PRIVATE BILLETS,
SARNIA, March 25th.

MY DEAR SIGNAL.—It would be impossible in a small locality like Sarnia to give you at all times any large amount of interesting news for the simple reason that sufficient material does not exist for its manufacture. And when you take into consideration the position of the correspondent who attempts to furnish it—knowing that his military duties must at all times be attended to—it is to be hoped that your readers will make due allowance for any apparent short comings. Since my last no important changes have taken place in the general state of affairs. The same precaution is daily and nightly observed by the military authorities, and should lawless men attempt to

"Put a foot across our border,
We will show them then and there,
What Canadian hands can do,
And Canadian hearts can dare."

These are the universal sentiments expressed where ere you go.

On Wednesday and Thursday the usual battalion parade took place, in which the men seem rapidly becoming proficient.—A heavy fall of snow on Thursday night relieved the men from the duties of parade on Friday; consequently a sort of holiday was enjoyed, enabling most all to follow the bent of their own inclinations. Your correspondent took advantage of the time thus at his disposal in posting himself up in the general affairs of the town. Commercially speaking, I think it would be difficult to find a place in a more prosperous condition. Its geographical position has made it a most important depot for the supply of necessaries to the oil regions—which you are aware are but a few miles distant. No one scarcely can calculate the benefit that has accrued to Sarnia from this large and increasing trade. A trade, too, which appears more or less to have effected almost every branch of business. Should the discovery of oil continue, which by competent judges is not for a moment doubted—Sarnia cannot help growing to a large place. I find a strong desire prevading all classes to ascertain the feeling in England regarding the ready response of the volunteers at the first call of the Govenor General. It is thought that the conduct of the Canadian Government and people on this occasion will go a great way in proving a substantial denial to the base assertions of such men as Goldwin Smith, who have repeatedly declared that we were not even willing to bear a share of our own defence. Occasionally some capital joke occurs amongst the men, which affords fun enough to last for a week at least. The other night while a guard of the Rifles were doing duty at the Railway wharf the following amusing incident took place. It appears that quite a number of horses and ponies are in the habit of running at large and being in search of salt their steps were directed to where the guard were stationed—George, the sentry, hearing something advance, at once fixed bayonets, the steps approached closer and closer when he experienced some little alarm. Although springing from a brave race who were never known to turn their backs upon an enemy, he could not for a moment be expected to resist the charge of a whole squadron of cavalry, while anxiously considering what was best to do, the Corporal of the guard made his appearance and to their great satisfaction they discovered the horses to be without riders. Being on guard for the past thirty hours in heavy marching order, without sleep and, having had to turn out to relieve the sentries every two hours, and the night being unusally severe I feel quite unable to extend this letter any further.

"PHILO JUNIUS."

Huron Signal.

GODERICH, MARCH 29, 1866.

ALL QUIET ON THE ST. LAWRENCE.

Since Patrick's day, when a Fenian attack was anticipated, the most profound quiet has reigned along the frontier, if we may except a few Fenian gatherings, and, if report be true, the open and daily drilling of proposed invaders in the Towns on the American border. A week or two ago we knew all about Gen Sweeney's plans, but at present we do not know where that amiable gent's headquarters are or what he is about. It is conjectured by some that he has gathered up the funds and 'cut stick.' The excitement this side the lines has very much abated, but the danger is not considered over, and every preperation is being made by our people to repel an attack. From every hand we have assurances that rather than have our soil insulted by the presence of the rascals, every man in Canada capable of bearing arms will take the field. Our correspondence from Sarnia, Chicago, Michigan, &c.—to make room for which we have to postpone editorial articles and local correspondence, will be read with interest.

THE DUTY OF THE AMERICAN GOVERNMENT.

The fact that large gatherings of men take place in the principal cities of the United States, avowedly for the purpose of discussing the propriety of, and raising arms and money for, the invasion of Canada, should alone cause the American Government to interfere and put a stop to such insane and dangerous proceedings. This invasion project is insane, because every sensible man knows in his soul that Ireland can never be liberated by such means, even should Canada be conquered, and it is dangerous—to the United States, in that the first borde of fillibusters that is allowed to invade our peaceful shores will be, in all human probability, the cause of a disastrous war with Great Britain, ere the end of a month. It is all very well for General Banks to blow about American arms and American monitors, but thinking men in the States know that war with England means a depleted treasury, a destroyed commerce, and perhaps, *even yet*, an independent South. However such a war might terminate, it would cost far more than the election influence, for which Fenianism is petted, can ever be worth. It is a noteworthy fact that such a movement as the present would never be permitted in the great countries of the Old World, where such doings would be [illegible]ered destructive to the binding of international obligations, and to international peace and [illegible]posed of a class which is [illegible] the Clergy, and virtually of civilized society, Fenianism may gather around its standards the scum of the Republic to such an extent as to become ultimately dangerous to the Executive, and in a position to *dictate* to those, who might have nipped the upas-like tree in the bud. And then the Americans are bound by the most sacred of international obligations to prevent the invasion from their shores of a country between which and themselves friendly relations subsist. To avoid the dangerous precedent sought to be established, maintain a state of peace, and to avoid the danger from within which we have adverted to, the Government should now declare that the Fenian farce has gone far enough and *must cease!*

Another Volunteer Company in Goderich.

On Monday evening last (26th) a company of Infantry was formed here, the requisite number having enrolled their names for that purpose from the "Home Guard." Mr. S. P. Yeomans was unanimously elected Captain, H. B. O'Connor, Esq, Lieutenant, and Mr. George Mackenzie, Ensign. The new company is composed of first-rate material, and, we doubt not, will do credit to the town. We believe Capt Yeomans has the promise of a regular drill instructor for his corps.—Truly, Goderich is a warlike place!

