

of the head, William de Wyvil and Stephen de Marival, who, armed at the points, rode up and down the lists in reserve good order among the spectators.

Gradually the galleries became filled with knights and nobles, in their robes of peace, whose long and richly tinted mantles were contrasted with the gray and more splendid habits of the ladies, who, in a greater proportion than even the men themselves, thronged to witness a sport, which one would have thought too bloody and dangerous to afford their sex much pleasure. The lower and interior space was soon filled by substantial yeomen and burglers, and such of the lesser gentry, as, from modesty, poverty, or dubious title, durst not assume any higher place. It was of course amongst these that the most frequent disputes for precedence occurred.

"Dog of an unbeliever," said an old man, whose threadbare tunic bore witness to his poverty, as his sword, and dagger, and golden chain intimated his pretensions to rank—"whelp of a she-wolf! darest thou press upon a Christian, and a Norman gentleman of the blood of Montdidier?"

This rough expostulation was addressed to no other than our acquaintance, Isaac, who, richly and even magnificently dressed in a gaudy robe ornamented with lace and lined with fur, was endeavoring to make place in the foremost row beneath the gallery for his daughter, the beautiful Rebecca, who had joined him at Ashby, and who was now hanging on her father's arm, not a little terrified by the popular display which seemed generally excited by her parent's presumption. But Isaac, though he was seen to smile faintly amidst other occasions, knew well that at present he had nothing to fear. It was not in places of general resort, or where their equals were assembled, that any avaricious or unenviable noble durst offer him injury. At such meetings the Jews were under the protection of the general law; and it had proved a weak assurance, it usually happened that there were among the persons assembled some barons, who, for their own interested motives, were ready to act as their protectors. On the present occasion, Isaac felt more than usually confident, being aware that Prince John was even then in the very act of negotiating a large loan from the Jews of York, to be secured upon certain jewels and lands. Isaac's own share in this transaction was considerable, and he well knew that the Prince's eager desire to bring it to a conclusion would ensure him his protection in the dilemma in which he stood.

(To be continued.)

RATES OF ADVERTISING

SPACE.	LENGTH OF TIME.	RATES.
A Column.	One Year.	\$100
Half do.	"	50
Quarter do.	"	25
4 Inches.	"	12
A Card.	"	5

Of the above spaces, half the amount set opposite for six months, one fourth the amount for three months. Special arrangements for terms shorter than three months.

TRANSIENT ADVERTISEMENTS.
Single insertion not more than one inch, 50 cents; subsequent insertions (each) for same space 25 cents.
Advertisements will be charged for the time of insertion if not ordered to be suspended in writing.
Advertising rates (outside the transient advertisements) for the same space as above, but for longer periods, will be given in writing; also all continued "ads" will be charged at the regular rates.
Subscribers who do not regular their papers promptly and regularly will please send in word to the office.

WEEKLY STAR.
The advertising rates in the WEEKLY STAR are the same as those of the Tri-Weekly. Special arrangements may be made with the Editor or Publisher, at the office Sterling's Building, (up stairs), Corner Queen and Regent Streets.

THE TRI-WEEKLY STAR.
IS PUBLISHED
Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday
evenings from the Office, corner of
Queen and Regent Streets.
Terms: \$2.50 per annum, payable in
advance.
Address "STAR," Fredericton.

Evening Star.
J. E. COLLINS, Editor.

FREDERICTON, DECEMBER 9, 1879.

RECEPTION FOR MR. TILLEY.

It was quite pleasing to notice what a hearty feeling of friendship and admiration our citizens manifested for Sir Leonard Tilley at the citizen's meeting, held in the Court House. But it pained us to see Mr. Pickard, usually a gentleman of excellent good sense and good repute, commit himself to the manly, though sharp rebuke administered to him by Mr. H. B. Rainesford. There were not three present who did not agree with Mr. Rainesford that at a meeting improvised to do honor to Mr. Tilley, as a distinguished Canadian and a friend of Fredericton people, was manifestly the wrong plan to bring forward a denunciatory and obsolete document. We are forced to conclude that Mr. Pickard was not acting on his own impulses though, but was rather forced to it by a certain gentleman present who pretended to be most zealous in arranging a creditable reception for the Finance Minister.

