

POOR COPY

THE UNION ADVOCATE, WEDNESDAY, MARCH 27, 1901.

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ANNOUNCEMENT.

In the future the publishers of the Advocate will render all advertising accounts monthly.

The Union Advocate,

ESTABLISHED 1867.

NEWCASTLE, MARCH 27, 1901.

CHIEF GAME COMMISSIONER'S REPORT.

The annual report of the Crown Land Department of New Brunswick contains an interesting report from the Chief Game Commissioner for the past season which we herewith publish in a condensed form for the information of our readers.

"In submitting the annual report of the operations of the Chief Game Commissioner for the past year, I have great pleasure in informing you that the past has been one of the most successful years, from a sportsman's standpoint than we have ever had in this province.

From every direction I get information that the game, instead of being depleted, as there was danger of some years ago, is becoming more plentiful over the entire area of the country. The protection afforded during the winter months, and the greater interest taken in the administration of the Game Law by residents of the rural districts, is mainly responsible for the increase in the number of moose and caribou. So plentiful is the game that a large percentage of the sportsmen who entered our forests were successful in their hunt, and some of the finest moose heads ever obtained in this province or elsewhere have been brought out of the woods this year by visiting or local sportsmen.

New Brunswick has gained an enviable reputation for the beauty of its moose heads, and there is not a sportsman over the eastern section of the continent who does not desire to possess a trophy of a season in the New Brunswick woods.

From reports that I have received from different wardens they all speak of an increase in every class of game with the exception of partridge; and I am unable to obtain any information that would tend to show that these exceptional game birds are on the increase. Indeed, I believe it is otherwise. The principal difficulty that I have in dealing with the handling of partridges is in connection with their export. I am satisfied that there is a considerable export of partridges going on at various points in the province, but the manner of conducting this illicit trade is such that it is extremely difficult to locate the offenders and bring them to justice. As the law at present is, partridge is obtaining less protection than any other game bird, and must sooner or later entirely disappear unless a change is made in the law that will give genuine protection.

On previous occasions I have pointed out that it will be necessary to form an organization of guides in this Province. As it is now, there is neither protection for the game nor for the sportsman in case of breach of contract by either party. There should be some way of dealing with these breaches of contract which occasionally arise with the object of discovering who is really to blame. The guides themselves have recently met and effected an organization which takes in nearly all those actively employed in this work in the Province. The number of guides in the Province is constantly increasing, and while speaking in a general way the majority of these men are good men, still with increased numbers it will be necessary before long to have some better method of dealing with them than the act at present provides. I cannot too strongly urge upon you the necessity of taking steps to secure organization which will include all the guides and I am satisfied that if the necessary machinery is added to

the game law it will be of great advantage both to visiting sportsmen and to the guides themselves.

There is a strong feeling among the guides and others that night shooting should be stopped. This, I think is correct as many moose and caribou are wounded by sportsmen in the uncertain light of the evening and often fall in the woods. Some of these moose are no doubt crows, which makes it all the worse.

L. B. KNIGHT,

Chief Game Commissioner.

HUNTING LICENSES.

Victoria county, residents \$320, non-residents, \$2,370.
Carleton county, residents, \$157, non-residents, \$180.
Kings county, residents, \$18.
Queens county, residents, \$160, non-residents, \$180.
Gloucester county, residents, \$32, non-residents, \$270.
Westmorland county, residents, \$20.
Kent county, residents, \$6.
Northumberland county, residents, \$184, non-residents, \$1,440.
York county, residents, \$120, non-residents, \$1,410.
Restigouche county, residents, \$200, non-residents, \$330.
Madawaska county, residents, \$32, non-residents, \$120.
St. John county, residents, \$26, non-residents, \$400.

It will be seen from the above that Northumberland takes second place in the number of licenses issued but it must be remembered that a large percentage of hunters procuring licenses in York county hunted in Northumberland and we think we can safely say that this is the banner county of the province for the sportsmen.

EMIGRATION OF WOMEN.

