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HEALY SUSPENDED

FOR RESENTING A CHARGE MADE BY MAJOR SAUNDERSON.

Plain Language and Lively Scenes-Mr. Healy Withdraws from the House Amid Cheers-Sexton and Redmond Take Up the Charge and Force Sauaderson to Withdraw His Offensive Expressions — Harcourt's Speech for Irish Self-Government.

LONDON, April 15 .- Sir William Vernon Har court, resuming the debate on the Coercion Bill in the House of Commons this afternoon, said the present alliance between the Liberals and Parnellites was based on the Liberal recognition of the fact that the wisest policy in Irish affairs lay in the acceptance of some form of Irish government which would tend to satisfy the Irish people. He twitted Lord Randolph Churchill and Mr. Chamberlain with having secretly consulted Mr. Parnell seeking to make an alliance with him for their own purposes. Referring to the conspiracy and Whiteboy clauses of the proposed act, Sir William declared that they sapped the foundation of all personal liberty, and would even debar feated. Irishmen from forming business combinations to defend their existing rights. The spirit in which the Government would administer the coercion act if it were passed was sufficiently shown in the appointment of Col. King Harman to the Parliamentary under secretaryship for Ireland. By this appointment the Government had declared themselves to be the partisans of the landlords, and determined to administer the bill as the agents of the land owners in Ireland, thus becoming in-struments to atimulate the worst passions of the people and their bitterest religious preju-The bill would fail to suppress the National League because the people of Ireland believed in the league and trusted it. The effect of the enforcement of the bill would be to make the Government more detested and the league more popular than ever. As to the Tory and Liberal Unionists' taunts about

AMERICAN GOLD FOSTERING IRISH DISCONTENT, Sir Wm. Harcourt said: "There are none who have less reason to complain of American gold than the Irish landlords, for none get more of it. They get it through their poor tenants' rents." The proposal to make the bill permanent Sir William characterized as a breach of the fundamental conditions of the union between Ireland and Great Britain. The Government professed to reverence this union, but were doing their best to violate it. If the Government earnestly desired to maintain the union, let them abandon the policy of exasperating the Irish people and adopt the policy of justice and conciliation. (Cheers.)

A SERIES OF SENSATIONS.

Major Saunderson (Conservative) said the National League was supported mainly by criminals, dynamiters and murderers across the Atlantic. He did not charge the gentlemen op-posite with imbruing their hands in blood, but he did charge them with associating with men whom they knew to be murderers.

Mr. Healy rose to a point of order.

The Speaker replied that Major Saunderson had made the gravest charges, but that these could be met in debate. He himself was unable t · interfere.

THE LIE DIRECT.

Mr. Healy responded that he would say what he thought of Major Saunderson regardless of consequences. If Major Saunderson referred to him he had no hesitation in saying that he was a liar. This remark was greeted with loud Parnellite cheers

The Speaker called upon Mr. Healy to withdraw his expression.

Mr. Healy replied: "I am not entitled to

rise until you sit down, when the cheering was renewed. The Speaker then resumed his chair and Mr. Healy again took the floor. He said:
"I am only able to meet the charge in one way. If you ru'e that Major Saunderson was in order, my expression was equally in order. If you rule him out of order I shall withdraw my expression.

The Speaker—"That is not so. Mr. Saunderson made a charge of the gravest The responsibility rests entirely with It is his duty to prove it if he can (cheers), but I cannot allow the expression you

Mr. Healy repeated that Saunderson was a liar. A great uproar arose.

The Speaker again called upon Mr. Healy to withdraw. Mr. Healy refused.

MR, HEALY NAMED.

The Speaker thereupon named him, and W. H. Smith, first lord of the treasury, moved that Mr. Healy be suspended. Mr. Redmend jumped up and shouted: "I say he is a liar too." The house divided on the motion to suspend Mr. Heay and the motion was carried

by a vote of 118 to 52.
When the vote was announced, Mr. Healy walked out of the house applauded by all the Parnellites, who stood up waving their hats and raising cheer after cheer. Mr. Saunderson, upon attempting to resume his speech was interrupted by loud cries of "withdraw!"

Mr. Sexton interrupting, asked Major Saunderson whether he (Saunderson) persisted in his statement or would withdraw it?

Major Saunderson raplied that Sheridan was a member of the executive committee of which the member for West Belfast (Mr. Sexton) was also a member. (Loud cries of

"" withdraw.")