IMPORTANT TO CORRESPONDENTS.—Persons writing from this county to volunteers at the front should mark their letters with the company and rank of those written to, in which case a prepayment of two cents will be sufficient.

TOWN COUNCIL.

The Town council held a special session last (Monday) night, His worship the Mayor presiding. Present, Councillors Gibbons, McKay, Runciman, Cameron, Kay, Seegmiller, Cox, and Clifford.

The Mayor read certain letters which had passed between himself and the Minister of Militia with regard to the protection of this point from a Fenian invasion

Mr. Gibbons stated that the meeting was called in consequence of a communication from Capt. Ross representing that a number of the young men were in want of boots, socks, &c. and suggesting that they be furnished. He, Mr. Gibbons, had comunications from leading reeves, promising to give their assistance in bringing the subject of supplementing the pay of *County* volunteers before the Co. Council at the next session. As the prices of the goods required were nearly double at Sarnia, it was thought best that they should be purchased in Goderich.

It was moved by Mr. Cameron sec, by Mr. Kay, that Messrs. Gibbons, McKay, Runciman, and Cox be appointed correspondents with Caps. Ross and Hays as to the men in their respective corps, who require boots, flannel shirts, &c., and furnish the same according to the best of their judgement.

Several a/cs. were read and ordered to be referred to the finance com. after which the council adjourned.

The Feeling in Chicago.

Special to the Signal.

We have the pleasing intelligence from a respectable Correspondent at Chicago, that 2000 British inhabitants of that City are ready and willing to come to Canada, if the Fenians dare to invade British Territory, and that 200 have already sent their names to Toronto, offering their services it required by the Government, to defend their Country. That the organization is not so formadable as sometimes represented, it may be mentioned that about 1000 Fenians are seen drilling at times, but are despised by the intelligent Americans as a set of Copperheads, who were not too willing to defend their own Country, when danger threatened.

Over 350 vessels are laid up in Chicago and are now fitting up anticipating an active spring and summer business.

Premiums Awarded at the late Spring Seed Show of the Co. H. A. S.

Best 10 bush Spring wheat Jno. Pentland, Wawanosh.
2nd do Jno Cox, Goderich township.
3rd do James Elliott, " "
Best 10 bush Oats Jno Salkeld Goderich tp.
2nd do H. Otway, Ashfield.
3rd do D. Hodge, Goderich township.
Best 10 bush Peas, H. Otway.
2nd do Chas Blake, Goderich township.
3rd do D. Hodge, "
Best 10 bush Barley D. M'Ilwaine, Wawanosh.
2nd do Jno Andrews, Goderich township.
3rd do Jno Hunter, "
Best bush Timothy Seed, only one sample shown, 2nd prize awarded to H. Otway.
Best 2 bush Corn R. Gibbons, Goderich.
2nd do Jas Cox, " tp.
Best bush Flax Seed 1 sample shown Jno Salkeld.
Best bush Clover Seed, 1 sample shown, D. M'Ilwaine.

Fat Cattle Market and Fat Cattle Show in Guelph.

We are pleased to see that Mr. George Anderson who farms Lots 15 and 16, 8th concession Howick in this County, got the handsome sum of $372 for six fat Cattle in the above market, as also the first prize for the best fat Heifer on Exhibition; not bad for Howick, considering that the Cattle had sixty miles to travel to compete with the far famed County of Wellington stock. We are happy to hear of the spirit he has shown in getting some of the best bred Cattle, Sheep and Hogs in the Township, which have taken prizes at local shows, besides the example he sets in feeding. If the benefits derivable from such stock are taken advantage of, and his example in feeding attended to, we are sure that farming will be found a more profitable enterprise, and fewer complaints will be made of hard times, as without doubt the proper attention to the breeding and feeding of good stock instead of entire reliance on grain will make crops surer and profits larger.

To the Editor of the Huron Signal,

SIR.—while I do not wish to say a word against the bravery or capacity of Mr. Yeomans, I think it is a pity that Mr. W. G Smith was overlooked in appointing the officers to the new company. I am informed that he would have joined it if reasonable inducements had been held out. His qualifications are: high recommendations from soldiers at the front—a truly loyal spirit—a thorough knowledge of drill—and a general fitness for military command. At all events; I would urge his appointment as Captain of the Home Guards, now that Mr. Yeomans has been placed at the head of a new company.

VOX POPULI.

SPRING ASSIZES.

These Courts were opened on Tuesday 20th inst., before Mr. Justice Morrison. After the usual routine at opening, the Juries were called, when the following gentlemen of the Grand Jury answered to their names:—Wm. Aldridge, B. Bennett, Jno. Buchanan, Samuel Boulton, Thos. Broadfoot, Geo. Cox, Wm. Carson, Jas. Douglass, Robt. Dalgetty, H. Farren, R. Govenlock, J. C. Gibson. Jas. Hunter, M. Hadwin, D. B. Hodge Thos. Lamb, N. McIntyre, D. McKendrick, R. Nichol, A. Reid, A. Van Egmond, Jno Watt.—Mr. M'Kendrick was chosen foreman. His Lordship in addressing the Grand Jury, after congratulating the Jury on the lightness of the duties which would devolve upon them, and explaining points of law, referred to the Fenian movement. He spoke in very warm terms of the great crime contemplated by those who desired to plunge a country into anarchy which was well governed, and which offered to every honest man all the civil and religious liberty that could be desired. The Jury then entered upon their duties, which fortunately were lighter than for some years.

The civil business was also remarkably light, owing no doubt to the improvement in the times.

Trust & Loan Co. vs Donogh and Young. Verdict for plff. 1s damages.—M. Sinclair for plff.

McKee vs McKee. Verdict for plff. $67.62. M. Cameron for plff.

Whitely vs Sturdy et al. This was an action upon a bond. Verdict for plff. $192.50. Clark and Elwood for plff.

Trust & Loan Co. vs Patrick Henly.—Verdict for plff. 1s damages. M. Sinclair for plff.