Mr. Chamberlain lately advised sending English women to the colonies, where they would have a good chance to marry. He advised raising a fund for the purpose. Apparently there are a million more women in England than there are men, and it is a difficult thing to know what to do with them. "They are debarred," Mr. Chamberlain said, "from the fullness of life, and were jostling one another in the struggle for existence." Care ought to be taken as regards the colonies to which the women are sent. Apparently there are enough in this country, for there are many women in employments of different kinds, to the displacement of men; and there are many who are "debarred from the fullness of life." In the Maritime Provinces of Canada a considerable portion of the young men go West,

and while some women do, the number is not so large as to make the emigration equal. There are more fields of employment open to young women than there were a few years ago, but one result of this is to limit the number of young men who can get employment; the surplus leaves the country, and the women in the end suffer, as they have not the opportunities of marrying which might otherwise come to them. With the enlargement of the British army the number of men who may be available for husbands in the British Isles will decrease. But, possibly, this may withdraw men from other occupations, which will now be open to women. Mr. Chamberlain was of the opinion that there would be an enormous development in South Africa, that thousands of the best and most energetic men in the land would go out there, and that the "tone of society would depend largely on the emigration of women" who would go to that country from England. Perhaps it is a fair general inference from Mr. Chamberlain's statements that there are now as many people in Great Britain as space and living can be found for comfortably.—Globe.

FORESTRY.

In a recent issue of the Canadian Lumberman there is an interesting article entitled "The Cultivation of Forests" which we will publish in full on our second page next week. In conversation with Mr. E. Sinclair, our enterprising Bridgetown lumberman he kindly condescended to contribute a short article on this subject. This article, written in his usual happy style appears in another column and should be read by all who have the future welfare of our country at heart.

The Editor's Mail.

To the Editors of the Advocate,

GENTLEMEN:—As the avocation of the lumberman the destruction of the forest I hardly know how to reply to your account, particularly as I cannot remember whether I became acquainted with the tree family on the end of a cross cut saw making blocks for kindling wood out of the pine the Miramichi fire rendered useless for anything else, or in a school at Chatham where Mr. Miller used to teach. Prior to that time what little knowledge I gained was at a school near a tannery where the master taught a strip of tanned sheepskin the correct thing to do in the woods. How, ever, if more stringent measures are not employed to protect our forests there will soon be no bark to tan hides, nor logs to collect stumps on. The New Brunswick Act for preventing destruction of property by fire is a good one if the material for carrying out the intentions of the Act was slower than cold molasses. Every section of this country in danger of fire should have a well paid, energetic forest ranger cutting and clearing paths through the woods to keep him in trim and have appliances and power to engage help where a conflagration occurs, and as every tree is known by its fruit, so every government will be judged on his merits, and while grapes won't grow on thorns nor figs on thistles it sometimes looks as if if had the miracle reversed and were getting the full benefits. Did it ever occur to you that the representation of some counties would be imperilled if put at auction like our Crown Lands and sold to the highest bidder? Even then one of those peculiar combinations, so prevalent in our province, might affect a settlement to suit themselves without increasing our benefits, and we'd better leave this subject for future reference and get back to the forest where pulp wood is cut like cordwood, notwithstanding the proclamation in Royal Gazette, 18 feet long, 10 inches at the top. I find interest in scientific forestry is rapidly increasing everywhere except in New Brunswick, and as the welfare of future generations depends on ourselves, our forests and our fisheries it behooves us to protect them. B. E. Fernow tells us forestry implies harvesting old crops, replacing them by young and if possible better kinds of crops, and doing it according to business principles in the cheapest yet effective manner, making, if possible, a profit out of the old crop. Nature is an unconquerable producer—she has plenty of time and space at her disposal and doesn't consider man's special wants. It grows weeds as readily as perhaps more readily than those plants which man needs. On an acreage where 100,000 feet of pine could be grown in 75 years it grows perhaps 2,000 feet in 250 years giving the balance up to weeds and inferior tree forms which do not furnish saw lumber.

While the Governor's speech at opening of the House recommends a School of Agriculture and Horticulture it might be well to substitute Forestry for Horticulture owing to our profusion of daisies, lilies of the valley that toil not, neither do they spin, and the fact that the only other flower the bone and marrow of this country is interested in is wheat and buckwheat. I hope that the Province will display his usual energy and persistency in establishing a School of Forestry and engaging a practical forester who will educate our people in pruning, protecting and preserving all valuable trees on the lands of our province, by doing so he'll be rendering this country an incalculable service and perpetrating an evergreen record to his memory.