It was though we think in exceedingly bad taste that anyone should bring forward a resolution urging Sir Leonard to express his opinions on any particular item in the policy of the country. Anything of this kind should be left to Sir Leonard himself, and it was well the intelligence and good sense of the meeting suppressed those documents making such an ill advised request of Sir Leonard. There was this much effected though by these ill timed documents: that it was made manifest that Mr. Tilley as a political friend, and Mr. Tilley's Policy were favorites with seven-eighths of the meeting.

SUPREME COURT JUDGMENTS

WELDON vs. O'SULLIVAN.—Application to set aside an order made by Duff J., to hold the defendant to bail in an action for malicious prosecution, on the following grounds:—
1. That the affidavit did not state, as required by 38 cap. of the Consolidated Statutes, that the arrest was not made for the purpose of vexing and harassing the defendant.
2. Not stating that the defendant was about to leave the Province.
3. Not swearing positively to the amount of damage the plaintiff had sustained.

Held by Allen C. J., and Duff J., that the affidavit was sufficient; that sections 1 and 2 of cap. 38, applied only to actions *ex contractu*, and that the right of arrest by Judge's order in actions of tort was not affected by cap. 38, but remained as it was by the practice of the Court since its establishment. Held by Wetmore, J., that the right to arrest having been taken away by the act 37 Vic., c. 7, sec. 66, the repeal of that act did not revive the practice, without express words; or, if the right existed, the affidavit should state what was required by the 1st sec. of cap. 38. Application refused.

JONES vs. McMILLAN, EXECUTORS, &c.—Application to set aside an attaching order made under the Garnishee Act, (Consolidated Statutes cap. 43) on the ground that the act did not apply to actions brought against an executor; and that a debt due to an executor or his representative character, could not be attached in an action brought against him as such. Held by Allen C. J., Wetmore and Palmer J. J., that the act did apply to such a case, and made provision to protect an executor in the distribution of the estate. Weldon and Duff J. J., *contra*. Application refused.

JACKSON vs. McLELLAN.—Action for negligently running down and sinking plaintiff's vessel in the Bay of Fundy. The collision took place on a bright moon-light night, in which vessels could be seen upwards of two miles off. The plaintiff's vessel carried no lights, as required by the Dominion Act. 31 Vic., c. 58, and the defendant's vessel had no look-out except the man at the wheel. The plaintiff obtained a verdict for \$3000. On motion for a new trial, on the ground 1st, that the cause was improperly tried in the absence of the defendant's attorney, who was unavoidably detained at Dorchester on the trial of the case of the Queen vs. Osborne; 2nd, misdirection as to the effect of the plaintiff's vessel carrying no light; 3rd, excessive damages; held per Allen C. J., and Fisher J., that the detention of the defendant's attorney at the Osborne trial was, under the circumstances, a sufficient ground for postponing the trial; that his appearing by counsel under protest after the trial had commenced, was not a waiver of the objection; and that a new trial should be granted on payment of costs; held per Weldon and Wetmore J. J., 1st, that by appearing and continuing the defence, the defendant's attorney had waived any objection to continuing the trial of the cause in his absence; 2nd, that time was no misdirection; 3rd, that as the value of the vessel had been proved to be \$1800, and the value of the freight \$97, the damages might be reduced to that amount. The Court being equally divided, Fisher J. withdrew his judgment.

Rule for a new trial refused, on the plaintiff consenting to reduce the verdict to \$1897.

THE ALBERT MINING COMPANY vs. SPURR AND OTHERS.—Action for the price of coal sold to the defendants. The question was whether a judgment in an action which the defendant, Spurr, had brought against the plaintiff to recover dividend payable to him as a stockholder in the company, and which he had agreed the company should retain till the coal was paid for, amounted to an estoppel, and prevented the plaintiff from maintaining the action. Held, that it did not, and a non-suit on that ground was set aside.