Patterson vs Gore Bank. Verdict for plff. Messrs. McDermott and C. Robinson for plff. Thompson for def.

Dunne vs Duggen. Verdict for plff. $130 damages. M. C. Cameron for plff, J. B. Gorden for def.

Bailey vs Hannan. Verdict for plff, 1s damages. M. Toms for plff.

Knell vs Zellar. This was an action for libel, deft. having circulated reports derogatory to the character of Mr. Knell. Verdict for plff. 1s damages. J. B. Gorden and C. Robinson for plff. Mr. Ross for the defence.

McKenzie vs Thompson. Verdict for defendent. C. Robinson for plff. M. C. Cameron for def.

Elliott vs. Pinkerton, Plaintiff nonsuited. Mr Ross for plff, Mr McKenzie for defendant.

Clifton vs. Ryan et al,—Verdict for plff by consent 20s. Mr Cameron for plff. Mr Sinclair for det.

The criminal business was disposed of in a very few minutes on Thursday.

The Queen vs. Elijah Thomas, forgery. The prisoner who resides in the township of Howick, was accused of having forged a transfer of land. There being no evidence to sustain the charge, His Lordship ordered the Jury to find a verdict of not guilty, Thomas was discharged after being warned to beware how he indulged in stimulents in future.

Alex Gilkison, charged with complicity in the forgery was also discharged.

The Queen vs. Thos Currie, The prisoner was brought up on a charge of Forgery. Verdict not guilty.

In the Queen vs. Jacob Hobson, the case was traversed till next assizes, witnesses being on duty at the front.

Three important revenue cases were withdrawn by order of the Government, the panalties having been paid.

The Crown business was conducted by Ira Lewis, Esq., Co. Attorney.

PRESENTMENT OF GRAND JURY.

GODERICH COURT HOUSE, 22nd March, 1866.

MY LORD,—We, the Grand Jurors for the United Counties of Huron and Bruce, respectfully submit the following presentment to your Lordship:—

We have visited the Gaol and found it in a comfortable condition. The prisoners had no complaint, and we were happy to find them perusing the books of the library. It afforded us gratification to learn that the clergymen of the town, with a becoming sense of their Holy calling, hold Divine service weekly for the Spiritual benefit of the inmates of the Gaol.

Considering the wide tract of country embraced by the United Counties of Huron and Bruce, it is a matter of pleasing reflection to find so very few criminal cases requiring our investigation. We were glad to learn from your Lordship's charge that the presiding Judge has the power to remunerate witnesses who may be in indigent circumstances; but, we think it would still further the ends of justice if all such witnesses were allowed their necessary expenses.

In conclusion, we heartily concur with the very seasonable remarks made to us by your Lordship: First, in respect to the insane proceedings of a body of pretended patriots to disturb the happy condition of Her Britanic Majesty's extensive dominions in this quarter of the globe; and, secondly, regarding the loyal and gallant spirit shown by our Volunteers in the present exigency, by turning out so promptly on being called to the distinguished service of our beloved and Queenly Sovereign.

The Grand Jurors may add that their acknowledgement is due to the Crown officer for valuable assistance cheerfully rendered.

We have the honor to be,
My Lord,
Your Lordship's obedient Serv'ts,
The Grand Jurors of the Spring Assizes of Huron and Bruce,
By their Chairman,
DAVID McKENDRICK.

☞For want of space we are obliged to leave over an interesting article from Seaforth.

☞It is rumored that the Provincial tugboats, Lady Head and Queen Victoria, are to be got in readiness as soon as the navigation opens, for the protection of the fisheries. The only boats remaining at Quebec will be the Napoleon and the paddle wheel steamer Advance, which will remain there to carry the light-house supplies.

Presentation to Wm. Eden Esq.

On Saturday evening last, at a pleasant little oyster supper in the Colborne Hotel, Wm. Eden Esq., of H. M. Customs, who is about removing to a new appointment at Port Erie, was presented with a handsome ivory-headed malacca cane, for his own use, and a gold locket for his wife. The cane bore the following inscription:—"Presented to Wm. Eden Esq. by his friends, on leaving Goderich, March 24, 1866." Mr Eden is one of the most efficient and faithful of the officers under Government, and in a private capacity, while in Goderich, has won the confidence and esteem of his fellow citizens. The following address was read by Judge Cooper:—

TO WILLIAM EDEN ESQUIRE,
of Her Majesty's Customs, at the town of Goderich.

We the undersigned, on your leaving here for another post, request your acceptance of this cane, now presented to you, by your friends as a token of their esteem and respect for the agreeable and satisfactory manner in which you have discharged the duties of your office while stationed in Goderich. Trusting that you may be long spared to fulfill the duties at any post at which you may be placed.

We are, yours, &c.,
On the part of com. and subscribesr.
R. COOPER,
Judge, H. & B., Chairman.

Mr Eden in a feeling speech, thanked the subscribers to the testimonial for their great kindness, to himself and wife, and promised to bear his old friends in grateful remembrance when he used the cane now presented. He also spoke of the great pleasure he had experienced in the society of the friends he had found in Goderich.

NEW VOLUNTEER BATTALION.—The employees on the Grand Trunk have been formed into companies, the whole of which make one battalion of volunteers, by order of C. J. Brydges, Esq., General Manager of the Company.

The Montreal *Gazette*, of Thursday, says.—"We learn from a correspondent in New York that an attempt will be made by the Fenians on Canada within a few days. We attach no importance to this information. The efforts of the government increase in vigilance."

Goderich, 27th March, 1866.

