The Toronto World.

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City subscriptions may be paid at the Business Office, 83 Yonge-street, or to Messrs. Macrae & Macrae, collectors, Canada Life Building.

THE WORLD'S NEW QUARTERS.

The World has moved into its new premises, No. 83 Yonge-street, six doors north of King-street, on the east side.

The World is the only daily newspaper east of Yonge-street, our esteemed contemporaries all being west of our main thoroughfare.

The business office is at the front of No. 83 Yonge and the editorial rooms in rear thereof, on the same floor. Entrance to the latter is through the business office.

The press and mail rooms are in the basement, with entrance from the lane.

The compositors and stereotypers are on the first floor.

The business and mechanical departments of The World are thus now under one and the same roof.

Let Us Negotiate.

The despatch from Washington, which appears in another column, respecting the interest taken in the Dominion canal system by the Committee on Foreign and Interstate Commerce is worthy of careful perusal. It would appear from that despatch that American public men recognize that Canada has what may be called a valuable and negotiable geographical asset, in exchange for which there is every probability that important trade concessions may be obtained from the United States.

The despatch will probably bring up the whole question of the deepening of the St. Lawrence canals. Sir John Macdonald, during his lifetime, frequently assured gentlemen interested in the internal navigation of our great lakes that the next great national question which his Government would take up would be the deepening of the St. Lawrence canals so that any vessel that could come through the Sault canal could proceed to Montreal without breaking bulk. Under the whaleback style of nautical architecture there seems no reason why the vessel capable of reaching Montreal should not continue her journey to Liverpool, London, or any other part of the world. When the wheat products of our Northwest and of the American northwestern states can be loaded on shipboard at Port Arthur and Duluth and proceed unbroken to the world's markets who can calculate the added value to every bushel of wheat grown and every acre tilled in these vast prairie countries? We like the look and tone of these things. Our minister-delegates appear to be arriving on the scene at a very opportune time, and we can heartily wish them success in their efforts.

This news must be somewhat bitter reading to the hopeless and helpless party and to the little knot of anæmic Canadians, the height and depth of whose ambition is to efface their country from the map.

A Change Demanded.

We must again nudge the City Council on this question of converting our street railway system to electricity. It should be done as expeditiously as possible. There should not be a moment's delay. We will be disappointed if the spring does not see the work going on in a dozen places at once. Let the aldermen and the representatives of the company get together at once. There is surely a middle way. If there is not let us know it. If the railway company insists on its pound of flesh—insists indeed that whatever system is adopted now must be adhered to for thirty years—we will know what sort of a corporation we have to deal with. On the other hand, the city must go into negotiation prepared to make some concessions. Our view of it is that the company is anxious to change the system as rapidly as possible, as electricity is the more profitable motor, the City Exchequer would also be enriched for the same reason and the citizens are anxious to see the change because it will enable a man to travel two miles in the time it takes him now to travel one, not to speak of the humanity involved in doing away with the weary, over-laden horse. Everybody then being anxious for a change, there ought not to be much difficulty in bringing it about. Let a candid plain effort be made to arrive at a modus vivendi.

Great Cities At the Falls.

The New York Tribune of Sunday had an important article under the heading of "The Future of Buffalo," showing that Buffalo was the most promising city in the way of development in the Union. The basis of the argument was the certainty of developing the immense water power by the tunnels now under construction on the American side of the Falls, and which water power could be converted into electricity and transmitted to Buffalo and there distributed to all kinds of factories and industries at a cost away and below that of steam power generated by coal. Not only was cheapness to be secured by this new electrical giant, but cleanliness as well, and instead of the foul and impaired atmosphere of Chicago and Cleveland there would be a brightness about Buffalo that would commend it to people looking for a city home.

What The Tribune says about Buffalo The World believes will be true of a great Canadian city on this side of the Niagara River, and as far as the matter of power is concerned our advantages are much ahead of those of our neighbors. We are not becoming over-confident when we say that a great Canadian centre is bound to spring up near the Falls, and that within an early date.

Let the electricians succeed in transmitting power long distances, then Toronto may profit by this new application of Nature's great power. Even our street railways and probably our railroads between here and the Falls will be propelled by the mighty force of Niagara's current.

That February Thunderstorm.

It was learned from the Observatory officials that thunderstorms prevailed on Sunday night over Lake Erie and Lake Ontario. Thunder storms are rare in winter. In 1808 a storm of thunder and lightning occurred at the identical time to that of Sunday night. A week ago The World published an extract from The Upper Canada Gazette and The Oracle, published in York (Toronto) Feb. 19, 1803, in which this sentence occurred:

In the night between the 7th and 8th inst. a gust of thunder and lightning passed over this town, attended with a heavy shower, a mixture of hail and rain, the lightning was very brilliant and vivid in different directions, and the thunder distinctly to be heard for a considerable time.

