

# The Standard

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FAIR, TURNING COLDER

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## CANADIAN BOYS ENTITLED TO THE VERY BEST

Troops on S.S. Olympic, Nearing Port, Have Had Record Voyage in Comfort and Enjoyment.

## SIGNAL HONOR PAID CANADIANS

Canadian System for Embarkation for Home Admired by British.

## NOT A HITCH IN PROCEEDINGS

Southampton Mayor and Civic Corporation Gather at Docks to Bid Adieu to Canadians.

OTLAWA, Ont., Jan. 15.—The following cable has been received here: The Canadian troops on board the S. S. Olympic, now nearing port, have had a record voyage in the matter of comfort and even enjoyment. The Canadians have won many victories during the war, and not the least is the right to take the same as their own troops on debarkation in England from France, and the embarkation for home. At first, the Imperial authorities were uninclined to grant this concession, but, thanks to the Canadian organization generally, and the quartermaster general in England, and the officer in charge of ocean and railway transport in particular, the British authorities now recognize the Canadian system as beyond improvement. High British military authorities admit they could not carry out the work so well because, naturally, they cannot have the same understanding of the Canadian troops. Indeed, when the Olympic sailed the occasion was a combination of military operations on a great scale, a pageant and a popular fête.

The embarkation took place at Southampton, under the direct supervision of Canadian embarkation officers. The first troop train arrived from the concentration camp at eight o'clock in the morning. There were ten special trains arriving in succession at intervals of ten minutes, and, at the end of the hour, throughout the day, and, notwithstanding the short time dividing the arrival of trains, each body of men was comfortably housed in the vast troopships before the next contingent arrived. In fact, it is a great tribute to Quartermaster General Hogarth and Col. Bosworth, in charge of Canadian ocean and railway transport, from start to finish this mighty embarkation was carried through.

A deep interest was taken in this sailing of the Olympic. British officers of the higher command were present to watch proceedings from sheer interest in the Canadian methods. Among them was the famous Major General Trenchard, Royal Air Force, who came down especially to say good-bye to a party of Canadian airmen, who were leaving for Canada after distinguished service in France.

Half of the town's people seemed to have taken a holiday to bid the Canadian troops good-bye.

## W. W. TRIAL FINISHED

SACRAMENTO, Cal., Jan. 15.—The defence rested, today, in the trial of forty-six members of the I. W. W., on charges of conspiring to obstruct the Government's war programme, and conducting a campaign of general sedition in the State. It was expected the case would be in the hands of the jury before tomorrow night.

## WILL DEMAND CONFERENCE ACT FOR DEPENDENTS OF SEAMEN

International Federation of Seafarers Are Evolving a Plan by Which the Officials Hope to Compel the Peace Conference to Demand from Germany Compensation for the Dependents of Submarine Victims Among Seamen.

LONDON, Jan. 15.—In the absence of a definite policy from the Allies concerning the manner in which Germany shall make compensation for the dependents of submarine victims among seamen, the executive committee of the International Federation of Seafarers has evolved a plan by which the officials hope to force the Peace Conference to act. The committee has called an international conference in London, on February 24th, at which the British delegates will present a resolution providing that the seamen will not man any ships going to or coming from an enemy country until the proper compensation is agreed upon.

J. Havelock Wilson, president of the International Seamen's Union, said to the Associated Press:

## SOCIALISTS AND I. W. W. LEADERS TRY TO CAPTURE ORGANIZATION OF NATIONAL LABOR CONGRESS

Wild Scenes Enacted at the Chicago Convention Called to Adopt a New Programme for Obtaining a New Trial for Thomas Mooney and Warren Billings — Radicals and Conservatives in a Deadlock.

Chicago, Jan. 15.—Socialists and leaders of the I. W. W., after meeting today in the organization of the National Labor Congress, called to adopt a programme for obtaining a new trial for Thomas J. Mooney and Warren Billings, made a determined attempt to capture control of the body later in the day. The credentials committee had not reported tonight, making it impossible to say which faction is the victor.

## WORTHY PRAISE FOR CANADIANS

Doing All That Can Be Done to Make the Road Easy for Them to Get Home.

LONDON, Jan. 15.—(By The Canadian Associated Press) — "The present times are very trying to the soldier, but we are doing all we can to make the road easy for him to get home," declared Sir Edward Kemp, overseas Canadian minister, at the Canadian War Corps dinner tonight.

## MINERS MAKE DEMANDS

Ask That Miners in the British Army be Demobilized Immediately and Given Employment.

LONDON, Jan. 15.—The Southport Miners' Federation has unanimously adopted a resolution demanding that miners in the British army be demobilized immediately and given employment. The resolution also asks that those disabled in the war be paid the wages which they would have earned if they had not been hurt, and that those totally unfit be trained for other work at the expense of the Government. The resolution concludes by asking that six hours days be substituted for the present eight hour day.

