

Everything from a
NEEDLE to an ANCHOR
Call and see one of the most complete and well-selected line of Goods kept by any general store in the province. You can find at any season of the year, a good assortment in all our departments, viz:

**STAPLE & FANCY DRY GOOD,
Groceries and Provisions
Hats, Caps and Furs,**

Hardware and Tinware,
Boots, Shoes and Oil Tanned Goods,
Ready Made Clothing and Gent's Furnishings,
Crockeryware, Glassware and Fancy
Dishes,
Furniture and Stoves,
Drugs and Patent Medicine,
Paints and Oils,
Watches, Clocks and Jewelry,
Coffins, Caskets and Undertaker's
Supplies.

As we buy all our Goods for Cash we are enabled to sell at

BOTTOM PRICES.

**King Lumber Co. (Ltd.),
Chipman, N. B.,**

J. W. KEAST,
—GENERAL DEALER IN—

**Flour,
Meal,
Feed,
Oats,
General Groceries
Hardware, &c.**

**: Fresh Meats :
of all kinds.**

**Game, Poultry and Fresh Fish
A SPECIALTY.**

Orders for Fresh Meats from customers on the river solicited.
Consignments of fat cattle, sheep, poultry, etc., solicited.

**Bridge Street,
—Indiantown, St. John, N. B.—**

NOTICE!

Having made arrangements with Messrs. Wallace & Fraser to sell
ALBERTS' THOMAS

PHOSPHATE POWDER

IN HAMPSHIRE AND VICINITY.
I will call on all farmers as soon as possible. Those intending to purchase will do well to hold their orders until I call or write for prices.

Phosphate the Best,
Prices the Lowest,

Terms Easy.
GEO. J. RATHBURN,
Agent, Hibernia, Queens Co.
March 4.

TELEPHONE 953. ESTABLISHED 1879.

Jas. V. Russell,
SUCCESSOR TO MRS. T. A. VINCENT.

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

BOOTS, SHOES AND SLIPPERS

of every description at Lowest Prices.

Special Attention given
To the Country Trade.

677 MAIN ST., NORTH END, ST. JOHN.
AGENT FOR THE
and D. and Phoenix Bicycles.

BOARDERS.

The subscriber can accommodate visitors with pleasantly situated rooms. Telephone and post office convenient and only a few minutes walk from the steam boat wharves.

MRS. E. SIMPSON.

Removal Sale!

We are offering our entire stock at greatly

Reduced Prices

At our present stand prior to our removal on May 1st to

25 King Street.

L. L. SHARPE,

Watchmaker and Optician,
24 Dock Street, St. John, N. B.

Horses for Sale.

Two Horses for sale cheap for cash. Also, 10 barrels of Flour to clear out lot at \$4.00 per barrel. Apply to
THOS. H. GILBERT,
Gagetown, April 11th, 1898.

Farm for Sale!

Farm containing 170 acres of upland cutting about 40 tons of upland hay, situated in the settlement in the Parish of St. John. The farm is well watered a good boiling spring near house, it is also well wooded and centrally located to post office, general store, blacksmith shops, etc. It is in a good neighborhood where the neighbors are strictly honest and obliging.

Also, 1 horse, rake, plows and other farming implements.
This is a good chance to get a farm on easy terms as the owner is in no hurry for the money.
For terms, etc., write to
MRS. H. L. DUFFIE,
Glasville, Carleton Co., N.

FOR SALE.

Two lots of land situate in Speight Settlement, Peterborough, owned by the Bank of Montreal, formerly owned by Andrew Co. bett. For further particulars apply to
JOHN R. DUNN,
Barrister, Gagetown.

Nov. 28th, 1898.

NOTICE.

I have decided to go out of the horse shoeing business, but will continue to do wagon and sleigh work for the public at the usual low prices.
WM. McKEE,
Armstrong's Corner, Queens Co., N. B.,
Dec. 22nd, 1898.

FOR SALE.

One Single Horse Deering Ideal Mower, 34 Foot Cut. Mowed twelve tons of hay last season, almost as good as new. Will be sold away below the regular price. Also one second hand Farm Wagon, in good repair. Terms on application to
S. J. KINNEY,
Oranmore, N. B.

FOR SALE!

A House and Lot at Young's Cove Station, New Brunswick, partially finished, 30x30. Lot about 1/2 acre. 10 fruit trees, young and healthy. Fine site for tradesman.
Will be sold at a bargain. Possession given any time.
Address,
B. W. PARKER,
Highfield, Queens Co., N. B.