Eighty-nine years after, the record is precisely the same, between the 7th and 8th Feb., a fact which may be noted by local meteorologists. The records of Toronto Observatory only go back 51 years. During this period but 12 thunderstorms have been recorded in winter. They all occurred in January and February, as follows: Jan. 29, 1842; Jan. 15, 1847; Feb. 28, 1850; Jan. 1, 1852; Feb. 18, 1857; Feb. 20, 1859; Feb. 22, 1860; Jan. 30, 1873; Feb. 12, 1874; Feb. 10, 1876; Feb. 6, 1877; Jan. 8, 1882.

Solomon said in the old world days: "There is nothing new under the sun." Certainly a thunderstorm in February in Toronto is no novelty, though the last thing one would naturally expect.

Don't Ring the Bell.

The proposal to rescind the bylaw prohibiting the ringing of bells by milkmen is not a popular idea among busy housekeepers. Why should the milkman enjoy privileges not shared, for instance, by the baker's man? The present plan of making the milkman come to the door instead of summoning by bell the good wife or serving maid to the wagon side seems to be a case of the greatest good to the greatest number. There is a strong temptation for women to run out bare-headed and otherwise lightly clad to receive the matutinal milk, and many fatal illnesses could doubtless in the past be traced to this unwise practice. Then there is the objectionable noisy bell, which respects neither age nor sickness, but like a rude voice breaks in on the slumbers alike of the fretful infant or the broken sleep of old age. The present bylaw suits the people and its enforcement cannot be harder on milkmen than it is on other vendors of commodities.

There's Nothing In It.

The career of Fitzsimmons shows that society is stronger than any of its units. The man who determines to cut himself loose from all legal and moral restraints and travel an orbit that has hitherto been untraversed sooner or later comes in collision with men in the aggregate and then he finds that the impact is fatal to him. The only man who seems privileged to escape the Biblical law that the earning of bread involves perspiration is he who inherits corner lots. Attempts to enjoy life on the sweat of other people's brows appear always to have an ending similar to that in Fitzsimmons' case—a life of fear and fever, caged like a lion or hunted like a wolf, and, last sad scene of all, the bloody knife and the suicide's bed.

The Globe yesterday published quite an appreciative article on Mr. Mowat's excellent lecture on Christianity, delivered last Friday night. But those who remember that same paper's attack on Mr. Mowat for his patriotic letter addressed to Mr. Mackenzie some few weeks ago will see that the praise of yesterday was in the nature of an apology for that rude deliverance against his loyalty. The Globe overstepped the line then, has since so found it out, and is compelled to try and make amends.

The way the farmer talks in his Institutes appears to be very pleasing to our friends the Liberals, but the way he votes disgusts them unutterably.

How He Lost Her.

It was his feet that did the business for him. He has big feet—very extensive feet—and as he had asked his girl to take a walk with him he determined to discard his overshoes and wear tight boots.

Oh, then his doom was sealed!

He offered her his arm at the door and, as he raised his head proudly and turned his face towards the Don, his feet flew from under him on the icy pavement and he shot off the sidewalk as if he had been greased for the occasion.

Her father, who was standing at the door, picked him up and advised him to get his pants finished off with a pair of sleigh runners. He sighed, but said nothing. Then they meandered down street. Suddenly he stepped on a piece of loose ice and he felt himself going again. He grabbed for it like a drowning man clutches at a straw and commenced to prance violently on the sidewalk. 'Twas no use. He came down like a thousand of brick and a man crossed the street and offered to hire him for a pile-driver.

But he sighed and said nothing.

They meandered on again.

The new shoes did it some more. He struck the sidewalk as if he had tumbled out of a balloon and as he did so he said something.

"Gee-orge!" she gasped, "did you say 'dam'?"

"No, dearest," he replied, "I only said 'ouch.'"

"I am so glad," she said with a sigh of relief, and they meandered some more.

But the shoes did it again.

He came down this time as if he had been sent for.

"Does it make your head ache?" she inquired.

"It ain't my head that aches," he sadly replied.

Again they meandered and once more the shoes got there with both feet.

He uttered an exclamation.

"Gee-orge! What was that you said?" she tremulously inquired.

"I said 'Hades,'" he mournfully replied.

"You did not, Gee-orge," she said, "you used the old-fashioned and vulgar term. Pray take me home if you please."

"No I won't," he replied, "I'm going to sit here. You may go home if you like, or you may sit down beside me."

She took the other alternative and went home. He sat sit ll till he had thawed out a spot about as big as a wash-basin and then he hailed a cab. He says there's as good fish in the sea as ever were caught, and declares that the girl was a fool for going back on the biggest thing on ice.