WATERBURY vs. DEWE.—Action for slander. The plaintiff was a clerk in the Post Office at St. John, and the defendant was an officer in the Post Office Department at Ottawa, called the Chief Inspector. Money letters having, from time to time, been abstracted from the St. John Post Office, the defendant came down and investigated the matter, and suspecting the plaintiff to be guilty, told him in presence of the Deputy Post Master that he was convinced of his guilt, and though the plaintiff positively denied it, the defendant suspended him from his office. There was no doubt of the plaintiff's innocence of the charge and he received a verdict for \$6000 damages. Held per Weldon J., that the words having been spoken by the defendant as an officer of the Post Office Department, and in the discharge of a public duty, they were privileged communications, and not actionable; also, that having been spoken only to the plaintiff's senior officer in the Department, it was not a public speaking, consequently plaintiff could not recover. Held per Fisher and Wetmore J. J., that the Post Office Act, 31 Vic. c. 10, having defined the officer whose duty it was to investigate complaints of missing letters, and the defendant not being that officer, and there being no such officer provided for in the Act, he had no authority to make the enquiry, and consequently his statements to the plaintiff were not privileged communications; also, that the charge having been made by the defendant in the presence of the Deputy Post Master, was a publication of the slander. New trial refused.

SCOTT vs. MCKENZIE.—Application to set aside Judge Duff's orders, refused.

ANNEXATION IN NEWFOUNDLAND.

There seems to be annexation conspirators everywhere, just as Nihilists turn up in the most remote bounds of the earth. Some one of this motley crew has begun to agitate the question in Newfoundland, but with far remoter chances of success than the demagogues from New Brunswick who are trying to blow the breath of life into the movement here. The *Newfoundlander*, perhaps the most ably edited journal in Newfoundland has been watching the impotent effort of this illegitimate movement to raise its head. It publishes a lengthy article showing the manner that annexation is recognized as an active question has no foundation in fact. Thus it concludes its able article: "What distant future years may bring to the whole North American colonial family of Great Britain, we need not try to forecast; but there is nothing discernible in present indications to lead one to expect a severance of the present ties."

If the proposition were really put for a deliberate response from this country, there can be no doubt, that having weighed well all the considerations involved, that response would be an unqualified negative. But, as we have already said, the question does not press now; and as it will not probably be more urgent at an early date, we need not hurry to repudiate so long in advance of the proposal.

The Editor of the *Newfoundlander* is Hon. E. Dillon Shea, Colonial Secretary; and we may be sure his article sounds the true colonial note on the question.

The New Brunswick Delegation is homeward bound. The full result of their mission, will not likely transpire before next session, but the news agents at Ottawa seem to think they secured the \$10,000 on the Immigration claim.

In consequence of giving our readers to-day such a full account of the Supreme Court proceedings, we are obliged to hold over a quantity of editorial matter.

The *Gleaner* calls the *St. John News* a Grit. Well, the *Gleaner* would find no difficulty in saying crows are white.

Eating Coals of Fire.

A brazier of burning charcoal was brought in, and the charcoal fanned into a blaze. The sheik then went through an invocation, and suddenly with his bare feet jumped upon it and stood there for nearly a minute, the lurid flame curling round them. The moment he got off the serpent-crawlers rushed forward and filled their mouths with the red-hot charcoal, which was again fanned, the smell of burning flesh becoming powerful and sickening as they clutched the burning morsels. Live coals are possibly the antidote to snakes after you have eaten them; but the general effect of all this strange diet was beginning to have a powerful influence upon the nerves of some of the lady spectators, who protested that they were unable to endure further horrors. A man now stepped forward stripped to the waist, with a skin almost as fair as a European's. His face had not of that expression of fanatical insanity which characterized some of his fraternity. The sheik reappeared armed with a skewer of larger dimension, which was again thrust through the cheeks of the first victims, and proposed to run it through the man's throat from the front, bringing it out at the nape of the neck. At this there was a general scream of horror and dismay. In vain did the sheik protest that the operation would be painless, while the man himself smiled with a bland expression of disappointment at being deprived of a pleasure to which he was looking forward. The tongue of some of our party was not to be over come, and the sheik turned with an expression of contempt to make preparations for what was to follow. Pushing the same dervish's waist-cloth down an inch or two, he revealed a row of clear, white teeth which made a semi-circle extending around his body. He then drew a curved knife, about eight inches long and two broad, from a sheath, and proposed to plunge it to the hilt in his stomach. It had a sharp wooden handle about four inches in length, and there was no possibility of the blade slipping back into the handle. But here again he was stopped by a cry of horror from the ladies. This time the man himself earnestly joined his protestations to those of the sheik; his credit seemed at stake, as there were women on the horse tops who began to chatter, and a general look of dissatisfaction on the part of the spectators in the court-yard. I examined both the sheik and the knife. The former were thin, beautifully healed incisions; the latter as sharp as a razor and of the finest steel. I am very sorry that veracity compels me to leave this interesting episode to the reader's imagination. The party had now made up their minds to leave the place, and seemed to have no other idea than a hurried escape from its precincts, so we made rather an ignominious exit, leaving the sheik bewildered and somewhat indignant at our pusillanimous conduct.

