The Semi-Weekly Colonist.

FORTY SECOND YEAR. THE VICTORIA SEMI-WEEKLY COLONIST THURSDAY, APRIL 26, 1900 VOLUME XLII—NO. 56

Won't Face Roberts

Boers Everywhere Retiring at First Pressure of the British Advance.

Enveloping Operations in Free State Not Likely to Be Effective.

No Word as to Mafeking Except of the Garrison's Slim Ration.

London, April 26.—5 a.m.—The Boers have everywhere retired at the first pressure of the British advance and the hope that Gen. Rundle would be able to induce them to remain at Dewetsdorp until they had been forced to fight or to surrender has been disappointed.

No attempt was made to pursue the commandos retiring from Wepener. Everything now depends upon the progress of Gen. French's cavalry brigades, but they are entering a very difficult hilly country. The cavalry have already had a long march over heavy and sandy roads, and nothing is known regarding the condition of the horses. In any case it is now a race between the federals and the forces of Gen. French and Gen. Hamilton.

The slowness of the recent movements of the British infantry and previous experience of the ability of the Boers to move rapidly with guns and baggage over their own country, lead to a belief that Lord Roberts' enveloping operations will have to be repeated further north. At the most he will perhaps capture some Boer guns and baggage and harass the retreating burghers.

Considerable results have been attained in the relief of Wepener and in the clearing of the southeastern corner of the Free State of Boers, but the Boer army, whatever its strength, has still to be dealt with.

Besides the casualties among the men, the Boer bombardment of Col. Dalgety's position wrought much havoc among the cattle and horses. The garrison could have held out for another fortnight, but it is in no condition to render much assistance in pursuing the Boers.

There is little news from other quarters. The inhabitants of Mafeking are on daily rations of two pints of soup and two quarts of skilly.

CAPE CABINET DISSENTIONS.

Premier Schreiner Cannot Bring Colleagues to His View of Republic's Future.

Capetown, April 25.—There are persistent rumors in circulation here of dissention in the Cape cabinet. It is said that Mr. W. P. Schreiner, the premier, and Mr. R. Solomon, attorney-general, favor the annexation of the Transvaal and the Free State; that Mr. J. W. Sauer, commissioner of public works, and Dr. T. E. Water, minister without portfolio, the independence of the republics; and that Mr. J. Merriman, treasurer, is neutral.

Mr. J. Rose-Innes, former leader of the opposition in the assembly, is frequently mentioned in connection with the formation of a coalition ministry.

PAGET PUNISHES BOERS.

Makes Effective Bombardment at Warrenton Without Loss to His Own Side.

Warrenton, Wednesday night, April 25.—The Boers, having become emboldened, shelled the village and the British trenches, and it became necessary to give them a lesson and to ascertain their strength.

Monday night Col. Paget placed several guns on the river bank, under cover of the darkness, within a thousand yards of Boer trenches across the river. The horses and carriages were withdrawn beyond range. At daybreak the British opened a heavy bombardment with shrapnel and lyddite.

The Boers were taken completely by surprise, but they replied with five guns, including a 40-pounder; and a rifle fire was opened at the same time. The duel continued for many hours, the Boers finally evacuating the position with great loss. There were no casualties on the British side. During the evening the guns were safely withdrawn. The sniping to-day showed that the Boer lager had been removed far back to the eastward.

BRIBERS HEAVILY FINED.

Two Hundred Dollars or Six Months and Disenfranchised for Eight Years.

Milton, Ont., April 25.—The Halton provincial election bribery trial concluded this morning. Charges were proved against the bribers, T. A. Dent, A. E. Cross and George Storey; and against the bribed, John Evans, Thomas Dowdle, William Halliday and H. H. Hannal. Dent, Halliday, Evans, Dowdle, Hannal and Storey were fined $200 each. Cross, against whom the charges were proved, was fined $600, $200 for each charge. In default of payment of fines within one month, the bribers are to be imprisoned for six months and the bribed for one month. All parties are disenfranchised for eight years.