Provident Savings Life Assurance Society

We call the attention of our readers to the seventeenth financial statement of the Provident Savings Life Assurance Society of New York. The strong financial position of this company is worthy of special notice: $261.77 of net cash assets to each $100 of net liabilities should be sufficient guarantee that the Homans plan of life insurance is sound in principle and practice. Mr. Sheppard Homans deserves credit for the great work which he has accomplished in placing sound life insurance within the reach of every man, at a moderate cost. The success of the Provident fully illustrates that substantial life insurance can be furnished without the dangerous element of investing large sums of trust funds. Out of sixteen millions of new business done by the Provident Life last year, the Dominion of Canada, through its general manager, Mr. R. H. Matson, and his efficient staff of agents, contributed one million. The society is steadily gaining in popularity in Canada, as shown by a steadily increasing business.

"Hotel Vendome," New York.

Toronto people visiting New York should make their home at the well-appointed and handsome "Hotel Vendome," corner of Broadway and Forty-first-streets. The "Hotel Vendome" is a short distance from the Grand Central depot, and has also direct car service from the West Shore and Erie Railway ferry docks. The "Vendome" is almost opposite the Metropolitan Opera House, and street cars pass the door from all theatres. Its appointments are perfection. Newly furnished and equipped from the ninth story down; it is the *par excellence* of comfort. The hotel contains two hundred and fifty rooms, single and *en suite*, with or without baths, and is conducted on both the European and American plan. In the hotel office will be found Mr. A. B. Craig (late of the Rossin House), who pays special attention to Canadian guests. The cafe is one of the handsomest in New York, and the dining-room, situated in the ninth story, cannot be surpassed in New York. 1

Saint Julien.

There is no claret so generally asked for—none, probably, more widely known—than St. Julien.

The name often means nothing when the wine is shipped by unprincipled houses with nothing but the name as a guarantee of quality.

We have a large parcel of St. Julien, some 250 cases, that we believe to be equal to any wine shipped under that name from Bordeaux.

We are selling it at $8 per case, quarts. William Mara, 280 and 282 Queen-street west. Telephone 713. 135

The Ætna Life.

In another column will be found the financial statement of the Ætna Life Insurance company as on Jan. 1, 1892. The Ætna's statements are always both good and reliable, and the brief report given will well repay perusal.

What the Country Has Escaped.

No one need fear cholera or any summer complaint, if they have a bottle of Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Dysentery Cordial ready for use. It corrects all looseness of the bowels promptly and causes a healthy and natural action. This is a medicine adapted for the young and old, rich and poor, and is rapidly becoming the most popular medicine for cholera, dysentery, etc., in the market.

MAKE A CLEAN SWEEP OF IT.

PROPOSAL TO ABOLISH THE WATERWORKS DEPARTMENT.

It Goes On to Council—Reduced Estimates—More Heads to Fall—Discussing the Amalgamation Propositions—Will Mr. Brough or Mr. Hamilton or Both Go to the Wall?—Has There Been Favoritism?

The Waterworks Committee commenced business yesterday by reading the Superintendent's report and passing a number of accounts, amounting to $1780.

Ald. Crawford asked for the names of the employes of the department who had been discharged, as he understood the decapitations had not been fairly done in accordance with length of service, and that there was some "beating about the bush."

Ald. Gowanlock said a list could be had from the Superintendent, but it had not been thought advisable to make the names public. He added that there were more dismissals to follow.

"Then," said Ald. Carlyle, "why were these men not told before? It is wrong to keep them in suspense. I move that we get a list of those already dismissed and those that are to be dismissed."

The Mayor said that those who were to go at the end of the month had been given a gentle hint.

The matter ended by the superintendent being asked to send the required information to Ald. Crawford.

It was decided to purchase 300 tons of Bernice coal at $3.90 for the purpose of testing its quality.

The Proposed Amalgamation.

Ald. Graham is not a member of the Waterworks Committee, but was present to speak to his notice of motion given at the last meeting of council, "That the Waterworks Department be merged into the Treasurer's Department and the Works Department, and that the position of superintendent be done away with." Ald. Graham asked that his motion be sent on to council to meet its fate.

Ald. Gowanlock said Ald. Graham's resolution was different from his speech, and that the whole thing meant the dismissal of Mr. Hamilton.

Ald. McMurrich and Crawford spoke in the same strain as Ald. Graham.

Ald. Leslie desired to be shown where the saving would be effected by amalgamation. He though the City Engineer would have enough to do without the waterworks if the street cleaning department were added to his duties. Until he was better posted on the matter he would vote against the amalgamation.

Who Will Be the Victim?

Ald. W. Carlyle said the city did not require the services of both Mr. Brough, the Waterworks Engineer, and Mr. Hamilton.

Then said Ald. Leslie, "I do not see why Mr. Hamilton should be let go. I think Mr. Brough is the man who should go."

The Mayor thought it would be to the city's advantage to amalgamate, as a secretary and assistant secretary could be done away with as well as a number of others.

Ald. Gowanlock: As the Board of Works is now it would be a detriment to the city to place the work under the City Engineer, as he is not competent to look after the work he has now. There are two other civil engineers in the employ of the city anyway. The rating and receiving departments are now separate, as recommended by Judge Macdougall. If the Waterworks Department is left alone you will find that it will be run economically and satisfactorily.