An Enterprising Bandit.
[Gallant's Messenger.]
The *Revel Gazette* says a band of brigands is now infesting Esthonia under the leadership of a native of that province named Jurri Rummo, who has become a terror to the inhabitants. Two of his accomplices, just arrested, have made some important revelations. The chief of the banditti, it seems, effected an entry into the castle of Herkull, penetrated as far as the bedrooms, stole several clocks, watches and revolvers, and left without being noticed, having profited by the slumber of the occupants to commit the burglary. He escaped the search that was instituted by hiding in a cornfield. Jurri Rummo moves rapidly from one place to another, and contrives, by a frequent change of vehicles and horses, to throw his pursuers off the scent, leaving the animals which have brought him to the scene of a robbery near the spot, and riding off on others, which he "borrows" for the purpose from their owners. As a necessary result, his "description" has to be constantly changed, the steeds of yesterday not being those of to-morrow. The population are afraid to denounce him, and regard the denials in the light of a hero. He has been daring enough to travel beyond On one occasion the intendant of the

Chateau of Arrohof, near Permian, succeeded in capturing and handing him over to the authorities; Rummo, however, got free, and only his conveyance was found with the stolen articles. The peasants of the village of Retchel made a regular hunt after the robber, but merely managed, as in the case of the other, to seize the cart and its contents. At this very place, indeed, he took refuge in a public beer-shop. The country people who were present suspected that he formed one of their number, and, just as the fact was proclaimed, the audacious unit suddenly got up from a corner, leaving his boots behind him. A few steps from the door he met a farm labourer, and told the latter he had left his shoes in return for the property taken from the lord of the manor. Quite lately, Rummo went as far as Oberpahlen, and arrived there in an appropriate carriage and pair. On the point of being taken into custody, the party banished abroad in a seemingly malicious manner. In every country woman has a sneaking kindness for this kind of gentry, and the fact holds good in the case of Jurri Rummo. It is the weaker sex who habitually assist him in his exploits and miraculous escapes. Some almost chivalrous traits are reported of him. An instance in point: Rummo enters a poor widow's hut and demands a dinner. He goes into the yard and kills a goose with his own hand, has it cooked, and leaves a bank note for 25 rubles in the hands of the astonished woman. He is said to keep his correspondence and accounts by double entry like any business man.

SLEIGHS, PUNGS, AND Buffalo Robes!
SECOND HAND
Double and Single Sleighs and Pungs, Stage Sleighs and Coaches.
AND A LOT OF BUFFALO ROBES,
For Sale Low for CASH at
Barker House Livery Stable.
F'ron, nov. 25, 1879. 3mos. w tri-w.

Cheap Tin Shop.
THE Subscriber begs leave to inform the public that he has now on hand a complete stock of Tinware, Japanned Ware, Pressed Ware, Granite Iron Ware, Plow Ware, etc., which he will sell very low.
GAS FITTING AND PLUMBING
He has also a full stock of Gas Pipe, Chandeliers, Pendants, Brackets, and everything pertaining to Gas Fitting and Plumbing; and with the above stock he will guarantee that any work entrusted to his care will receive prompt attention, and be done in a first class manner.
SOLE AGENT FOR ELLIS' BURNERS AND GLOBES.
All kinds of Jobbing promptly attended to. A lot of first class Cook Stoves, which will be sold at a bargain.
WELL BORING.
A full stock of Pumps, etc. on hand. The above a specialty.
Tin Roofing will receive careful attention.
A. LIMERICK,
York Street
Fredericton Aug. 26. 1 yr

