of what The World says. What Canadians would prefer to hear from Hon. Mr. Meighen is that the government has repudiated the acts of Hon. Mr. Cochrane and that they have changed their ways and methods, and that they intend to insist that every pound of nickel refined from Canadian ores be returned to Canada for disposal under government supervision. That is the point and the government isn't touching it, and apparently they are trying to sidestep the issue by saying that the Liberal newspapers who are supposed to be more than alive to the mistakes of the party in power at Ottawa and Toronto, are afraid to speak out, or even investigate the subject. Too many of them have listened to Hon. Mr. Meighen's words, and he has been very busy in telling his story in the newspaper offices of this country.

Those newspapers that did speak out, Liberal and Conservative, have just one question to put to Mr. Meighen. He said that when he did the 740 tons of nickel now in the Deutchland came from it if it didn't come from Canada, and if it came from Canada why isn't the system stopped? Let us print The New York American's return cargo to Canada for disposal under government supervision. That is the point and the government isn't touching it, and apparently they are trying to sidestep the issue by saying that the Liberal newspapers who are supposed to be more than alive to the mistakes of the party in power at Ottawa and Toronto, are afraid to speak out, or even investigate the subject. Too many of them have listened to Hon. Mr. Meighen's words, and he has been very busy in telling his story in the newspaper offices of this country.

But here is a letter we have received from a Canadian publisher. It shows what Canada has lost by the great German nickel trust having paralyzed every effort to start a nickel-steel industry in this country. We simply ask, how can anyone who professes to be for the National Policy in Canada, and how a party that got into office because of such professions, can for another moment stand for the Germanization of our greatest metal asset? Here is the letter:

Editor World: I feel I must thank you for the stand you take on the nickel and other things concerning Canada. I have been a reader of The Toronto World for years, and wish that other papers would fight honestly for Canadian rights. When nickel was found in Canada in such great quantities, I thought it should have been refined and used here in Canada. We have mountains of iron ore and nickel, but the nickel-steel plates to cover the British navy, if half of the millions of British money that has been invested in Canada, we might today have eighteen millions of population in place of eight. With the iron and nickel, I thought there could have been smelting works and a refinery near Toronto, and shippers and ocean steamers could be built and I did not think it impossible that ships could go from Toronto to the sea. You have aroused Canada, and I hope the government will be forced to do something. S. McAllister, Cobourg, July 18.

But here is a letter that we think states the case in a way that must force every Canadian to protest against the Cobourne-Nebitt policy being continued a day longer:

Editor World! The nickel question will not down, even if many leading Canadian newspapers either exclude free discussion of it from their columns or only give publicity to partial and incomplete information respecting it. The power and influence of the International Nickel Company are great, widespread and far-reaching. Courage and independence are the first requisites for any newspaper or individual desirous of exposing the real position as it now stands. The question should not be considered or treated as a party one, for Conservatives, Liberals or Independents as they may be, we are surely united in the determination that if by any means we can prevent it no nickel of any production or description shall go from this country.

- Provisions by Friday**
- 100
 - Simon, tall tin,
 - Alfalfa, 2 1/2 lb. jar,
 - Rice, 4 lb. bag,
 - Spices, 2 1/2 lb. jar,
 - Reputed quart bottle,
 - Niagara brand,
 - and chow, bottle,
 - al, per tin,
 - fruit, 2 packages,
 - Fruit cake, per lb.,
 - Cocoa, per lb.,
 - Colonial Tea, of unfaded,
 - blend, 2 1/2 lb. jar,
 - pure or with,
 - Bouquet of herbs, in tin,

- Bargains**
- Serving Kettles, 10-qt. size,
 - 12-qt. size, 35c.,
 - Double Boilers, 1 1/2 quarts,
 - 10, Friday,
 - Skewers, a large assortment,
 - American and English,
 - sees, separation,
 - quicksly and easily,
 - 5-qt. size,
 - and clamps,
 - size, 50c., 50-qt. length,
 - size, 80c., 50-qt. length,

Sale

each, etc.

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DNIESTER FLOODS BENEFIT ENEMY

Liberate Troops for Reinforcing Points Most Threatened.

LONDON, July 21.—The floods along the Dniester are of benefit to the Austro-Germans, as they liberate troops with which to reinforce, at least temporarily, the Kovel-Vladimir-Volynsk and Bukovina-Transylvania fronts, where, consequently, military experts expect there will be more heavy fighting, says a flouter despatch from Petrograd.

The summer floods in the Dniester rise quickly to a height of six or seven feet, covering wide expanses of adjacent country and making military operations impracticable for about a month. The recent recession of the fighting in the Dniester region on the roads from Buczacz and Kolomea, therefore is to be expected.

