

- (M.8) Tanga, obverse crowned arms between A.M. Reverse, monogram between D.M. and date 1651. 2 specimens.
- (M.9) Ditto, but counterstamped on obverse V.G. 1 specimen.
- (M.10) Ditto, but counterstamped on obverse V.O.C. 1 specimen.
- (M.11) Tanga, dated 1632, Codrington page 105; 26: I (1) 5 specimens.
- (M.12) Ditto, but counterstamped on reverse V.G. 1 specimen.
- (M.13) Same as M.11, but dated 1634, Codrington page 103, section 26: I (1). 1 specimen.
- (M.14) Obverse crowned arms between G.A. Reverse monogram and date 1635. 1 specimen
- (M.15) Obverse crowned arms between M.A. Reverse monogram between D.M. and date 163 (?). 1 specimen.
- (M.16) Same as M.9, but final figure of date illegible. 1 specimen.

VARIOUS, apparently mostly MALACCA

- (M.17) Ten specimens which require cleaning before identification.
- (M.18) Six ditto, but counterstamped with the V.G. mark.

SPANISH.

Together with all the coins described above was one silver piece bearing the arms of Spain. It is much worn and clipped, and appears to be a piece of eight.

This completes the very inadequate review that I have been able to find time to give what I believe to be the most important find of coins made in Ceylon during the last quarter of a century for certain, and perhaps for very much longer.

These notes are not intended to be a detailed paper, but simply a memorandum to assist Dr. Wood when he begins to study the collection