To Whom It May Concern.
THE Subscriber begs leave to thank his numerous customers for their patronage during the past, and to solicit a continuance of the same in the future. BOARDERS, PERMANENT and TRANSIENT may be accommodated at seasonable prices.
WM. McALPINE.
Fredericton, Oct. 14th, 1879.—6mos

Just Received.
QUINCES,
PEARS,
ORANGES,
MALAGA GRAPES,
SWEET POTATOES,
For Sale by
G. T. WHELPLEY.
F'ron, Oct. 18th, 1879.—1f.

JAMES D. HANLON,
Cabinet Making and Undertaking.
Furniture of all kinds made and repaired with neatness and despatch.
I have in Stock a lot of Hand Made Wood Seat Chairs, very low for Cash.
UNDERTAKING ORDERS
From town or country promptly attended to at all hours.
King Street, Fredericton, N. B., between Carleton and Regent Streets.
Nov. 4, 1879.—3mos.

ST PRIZE AT EXHIBITION In 1878.
BROOMS AND WISPS.
We Respectfully Solicit the patronage of those in the trade.
All Orders Promptly Filled & Satisfaction Guaranteed.
REED & REED,
QUEEN ST., FREDERICTON.
sept 16

TOYS! TOYS!
A VERY LARGE STOCK of Christmas Goods being shown at
LEMONT'S Variety Store
Fredericton, Oct. 2, 1879.

ST PRIZE AT EXHIBITION In 1878.
BROOMS AND WISPS.
We Respectfully Solicit the patronage of those in the trade.
All Orders Promptly Filled & Satisfaction Guaranteed.
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REED & REED,
QUEEN ST., FREDERICTON.
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For Sale.
200 Cords Dry Hardwood
75 Cords Softwood.

VERY LOW FOR CASH.
The above will be delivered wherever ordered.
JOHN OWENS,
Queen Street,
Fredericton, Sept. 30th, 1879.—1f.

CHEAP SALE AT GUY'S Variety Store!
During the next THIRTY DAYS GOODS WILL BE SOLD AT COST

FOR CASH to make room for Fall Stock. British and American Silver taken at the face for goods.
WILMOT GUY.
Fredericton, Oct. 14th, 1879.—1f.

RICHARDS' RAILWAY TICKET AGENCY
ext Door above People's Bank, Fredericton.
Through Tickets
Now issued to all points West, over any of the Great Lines of Railway; also to any point on the Intercolonial R. R. Represents—
Intercolonial, St. John and Maine Eastern, Maine Central, Boston and Albany, Fitchburg, Housac Tunnel, Canada Southern, Lake Shore and Michigan Central Great Western, and numerous other first-class Roads. Tickets to over five thousand different points West.
Always on the counter for free distribution, Railway Maps, Time Tables, &c.
JOHN RICHARDS.
Oct. 25, 1879.

ATTENTION! ATTENTION!!
To the People of the City of Fredericton and the Public generally.
The subscriber has just received his FALL STOCK!
And thanking his numerous customers for their patronage during the past, begs leave to request a continuance of the same during the frosty future, and to assure them that as ever, no pains will be spared to make this establishment head and shoulders above its fellows, and to produce a good honest sort of clothes or parts thereof at prices to suit the times. ON HAND—
A large and choice assortment of the CELEBRATED EDINBURGH RUBBER COATS.
Also, a splendid lot of OVERCOATINGS, BLACK DIAGONALS, Etc., IRISH FRIEZE, ENGLISH and SCOTCH TWEEDS.
Lastly we would respectfully solicit the attention of our patrons to our stock of GERMAN CLOTHS, VENETIANS, Black and Broad Superfine West of England, and Gen's Furnishing Goods, without doubt the finest lot in the city.
JAS. R. HOWIE,
CUSTOM TAILOR,
MARBLE HALL, FREDERICTON.
Oct. 7, 1879.—3 mos.