The Mayor said the mistake was made a few years ago when so many departments were created.

Make a Clean Sweep.

Ald. McMurrich moved that the Waterworks Department be abolished and the work in connection therewith be placed under the supervision of the Board of Works in so far as relates to all engineering work and under the treasurer's department in so far as relates to all the office work and financial portion of the same.

This motion was sent on to council on the following vote:

YEAS—Ald. McMurrich, W. Carlyle, Crawford and the Mayor.

NAYS—Ald. Leslie, Gowanlock and D. Carlyle.

The estimates for 1892 were then passed, with only one reduction of $1000. The total amount is $169,625, a reduction from last year of $6741.

There was some discussion of the extra appropriation of $60,000 for the new pumping engine. Mr. Hamilton was asked to have a list of the contracts made for the new engine house ready for the next meeting.

His Warfare Over.

The funeral of the late Alexander Watson, an Army and Navy Veteran, who had seen a good deal of active service in connection with the 71st Highlanders, both in the Crimea and India, took place yesterday at Mount Pleasant Cemetery. Rev. Dr. Galbraith officiated at the house service, and at the grave A. M. Oliphant performed the funeral ceremonies of the Sons of Scotland. The following pall-bearers were selected from the Veterans: John Nelson, late 71st Highlanders; James Hutton, late 71st Highlanders; James Gibb, late 78th Highlanders; W. Winchester, M. Carruth and J. Wright, Sons of Scotland. A large number of the Veterans turned out and attended the ceremony. The Union Jack served as a pall.

Alexander Watson was wounded in the Fenian raid as a member of the Highland company of the Queen's Own.

The regular monthly meeting of the Veterans will take place at Occident Hall tomorrow evening.

A Good Reason for Living.

"She lives to love and loves to live;
She loves to live because she lives to love."

Many think it is a sin to be sick; being so, one cannot bestow their affections on others as the Creator intended; being so, it certainly is a duty to cure yourself. Most women these days need an invigorating tonic. Worn-out teachers, "sh-p-girls," dressmakers, milliners and those subject to tiresome labor have found a boon in Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. It is a soothing and strengthening nervine, inducing refreshing sleep, relieves despondency and restores to full use all the appetites and affections of one's nature. It is sold, by druggists, under a *guarantee* from its makers that it will, in every case, give satisfaction, or price ($1.00) will be promptly refunded.

A French Lecture.

"La Presse Francaise et les journalistes Parisiens," such is the title of the lecture which is to be delivered this evening, at 8 o'clock, at the Y.M.C.A. (corner McGill and Yonge), by Prof. George Coutellier, B.A., of the Paris University. Many citizens will be pleased to know that the Parisian gentleman is resuming his lectures, which met with so much success last year. Prof. Coutellier intends to deliver before summer two or three more lectures, in which he will illustrate many important points of the political organization of France.

Mothers! Read This.

"Dyer's Improved Food for Infants is the best food I ever used for my babies." Price 25 cents. Druggists keep it. W. A. Dyer & Co., Montreal.

See the assortment of 25c and 50c scarfs, all new goods, at Trebie's Great Shirt House. Best assortment of gents' furnishings in the city.

Oh, What a Cough! 246

Will you heed the warning? The signal perhaps of the sure approach of that more terrible disease consumption. Ask yourselves if you can afford for the sake of saving 50c, to run the risk and do nothing for it. We know from experience that Shiloh's Cure will cure your cough. It never fails.

Severe colds are easily cured by the use of Bickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup, a medicine of extraordinary penetrating and healing properties. It is acknowledged by those who have used it as being the best medicine sold for coughs, colds, inflammation of the lungs, and all affections of the throat and chest. Its agreeableness to the taste makes it a favorite with ladies and children.

An Iceboat Upsets

And all the passengers rushed up to Edward Sullivans to get a cup of Burnham's Clam Bouillon real hot.

Oh, What a Delicious Cigar!

Yes, it is an Invincible pot, one of the best made. Try it. L. O. Grothe & Co., Montreal.

HE IS LEGALLY DEAD.

Young McKay Never Came Back—Actions Against the City—A Bloor-street Alimony Suit.

In the case of F. T. Andrews of 744 Yonge-street, against the City of Toronto, in which the plaintiff asks $15,000 damages for injuries received by falling into a coal hole in the sidewalk in front of 128 Bond-street, Mr. Momwat yesterday applied for an order adding J. C. King and Mrs. King and Eugene O'Keefe as defendants in the action. O'Keefe is the owner of the building in front of which the accident occurred, while the Kings held a lease of it. Master Winchester granted the order.

In the old alimony suit of Mrs. Mary Jane Beckett of 1152 Bloor-street west against her husband, Henry Beckett, who some two years ago deserted his Toronto wife and eloped with her niece, Master Winchester yesterday morning dismissed a lis pendens filed against the defendants' property by the plaintiff. The lis pendens was dismissed because of an irregularity in obtaining in the procedure.