WOULD NOMINATE CHURCHILL.

London, April 25.—A movement is afoot among the Manchester Conservatives to nominate Winston Spencer Churchill, war correspondent, for parliament to succeed the Marquis of Lorne, who becomes a member of the House of Lords as Duke of Argyll.

Northwest Farm and Home, illustrated weekly. 50 cents per year. Seattle, Wash.

NOTES FROM THE CAPITAL.

Insurance on Slain Canadian Soldiers—The Ammunition Scandal—Mr. Bourassa's Accounts.

From Our Own Correspondent.

Ottawa, April 25.—Sir Charles Tupper to-day pressed the government to endeavor to secure an official list of the casualties to Canadians in order that the Ocean Accident Co. may pay the insurance. The Premier will get His Excellency to cable for it.

Dr. Borden said the government were not to blame for there being no ammunition at St. Catharines when the militia were called out. The fault lay with the commanding officer. Inquiry has been ordered.

A memorial from British subjects in Yukon for representation in the Commons has been received.

Mr. Bourassa declines to appear before the public accounts committee to explain his expenditure in connection with the international commission.

Britain Not Concerned.

Will Not Invite Complications to Assist Uncle Sam in Turkey.

European Ambassodors Ask Special Instructions—United States Cautions.

London, April 25.—Inquiries made at the British foreign office confirm the despatch from Constantinople to the Associated Press, saying that in view of the steps taken by the United States regarding claims arising out of the Armenian massacre, the embassies of Great Britain, Germany, France, Austria and Italy have asked their governments to instruct them as to their similar claims. It is also learned that the British government has not yet answered its ambassador's request for instructions, and contemplates individual action. While the attitude of Her Majesty's government is one of regret that the British claims have come to this stage, it will co-operate in any plan decided upon by the other powers concerned. It is not believed at the British foreign office, however, that joint action will take the form of an ultimatum or result in anything except the renewal of useless protestations to the Turkish government. Should the Continental powers agree on insisting that they be treated on the same basis as the United States, they will only have a lukewarm follower in Great Britain. Lord Salisbury desires no further complications at present.

Washington, April 25.—A report has gained currency to the effect that the government is dissatisfied with the action of Mr. Strauss, United States minister to Turkey, in the matter of the presentation to the porte of the claims of the American missionaries for indemnity for the destruction of their colleges at Hartpoot and Harsan. It can be stated by official sanction that so far from disapproving his action, the President cordially approves the course pursued by Mr. Strauss.

Berlin, April 25.—The Berlin papers publish a despatch from Washington announcing that the Sultan of Turkey has yielded to the demand of the United States in the indemnity claim. The Berliner Tageblatt thinks that the United States, fearing trouble, will be satisfied with the Sultan's acknowledgment of the indemnity and will not enforce payment.

WAS TOO RADICAL.

Hansbrough's Amendment as to Nome Mining Laws Withdrawn.

Washington, D.C. April 25.—Consideration of the Alaskan civil code bill was resumed in the senate to-day, the pending question being the amendment relating to the Cape Nome mining claims offered by Mr. Hansbrough, who said that having been convinced that his amendment was too radical, he had decided to withdraw it. He then accepted the substitute offered by Mr. Carter, with the insertion of a provision that it should apply to the district of Alaska and not to the entire public domain. Mr. Carter accepted the suggestion and modified his amendment accordingly.

COMMITTED FOR CONTEMPT.

Quebec April 25. (Special)—In the criminal court this morning, Mrs. Mooney was called by the crown as a witness in the matter of David Dube, accused of the murder of her husband, Thos. Adam Mooney, at Lake Beauport on the 25th of October last. She refused to answer any questions—even refused to say she believed in God and a future life. She was condemned for contempt of court, and sent to gaol under a strong guard.