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## New Armistice Terms Drastic

London, Jan. 15.—(British Wireless Service)—The new armistice terms to be presented to Germany by Marshal Foch are unofficially stated here to include the following:

First—Distribution on the Germans for the murder and ill-treatment of Allied prisoners.

Second—The machinery and goods stolen by Germany from France and Belgium to be at once given up. It is pointed out that France alone has 400,000 men who will be out of work until this machinery is returned.

Third—German gold, amounting to more than 100,000,000 pounds to be moved from Berlin to a safe place, probably Frankfurt, and protected from Bolsheviks in Germany on route. Certain other property to be surrendered.

Fourth—Germany to give over her shipping of which she is believed to have 4,000,000 tons, to carry food supplies to countries in Europe in need of them.

Fifth—Germany to hand over the stocks to be handed to the Allies for their disposal or to be destroyed, and no more submarines to be built.

## WILSON OPPOSES ITALY'S SCHEME

Doesn't Believe That Country Should Have Supreme Control of Fiume.

PARIS, Jan. 15.—(By The Associated Press)—The supreme council of the peace congress resumed its sessions at 10.30 o'clock today. Those in attendance included the British and Foreign Minister Pichon, for France; President Wilson and Secretary of State Lansing for the United States; Premier Lloyd George and Foreign Secretary Balfour for Great Britain; Foreign Minister Somin for Italy; and Foreign Ministers Chinda and Matsui for Japan.

It is known that Foreign Minister Sonnino of Italy demands an important concession in connection with the Fiume, which Premier Orlando would be content to give up the Dalmatian coast if Fiume is returned to Italy. Mr. Wilson was unwilling to give way.

"While the majority of the inhabitants of the Fiume are Italian, that port is the natural outlet for the Slav peoples. It is therefore claimed that a few thousand Italians in Fiume are not a balance against the needs for a sea outlet for millions of Slavs. It is pointed out that the commercial necessities of the Jugo-Slav demarcation are in the nature of a life-line. Italy ignores those necessities which may incur the enmity of those populations and thereby meet the needs of the peace of Europe. It is supposed that President Wilson does not consider that Fiume, as a free port in international waters, is a free port in international waters. It is supposed that President Wilson does not consider that Fiume, as a free port in international waters, is a free port in international waters.

## THE CANADIANS ON THE RHINE

All the Machinery of War Scattered Over a Prosperous Looking Area.

OTTAWA, Jan. 15.—The following dispatch has been received from Fred James, official correspondent with the Canadian Corps, dated from Bonn, Germany:

"The Canadian front line east of the Rhine, is threaded through a section of remarkably beautiful country, so peaceful and prosperous in appearance that it is hard to recognize it as a war zone. The area is a semi-circle, measuring approximately 20 kilometers from the Hohenzollern bridge at the neutral belt, which extends for about six miles in width, is held by sentries and armed patrols, whose passage of duty takes them up hill and down dale, through woods and open farm lands. At strategic points a machine gun or more covers all approaches and behind them batteries of field guns and howitzers lurk, ready for immediate action if need be. The policy of watchfulness is maintained day and night, and, as in the old days of actual fighting, battalions in the line are supported in their rear by sister units.

## VITAL CHANGE IN DEMOBILIZATION

Situation Exists in Europe Under Which War May Break Out at Any Minute.

LONDON, Jan. 15.—The Central News declared that, as a result of the allied discussion in Paris, the whole aspect of demobilization has undergone a sudden and vital change, this being shown in the drastic conditions demanded of Germany for a renewal of the armistice.

## PEASANT UPRISING

Stockholm, Jan. 15.—A violent peasant uprising in the interior of Estonia, against the imposition of excessive taxes by the Bolsheviks, and against the committee for fighting poverty, which exercises a tyrannical dictatorship in the villages, is reported in the Petrograd despatch. The peasants in the Tula government met recently killed members of such committees.

## CONGRESS POSTPONED

Buenos Ayres, Jan. 15.—The international congress, called to meet here this month, has been postponed until April, because of the present disturbed conditions here.

## PEACE CONFERENCE DELEGATES WERE AMICABLY APPORTIONED AT SESSIONS HELD YESTERDAY

Each of Five Great Powers Allotted Five, With Two for Each of British Dominions—Conference to Issue Joint Communique from Day to Day Regarding Proceedings.

PARIS, Jan. 15.—Hither to it has been the practice of the governments taking part in the preliminary peace conversations, says a statement given by the Official Press Bureau today, to issue separate communique regarding the proceedings. From today it has been decided to issue a joint communique of which the following is the English text, adopted by the British and American delegations:

"The president of the United States and the prime minister of the foreign ministers of the allied powers assisted by the Japanese ambassadors in Paris and London, held two meetings today in the course of those meetings the examination of the rules of the conference has been continued and almost completed.