To the Editor of the HURON SIGNAL:

Through the medium of your widely circulated paper I beg with your permission to refute a vile calumny which has been circulated regarding my disloyalty to our beloved Queen and Government. It has been most gratuitously reported that I have uttered sentiments strongly in favor of Fenianism, and also sentiments against our Government, both of which I most emphatically deny. I hereby offer the sum of One Hundred Dollars to any person who can substantiate any such charge against me. I may also say that I am loyal and feel loyal, and should it ever be necessary for me to be called on to defend our country, I will cheerfully go to the front and do my best.

JOHN C. McINTOSH.

Reinstatement, Promotions, &c.

The last Canadian Gazette gives the following announcements:—

Referring to General Order dated Quebec, 11th October, 1865, Mr. A. M. Ross, having complied with the orders of His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief, in withdrawing the offensive paragraph contained in his letter to Captain Seymour, of 23rd May, 1864, with respect to the Huron Rifle Company, and having also withdrawn his subsequent letter of 21st November, 1864, and having further expressed his regret for the breach of discipline of which he was guilty in afterwards publishing the correspondence on the subject, His Excellency the Commander in Chief has been pleased to reinstate Mr. A. M. Ross, as captain of the Goderich Battery of Garrison Artillery.

Goderich Rifle Company.—To be Captain (temporary): Lieut. W. T. Hays, vice Seymour, resigned. To be Lieutenant (temporary) Ensign John Davidson, vice Hays, promoted. To be Ensign (temporary): B. Seymour, gentleman, vice Davidson, promoted.

☞A large quantity of military clothing has just been received from England.

St. Patrick's Day in Ann Arbor, Mich.

From our Special Correspondent.

The General excitement at present on the Fenian question, will be some apology for this communication. An account by a Canadian eyewitness of the sayings and doings of the Fenians on this side of the line, may be interesting to some of your numerous readers. During the week previous to the 17th, I noticed several large placards announcing a meeting to be held at Roger's Hall on the evening of St. Patrick,s day, calling on the citizens of Washtenaw County, the friends of Ireland and especially her sons and daughters to give a hearty response to the efforts now being made to establish an independant Government in Ireland. Able speakers were to discuss the question, now agitating the world, "Is Ireland capable of taking care of herself." The eventful 17th came and although a very cold day the sidewalks were thronged all day by men, woman, and children, all bearing the unmistakeable milesian stamp, and each having a sprig of green on the left breast, the saloons had a good run of business and many old reminiscences were recalled over new whiskey. The general appearance and actions of the crowd seemed to afford infinate enjoyment to the funloving Americans, and I saw many things that gave evidence of how the whole thing was appreciated by *Young America*, such as various caricatures on fence boards of "King O'Mahony of the Faynyans and Judy his Queen, &c., &c., In the evening I wended my way to the Hall, over which waved a green flag with the harp of Erin the admission fee was $1, the ticket was handsomly got up with "the Starsfield circle of the Fenian Brotherhood" printed thereon and signed "John Walsh center," the building would contain about 700 persons, and I was surprised to find only about half that number of men and women all told, none of the 1200 students of the University except two or three with myself, and none of the 8000 citizens of Ann Arbor but a few Democratic demagogues, who were evidently anyling for the Irish vote at the next Municipal elections I found myself accordingly in a crowd which soon amply showed the predominance of the Irish element. The supper was a success and I fully endorsed the sentiment of my right-hand supporter who remarked that "thim oysthers was rale nice." A German violin band discoursed Irish airs of which "St. Pat rick's day in the morning" was frequently repeated, in fact it seemed to be their principal stock in trade. I could not help recalling to mind the different attitude of a certain other German at the celebrated Diet of Worms, and of still another to whose life long devotedness to the cause of civil and religious liberty, the English speaking population of the world owe their liberty of concience to this day, and I wondered what strange times I had fallen upon. Conversing with a young Sligo man who seemed to be of stuff that Gen. Sweeny's army is made of, he attracted my attention to a framed document which was hanging against the green arch in front of the speakers' stand, it proved to be a real bonafide bond of the Irish republic having a portrait of R. Emmet and Wolf Tone in each upper corner and signed John O'Mahony head center. I innocently inquired what it was, and he kindly informed me that "thim was the picthurs of two o' the head Faynyans at New York," and further enlightened me "that the Fayayans was marchin to-day from all parts to take Canady. The Queen had sent out three reiemints lately, and if they thry to stop our min there will be a row. There is min enough in Detroit to blow Windsor to smithereens in three minutes. And we can take Canady in three months, besides half the Canedians is Faynyans now, and more than half of the British army, and sure they wont fight agin their brothers" The meeting was at length called to order by the aforesaid John Walsh who introduced the several speakers, I can only give you a few extracts of the speeches which followed.

Mr. P. McMahan, councillor for St. Patrick's ward arose and thus he said:—"All civilised nations of the world have adopted some patron saint, and we are met here to-night in memory of the patron saint of our nation Ireland—St. Patrick. (Applause.) And America too has her patron saint, one whom she found among her own people, whose name she did not have to seek in the calendar that name is saint Washington. (Cheers.) We are grateful to the American people for having received us with open arms, and granted us all the rights and privileges enjoyed by themselves, and have we not shown our gratitude by our devotedness during the late war. I may ask why was there such a war? I say it was brought about by the evil machinations of England and I trust that in a few days we will have a chance to profit by the example of neutrality she gave us during that war.—Ireland has in all ages been oppressed and downtrodden, and has she not produced men equal to those of any other nation in wit, eloquence, poetry, and learning, especially in war, as has been attested on every battle-field of Europe and America for the last century and I ask I appeal to the world, and say, why should such a people not have their independance?"

Mr. Fraiser, Irish (Democrat):—"The bravery of the Irish was proven in 1690 at the river Boyne, when a mere handful of Irish Cavalry under the brave Sarsfield, three times beat back the swarming hordes of cowardly English mercenaries and they are as brave to day as ever. Ireland to-day makes an appeal for freedom; will you help on the great work, (we will.) I believe the heart of every American is with us and they well know how to pay back the false neutrality of England. Irishmen be true to our flag, it will yet wave over our beloved native land."