JAMAICA'S GRIEVANCE.

Kingston, Jamaica, April 25.—The elected members of the legislature yesterday decided to refrain from taking part in the proceedings of the council during the present session, and a committee was appointed to collect funds for the purpose of sending delegates to England to lay the case before parliament.

UNDER DISTINGUISHED OBSERVATION.

Naples, April 25.—The international tuberculosis congress was opened at the San Carlo theatre to-day in the presence of the king and queen of Italy, and the prince and princess of Naples, the duke of Genoa the Premier, Gen. Pelloux, and the minister of public instruction, Dr. Baccelli.

TO BRIDGE THE NIAGARA.

Albany, April 25.—Governor Roosevelt, prior to his departure for the West this evening, signed the Mather Bridge bill, introduced by Senator Mackey, which will permit the Mather Power Bridge Co. to erect and maintain a power bridge over the Niagara River.

Will Fly to The Mountains

Boers Realize the Inevitable and are Picking Last Standing Ground.

No Important Operations Looked for During the Next Fortnight

London, April 26.—The Daily Mail has the following from Lourenzo Marques, dated Wednesday, April 25: "A daring attempt to destroy the bridge at Komati Poort Sunday night was frustrated by Kaffirs, who gave the alarm and frightened off the Boers. The Boers have lined all the hills in the vicinity with riflemen, fearing an attack by British troops advancing by some mysterious route. The Irish-American brigade of so-called "ambulance men" left Pretoria Saturday under Colonel Lake, after being addressed by President Kruger, to whom the men responded with an American college cheer.

The Boers assert that Lord Roberts is waiting for 20,000 horses. No serious fighting is expected until the 10th of May.

The Lourenzo Marques correspondent of the Times, telegraphing Tuesday, says: "Is is asserted that the Boers are collecting enormous quantities of provisions at Depos in the Lydenburg district with a view to a final stand in the mountains. The districts around Johannesburg and Pretoria are being extensively intrenched. Begsbe's ffoundry at Johannesburg is turning out several hundred shells a day."

Paris, April 26, 5:35 a. m.—A despatch from Pretoria says that General Dewet has Brabant's Horse isolated, and has repulsed two attempts to relieve it, capturing fifty Britishers.

Kimberley, April 25.—Colonel Mahon, the Duke of Teck, and a squadron of Kimberley mounted corps under Major Rodger, returned here to-day from Boshof.

GENERAL ROBERTS' REPORT.

London, April 25.—The War Office has received the following despatch from Lord Roberts:

"Bloemfontein, April 25.—Pole-Carew's division reached Roodekop yesterday without casualties. Its advance was covered by cavalry and horse artillery, which drove back the enemy with heavy loss, their dead being left on the ground.

"The mounted troops halted for the night at Groofontein, and at 7:30 this morning were crossing the Modder river at Valsbank, in accordance with my instructions to French, to endeavor to place himself astride the enemy's lines of retreat.

"French's arrival near the Modder evidently, however, alarmed the Boers, for they evacuated their strong position near Dewets Dorp during the night, and it was occupied by Chermside's division this morning.

"The mounted infantry, under Ian Hamilton, drove the enemy off the kopjes in the neighborhood of the water works without casualties on our side."

"The Highland Brigade marched 24 miles yesterday to support General Hamilton and halted for the night at Klipkraal, four miles short of Sannas' post.

"Brabant and Hart are still a few miles short of Wepener, and the numbers of the enemy appear to have somewhat increased during the last few days, but it is not likely that there will be much trouble in the neighborhood of Wepener, once Dewets Dorp is occupied by our troops.

"I inspected the City Imperial Volunteer battalion on their arrival at Bloemfontein yesterday. They are in fine form and look very workmanlike.

"I also inspected the first company of Imperial Yeomanry, which have arrived here. The men turned out smart and their horses are in admirable condition."

AS TOLD BY THE BOERS.

