

## Canadian Official Record.

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EXTRACT FROM ORDER IN COUNCIL  
No. 2206.

"The Committee of the Privy Council further observes that as this war is being waged by the whole people of Canada, it is desirable that the whole people should be kept as fully informed as possible as to the acts of the Government which are concerned with the conduct of the war, as well as with the solution of our domestic problems; and for this purpose an Official Record should be instituted to be issued weekly for the purpose of conveying information as to all Government measures in connection with the war and as to the national war activities generally."

ASSISTANCE TO SOLDIER  
SETTLERS FOR LIVESTOCKOrder in Council adjusts differences in Settlement Act  
and later authority.

An Order in Council adjusting differences between the Soldiers' Settlement Act of 1917 and the Order in Council of February, 1919, relating to Government assistance to the soldier settler in regard to the purchase of live stock was passed on March 20, as follows:—

Whereas the provisions which are embodied in the Order in Council of the 11th day of February, 1919 (P.C. 299), as to assistance to soldier settlers purchasing land from the Soldier Settlement Board for the procuring of live stock and equipment, differ from the provisions of the Soldier Settlement Act, 1917, and confer upon the Board more extensive powers;

And whereas in the opinion of the Soldier Settlement Board, in which the Minister of the Interior concurs, it is advisable that the Board have power to extend to settlers who have been granted entries on Dominion lands advantages, apart from those which refer to the purchase of land by settlers, commensurate in so far as possible to those which may be granted under said Order in Council, to settlers purchasing land from the Board;

Therefore, His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Minister of the Interior, and under the authority of the War Measures Act, 1914, Section 6, is pleased to order and it is hereby ordered that in addition to any assistance which a settler as defined in the Soldier Settlement Act, 1917, holding entry on Dominion lands, may have secured, or is entitled to secure under the provisions of said Soldier Settlement Act, 1917, the Soldier Settlement Board shall have power to sell to such settler live stock on the terms of payment as set out in the Order in Council of the 11th February, 1919 (P.C. 299); provided that the balance of sale price left unpaid to the Board at the time of sale shall not exceed one thousand dollars, and provided that all other provisions of said Order in Council relating to sale of live stock to settlers shall be deemed *mutatis mutandis* to refer and apply to any sale so made under the provisions of any order which may be the result of this order, and provided further that the total advance of principal to any such settler shall not exceed three thousand dollars.