Mr. Justice Ferguson yesterday declared Frederick B. McKay, son of Gilbert McKay of 237 Delaware-avenue, legally dead. It seems that young Frederick B. McKay left home and went to sea in 1880 and the year after his grandfather, Daniel McKay, of London, died leaving him the sum of $5342. Since 1880, however, the legatee has not been heard from, although search has been kept up continually. All that has been learned of his proceedings since he left is that in 1882 the young man joined the United States navy, from which he deserted in the following year. The money is now to be divided equally between the father, mother, brothers and sisters of the missing men. Each will receive about $500.

Trusts Corporation of Toronto v. Mary E. Lappin.—Detendant is the second wife and widow of the late Patrick Lappin of this city, who died in January, 1891. Immediately after the death of her husband she took possession of the gold watch and some $400 worth of furniture belonging to the deceased and has since refused to give them up, although by the last will of the deceased she is not entitled to retain them. The plaintiffs brought a replevin action against Mrs. Lappin, which was tried before Justice MacMahon and was dismissed. The plaintiffs yesterday appealed to the Common Pleas Divisional Court. Judgment was reserved.

Messrs. Denton, Dodds & Denton, acting for James Jones of 1053 Dufferin-street, issued a writ against the city, claiming $5000 damages for injuries received on Oct. 6 last by the plaintiff while working in a city sewer in Regent-street. The plaintiff states that the sewer in which he was at work under a city foreman was not walled up, and that, in consequence of this, the sides caved in, seriously injuring him.

Spring Assizes.

HOME CIRCUIT.

Falconbridge, J.

Orangeville—Tuesday, 1st March.
St. Catharines—Monday, 7th March.
Milton—Monday, 14th March.
Brampton—Thursday, 17th March.
Toronto, Criminal Court—Monday, 21st March.
Toronto, Civil Court—Monday, 28th March.

NORTHWESTERN CIRCUIT.

Armour, C. J.

Woodstock—Wednesday, 2nd March.
Stratford—Monday, 7th March.
Goderich—Monday, 14th March.
Walkerton—Monday, 21st March.
Guelph—Monday, 28th March.
Berlin—Tuesday, 5th April.
Brantford—Monday, 11th April.
Owen Sound—Tuesday, 19th April.

MIDLAND CIRCUIT.

Rose, J.

Barrie—Tuesday, 1st March.
Hamilton—Wednesday, 9th March.
Belleville—Monday, 21st March.
Picton—Monday, 4th April.
Whitby—Tuesday, 12th April.
Lindsay—Monday, 18th April.
Peterboro—Monday, 25th April.
Cobourg—Monday, 2nd May.

EASTERN CIRCUIT.

MacMahon, J.

Cornwall—Tuesday, 8th March.
Brockville—Monday, 14th March.
Napanee—Monday, 21st March.
Kingston—Thursday, 24th March.
Perth—Monday, 4th April.
Pembroke—Thursday, 7th April.
L'Original—Wednesday, 13th April.
Ottawa—Monday, 18th April.

SOUTHWESTERN CIRCUIT.

Street, J.

Welland—Monday, 21st March.
St. Thomas—Monday, 28th March.
Simcoe—Monday, 4th April.
Cayuga—Thursday, 7th April.
Sandwich—Monday, 11th April.
Sarnia—Monday, 18th April.
Chatham—Monday, 25th April.
London—Wednesday, 4th May.

Wants a Separation From Polly.

A despatch from Detroit states that Thomas Bredin, the husband of Polly Bredin of this city, has applied for a divorce on the ground of desertion. It will be remembered that the Bredin woman figured unpleasantly in the sensational suicide at Niagara of Fred Barber, traveler for a Sheffield, England, firm. She has been living in this city ever since. Her husband, who at the time of the suicide was employed in the Grand Trunk offices, subsequently removed to Detroit.

Soothing Magic.

The unspeakable comfort in feeling pain pass away is well set forth by Mr. Albert Heege, Clayton, Mo., U.S.A., August 1, 1889, who says: "I suffered fourteen days with a sprained wrist, and a swelling formed, growing larger and larger. It disappeared as if by magic after using one bottle of St. Jacobs Oil." It is the best remedy.

The Modern Language Lecturer.

The position of lecturer in modern languages at Trinity, vacant through the death of the late Mr. J. Cunningham Dunlop, has now been filled by the appointment of Mr. A. H. Young, B. A., who has been for some years modern language master at Upper Canada College. Mr. Young graduated with high honors both in classics and modern languages at the University of Toronto.

James Cullen, Pool's Island, N.F., writes: "I have been watching the progress of Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil since its introduction to this place, and with much pleasure state that my anticipations of its success have been fully realized, it having cured me of bronchitis and soreness of nose; while not a few of my rheumatic neighbors (one old lady in particular) pronounce it to be the best article of its kind that has ever been brought before the public. Your medicine does not require any longer a sponsor, but if you wish me to act as such, I shall be only too happy to have my name connected with your prosperous child."