Mr. Grainger, American (Democrat):—"Any man who is not heart and soul and every nerve and fiber of his body with this great work is not fit to live. (Great applause.) I propose to discuss a few points bearing on the character of this meeting.—Who are the Fenians? What their belief? Where are they from? And whither going? I will endeavor to answer these questions. I might be asked what's a name, take for instance the name of Andrew Jackson. he was a Fenian (Loud cheers) a true Fenian and if he lived now, he would be heart and soul with you and he would have been just as noble by any other name. But there is something in a name. I take it that the name Fenian was derived from Phenis the son of Magog, (cheers) who was the grandson of Japheth himself (loud cheers), and a prophecy I don't know how ancient, says that to him was granted possession of the isles of the sea, and his descendants now by the blessing of God will soon have not only one but both isles of the sea. (Tremendous applause.) And the Fenians believe in a just God who will soon restore their down trodden country. And they believe in St. Patrick who spent his life for the welfare of the country, and well they may, for it he lived at the present day he would help to banish from it the deadly venom of English tyranny, as he did the toads and serpants in his own day. (Applause). And the Fenians will come from all parts of this wide continent, and from all that land from Fair Head to Bantry Bay, from Meath to Old Tipperary, and lastly they will go to surround the tomb of Emmet, who would have 'no epitaph written thereon till Ireland should be free,' and there they will carve an epitaph that shall endure for all time." (Immense cheering)

Mr. Hill, American (Democrat):—"I have great sympathy with the Irish people, they have been oppressed and abused by the same power that oppressed and tried to crush out our forefathers. It always hurts my feelings to hear any one speak well of the English Government, I believe it is the most cruel, heartless and parfidious of nations (applause.) the Irish people are about to rise in their might and rescue their country from its tyrannical yoke. (Cheers.) But I do not believe this will be done immediately. I do not think that the time has come to raise an army and march on Ireland just now yet I do believe that if two millions of Irish in this country, stand up faithfully and assert their rights and support and cheer their friends in Canada and Ireland, that a great change will come. Why is it that the two Canadias are in commotion from end to end? I say it plainly shows that England is guilty, (cheers), proving by Scripture that the wicked flee when no man pursueth. But the Irish will yet make themselves heard amid the roar of cannon and the shock of battle, (great applause,) the call of freedom will yet sound along her lovely vales, and when the blood of the last despot flows, the names of her Emmets, of her O'Connells, and of her Stephen's shall be fixed in her scroll of fame as indelibly as the stars of the firmament,"

Mr. Curnin, Irish (Democrat):—"I fully agree with the sentiments of the proceeding speakers because they are right; love of country is indelibly fixed in the heart of every true Irishman and woman, (cheers,) the time has come when we may look for great results, ther never was a time when the hopes of our people were so great that they should throw off the yoke of hated England. What is the meaning of this uprising of a whole people? It is that they are going forth in their might to conquer and achieve their long asserted rights. (Great applause.) I was impressed with this fact to-day, I went down to Detroit and there I saw an immense concourse of people traversing the streets, there must have been at least 30,000 all assembled to do honor to the name of our Patron Saint and all animated by one sentiment hatred to England and a determination soon to rescue their beloved Erin from the tyrant grasp. (Cheers.) While lining the opposite shore of Windsor might be seen the red coats compelled to stand there in the cold all day, watching the Fenians But what is the Fenians? I say that any man who glories in the hope that Ireland shall be free, is a true Fenian. We already see some of the effects of our organization. England trembles with conscious guilt and fear as is evident by the suspension of the Habeas Corpus act, by the preparations to defend Canada, and by the arrest and imprisonment of peaceful citizens in Ireland, already she trembles for Canada and well she may for her lease of it is not long."

The speeches were frequently interrupted by loud cheers, exclamations, and denunciations against England, hoots and cries and all the evidence of intense enthusiasm, giving to the meeting the appearance of a second edition of Tamman hall let loose. The meeting closed with three cheers for John O'Mahony of New York, and three for James Stephens of Ireland. The members of the "Sarsfield Circle of the Fenian Brotherhood of Ann Arbor" remained to count up the proceeds which I suppose have long ere this found its way to the insatiable coffers of the great Head Center.

J. S. S.

March, 20th, 1866.

Fenian News.

BUFFALO, March 23.—The *Morning Express* contains the following:—"According to information from a reliable source, there are three Fenian regiments organized here, fully provided with arms, &c. One of these regiments is to be commanded by Col. Bailey, late Captain in the 100th N. Y. Volunteers. The brotherhood have a depot in the city for the purchase of arms, knapsacks, canteens, &c—the outfits of returned soldiers—and a large number of returned soldiers are turning over these articles to the brotherhood at very low figures—even as low as $5 for an outfit. Large numbers of Fenians drill in different parts of the city, and if the two companies we have ourselves seen drilling upon several occasions be taken as a sample of the companies, they are certainly well drilled. The brotherhood have also collected in this city cavalry accoutrements enough for a regiment. They do not intend to raise a cavalry regiment, but when they reach Canada they are to seize the horses, &c., and form one or two companies of mounted riflemen from each regiment. There can be no doubt that the Fenians are numerous in this city, and almost every day are receiving large quantities of arms and munitions of war. Rouse's Point, according to our information, is the point selected at which they will attempt to enter Canada, and make Isle aux Noix their base of supply. That to say the least, is a favourable place for an attack upon Canada. As it is understood a grand united drill of all the Fenians in the city will take place to-morrow, we shall probably have an opportunity of satisfying ourselves of the strength of the brotherhood here."

American Troops on The Frontier.