Will the time ever come when the culture of blood, bone and brains will be legislated on and Nature receive intelligent assistance in her handiwork? It wouldn't be more wonderful than some inventions of the past decade and would be a delightful study. Some say that in the future, where you sow it, while lumbermen say nothing and sow wood. Newcastle, Mar. 26, 1901.

Men's Serge Suits,

Made to order in our own way. Care has been given to select a genuine, high class, heavy weight serge, guaranteed not to change color and to wear well. Care has been given to select linings suitable for these, also to have the workmanship of the very best. Made double breasted, square corners, pants with spring at bottom, buttons well sewed on, new patent pockets and without exception the best suit we ever handled at the price. Sizes 35 to 44. PRICE \$15.00.



R. N. WYSE.

MORRISON'S NEW SPRING GOODS.

The Latest Productions of the Markets.

Dress Goods

In all the newest shades and patterns including Tweed suitings, Covert cloths, Broad cloths, etc., etc.

Ladies' Tailor Made Costumes

Skirts, Spring Coats and Capes. Waists and Skirts made to order at short notice.

Corsets.

The new Straight Front corset, also Long Waist and Short French corsets, ranging from 30c to \$3.50 each

SPECIAL.

50 dozen ladies' plain and ribbed Cashmere Hose, a great bargain at 25c a pair.

FURNITURE! FURNITURE!

THE HEAD QUARTERS FOR FURNITURE ON THE MIRAMICHI.

PARLOR SUITES, BEDROOM SUITES, SIDEBOARDS, HAT RACKS, EXTENSION TABLES, PARLOR TABLES, FANCY TABLES, BUREAUS.

CHAIRS.

Including Kitchen, Dining and Parlor chairs, Coblers Rockers, Students and Rattan chairs.

Chairs for Everybody.

IRON BEDSTEADS.

A large assortment at reduced prices. Mattresses, Spring Beds, Cots and Bedsteads.

I have made excellent arrangements with the leading Furniture Factories for their goods and customers can rely on getting good value for their money.

D. Morrison, Newcastle.

DEATH OF BISHOP SWEENEY

HIS LORDSHIP BREATHES HIS LAST THIS MORNING.

Great and general regret was expressed to-day when it became known that the death of Bishop Sweeney had taken place shortly after 9 o'clock this morning at St. Patrick's Industrial School, Silver Falls, where His Lordship has been living for the past few months. The end came very peacefully. At his death the Bishop was attended by Rev. H. Cormier, parish priest at Silver Falls, by the sisters of the St. Patrick's Industrial School, and by his family. His Lordship had been in failing health for some time, but recently he had an attack of paralysis, and on Saturday afternoon he was unable to get up. Prayers were offered on Sunday in all the Catholic churches.

High Court of Forester to Meet in Chatham Instead of Sackville.

FREDERICTON, March 22.—A special meeting of the High Standing Committee of the Independent Order of Foresters was held at Queen hotel this evening. Those present were A. R. Chapman, St. John, H. C. R.; L. R. Hetherington, Moncton, H. O. C. R.; F. W. Emmerson, Sackville, H. Secretary; E. P. Eastman, Pictouville, H. Treasurer; Dr. L. E. Cummins, Bath, H. E. W. Elliott, Georgetown, H. Councilors. Considerable routine business was transacted. The order is in a very prosperous condition and the high secretary will immediately visit courts in Carleton county. The most important matter decided was the next place of meeting. Sackville had previously decided upon but the committee charged it to Chatham, and the first session will be held at 8 p. m. July 9th. It is expected about 25 delegates will be in attendance which will be the largest high court in the history of the order in this province.

It meant death sure. Mrs. James McKim, of Danville, Ont., says of her late husband's cure for the heart disease by Dr. Agnew's Care for the Heart: "Until I began taking this remedy I feared of my life. I had heart failure and extreme prostration. One dose gave me quick relief and one bottle cured me. The sufferings of years were dispelled like magic." For sale by F. R. Dalton.

Fishing Twine

At the SALTER BRICK STORE. I have just received and opened up my usual large stock of Hemp and Cotton Salmon, Trout, Mackarel and Herring Fishing Twines. WHOLESALE AND RETAIL. John Ferguson. Newcastle, Mar. 26, 1901. 3wpd.

Children Cry for CASTORIA.