Wabash Line.

A man going west should remember the great Wabash route is the banner line to all west and southwest points. They run the finest equipped trains on earth. The only railroad using the palace reclining chair cars (free) from Detroit to St. Louis, Kansas City and Omaha. All trains go through the great tunnel at St. Louis. Time tables and all information from your nearest ticket agent or J. A. Richardson, Canadian Passenger Agent, 28 Adelaide-street east, Toronto. ed

All Men, ed

Men, young, old or middle-aged, who are weak nervous and exhausted, broken down from over work or from any cause not mentioned, should send for and read the book of Lubon, a treatise on diseases peculiar to man. Sent sealed, secure from observation, on receipt of 10c. in stamps. Address M. V. Lubon, 24 Macdonell-ave, Toronto

What a Vile Condition!

Your experience is not a pleasant one at present. Every morning you have furred tongue, bad taste in your mouth, and a miserable feeling generally: You certainly need the help of that life-renewer, Paine's Celery Compound.

As Parmelee's Vegetable Pills contain Mandrake and Dandelion, they cure Liver and Kidney Complaints with unerring certainty. They also contain Roots and Herbs which have specific virtues truly wonderful in their action on the stomach and bowels. Mr. E. A. Cairncross, Shakespeare, writes: "I consider Parmelee's Pills an excellent remedy for Biliousness and Derangement of the Liver, having used them myself for some time."

Easily Caught.

Croup, colds, sore throat and many painful ailments are easily caught in this changeable climate. The never-failing remedy is just as easily obtained in Hagyard's Yellow Oil, which is undoubtedly the best of all the many remedies offered for the cure of colds or pains.

A Great Mistake

to pay 10 cents for a cigar when you can get a Hero, equal to any 10 cent cigar made, for 5 cents. Try them; at cigar stores. J. Rattray & Co., Montreal

CHIEF GRASETT'S REPORT

SHOWS A LARGE DECREASE IN CRIME LAST YEAR.

Ladies Suffer Most From Pickpockets—Weeding Out the Dives—A Large Amount of Stolen Property Recovered—Trade in Lottery Tickets Done Up—Criminal Returns for the Past Year—The Park Preaching Bylaw.

Chief Constable Grasett has handed the Police Commissioners his annual report for 1891; also the criminal and statistical returns of the police department covering the same period.

The total number of persons apprehended or summoned in the city was 9824, against 11,194 in 1890, a decrease of 1310.

A comparison of the tabulated statements for the past two years shows that crime of a serious nature declined, and the minor offences also fewer in number. Noticeable among the charges appear the following:

Decreases.

Assaults (common) 55, assaults on police 7, burglaries 6, drunk and disorderly 1205, embezzlement 6, housebreaking 43, highway robbery 8, inmates or frequenters of houses of ill-fame 93, indecent assaults 6, keepers of disorderly houses or houses of ill-fame 59, larceny 82, receiving stolen property 8, threatening 16.

Increases.

Breach of Gaming Act 10, Breach of Lord's Day Act 8, breach of Cock Fighting Act 8, fraud 34, horse stealing 12, non-payment of wages 113, rape 8.

The records of the Detective Department show a reduction of 40 in the number of felonious offences reported and dealt with by the department. The police recovered $54,950 worth of stolen property as compared with $57,109 in 1890.

With reference to the different crimes the report says:

Pocket Picking and Larceny.

The losers were almost exclusively women, a fact that portion of the community would do well to note and take warning not to carry their purses where pickpockets have no difficulty in stealing them.

As to larceny the report states that if reasonable precautions were taken for the safety of goods and temptation was not so regardlessly thrown in the way of the destitute, considerable loss would be avoided.

Lotteries and Gambling.

On this head the report says: "There is no open attempt being made to do business in this direction, but there is some reason to believe that a few tickets are quietly disposed of in saloons and elsewhere to customers who can be trusted. I would, however, warn any persons holding licenses against permitting what might lead to cancellation of their license."

Inspector Stark says that at the present time the city is more free from dives and resorts of prostitution than it has been for the past 26 years.

The Chief Constable says that to a certain extent liquor is sold contrary to law, that loose women are to be found in secluded places. These are facts that cannot be disputed, but these are evils which will always exist, and total suppression would be impossible as it would be injudicious.

The Park Preaching Bylaw.

In treating of the preaching (so-called) in Queen's Park on Sunday the heads of the police are satisfied that their action was endorsed by all law-abiding citizens.

The chief is still in favor of the mounted force.

Of the late John Cuddy the report says: "This officer had a stainless record for high personal character, and from a long and varied experience with the criminal class he had a knowledge of them that was not confined to Canada and his place will be hard to fill."