Dewetsdorp, O.F.S., April 21.—When Gen. Dewet's scouts announced Thursday evening that Gen. Kelly-Kenny and Gen. Rundle's column was advancing on Dewetsdorp, he ordered "Up saddle," and moved with the Fricksburg command and Generals Cronje, Olivier and Wessels to intercept their march. This was successful Friday morning, while the British occupied the grassy hills at Taljards Farm and Dewet, those immediately south of Dewetsdorp facing the British. Cronje delayed occupying an important hill, which the British took at noon. At 9 o'clock yesterday rifle firing commenced briskly.

The British had made trenches and had thrown up schanses. At 11 o'clock the Free State cannon and Maxim guns opened fire, and the former constantly dropped shells into the British camp.

Darkness stopped the fighting until 11, when the Bethlehem men on the extreme right heard some British in their immediate vicinity and opened fire.

Their commandant stepped out into the darkness and discovered a wounded man and fifteen British, who declared that they had lost their way, while searching for water. At daybreak thirteen more British strayed into camp.

In the morning the British started an outflanking movement, sending a large body of horse to the hills south of Dewetsdorp.

Gen. Dewet immediately despatched Gen. Wessels with three cannon to head off the British, and the latter having no cannon, were forced to return to camp.

At the main position a constant cannonade was maintained, but there was little rifle fire.

The British camp was observed at sunset to be hastily packing up, and subsequently removed behind the hills, the troops in the schanses firing volley after volley to distract attention from their camp, which was seriously damaged by the Free State shells.

The prisoners declared the British numbered 25,000 men.

Lieut. Losberb, of the artillery, was shot through the head, leg and arms, but continued at the guns; and Field Cornet Engelbocht was killed while standing up and giving orders.

The loss during the two days was three killed and twelve wounded. The British loss is unknown.

Gen. Kelly-Kenny, it is said, will wait for reinforcements.

London, April 26.—A despatch to the Daily Mail from Kimberley, dated Wednesday, says: "Yesterday the Boers formed a new laager near Winsonton. The force there consists of Preska, Campbell and Griqual rebels about five hundred strong.

ATTITUDE OF THE CHURCH.

Anglican Archbishop Sees No Hope for Enduring Peace with Boer Independence.

Capetown, April 25.—The Anglican archbishop here has written to Sir Alfred Milner a letter in which he expresses the conviction, in the absence of an official statement by the Church of England, that enduring peace cannot be secured while the South African Republics retain their independence.

Conservatives In Vancouver

Choose a Strong Ticket Upon Which Mr. Cotton Does Not Figure.

Leader Wilson Thinks Merits of Candidates Should Win Liberal Votes.

From Our Own Correspondent.

Vancouver, April 25.—At the Conservative convention held in Vancouver tonight to choose candidates to represent the straight Conservative ticket in this city, the following were elected: Chas. Wilson, Q.C., by acclamation; C. E. Tisdale, Mayor Garden, Ald. W. H. Wood, accountant, News-Advertiser office. News-Advertiser office.

The first ballot resulted as follows, after Mr. Wilson had been elected by acclamation: Mayor Garden, 66; Tisdale 62; R. G. Tatlow 40; J. H. Young (labor representative) 27; W. H. Wood (labor representative) 24; G. S. B. Perry, reporter Province (labor representative) 12; Major Bennett 4. This put three West End men besides Mr. Wilson on the ticket and no labor candidate.

Captain Tatlow on being informed of the situation by telephone, hurried to the convention and asked to be allowed to resign, as he considered it was to the best interests of the party that an East End labor man be on the ticket. Another ballot was taken and Wood received 37 votes, Young 29, and Perry 6 votes. The choice was then made unanimous.

Mr. Wilson spoke briefly to the convention. He said that though the Vancouver quartette went to the people straight Conservatives they would expect a large Liberal support from the personal merit of the candidates, and because their provincial platform was a good one, which would be approved by the people. He denied emphatically that he as leader of the party or the party itself had any entanglements with old parties or were bound by any old issues, and said that the Conservative party found itself to-day in a novel position, but he felt assured that the cause would triumph at the polls.

