

Frigate

Valleyfield North Atlantic

Corvettes

Windflower	Western Atlantic
Spikenard	South of Newfoundland
Charlottetown	Gulf of St. Lawrence
Levis	Western Atlantic
Louisberg	Mediterranean
Weyburn	Mediterranean
Alberni	English Channel
Shawinigan	North Atlantic
Regina	English Channel
Trentonian	United Kingdom Waters

Minesweepers

Bras d'Cr	Gulf of St. Lawrence
Chedabucto	St. Lawrence
Clayoquot	North Atlantic
Guysborough	North Atlantic
Esquimalt	Nova Scotia coast

Patrol Vessels

Otter	Coast of Nova Scotia
Raccoon	Western Atlantic

Casualties to the end of March, 1945, were: 1,544 killed on active service; 228 other deaths; 394 wounded or injured; 87 prisoners of war and 60 missing. Most of the prisoners were survivors of the Tribal class destroyer, Athabaskan, which was sunk near the French coast during pre-invasion operations.

ORGANIZATION AND TRAINING

There are 4 personnel components of the Royal Canadian Navy:

- 1) Royal Canadian Navy
- 2) Royal Canadian Naval Reserve
- 3) Royal Canadian Naval Volunteer Reserve
- 4) Women's Royal Canadian Naval Service

Canadian naval personnel at September, 30, 1939 and February 28, 1945 was as follows:

	September 30, 1939		February 28, 1945	
	<u>OFFICERS</u>	<u>RATINGS</u>	<u>TOTAL</u>	<u>TOTAL</u>
R.C.N.....	131	1,643	1,774	Almost 4,400
R.C.N.R.....	66	196	262	" 5,200
R.C.N.V.R.....	115	1,453	1,568	" 79,800
W.R.C.N.S.....	-----	-----	-----	" 6,000
TOTAL.....	312	3,292	3,604	" 95,400

The R.C.N. is the permanent core of the organization. The R.C.N.R. is composed of persons who have followed the sea as a profession. The R.C.N.V.R. is made up of civilians who are employed in occupations not connected with the sea but who are given training for sea service in an emergency.