## SUMMARY OF CANADA'S TRADE

|                              | 1917.         | 1918.         | 1919.         |
|------------------------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| Imports for consumption—     | \$            | \$            | \$            |
| Dutiable goods.....          | 441,917,609   | 546,253,779   | 528,030,603   |
| Free goods.....              | 363,112,013   | 431,348,256   | 403,918,958   |
| Total imports, mdse.....     | 805,029,622   | 977,602,035   | 931,949,561   |
| Duty collected.....          | 142,722,151   | 162,861,605   | 159,061,948   |
| Canadian exports—            |               |               |               |
| The mine.....                | 83,641,039    | 76,969,040    | 78,316,975    |
| The fisheries.....           | 24,570,488    | 31,610,187    | 34,509,763    |
| The forest.....              | 55,540,515    | 51,591,269    | 68,317,442    |
| Animal products.....         | 121,612,208   | 178,000,273   | 189,373,753   |
| Agricultural produce.....    | 369,303,875   | 551,789,208   | 285,893,798   |
| Manufactures.....            | 455,173,956   | 667,842,339   | 554,797,764   |
| Miscellaneous.....           | 7,532,612     | 4,794,798     | 5,106,937     |
| Total exports, mdse.....     | 1,117,374,693 | 1,562,588,114 | 1,216,316,432 |
| Imports by countries—        |               |               |               |
| United Kingdom.....          | 106,246,557   | 83,901,839    | 74,806,773    |
| Australia.....               | 733,911       | 2,330,339     | 4,974,470     |
| British East Indies.....     | 6,832,228     | 15,032,141    | 16,190,976    |
| British Guiana.....          | 6,317,677     | 7,313,402     | 4,433,167     |
| British South Africa.....    | 172,003       | 595,874       | 1,291,016     |
| British West Indies.....     | 13,786,708    | 10,830,004    | 8,857,904     |
| Hong Kong.....               | 1,310,663     | 1,856,973     | 2,230,156     |
| Newfoundland.....            | 2,128,704     | 2,889,720     | 3,141,673     |
| New Zealand.....             | 2,511,964     | 3,329,782     | 7,901,813     |
| Other British Empire.....    | 1,597,759     | 1,787,461     | 1,073,809     |
| Argentina Republic.....      | 2,270,936     | 1,330,892     | 1,353,964     |
| Brazil.....                  | 1,037,946     | 912,262       | 1,269,562     |
| China.....                   | 1,130,412     | 1,278,343     | 1,989,186     |
| Cuba.....                    | 572,722       | 1,121,953     | 2,649,763     |
| France.....                  | 6,450,397     | 5,325,766     | 3,716,338     |
| Italy.....                   | 1,207,963     | 778,510       | 600,087       |
| Japan.....                   | 7,967,876     | 11,961,084    | 13,412,873    |
| Netherlands.....             | 1,280,405     | 1,036,702     | 501,998       |
| Other Foreign Countries..... | 14,303,204    | 17,869,936    | 18,607,763    |
| United States.....           | 627,169,532   | 806,119,052   | 760,896,270   |
| Exports by countries—        |               |               |               |
| United Kingdom.....          | 724,432,879   | 874,157,192   | 546,790,141   |
| Australia.....               | 6,881,142     | 8,095,753     | 13,220,983    |
| British East Indies.....     | 1,395,505     | 3,950,992     | 3,430,791     |
| British Guiana.....          | 1,582,507     | 1,987,914     | 2,371,791     |
| British South Africa.....    | 4,300,885     | 5,224,158     | 11,505,527    |
| British West Indies.....     | 5,110,618     | 6,617,934     | 9,525,065     |
| Hong Kong.....               | 603,329       | 1,025,491     | 1,011,844     |
| Newfoundland.....            | 6,520,067     | 9,866,752     | 11,466,594    |
| New Zealand.....             | 3,265,943     | 4,121,155     | 5,162,321     |
| Other British Empire.....    | 3,994,235     | 1,585,515     | 2,628,480     |
| Argentina Republic.....      | 1,622,283     | 1,202,301     | 4,043,755     |
| Brazil.....                  | 901,070       | 1,118,196     | 4,021,616     |
| China.....                   | 401,753       | 1,668,187     | 2,785,289     |
| Cuba.....                    | 2,867,668     | 8,660,879     | 5,353,107     |
| France.....                  | 58,936,624    | 202,602,893   | 96,404,532    |
| Italy.....                   | 11,911,106    | 2,215,031     | 14,192,238    |
| Japan.....                   | 1,335,525     | 4,615,898     | 11,289,097    |
| Netherlands.....             | 1,569,109     | 2,124,510     | 564,225       |
| United States.....           | 269,261,819   | 412,103,503   | 454,948,642   |
| Other foreign countries..... | 10,450,626    | 14,643,860    | 15,600,394    |

VETERANS CAN ENTER  
EXAMINATIONS FREEDo not have to pay Entrance  
Fees for Civil Service  
Exams.