THE QUEEN RETURNING.

Last Day in Ireland Very Quietly Spent—Arrangements for Her Trip Home.

Dublin, April 25.—Queen Victoria spent her last day in Ireland very quietly. Though she drove out this afternoon she did not visit any institutions. Her Majesty will leave the viceregal lodge at noon to-morrow and after the short train journey to Kingstown will embark on board the royal yacht and escorted by the Channel fleet, will sail for England an hour later. It is reported that the Queen will arrive at Windsor Friday morning.

VICTIMS OF DYNAMITE.

Three Killed and Nine Injured by an Explosion in Pennsylvania.

Pittsburg, Pa., April 25.—One man, name unknown, was blown to atoms, two men received fatal injuries, and eight man and a girl were badly but not dangerously hurt by an explosion of dynamite at Larimer, Pa., last night. The seriously injured are: John Micholick, aged 50; George Stoncewick, aged 21; John Johns, aged 27; John Stoncewick, aged 18.

STARVING IN OLD AGE.

Old Time Baseball Favorite and His Wife Found in Pitiful Condition.

Rochester, N.Y., April 25.—Patrick Hoey, a former well known baseball player, and his wife, Ellen Hoey, were found homeless and nearly starved to death in a hovel on the bank of the canal shortly before midnight last night, and sent to the station in a patrol wagon. Hoey played with the Rochesters about thirty years ago and later with the Washington team of the National Association. He is about 60 years of age.

HERO TO THE CHILDREN.

Washington, April 25.—Admiral Dewey received a delegation at Beauvoir, his country house, to-day which represented 50,000 children of the Northwest, and presented to him as a token of the regard and esteem of the donors a beautiful gold watch and fob.

FULLY EXONERATED.

Chicago, April 25.—Mrs. Anna Louisa Lottridge was freed from custody and exonerated from all blame for the death of millionaire Rufus Wright by the coroner's jury to-day.

Wepener Relieved

Boers Retired on Brabant's Approach and Were Not Pursued.

Relieving Force Fought Three Successful Engagements in Four Days.

Their Casualties Few and Those of the Besieged Less Than Reported.

London, April 25.—It is officially announced that Wepener has been relieved.

The War Office has issued the following from Lord Roberts, dated Bloemfontein, April 25: "The enemy retired from in front of Wepener last night and are moving northeastwards along the Ladybrand road. Their number was between 4,000 and 5,000."

Capetown, April 26 (Thursday).—The relief of Colonel Dalgety was accomplished by General Brabant.

London, April 26.—The Times has the following from special correspondent, dated Mafeteng, Basutoland, Apri. 25: "I rode from Jammersburg here skirting Wepener, and I met Colonel Brabant's advance guard four miles south of Wepener. They report three successful fights Saturday, Sunday and Tuesday with twenty-two casualties. The siege was raised and five thousand of the enemy retired along the Ladybrand road, within our sight and unpursued. Colonel Dalgety's casualties are 23 killed and 132 wounded."

A despatch to the Times from Dewetsdorp, dated Thursday, says: General Rundle arrived here this morning.

London, April 25.—The War Office has issued Roberts' list of casualties prior to the occupation of Dewetsdorp, showing that Captain Denny of the Thirteenth Hussars was killed, and that a captain, two lieutenants and 22 men were wounded. Captain Prothero, who was wounded at Karreefontein has since died.

YOSEMITE HAS MISHAP.

Carries Away Piles of Vancouver Wharf and Bumps Capilano in Getting Clear.

From Our Own Correspondent.