Three companies of American volunteers have been called out at Cape Vincent, and a fourth is likely to be added to them, to do duty at Cape Vincent in preventing any Fenian or other demonstrating against the peace of Canada from that point. The Detroit *Free Press* says that several of the 17th U. S. regulars have arrived in that city to be assigned to stations there and elsewhere along the lakes. It is reported that a portion of them will release the detachment of the 4th infantry at Fort Wayne, that one company will be sent to old Fort Brady at the Sault Ste. Marie, and two will be stationed at Fort Gratiot, just above Port Huron.

The Resources of the Fenians.

The Washington correspondent of the New York *Times* writing under the date of the 11th inst., says:—

Mr. Seward was informed, a few days ago, by a person who professed to be accurately informed, that the Fenians had a military force of 50,000 men enrolled, organized and armed, and commanded by experienced officers; that they have fifteen millions dollars on hand, and a large fleet of vessels now lying in the lake ports and that all of these are only a part of their resources. It is possible that a proclamation may be issued, warning people not to be engaged in these movements; but from all I can learn, I think it extremely doubtful that the Government will take any notice of it. Mr Seward will probably point to the recent speech of Mr. Gladstone in the British Parliament, as abundant reason for non-interference; and the expeditions to Canada will be allowed to proceed.

A FAIR FIELD FOR THE FENIANS.

It would seem to be good policy, therefore on the part of the Fenians to let Ireland alone, and confine their operations to Canada. In Ireland they will encounter the whole strength of the British army, and will most assuredly fail, while every Fenian captured there with arms in his hands will be put to death. So much publicity has already been given to the plans of the Fenians for the conquest of Canada, that the probibility is that they will find that task to be a much bigger undertaking than they expected, on account of the large bodies of English troops and Canadian volunteers whome they will encounter.

Successful Career of a Canadian.

By the death of Lieut-General H. J. Savage, R. E., and the promotions consequent thereupon, Brevet-Major Frederick Wells, of the 1st Royals, had been promoted to be Lieutenant-Colonel. Colonel Wells was born at Davenport, near Toronto, the year 1822, and the family residence, which stands upon the elevated plateau north of the city, is known to all our citizens. He is a son of the late Lieut-Colonel Hon. Joseph Wells, formerly of the 43rd Light Infantry. The present Colonel has seen upwards of 25 years service, twenty of which have been in foreign stations—in Canada, the West Indies, the Crimea, India and China. In January last, he met with a serious accident by a fall from his horse, which rendered necessary his immediate return to England. He was in the Crimean war from its commencement to its close, and saw honorable service. He has obtained several medals, the "Legion of Honor," and clasps for "Alma," "Inkermann," and "Sebastopol." In 1857 the Corporation of Toronto presented him with a handsome sword of Canadian manufacture. Colonel Wells' promotion appears in the *London Gazette* of February 27. His successful military career is alike honorable to himself and creditable to Canada.—*Leader.*

What has become of the redoubtable and noisy Fenian leader, Sweeny, the "one armed hero"? No track of his whereabouts has been had since the Volunteer move in Canada. Is he lying low in order to pounce upon our frontier in conjunction with, or at the head of, an armed rabbie? It is most singular that not a word has been heard from him, although he was to have spouted at a number of Centre meetings in the States on St. Patrick's day. He must have gone to hunt up the great Stephens, who has left Ireland for the good of his country. We presume they have not forgotten the money bags in their flight.

TROOPS FOR NEW BRUNSWICK.—An officer of the Royal Engineers stated that orders were sent to England five weeks since, for 10,000 soldiers to be landed at Halifax, who will march from thence to New Brunswick, where the vulnerable point is feared to be. These troops are expected in ten days, and on their arrival, New Brunswick, it is considered, will be safe. The ships of war, *Ariadne* and *Pylades*, are even now in the Bay of Fundy. Sir Frederick Bruce has ordered the West Indian squadron to sail immediately for Halifax, with all the disposable troops in the West Indies.

Parliament is further prorogued till the 24th of April, but not then to meet for the despatch of business.

TOWNSHIP NOTICE

THE Court of Revision for the Township of Turnberry, will be held at the House of Mr. Wm. McPherson, Lot 11. con 7, on Tuesday the 10th day of April next, commencing at 10 o'clock A.M., for the purpose of hearing appeals against Assessment, &c., &c., the alphabetical Role can be seen at Mr. Messers Sore, Bluevale.
JAMES JOHNSTON, Tp Clerk.
March 23rd, 1866. w9 2t

MORTGAGE SALE.

UNDER a Power of Sale contained in a Mortgage made by Lucias Arthur Carey McConnell of the Village of Blyth. in the County of Huron, his wife being a party thereto for the purpose of barring her dower, default having been made in the due payment thereof, and notice been given to all parties interested, there will be sold

on Tuesday the 27th day of March,

A. D. 1866, at 12 o'clock, noon.

At Shane's Hotel in the Village of Blythe, the following property, namely:—Lots numbers 7, 8, 10, 11, 12, 13, and 14 in Block A; Lots numbers 6, 7, 8, 9, 11, 12, 13, and 14 in Block B; Lots numbers 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14 and 15 in Block C; Lots numbers 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, and 8 in Block D; and Lots numbers 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, and 6, in Block E; of McConnell's survey in the said village of Blyth, the same being subdivisions of parts of lots numbers one and two in the tenth concession of the Township of Morris in the said county of Huron as the same are laid down and designated in the registered plan thereof, made by William Rolph Esq., P. L. S. in 1860. Terms made known at sale.
SINCLAIR & WALKER,
Solicitors for Mortgagees.
Goderich, March 6th, 1866. w6td

The above Sale is postponed until Wednesday 11th of April.
SINCLAIR & WALKER.
Goderich, March 19th, 1866. sw58td

A magician once upon a time advertised on his bill that the evening entertainment would conclude with the mysterious disappearance of a lady. Sure enough, after the performance he eloped with the wife of the man who owned the hall.

Births.