## WILL ASK BETTER FIRE PROTECTION

Minister of Lands and Mines Thinks C. G. R. Should Exercise Same Care as Private Lines in Safeguarding Forests.

SPECIAL TO THE STANDARD.  
FREDERICTON, N. B., Jan. 15.—It is probable that Hon. E. A. Smith, Minister of Lands and Mines, at an early date, will take up with the Canadian National Railways the matter of better fire protection for forests along the various lines of railway operated by the Dominion Government. Up to the present time the Canadian Government Railways have not come under the Railway Commission in the matter of fire protection, with the result that the number of fires, along the intercolonial and other Government operated lines has been greatly in excess of that of fires along the C.P.R. and other privately owned railways. The Government authorities have never reported them, and their mail was never received.

## CONFERENCE AT HALIFAX

Dept. of Marine and Board of Trade Have Differences—N. R. Terminal Discussed.

## GOV'T TO HANDLE THE LIQUORS

Ontario to Conduct the Provincial Liquor Business. Thus Doing Away With Present Abuses.

TORONTO, Jan. 15.—The Ontario government has decided to take over the liquor business of this province. The seven liquor agencies, that are now in operation under the auspices of the province, will be abolished, and the government hopes that this change will do away with present abuses.

## DISPLAY THE WHITE FLAG

Revolutionists at Villa Real Subdued by Gov't Troops—Serious Fighting Occurred.

MADRID, Tuesday, Jan. 14.—Advised from Portugal report serious fighting at Villa Real, in Frazos-Montes, where the revolutionists were bombarded for eight hours by government artillery. The revolutionists finally raised the white flag and submitted themselves to the authorities. The government troops were aided in their movements against the revolutionists by the peasantry of the neighborhood.

## BOMBARD SANTAREM

LONDON, Jan. 15.—The revolutionist forces at Santarem, northeast of Lisbon, having refused to surrender, government troops have surrounded the town and commenced a bombardment, according to wireless despatch from Lisbon dated today.

## SCANDINAVIAN REPORT REACHES AUTHORITIES

Col. H. B. Tremain, Conducting Officer of the Ship, Officially Scores Conditions on Ship.

## THEY WERE NOT SATISFACTORY

There Was Much Regrettable Confusion and Distress on the Other Side Before Party Sailed.

## STAFF OF STEWARDS LAMENTABLY WEAK

More Nurses Required Aboard to Look After Women and Children.

OTTAWA, Jan. 15.—Complaints that conditions, under which the dependents of soldiers travelled on the transport Scandinavian, were not satisfactory, and that there was much regrettable confusion and distress on the other side before the party sailed, are well borne out by the report of Col. H. B. Tremain, M.P. for Hants, N. S., who was the conducting officer on that ship. The report which was made to the officer in charge of the clearing depot at Quebec, reached militia headquarters today, and it is stated that the conditions complained of will at once be made the subject of enquiry with the proper overseas authorities.

## MISSING SOLDIERS BEEN LOCATED

Fifteen Hundred Canadians Presumed to be Dead Have Been Found in Germany—Never Reported by Germans.

OTTAWA, Jan. 15.—Fifteen hundred Canadian soldiers, who were reported as missing and presumably dead, have been located in Germany, says the Ottawa Journal, since the armistice was signed. Most of these have been missing since the battle of Ypres, and have long since been given up as dead. The German authorities have never reported them, and their mail was never received.

## CONFERENCE AT HALIFAX

Dept. of Marine and Board of Trade Have Differences—N. R. Terminal Discussed.

## ASK WHOLESALER TO PAY THE TAX

Retail Merchants and Druggists Not Satisfied With Levying of War Taxes.

OTTAWA, Jan. 15.—A delegation of retail merchants and druggists waited on Sir Thomas White today in regard to the levying of taxes under the special War Revenue Act. Points have arisen respecting collection of the tax on patent medicines and so forth, by means of stamps. The retail druggists, for instance, are urging that the tax should be payable by the wholesaler.

## FIVE MORE STATES RATIFY THE PROHIBITORY AMENDMENT

Only Lacks One More State to Secure the Necessary Three-Fourths Vote—The Amendment Will Become Effective One Year from the Date of Its Ratification — Believed United States Will Become Permanently Dry on July 1st

WASHINGTON, Jan. 15.—Legislatures of thirty-five states—one less than the required three-fourths—have ratified the Prohibition Constitutional Amendment. Several state assemblies now in session are expected to take action tomorrow with a probable race between Nebraska, Missouri and Minnesota as to which will be the thirty-sixth on the list.

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