

Mr. BRITAIN devoted the greater part of his time to ornithological work, one of the interesting features of which was his success in obtaining a remarkably fine specimen of the Raven (*Corvus corax*), which he shot on Bliss Island. Messrs. G. F. MATTHEW and W. J. WILSON were present for a few days, which they spent very profitably upon the geology of the neighboring islands and mainland.\* The writer of the present paper had charge of the Marine Invertebrates, Zoology, and Dredging. The Camp was most successful in all respects, both the amount and nature of the work accomplished being very satisfactory. The physical comfort of the party was not a little enhanced by the attentions of Mr. HENRY FRYE, to whom, for his great courtesy and kindness, the members of the Camp cannot be too grateful.

Dredging operations were carried on in L'Etang, Bliss, Deadman's and Beaver Harbors, in the former case to an extent sufficient to give a very good general idea of the topography of the bottom and the character of the life inhabiting it. Particular attention was paid to the relation of the different species to the physical character of the district, the height of tides, strength of currents, lithological character of the prevailing rock-masses, etc. While a mere list of species collected and their localities would be of little interest to the Society, the facts determined will be of great importance in making generalizations upon the distribution of marine life upon our coast. The fauna of the whole region is essentially Arctic, the strong tides carrying the very cold water flowing northward from the Nova Scotia coast into every bay and inlet of Charlotte County. No new species were added to those catalogued by STIMPSON and VERRILL at Grand Manan and Eastport, the conditions being the same in all of these localities.

Among the more interesting forms observed during the progress of dredging operations may be mentioned that of very fine specimens of the red "sun-star," *Crossaster papposa*, on a bottom of small *angular* stones in L'Etang; two specimens of the brachiopod, *Terebratulina septentrionalis*, were dredged in Beaver Harbor; this species does not probably occur much further up the coast, as it lives in the clearest and coldest water. At the

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\*See "Summary of Meetings," Sept. 8, on a following page.