On the 6th inst at Point Pleasant, Gaspe Bay, the wife of John Eden Esq, Collector of Inland Revenue, of a son.

On Saturday, the 17th inst, the wife of Mr. E. K. Land, of a daughter.

Died.

On the 21st inst., Mary Caroline, Infant daughter of J. Stewart, aged seven months.

The funeral takes place on Saturday the 24th inst., at one o'clock, from her Father's residence, St. David's Street. Friends and acquaintances are invited to attend.

New Advertisements.

LANDS FOR SALE OR TO RENT.

THE following excellent farm lots, viz—Lot 36, in the Bayfield concession of the Township of Goderich, Co. Huron, containing about 90 acres of which about 60 are cleared, also the north half of the north ½ of Lot nineteen, Lake Road, East in the Township of Stanley, and County of Huron, containing about thirty six acres, mostly cleared, also the west part of Lot ten in the thirteenth concession of the said Township of Stanley, containing about thirty acres, with four acres clearance, also park Lot two, Range "I" in the same Township, being one mile from Bayfield on the Gravel Road and containing ten acres mostly cleared, with good stream of water, good Dwelling house, Barn and Orchard, and also the south westerly half of Lot eighteen in the eighth concession of the Township of Stanley aforesaid, containing about sixty acres of land mostly cleared, and within two miles of the Village of Varna.

For particulars apply personally or by prepaid letter at the Post Office, Bayfield.
March 27th, 1866. w9

Auction Sale of Real Estate.

UNDER and by virtue of a Power of Sale contained in a certain Mortgage made by Robert Davison (and Anne Davison his wife to bar her Dower) to David Hood Ritchie, dated the twenty ninth day of January, A. D., 1861 for securing the sum of Eight hundred Dollars with interest at the rate of twelve per cent per annum, and by virtue of an assignment of the said Mortgage made by the said David Hood Ritchie to William Renwick as an acting Executor of the Estate of the late Thomas Gardner, deceased, dated the fourteenth day of February, A.D., 1866, there will be sold by public Auction at the "River Hotel" in the Village of Bayfield and County of Huron, on

Tuesday, the first day of May Next,

at two of the clock in the afternoon, (unless previously disposed of by private bargain) all that certain parcel or tract of land and premises situate, lying and being in the Township of Goderich, in the said County of Huron, being composed of Lot thirty six in the Bayfield concession of the said Township of Goderich, containing eighty nine acres, more or less. (of which about sixty acres are cleared.) Terms made known at Sale.
(Signed) WILLIAM RENWICK.
Executor as aforesaid.
March 27th, 1866. w9

Auction Sale of Real Estate.

UNDER and by virtue of a power of sale contained in a certain Mortgage made by Donald Shaw to Robert H Gardner as acting Executor of the Estate of the late Thomas Gardner deceased, dated the fourth day of October, A. D., 1864, for securing the sum of Eight hundred and twenty eight Dollars 60 cents, with interest at eight per cent per annum, there will be sold by public Auction at the "River Hotel" in the Village of Bayfield and County of Huron on

Monday, the 23rd day of April next,

at two of the clock, in the afternoon (if not previously disposed of by private bargain) all that certain parcel or tract of land and premises situate, lying and being in the said Village of Bayfield, being composed of Lot number six hundred and eleven in the Town plot of Bayfield aforesaid. Terms made known at Sale.
ROBERT H. GAIRDNER,
Executor as aforesaid.
March 27th, 1866. w9

STRAY COW.

CAME into my enclosure last night, one Red Cow with white face. The owner is requested to prove property, pay charges, and take her away, otherwise the said Cow will be sold to defray charges.
B. FRALICK.
Morris, con 3, lot 30. 20th March, 1866. w9 3t

J D & Co
M

OWING to the Abrogation of the Reciprocity Treaty, many shippers will now be looking out for reliable agents in Montreal. The undersigned have confidence in offering their services to such for the sale of BREADSTUFFS, ASHES, BUTTER, CHEESE, COARSE GRAINS, &c., &c.—They have also a special department for LEATHER under the management of an experienced Salesman.
JOHN DOUGALL & Co.,
Commission Merchants,
Montreal.
w8 2mos*$p

SHERIFF'S SALE OF LANDS.

United Counties of Huron and Bruce, to wit: } BY virtue of two writs of Fieri Facias issued out of Her Majesty's County Court of the United Counties of Huron and Bruce and County Court of the County of Wentworth, and to me directed against the lands and tenements of Joseph Murray at the suits of David Stewart and Ebenezer Currie, I have seized and taken in Execution all the right, title and interest of the said defendant in and to the North half of Lot Number five in concession A of the Township of Howick containing fifty acres more or less, which Lands and Tenements I shall offer for sale at my Office in the Court House in the Town of Goderich. on Tuesday the Third day of July next, at the hour of Twelve of the clock, noon.
JOHN MACDONALD,
Sheriff H. & B.
Sheriff's Office, Goderich, 24th March, 1866. } w48

THE SPRING SHOW OF THE UNION AGRICULTUR'L SOCIETY, OF THE TOWNSHIPS OF ASHFIELD HURON KINLOSS and WAWANOSH

Will be held in the Village of Lucknow on Tuesday the Tenth day of April at Ten o'clock A. M. when the following prizes will be awarded.

For the Best Stallion for agriculturial purposes. $10
" 2nd Best 5
For the Best Bull, 5
" 2nd Best

The Directors if they consider the Best Sallion deserving will add an additional five Dollars to the above Prize.

The Stallion obtaining the first prize will be required to stop one day a week during the season in the Village of Lucknow.
JAMES SOMERVILLE,
Secretary.
Lucknow March 17th 1866. sw58

Insolvent Act of 1864.

In the matter of William Hinde an Insolvent.