Vancouver, April 25.—The steamer Yosemite had an accident this morning as she was approaching the Union Steamship Company's wharf. Something went wrong for a moment between the bridge and the engine room and she ran into the end of the wharf, tearing off several piles and cutting a Japanese fishing boat in two. One Jap was thrown out, but quickly picked up. The Yosemite in swinging away bumped the steamer Capilano, smashing her guard rail. She was then tied up at Evans, Coleman & Evan's wharf.

CHARLES McCLUSKY LOST.

Missing From Vancouver and Search Instituted—A Woman's Skeleton Found.

From Our Own Correspondent.

Vancouver, April 25.—It is reported that the skeleton of a woman, lost years ago, has been found at Capilano creek. The skeleton was concealed by bushes.

Charles McClusky of Vancouver is missing. He was in poor health at the time of his disappearance, 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon. Mrs. McClusky, who was visiting her sister in Victoria was telegraphed for yesterday, and on her arrival to-day informed the police, who are making a search.

HALIFAX MAN'S DEATH.

Enteric Fever Makes the Fourth Casualty in His Company of First Contingent.

Halifax, April 25.—Private Purcell, whose death is announced from Bloemfontein, is the fourth Halifax man of Company H to die in South Africa. He was the son of W. H. Purcell, taxidermist, and was formerly attached to the Sixty-sixth P. L. F., and was one of the first to enlist here. He leaves a wife and four children. He died of enteric fever.

CITIZENSHIP NO SALVATION.

Welland Canal Dynamiters Need Not Look for Protection from Washington.

Washington, April 25.—The state department has heard nothing from Mr. Bruce, the United States consul at Clifton, Ont., respecting the attempt to blow up the Welland canal head lock, and consequently no representation touching the nationality of the men now held under arrest on suspicion of complicity in the outrage have been received. Regarding the report that the prisoners intend to set up a claim to protection by the United States on the ground that they are Americans and that the offence charged was political, it is said such plea would be of no service. It is true that if the perpetrators of the outrage had escaped to the United States and their extradition was sought, the American nationality and the plea that their offence was political might be factors of great weight in the disposition of their cases. But, having been arrested in Canada, where the offence was committed, the men are subject to the operation of Canadian law, and if guilty their American nationality cannot save them from punishment.

Immense increase in the sale of the D. & L. Menthol Plaster evidences the fact that it is useful for all rheumatic pains, lumbago and lame back, pains in the sides, etc. Davis & Lawrence Co., Ltd., manufacturers.

DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER

Used in Millions of Homes—40 Years the standard. A Pure Cream of Tartar Powder. Superior to every other known. Makes delicious cake and pastry, light, flaky biscuit, griddle cakes—palatable and wholesome.

PRICE BAKING POWDER CO., CHICAGO.

NOTE.—Avoid baking powders made from alum. They look like pure powders, and may raise the cakes, but alum is a poison and no one can eat food mixed with it without injury to health.

New Enterprise In Electricity

London Capital Takes Up the Scheme for Unlimited Supply to Vancouver.

Stave River Franchise Acquired and the Narrows Proposal Abandoned.

From Our Own Correspondent.

Vancouver, April 25.—The Narrows of Burrard Inlet are not to be harnessed for the purpose of carrying electrical power to the cities of Vancouver and New Westminster, but Stave lake is to be utilized for this purpose. This is announced for the first time as a certainty. The money is available and the building of the big plant at Stave lake is assured.

