

No. 92

JOURNALS

OF THE

HOUSE OF COMMONS

OF CANADA

OTTAWA, TUESDAY, MARCH 9, 1971

2.00 o'clock p.m.

PRAYERS

Mr. Clermont, from the Standing Committee on Finance, Trade and Economic Affairs, presented the Eleventh Report of the said Committee which is as follows:

Pursuant to its Order of Reference of Wednesday, February 17, 1971, your Committee has considered Vote 30 relating to the Tariff Board.

Your Committee commends it to the House.

A copy of the relevant Minutes of Proceedings and Evidence (*Issue No. 25*) is tabled.

(The Minutes of Proceedings and Evidence accompanying the said Report recorded as Appendix No. 35 to the Journals).

Mr. Mackasey, seconded by Mr. MacEachen, by leave of the House, introduced Bill C-228, An Act to amend the Canada Labour (Standards) Code, which was read the first time and ordered to be printed and ordered for a second reading at the next sitting of the House.

By unanimous consent, it was ordered,—That speeches on the motion under the order Business of Supply be limited to twenty minutes with the exception of the prime speakers who shall be limited to thirty minutes.

The Order being read for the consideration of the Business of Supply;

Pursuant to Standing Order 58, Mr. Brewin, seconded by Mr. Knowles (Winnipeg North Centre), moved,—That in the opinion of this House, the Government should immediately designate a Minister of the Crown to co-ordinate the implementation of the proposals contained in the Report of the Royal Commission on the Status of Women which come under federal jurisdiction, and that it should give special and urgent consideration to the implementation of those recommendations designed to establish a basic equality of rights between men and women, including the recommendation for the inclusion of housewives in the Canada and Quebec Pension Plans, the provision of maternity benefits under the Unemployment Insurance Act, the adoption of a National Day Care Act, the initiation of a Family Planning Program and certain amendments to the Criminal Code, and equal treatment in the federal