The total amount expended by the department in 1891 was $221,481, being $5148 less than the estimates.

FOUND DEAD IN BED.

A Young Lady Dies of Heart Failure—So the Post Mortem Showed.

Yesterday morning Miss Johnson, 127 Parliament-street, found her boarder, Miss Lizzie Thurston, dead in bed. The deceased woman had complained of feeling ill the night before and had obtained medicine from Lee's drug store in King-street. This led, Coroner Pickering, who had been notified, to suspect that the drugs had caused her death. So he caused an analysis to be made, which showed the medicine to be harmless. A post mortem, however, showed the direct cause to have be n heart failure, accelerated by liver and kidney troubles. The deceased was about 30 years of age and came from Acton, where her friends are living.

The Citizen's Soliloquy.

To Bay or not to Bay! that is the question.
Whether 'tis nobler that we citizens
Consume the vermin-reeking sewage ice
As our good Mayor and council have advised,
Or make a synchronous and final kick?
Whist, rabble! let me think. To buy; to die;
No more. Bay ice is got at lesser cost,
And so our milkmen will get cruder rich,
Our undertakers have a lordly snap,
Our butchers robe themselves in rarest purple,
Diamonds sparkle on our brewers' shirt fronts,
Our druggists and our doctors will grow fat,
Our colleges be full of youths to learn
How microbes may be crushed and patients bled,
And s'pose we die Toronto would look well
Laid out in marble blocks and granite tombs;
She'd claim the grandest graveyard in the world.
Such arguments none dare confute. 'Tis well;
We'll eat and drink bacilli-haunted beef and beer,
We'll take malaria microbes into us;
We'll suffer typhoid and all racking pain,
We'll spread the rank, contagion 'mongst our friends
And die; perchance from grippe—ay, there's the rub!
No, no, we'll dure all pain but that. Ye gods!
Look down in pity now and help us knock
Our weak-kneed Mayor and council into shape,
And men unborn in accents yet unheard
Shall boast their fathers' sand and common sense
And goodness of the gods.

—JAY KOBB.

Infected Fruit Trees.

The Canadian Institute has adopted a resolution calling on the Government to adopt more stringent measures than exist at present for the destruction of fruit trees infected with black knot and yellows, and urging the extension of powers of inspectors, giving them the right to enter orchards and search for infected fruit or trees.

The Grenadiers.

Twenty-four officers of the Tenth Royal Grenadiers assembled in their quarters at the Armory last night and discussed the affairs that have been recently agitating the regiment. It is said that the utmost unanimity prevailed and that the only thought among those present was a determination to do whatever was most required to consolidate and advance the regiment.

After The Medical's Staff.

The Sub-Committee of the Board of Health met yesterday and talked over a reduction of the Medical Health officer's staff. Nothing was done, but the committee will look into the workings of the health office and report to the board at its next meeting.

Bad, Worse, Worst.

Cold, cough, consumption, to cure the first and second and prevent the third use Hagyard's Pectoral Balsam, the never-failing family medicine for all diseases of the throat, lungs and chest. A marvel of healing in pulmonary complaints.

What Say You, Mr. Chambers?

Said Ald. Jolliffe to one of The World's young men, "The parks and gardens should be under the control of the Property Committee. What is the use of having a special committee to look after a few vacant lots?"

A General Overcome.

DEAR SIRS, I suffered from general weakness and debility and my system was completely run down, and I found B.B.B. the best medicine I ever tried. I would not be without it for a great deal.

MISS NELLIE ARMSTRONG, Dublane P. O., Ont.

THE ÆTNA LIFE'S

FINANCIAL STATEMENT.

The financial statement of the Ætna Life Insurance Company as of Jan. 1, 1892, says The Hartford Daily Times, is an unusually strong exhibit. The year 1891 was a prosperous one for the company. It made very large gains in every department of its business, and has added to its resources nearly a million and a half.

The Ætna Life's statements are always good reading because of the fact that they show actively in the management and conservatism in the care of its assets. It will be noted that during the past year, notwithstanding the prevailing epidemic, the Ætna paid its death claims from its interest receipts and had left in the treasury nearly $200,000 from that source. The remark of Commissioner Steelman, some years ago, concerning the Ætna, is as true to-day as when made, namely, that it was as "solid as granite."

During the past year the Ætna wrote upwards of $23,000,000 new insurance—probably double that written by any other company in the State and more than was written by any other company located in the New England States. With over $37,000,000 of assets, of which $6,000,000 is reported to be surplus, the company's patrons may be assured that their families and themselves are amply protected.

The officers of the company are Morgan G. Bulkeley, president; J. C. Webster, vice-president; J. L. English, secretary; G. W. Hubbard, assistant secretary; H. W. St. John, actuary; G. W. Russell, M.D., consulting physician.

WESTERN CANADA BRANCH,
9 Toronto-street, Toronto.
W. H. ORR & SONS,
Managers.

ROBERT BROWNING.