THE Creditors of the Insolvent are notified that he has made an Assignment of his estate and effects, under the above Act, to me, the undersigned Assignee, and they are required to furnish me, within two months from this date, with their claims, specifying the security they hold, if any, and the value of it; and if none, stating the fact; the whole attested under oath, with the vouchers in support of such claims.

Dated at Goderich in the County of Huron this 20th day of March, 1866.
S. P. YEOMANS, Assignee.
W. T. HAYS Solicitor for Insolvent. sw58 2w

Insolvent Act of 1864.

In the matter of Roland Bell of the Township of Elderslie in the County of Bruce, an Insolvent.

The creditors of the Insolvent are notified that he has made an assignment of his estate and effects, under the above Act, to me, the undersigned assignee, and they are required to furnish me within two months from this date, with their claims, specifying the security they hold, if any, and the value of it; and if none, stating the fact; the whole attested under oath' with the vouchers in support of such claims.

Dated at Goderich in the county of Huron this seventeenth day of March A D 1866.
S. POLLOCK.
Official Assignee for Huron & Bruce.
sw58

Insolvent Act of 1864.

In the Matter of Henry Frederick Sharp an Insolvent.

THE Creditors of the Insolvent are notified that he has made an Assignment of his estate and effects, under the above Act, to me the undersigned Assignee, and they are required to furnish me, within two months from this date, with their claims, specifying the security they hold, if any, and the value of it; and if none, stating the fact; the whole attested under oath, with the vouchers in support of such claims.

Dated at Goderich in the County of Huron this Twenty fourth day of March, A.D., 1866,
w9 2w S. POLLOCK,
Official Assignee for Huron & Bruce.

Insolvent Act of 1864.

In the matter of Charles Days an Insolvent.

The creditors of the Insolvent are notified that he has made an assignment of his estate and effects, under the above Act, to me the undersigned, Assignee, and they are required to furnish me within two months from this date, with their claims, specifying the security they hold, if any, and the value of it; and if none stating the fact; the whole attested under oath, with the vouchers in support of such claims.

Dated at Goderich in the County of Huron this Twenty sixth day of March, A. D., 1866.
w9 2w S. POLLOCK,
Official Assignee for Huron & Bruce.

Insolvent Act of 1864.

In the matter of Samuel Walker an Insolvent.

The Creditors of the Insolvent are notified that he has made an assignment of his estate and effects, under the above Act, to me, the undersigned assignee, and they are required to furnish me within two months from this date, with their claims, specifying the security they hold, if any, and the value of it; and if none, stating the fact; the whole attested under oath, with the support of such claims.

Dated at Goderich in the county of Huron this seventeenth day of March A D 1866.
S. POLLOCK.
Official Assignee for Huron & Bruce.
sw58

LOST on Saturday night last, on the Market Square a Scotch Cap with a small Rose at the side, if the finder will kindly leave the same at Dark's Hotel, they will greatly oblige.
ROBT. BLUETT.
March 27th, 1866. sw60

Take Notice.

SAMUEL POLLOCK, Esq., late Deputy Sheriff has been appointed official Assignee under the Insolvent Act of 1864 for the United Counties of Huron and Bruce.
February 20th, 1866. sw50

BLACKSMITH'S LOOK HERE.

WANTED by the subscriber, a good steady blacksmith either by the month, or take a shop on shares, where there is plenty of work, it being on the Durham Road in the township of Greenock, which is to be gravelled next summer, none need apply but a steady man. Application to be made to the undersigned Enniskillen, Greenock Post Office county of Bruce C. W.
HUGH MONTGOMERY.
March 26th, 1866. 8w3m

JOHN RICHMOND, TREASURER,

In Account with the Municipality of the Township of Morris, 1865-6.

1865.	DR.	
Mar 6	Cash from W. G. Hingston, late Treasurer	$415 00½
	A. Findley, License Money.	49 50
13	Improvement Fund	1108 00
	Non resident taxes	20 71
	School money for 1863	250 00
	" " 1864	279 00
18	Wm Clark, part taxes 1864	292 61¼
20	" " "	405 00
April 25	A. M. Ross, County Town-line Grant	150 00
July 24	" Non resident taxes '64	346 56
	Wm Clark, part taxes 1864.	359 73
Aug 30	" "	250 00
Oct 2	Clergy reserve fund	202 69
20	A. Findley, License money	18 97½
26	" "	163 63½
Nov 9	Wm Clark, part taxes 1864.	182 88
14	" "	22 00
22	James Frazer collector, part taxes 1865	636 00
Dec 2	" "	1420 00
	Wm Clark, part taxes 1861.	42 00
11	" " "	48 00
12	C. Whitehead, County town-line Grant	23 69
16	A. M. Ross	160 00
"	Wm Clark part taxes 1864	29 00
"	James Frazer 1865	2960 37
26	" "	266 23
"	Improvement Fund	1153 95
Jan 20 1866	Wm Clark taxes 1864	39 00
"	Alex Findley License money	11 00
21	James Frazer taxes 1865	1284 14
Feb 1	" " "	237 78
"	" Shop License	15 00
		$15032 56

1865	CR.	
March 6	Paid School orders	$3078 42
	W. T. Kingston late Treas	44 00
	Clerk's Salary	163 00
	Assessor's	60 00
	Collector's	50 00
	Auditor's	24 00
	Roads and Bridges	1579 55
	Overcharge of Taxes	786 50½
	County Treasurer	8073 11
	Returning Officer	50 00
	Councillor's Salaries	117 00
	Selecting Juries	4 00
	Charity	45 00
	to witness; Council business	5 00
	to Wm. Clark	84 95
	Interest on County rate	28 42
	Discount on Silver	47 50
	Tavern Inspector	10 00
	Printing & Stationary	35 50
	Cash in hand	746 69½
		$15032 56

DONALD SCOTT, WILLIAM GEDDES. } Auditors.

March, 1866. w9 1t