Farm for Sale.

The subscriber offers for sale his farm situated at Otonabog, Parish of Hampshire, Queens Co., containing 10 acres of upland and 20 acres of intervals, about 40 acres under cultivation, the remainder well wooded. There is also a new house on the farm. The farm is well watered by springs.
For further information apply to
R. S. MAYES, Otonabog,
or J. W. DICKIE, Gagetown.

FOR SALE.

For sale or will exchange for cattle, a second hand Covered Buggy, in good condition. Apply to
E. C. LOCKETT,
Young's Cove Corner.

NOTICE.

A Note of Hand, given to L. D. Ferris which he has sold, no value received, which I will not pay, which is dated Dec. 22nd, 1897.
WILLIAM E. FERRIS.

FOR SALE.

I offer for Sale a piece of Land situate on Big Musquash Island containing about twenty acres. Grass can be cut with machine. "Good Barn." Also Jersey cattle different ages and Guernsey Bull Calf. Cattle all are Registered.
St. John, N. B.
H. D. MOTT.

FOR SALE!

300,000 Dry Planed Hemlock Boards. A quantity of Dry Planed Spruce and Pine Boards.
Spruce and Pine Sheathing; Pine, Spruce, and Hemlock Plank and Deal. Pickets, Siding, Shingles, etc., etc.
PRICES LOW.
—AT—
T. E. BABBITT & SON.
GIBSON N. B.

BOARDING.

Pleasant Rooms, with Board, for either permanent or transient Boarders, at 57 St. James street, in the Sears Terrace, St. John.

**STYLISH, RELIABLE
ARTISTIC
RECOMMENDED BY LEADERS,
Dressmakers,
They Always Please.**

**McCALL'S 10c
BAZAR
PATTERNS**

NONE BETTER AT ANY PRICE

These patterns are sold in nearly every city and village in the United States. If your dealer does not keep them send for them. One cent stamps to order. Address your nearest point.

THE McCALL COMPANY,
128 to 140 W. 14th Street, New York

BRANCH OFFICES:
155 Fifth Ave., Chicago, and
1021 Market St., San Francisco.

**McCALL'S 50c
MAGAZINE**

BRIGHTEST MAGAZINE PUBLISHED

Contains Beautiful Colored Plates. Illustrations Latest Fashions, Fashion, Fancy Work.

It is the most valuable magazine for a little money. Beautiful premiums for a little more. Write for terms and other particulars. Subscription only \$1.00 per year. Address THE McCALL CO., 128 to 140 W. 14th St., New York

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Farm and Household.

Effect of Lime on Soils.

We reprint from the Mark Lane Express, of London, Eng., a concise and clearly expressed report upon the chemical action of lime when put upon the soil. It is taken from an address given at Norwich last month by Mr. F. B. Wood, who in part said: Lime stood on a different footing from nitrogen, phosphoric acid, and potash, in as much as it existed in most soils in relatively large quantities—from 10 to 20 per cent. Few soils were so poor in it as not to be able to supply all was necessary for plant food. When lime was applied it was often on account of its strong chemical properties, and for its value in keeping the soil in a certain condition suitable for the healthy growth of plants. Lime was an oxide of calcium, just as potash was an oxide of potassium. It was slightly soluble in water beside which it combined with water. That lime was strongly alkaline was shown by its power of turning a solution of litmus, that had been reduced by the addition of an acid, a deep blue. As chalk was a compound of a strong alkali and a weak acid, it could be used to neutralize acids just as lime, though in a less degree. This was an important property, as acidity of the soil was an enemy of fertility. Low-lying meadow land filled with organic acids and waterlogged was almost worthless. Besides this property of neutralizing acids, lime being a strong alkali turned out other alkalis of less value. Take, for example, sulphate of iron, a compound of a weak alkali, oxide of iron, and a strong acid, viz., sulphuric. On the addition of lime to a solution of sulphate of iron, the oxide of iron (iron rust) was turned out, as was evident by the red color. Lime turned out potash in the same way from the silicate of potash in the soil, and rendered it available for plant food. In the same way ammonia was set free from organic compounds and brought within the sphere of action of the nitrifying microbes, besides which it neutralized the nitric acid formed by these organisms and rendered it impossible for them to continue their work. Lime had therefore a fourfold action. It (1) neutralized the sourness of soils, (2) liberated potash, and (3) ammonia, and (4) promoted nitrification. In considering briefly what effect the lime had on the stores of food in the soil when it set free ammonia and potash, and assisted nitrification; Mr. Wood said it rendered these substances more readily available but it diminished the sum total. It meant a higher rate of interest, with a reduction of capital. So with experimental limiting there was a risk of impoverishing the soil. Heavy clay soils and black soils run least risk of this. Sulphate of lime ("plaster") was used when they wanted to put on lime, and not cause any of the reactions he had spoken of. Lime was also applied in the form of gas lime. Fresh gas lime acted as an insect or fungus destroyer, as it contained sulphide of lime—a poisonous substance. It should be used some time before seeds were sown, or it would have a deleterious effect. Otherwise it should be allowed to stand for a time before using. Except in special cases there was no great advantage in its use over lime itself.—Co-Operative Farmer.