An Able Analysis of the Poet and His Works.

On Saturday afternoon at University Hall Professor Alexander gave an exceedingly interesting lecture on Browning.

Browning, he said, has been considered an odd, extraordinary poet, the reason being that he has broken away from the current poetry of the day, and so is opposed by the strong conservative tendency that is in all men. Wordsworth, Carlyle and Browning have all suffered from this tendency. Browning's "obscurity" is, the Professor admitted, to some degree faulty; but to a much greater degree not faulty, inasmuch as it is the result of the peculiarities of his genius. It results partly from his over intense understanding of his meaning, which keeps him from remembering to insert the links for his readers; partly from the weight and number of his ideas; and partly from the abstract nature of his subjects.

His message to his age being so abstract, Browning has not expressed it in abstract terms, but has expressed it in connection with men's lives, showing how different men, from different standpoints, view the same truth. From this habit it comes that Browning stands with Chaucer and Shakespeare as one of the three great objective English poets, who have read other men's natures more clearly than we have been most reticent as to their own opinions.

The professor then made some observations on Browning's religion, philosophy and artistic forms. In religion he is a true and broad-minded Christian, though a liberal one. In philosophy he is an optimist, thinking that all things work together for good, even evil bringing about a higher good. In art he is really a dramatic poet who has invented a wholly new form of expression—the dramatic monolog.

In illustration of these statements Prof. Alexander read three poems, "A Grammarian's Funeral," "My Last Duchess," and "A Woman's Last Word," commenting upon and explaining each so as to bring out its force and beauty in the clearest manner. The crowded audience was enabled to follow the lecturer throughout and evinced great satisfaction.

Washington and Return—Only $10 via America's Greatest Railroad.

Feb. 22, Washington's Birthday, tickets good 10 days to return. Through palace sleepers from Suspension Bridge without change via New York Central and Pennsylvania Railroads. Personally conducted. Leave Suspension Bridge at 5.40 p.m., arrive Washington 9 a.m. Cheap side trips to Old Point Comfort, Richmond, etc. Apply to Edson J. Weeks, general agent, No. 1 Exchange-street, Buffalo, for further information. Tickets will be on sale at New York Central office, Suspension Bridge, N.Y.

Knights of Labor.

The Knights of Labor aim to protect their members against financial difficulties, etc. Hagyard's Yellow Oil protects all who use it from the effects of cold and exposure, such as rheumatism, neuralgia, lumbago, sore throat and all inflammatory pain. Nothing compares with it as a handy pain cure for man and beast.

$10, Excursion to Washington, D.C., via the Picturesque Erie Ry., on Feb. 15, '92.

This is a well-known fact to all who have ever visited the South that this route affords the best scenery and accommodation and goes through the great Quaker city of Philadelphia and the oyster city of Baltimore. Everybody should see the horse shoe curve at Manunka Chunk, which cannot be equalled in United States for scenery. For full particulars apply to C. S. J. Sharp, 19 Wellington street east, Toronto.

Through Wagner Vestibule Buffet Sleeping Car Toronto to New York via West Shore Route.

The West Shore through sleeping car leaves Union Station, Toronto, at 4.55 p.m. daily except Sunday, arriving in New York at 10.10 a.m. Returning this car leaves New York at 5 p.m. arriving in Toronto at 10.25 a.m. Sundays leaves Toronto at 12.50 p.m. connecting with through car at Hamilton.

Five to One.

DEAR SIRS, Last winter I had five large boils on my neck and was advised to use B.B.B. Before I had finished the first bottle I was completely well and think B.B.B. cannot be excelled as a blood purifier.

JOHN WOOD, Round Plains, Ont.

Attacked by An Enemy.

DEAR SIRS,—About a year ago I had a very bad attack of dyspepsia. For nearly four months I never ate a meal without suffering pain after. I had got so weak I could scarcely walk, when one day I saw an advertisement for B.B.B. and thought I would try a bottle. Four bottles cured me completely, and I am now strong and healthy.

MISS JANET STUART, Muskoka Falls, Ont.

Cheap Food.

Dyer's Improved Food for Infants is made from pure pearl barley, is highly nutritious, and costs only 25 cents. Try it, druggists keep it. W. A. Dyer & Co., Montreal.

The Doctors Again Triumphant

First three months free of charge. On account of the large number of invalids who have been unable owing to the rush to consult the staff of eminent physicians and surgeons now permanently located at No. 273 Jarvis-street (near Gerrard), before Jan. 1, these eminent doctors have kindly extended the time for giving their services free to March 1, therefore all invalids who call upon them before March 1 will receive services for the first three months free of charge. The only favor desired is a recommendation from those whom they cure. The object in pursuing this course is to become rapidly and personally acquainted with the sick and afflicted.

The doctors treat every variety of disease and deformity and will perform all surgical operations free this month, viz.: The removal of cancers, tumors, cataract, polypi, etc. All diseases of the eye, ear,