Candidates who have served overseas in British forces or in any of the Allies' forces who have been honourably discharged or any who have been disabled as a result of military service before proceeding overseas, as well as the widow of any such soldier, will not be required to pay entrance fees for the inside or outside Civil Service examinations, under the following Order in Council passed on March 26:—

His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Secretary of State, is pleased to order and it is hereby ordered that Subsection (3) of Section 65 of the Regulations of the Civil Service Commission shall be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows:—

"A candidate who has served overseas in His Majesty's forces, or in the forces of any of the Allies of His Majesty, during the great war, and has been honourably discharged therefrom, or a candidate who has been certified by a medical board to have become disabled as the result of military service

before proceeding overseas, or a candidate who can produce proof that she is the widow of a soldier who has been on military service in His Majesty's forces or in the forces of the Allies of His Majesty during the great war, shall not be required to pay for admission to any of the several examination held under the direction of the Civil Service Commission for admission to or for promotion in the Civil Service, whether in the inside or the outside service."

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,

Clerk of the Privy Council.

PAPER MANUFACTURERS  
AND FRENCH MARKET

Mr. Philippe Roy, Commissioner General of Canada in Paris, France, has received the following letter from a dealer in book paper, wrapping paper, and fine paper:—

"I take the liberty to point out that the Canadian paper manufacturers should study immediately the proper means of organizing their trade on the French market. Scandinavian paper-makers have already put forth a serious effort in that direction, and it would certainly be regrettable if our Canadian friends and allies should find their places taken."

Put money into W.S. Stamps.

PLANS CHEAP HOUSES  
FOR SOLDIER FARMSSoldier Settlement Board  
has prepared sets of  
Standard Type.

Plans have been completed, says a statement by the Soldier Settlement Board, for supplying standard houses to soldier settlers in the Prairie Provinces.

Four types are contemplated, ranging in price from \$300 to \$775, beginning with a moderately convenient and comfortable two-roomed house suited to the needs of a bachelor settler, which can be erected for \$300. This house is 17 feet 10 inches by 14 feet, and is so constructed that as the home needs of the farmer increase he can add to it without waste of material used in the original construction. This house is called type "A."

Type "B" is merely an extension of "A," one room being added and basement excavated. This building, which has dimensions of 24 feet by 14 feet, when completed will cost approximately \$590.

Type "C" is "B" with a portion of the roof lifted and an upstairs bedroom added. Total cost, \$700.

Type "D" is the same as "C" with the remainder of "B" roof lifted and two extra upstairs bedrooms added. The cost complete of "D" is approximately \$775. This type of house will give the farmer living-room, kitchen and parlor downstairs and three bedrooms upstairs. If, in the course of time, he requires a still more pretentious home, plans are being prepared by the Board for a wing, which will give him a much more commodious and comfortable structure.

## CHEAP AND COMMODIOUS.

Great care has been given by the Board's architect to combine cheapness of construction with utility. The plans and specifications were submitted to a number of the leading pioneer women of the West, whose suggestions were incorporated. The proposed houses have been endorsed by these women. When a settler is ready to go on his land, he has the opportunity of selecting the type of house he requires and he is given full particulars as to cost and the amount of lumber required for construction. As previously announced, the settler may buy from any of 1,200 lumber dealers in the West at greatly reduced prices. The settler may erect his own house, or he may ask the Board to do it for him. In any case, construction will be under the supervision of the Board's architect.

The plans have been made to meet the needs of settlers who may require a small and inexpensive house in the beginning. If at some future time he wishes to enlarge to "B" or "C" types, there is no loss of material. Everything in connection with the construction has been standardized with this idea in view. Plans and specifications of the four standardized houses will be supplied to soldier settlers at any time.

## BUILT IN EIGHT DAYS.

From three to eight days, according to the type, will be required to complete one of these houses, if building materials are on the ground. In the case of grouped farms, where a number of settlers may propose to locate together and build together, there will be material reduction in cost of construction.

The Board also plans to erect standard stables and implement sheds at the lowest possible cost to the settler. A settler may get along with a small stable, say, 24 feet by 12 feet, sufficient for the housing of two cattle and four horses, erected at a cost of approximately \$200. The plans are so drawn that these buildings can be enlarged without loss of material.

With regard to Eastern Canada and British Columbia, where different conditions are found, the architect of the Board is planning suitable types for different locations.

A "quarter" buys a Thrift Stamp.