A former town councillor of Vladimir-Volynsk, who escaped, says the town is depopulated except for women, children and aged persons. All able-bodied persons, he declares, were compelled to work on the defences or were deported to Austria. The population is starving and the cheapest black bread is selling at one ruble a pound, and there is no meat.

UNITED STATES WORRIED OVER U-BOAT ISSUE

Extension of British Blockade Force Passage of River and Drive Austrians in Flight.

WILY TEUTON TACTICS GIVE CLOSE PURSUIT

Germans Suspected of Deliberately Seeking to Cause Complications.

Special to The Toronto World.

WASHINGTON, D.C., July 21.—State department officials are worried over the probable extension of the British blockade which would really develop an undersea merchant system and make a practice of entering American ports. These statements are made by the State department.

(Continued on Page 2, Column 5).

RUSSIANS GAIN SUCCESSES ON LINES OF LIPA

Czar's Men Eject Foe From Salient and Seize Styр Crossing.

LONDON, July 21.—Russia was able to announce today successful today, Gen. von Linsingen, commanding the Austro-German forces south of Kovel, has been obliged to retire further in the face of strong attacks by the forces under Gen. Sakharoff. The Russians also seized the crossings of the River Styр and compelled their opponents to retire from the salient of the Styр and Lipa Rivers toward Beresteck, where a battle is now going on.

By this advance Gen. Sakharoff gives greater protection to the operations of the Russian General Kaldines in the Volhynian line in the region of Brody.

A despatch from Petrograd says: "Russian troops advancing toward the northern Galician border, have defeated the Austro-Hungarians in the region of the confluence of the Styр and Lipa Rivers and have captured about 2000 prisoners," say official statements issued today. The Austrians retired to the heights near the town of Beresteck. The official statement follows:

"On many sectors of the Dvina front there were violent artillery fights.

"In the region of the Styр, above its confluence with the Lipa, we dealt another stroke at the enemy, ejecting him from the Village of Verbene and from fortified works south of that village, and keeping on the heels of his bewildered rear seized the crossings of the Styр. The enemy retired towards the heights near the town of Beresteck and is beginning partially to surrender to a battalion already engaged in the region of Beresteck."

A report issued tonight says: "The valiant army of Gen. Sakharoff, having surmounted all the difficulties of crossing the Lipa under the concentrated fire of the enemy, on Thursday drove back the enemy, who fled in disorder. Our army is shelling the retreating enemy columns, which have been treated by the heavy shells of our guns."

(Continued on Page 2, Column 4).

: WAR SUMMARY :
THE DAY'S EVENTS REVIEWED

AUSTRIAN FORCES allotted the guardianship of the important junction of the Rivers Lipa and Styр, in southeastern Volhynia, near the Galician border, have just suffered a reverse at the hands of the Russians, and they have retreated upon the heights near Beresteck, with the Russians pressing them hard and making it no means certain that they can hold out there. The Russians started the ruin of the enemy's designs in this region by suddenly assaulting the Village of Verbene and fortified works south of that point, they carried everything before them and before the Austrians had time to recover from their bewilderment and to pull themselves together, the Russians had seized what they wanted—the crossing of the Styр. Pursuit was given to the retreating enemy and a Russian battalion that became engaged in the Beresteck region found that the Austrians are already beginning partially to surrender. About 2000 prisoners, including many officers, have already been taken by the Russians.

The effect of this action is to give the Russians another strong point of support for developing their campaign. In brief, the present tactical operations appear merely to be the putting of their lines in shape to be in correct strategic position for the delivery of another hammer blow. Meanwhile, the Russian emperor is mobilizing a great number of peasants for the enlarging of the Russian communications and the repairing of those destroyed by the Germans and Austrians when they commence to retreat.

This success near the northern Galician border will also have a tendency to deter the enemy from weakening his forces in the Lutsk

(Continued on Page 2, Columns 1 and 3).

HUNS' FOOD SHORTAGE CANNOT BE OVERCOME

Von Batocki Admits Deficiencies Cannot Be Made Good.

AMSTERDAM, via London, July 21, 11.50 p.m.—The Berliner Tagblatt says that at a recent conference at Darmstadt with regard to the food situation, Adolph T. Von Batocki, president of the German Food Regulation Board, frankly admitted that there was a shortage of foodstuffs, especially in towns, which it was impossible to overcome, and that he did not believe the present supply of potatoes would permit of the raising of the maximum allowance from 1-1/2 to 2 pounds per week per head, as had been proposed.

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GERMANS ADMIT RETIREMENT

BERLIN, July 21.—An attack by British forces against the Germans at Fromelles, north of La Bassée, on Wednesday, resulted in the loss by the attackers of more than 2000 men killed and nearly 500 made prisoner, according to a statement given out by the war office today.

The statement admits that the German line, along a front of about 5 kilometers (two miles), south of Fromelles, was driven from its first trenches into its second trenches, 800 yards to the rear. Enemy forces, the statement says, penetrated into the