Feeding Brooder Chickens.

Avoid feeding sour food at all times, and never feed more than they will eat up wholly at each meal. If too much food is given them and it is allowed to remain in the food troughs, it becomes sour, and bowel trouble is the result. We are strong advocates of cooked food for young chicks, and have obtained very good results by simply feeding corn, oats and wheat ground together husked for bushel. For young chicks it should be ground fine, and as they grow older, coarser food of the same ingredients can be used. For very young chicks we pour scalding water on this food, just enough to mix it up well and not be sloppy. The scalding water will cook the food and the chicks will eat it with a relish. Another good food is a baked food, using corn meal. Bake it the same as you would a bone, seasoning with a little salt. With the dry-method, start off with a little rolled oats. We prefer either of the above foods, but the pin-head oat meal is a good thing for young chicks, feeding it in the litter. In this way the little fellow will scratch for it and it will give them plenty of exercise. We are also strong advocates of fresh meat for young chicks, commencing to give it to them when they are two days old, gradually increasing the amount as they grow older. It will pay any one raising chicks to feed them plenty of fresh meat, as it is bone and sinew to the chicks and gives them a good appetite, and we find that they grow much more rapidly when fed meat at least once per day when young, gradually increasing to two feeds per day after they get a little age. Be careful never to overfeed them on the meat, but just what you see they will eat up with a relish. Cut green bone is also recommended, especially if there is a liberal amount of meat adhering to it. In this case it will take the place of meat or meat meal. Green food may consist of roots, turnips, carrots, potatoes or chopped cabbage. When starting to feed a new article of diet always give a taste the first time, gradually increasing the amount, and watch the effect. In case the bowels become loose and need correction, use citrate of iron and ammonia, one teaspoonful of crystals in one quart of water, in place of drinking water for the young chicks. Be sure you first remove the fresh water from them so that they will get a little dry before giving them this drink.—Extract from A. F. Cooper's article, "Raising Chickens Artificially."

Daintiness Attractive.

Daintiness is a most attractive quality in both girl and woman. It is very often inherited, but may be cultivated. It shows itself often in earliest childhood, in the care which even some of the smallest children show for their apparel and belongings. This charm is in a measure due to the fact that these dainty habits are not put on for outside effect, and the dainty girl likes to feel herself immaculate in regard to her person, whether anyone sees her or not.

For Neuralgia.

If a sufferer from neuralgia will sprinkle brown sugar on a pan of hot coals and hold her face over the smoke from it, she will get relief. A mustard-plaster is also good. If the pain is in the head, apply the plaster to the back of the neck; if in the shoulder, apply it to the wrist.

The Footbath.

A footbath is a source of great relief and comfort to a sick person, and every one who is likely to have charge of the sick at any time should learn how to give this bath in the best way and with the least worry to the patient.

Here is a good way: Cover over the lower half of the bed with a large piece of oilcloth (and said piece of oilcloth no housewife should allow herself to be found without); then place a foot tub with a small amount of water of medium temperature in the bed. Have the patient lie on the back, and flexing the knees place the feet in the tub. The knees can be supported by a pillow by an attendant. Cover the tub and knees with an old blanket, having placed a board over the tub to keep the blanket out of the water.

The patient can now lie there and thoroughly enjoy his bath. The water can be heated from time to time by adding more hot water. At the close of the bath cool the water to 100 degrees; lift the feet out into towels and dry them.—Philadelphia Press.

Colds in Chickens.