HOLY FAMILY ACADEMY.
ST. BASIL, MAJAWASKA.
THIS new Institution occupies a beautiful site on the banks of the St. John. It is open to all the benefits of country atmosphere with every desirable facility for youthful exercise and amusement; nothing is neglected to promote the health and well-being of the pupils. The course of study comprises English, French, Composition, Geography, History, Arithmetic, Book-keeping, Zoology, Botany, Instrumental and Vocal Music, Penmanship, Plain and Fancy Needlework.
TERMS:
Board and tuition, per year, - \$60.
Music and use of Instruments, - 25.
Dwelling, - 5.
Washing, - 5.
Fancy work, - 5.
The train running from Grand Falls to Little Falls affords an easy mode of access. Great attention is given to the French course, which is conducted to the special care of French teachers.
Nov. 27, 1879.—w & t w 1 year.

Glassware and Lamps.
Arriving this day from Pittsburg Pennsylvania,
A varied assortment of Table Glassware, and Table Lamps, &c., at
LEMONT'S Variety Store.
Dec. 2, 1879.

ST PRIZE AT EXHIBITION In 1878.
BROOMS AND WISPS.
We Respectfully Solicit the patronage of those in the trade.
All Orders Promptly Filled & Satisfaction Guaranteed.
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REED & REED,
QUEEN ST., FREDERICTON.
sept 16

New Christmas Goods.

We have just received our new Holiday Goods. Everything Clean and Fresh. Personally selected within the last few days, and have now in opened:
The 'Boss' Place
—TO BUY—
CHRISTMAS GOODS
—IS AT—
"Murray & Fenety's"

Nickel-Plated Ware, Photograph and Autograph Albums, Work Boxes, Writing Desks,
And a Fine Assortment of WAX DOLLS, which we have marked at prices never offered before in this city. Call and see them.
Miscellaneous Books, Poems, Church and Cathedral Prayer Books Wesley's Hymns, &c. Our stock of Stationery is now complete.
CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR'S CARDS IN ENDLESS VARIETY.
123 Pieces New Music just received.

M'MURRAY & FENETY.
P. S.—Our stock of SCHOOL BOOKS will be sold, in future as in the past, at the lowest prices.
Fredericton, December 9, 1879.

CONTEMPLATED CHANGE IN BUSINESS!

Absolute and Final Sale!
The subscriber has decided to make a change in his Business and in order to accomplish that object he has commenced a Clearance Sale of

HIS WHOLE STOCK OF DRY GOODS,
and will continue the same until the whole stock of

Woollens, Silks, Velvets, Dress Goods, Cottons, Shawls, Jackets, Furs, Millinery, &c.,

IS DISPOSED OF. ALSO, Ready-Made Clothing, Heavy Ulsters, Reefers, Pants, Vests, &c.

People who want Cheap Goods will do well to call and examine.

CUSTOM TAILORING!
This department is thoroughly stocked with cloths of the very best quality and will receive special care and attention.

A Perfect Fitting Garment is made here at once.
NO GOODS CHARGED AT REDUCED PRICES.
Catalogues of Bazar Glove Fitting Patterns free on application.

P. McPEAKE.
Fredericton, November 6, 1879.

IMPERIAL HALL NOTICE.
Old and Reliable Tailoring Establishment.
The subscriber has just received

FROM NACKAWICK, LUMBER,
—CONSISTING OF—
SHINGLES, CLAPBOARDS, PINE BOARDS, PINE PLANK, SCANTLING, HEMLOCK BOARDS, CEDAR POSTS,
—ALSO—
Ash Plank and Ash Boards,
The above are all well seasoned and will be exchanged For Cash at NACKAWICK PRICES.
Respectfully,
D LUCY.
Fredericton, Oct. 7, 1879.—6 mos.

NOTICE.
NOTHING LIKE EATHER.
THE subscriber begs to announce, and hereby does announce to his friends and the public generally, that he has changed his place of business to King St., a few doors above P. McGinn's Marriage Shop, where his attention to business solely, and by good workmanship to merit a share of the public patronage to the lasting benefit of all concerned.
JAMES WELSH.
Oct. 18.—3mos.

Groceries
CATS, POTATOES, FISH,
Tea & Sugar
AT
J. Machum's,
Queen Street,
Fredericton, Oct. 14th, 1879.—3 mos

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