E. J. Fader, who first conceived the scheme of utilizing the tide waters at the narrow entrance to Vancouver harbor for pumping power into Vancouver and New Westminster at so much a volt, and proved the practicability of such a gigantic proposition, informed the Colonist correspondent to-day that his scheme was off and the Stave lake scheme was on. Mr. Fader said that the narrows could be harnessed all right; that the authorities at Ottawa passed favorably upon the proposition; that the necessary capital was available, but the opposition from the city council of Vancouver was so deep-rooted, and irrevocable that he was compelled to yield to the wishes of those who were supposed to voice the wishes of the people of Vancouver. He wrote to his principals—the London Pacific Gold Fields Company, limited, advising them of the position of affairs, and strongly recommended them at the same time to have an engineer go over the ground which the Stave Lake Power Company, limited, had leased for the purpose of transmitting power to Vancouver and New Westminster. His company had taken his advice, and the engineer reporting favorably, the London Pacific Gold Fields Company, limited, had offered to provide the necessary capital to complete the entire plant and put it in running order, a sum which will not be far short of half a million dollars. This is all that Mr. Fader had to tell of his connection with the deal. In the meantime the Victoria parties who are interested in the Stave lake proposition are awaiting the directors of the Star Lake Power Company, limited, and are expected in Vancouver on every ferry for the purpose of meeting with the directors, who will no doubt be quite willing to accept the proposition of the London company. The Stave lake scheme was thought by many to be impracticable up to the present time owing to the large amount of money necessary to put it in operation. The money is now assured and the importance of the announcement is apparent, as the proposition passes from a dream to a realization.

The following is taken from the official report of the Stave Lake Power Company, presented last month: The Stave Lake Power Company, limited, is incorporated under the water clauses act of the province of British Columbia and the Joint Stock Companies' Act, of 1897; authorized capital, $1,000,000, divided into 10,000 shares of $100 par value each.

The company has acquired by location and purchase all right and title to 75,000 inches of water in Stave river falls, a point 42 miles from the Canadian Pacific railway station at Vancouver. It is proposed to generate the power at the falls and bring it by wire along the main line of the Canadian Pacific Railway Company's track to Vancouver.

The company has already assurances for 4000-horse power on yearly contract, for various industrial enterprises that are proposed or already in operation in Vancouver.

The advantage to Vancouver will be, that a large number of industries will be fostered through the ability to obtain power at a figure much below what it is possible to get it for at the present time.

The company was organized and promoted by Mr. A. J. Ferguson.

The application for the water power was made by the syndicate which promoted by the company in April of last year. It was supposed up to the time that the British Columbia Timber & Electrical Company owned the rights, which, however, had lapsed for some time. When it became known that the water rights were open other parties tried to acquire them, and a long legal fight ensued, which resulted in the title going to the Stave Lake Power Company, the title being confirmed by the government in December, 1899.

The engineer reports that 17,000 horse-power can be generated at the falls and that by certain additional hydraulic works, this amount of horse-power can be easily doubled. The cost of the enterprise is estimated to be $515,000.

The directors of the company are: H. Abbott, Esq., of the Canadian Pacific Railway Company; John Hendry, Esq., president and manager of the Hastings Mills; W. H. Armstrong, Esq., of Messrs. Armstrong & Morrison, manufacturing machinists; George C. Hinton, Esq., electrical engineer and representative of the Royal Electrical Company of Montreal, and J. B. Ferguson, Esq., managing director of the company.

The long distance transfer, 42 miles, produces no difficulty under modern plans of transmission of power, as there are instances where power has been efficiently transferred for a distance of 83 miles, and the loss has not been excessive. There is an instance already in this province, viz., The Kootenay Power Company, which transfers power from Bonnington falls to a distance of 30 miles, and with a loss of less than 10 per cent. of electrical energy. The electrical engineers report that the loss in transmission will not exceed 11½ per cent.

Nearly a hundred of the wholesale merchants and manufacturers and financial agents of the city have shown their interest and faith in the enterprise by subscribing to its funds.

BOER TRICK PUNISHED.

Farm Burned for Treachery Under White Flag and Its Owner a Prisoner.

Bloemfontein, April 25.—Richter's farm, near Leouw Kop, from which while flying a white flag the Canadians were fired upon, has been burned for punishment. Richter is a prisoner.

General Debility and a "run-down" state calls for a general tonic to the system. Such is The D. & L. Emulsion. Builds you up, increases your weight, gives health. Made by Davis & Lawrence Co., Ltd.