I have been experimenting somewhat with colds in chicks and by these experiments have proved to my satisfaction that some of the so called pet theories are at fault. I have especially demonstrated that common colds will not develop into roup, as a great many claim, but that if a fowl has the roup it comes entirely from contagion. I have had some of the worst cases of cold this season to deal with I have ever had, and they have placed those afflicted, with those that were well to see if they would also take the disease, but they did not. I have also taken the worst cases and put them into places where the conditions were worse and did nothing for them in the way of giving them medicine and have not had any roup from this experiment. Others I put under better conditions and gave everything over recommended for colds and even roup, and they did not get better. I made up my mind there was something wrong. I discovered the trouble after awhile. Previous to this and through all my various experiments they had been coddling together, as chicks always do, just as long as they are allowed to do so. So I separated them and made them roost and single out and gave them good care and a good, tight house, so no drafts could touch them, and they at once began to improve and finally got entirely well. Therefore I reasoned that by packing together at night they perspired and when they got up in the morning they were chilled by the sudden change and contracted cold. I am now convinced that the best way is to teach chicks to roost early, care being taken to give them a good, wide board to roost on until they are fully developed, and thus avoid crooked breasts, etc.—Henry Trafford in Feather.

Good for Girls.

Be orderly. A disorderly, careless woman will never have a comfortable home. It is just as easy to return to the shelf the book you have been reading as to lay it down in a chair.

Be punctual. Some girls, and some women, too, are never at the beginning of anything. A little late at breakfast, a little late at school, a little late at church, a little late everywhere. Do not spend your life in trying to catch up.

Be cheerful. A bright, smiling face makes everyone happy, and a sullen, fretful expression is just as likely to make others cross. Even when it rains out of doors, let there be sunshine within.

ROOKE'S ANODYNE LINIMENT.

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ROOKE'S ANODYNE LINIMENT.

We are offering special prices for
THE COUNTRY TRADE ONLY

—000—

WE ALSO GIVE A PRIZE TO EACH

Customer who Purchases \$2.00 worth of Goods.

And remember we do not charge extra for the goods. e prizes we offer in this advertisement is worth \$1.00 to the Purchaser.

Notice a Few of Our Low Prices.

| | |
|--|------------------|
| 32 INCH SHAKER FLANNEL. | ONLY 5c. A YARD. |
| GREY FLANNEL, TWILLED OR PLAIN, | " 13c. " |
| RED AND WHITE TABLE LINEN, | " 25c. " |
| 40 INCH FLANNEL SHIRTING, | " 12c. " |
| BEAVER CLOTH, ALL SHADES, | " 77c. " |
| A HEAVY TWEED DRESS GOODS, DOUBLE WIDTH, | " 13c. " |
| MEN'S ALL WOOL SHIRTS AND DRAWERS, | " 45c. " |
| MEN'S SCOTCH " " " " | " 45c. " |
| BOY'S UNDERWEAR FROM | " 12c. UP. |

A large assortment of Men's Ulsters, Overcoats and Suits. Men's Pants at prices that will surprise You.

Cut his Out

And when you make a purchase of
\$2.00 WORTH
you will receive the following presents:—

12 DOZ. SHIRT BUTTONS,
1 PACKAGE NEEDLES,
2 PAPERS PINS,
2 SPOOLS LINEN THREAD,
2 DOZ. HOOKS AND EYES,
1 DOZ. SAFETY PINS,
24 SHEETS OF WRITING PAPER,
25 ENVELOPES,
2 DOZ. PANT BUTTONS,
1 DOZ. BONE COLLAR BUTTONS.

ALWAYS BRING THIS COUPON.

—XOX—

B. MYERS,

695 Main Street, St. John, N. B.

R. DEB. SCOTT. C. F. SCOTT

SCOTT BROTHERS,

Steam Saw Mill and Carriage Factory.

MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN

Carriages and Sleighs of every description.

Repairing and Painting in all its branches.

General Blacksmithing done connection.

LAND ROLLERS A SPECIALTY.

MAIN STREET, GAGETOWN, N. B.



Often in the morning there comes a feeling of weariness, indescribable; not exactly ill, nor fit to work, but too near well to remain idle.

A Ripans Tabule taken at night, before retiring, or just after dinner, has been known to drive away that weariness for months.

WANTED—A case of bad health that RIPPAN'S will not benefit. Send five cents to Ripans Chemical Co., No. 10 Horne Street, New York, for 10 samples and 100 leaflets. RIPPAN'S, 10 for 5 cents, or 10 packages for 40 cents, may be had of all druggists who are willing to sell a standard medicine to a nervous crowd. They break pain and prove life. One gives relief. Note the word RIPPAN'S on the packet. Accept no imitations.