Mr. Sexton—Did I know him to be a murderer? Did I ever associate with a man whom I knew to be a murderer? (Cheers and a voice

"Withdraw, you murderer!")

Major Saunderson—"I said that Sheridau was on the committee and against him a true bill was found for complicity in the Phœnix park murders. The committee must have known

what kind of a man he was."

Here, Mr. Sexton, springing to his feet, shouted: "I say you are a wilful, cowardly liar."

THEN THERE WAS ANOTHER UPROAR. Fig. The Partiellites all ross and cheered frantically, waving their hats in the air. As soon as there was a change up be heard Mr. Sextop, qu's in sanctioning the evictions.

again addressing Saunderson, exclaimed :- "If

again addressing Saunderson, exclaimed:—"If I only met you outside the door of this house I would thrash you within an inch of your life." The excitement was again renewed.

The Speaker arose and addressed the House, but his voice was inaudible above the din. When quiet had been somewhat restored the Speaker said that unless Mr. Sexton withdrew his expression he would be compelled to name him. He appealed to the House to assist him in his duty, adding that he was willing to do anything in his power to allay the bad feeling. (Cheers.) The Speaker then pointedly asked Mr. Saunderson whether he charged Mr. Sexton with associating with murderers. Sexton with associating with murderers

SAUNDERSON WITDRAWS.

Mr. Saunderson, after several evasive answers, which were interrupted by loud cries of "Answer," "Answer the Speaker's question," etc., eventually withdrew the words he had used. The Speaker then asked Mr. Sexton to withdraw his expression, at the same time adding: "I cannot conceal from myself the fact that the provocation has been very great." (Loud cheers.)

Mr. Sexton then formally withdrew his ex-

Mr. Leake, member for Lanca h re, suggested that Mr. Healy be recalled. The Speaker said that nothing could be done in the matter until the next sitting.

Mr. Sexton thereupon gave notice that at the next sitting of the House he would move that the suspension of Mr. Healy be revoked.

(Cheers.)
Mr. Saunderson then resumed his speech. He said that Mr. Sexton was present at the meeting at which Mr. Egan was made secretary of Clan na-Gael, which was a murder society of America. Mr. Sexton rose to a point of order and the Speaker advised Mr. Saunderson to withdraw the offensive expression.

ANOTHER SCENE OF CONFUSION ENSUED,

Mr. Saunderson repeating the words, where-upon Mr. Sexton shouted: "The honorable gentleman is again a liar." The Speaker called upon both the members to withdraw their offensive remarks, which they did. Mr. Saunderson again resumed his speech and charged the Parnellites with various connections with Egan, Ford and other advocates of murder, At the conclusion of his speech Mr. Saunderson was greeted with cheers from the Conservative benches. The debate was then adjourned.

SPEAKER PEEL PRAISED. Mr. Healy was suspended for a week. The Daily News (Liberal), commenting on the occurrence in the House of Commons last night, ays the Speaker deserves the greatest credit for the courtesy, impartiality and nice sense of honor which marked his demeanor on a very critical occasion. Mr. Parnell will visit Ireland after the division is had in the House of Commons on the second reading of the Crimes bill, returning to London in time for the discussion of the bill in committee.

RIRMINGHAM CONVERTED. LONDON, April 16 .- At Birmingham, last night, the election for the remaining delegates to the Liberal Association resulted in the return of all the Gladstonian candidates, with one exception, where Joseph Chamterlain was suc-The latter's three brothers were de-

AN INFAMOUS CONCOCTION.

AUTHENTICITY OF THE ALLEGED PARNELL LETTER DENIED-SECOND READING OF THE CRIMES BILL TO-NIGHT.

LONDON, April 18 .-- A five-line whip pub lished to day urges the Conservatives to attend the meeting of the House of Commons to night so as to be on hand to vote for the accord reading of the Irish Crimes Act amendment bill. The members began to troop into the House at an unusually early hour to-day in order to secure seate, the belief bring that another scene similar to that of Friday night will occur

during the evening's session.
The alleged letter of Mr. Parnell, supposed to have been addressed to Mr. Egan, relative to the Phenix Park murder, which the Times published this morning, has caused immense

excitement among all parties. In an interview to-day, Mr. Clancy, Parnellite member for Dublin County, branded the letter as an infamous concoction, and declared that it bears internal evidence of forgery. He said also that suspicion was already directed against a certain person as the forger. An Irish member of parliament departed for Dublin this letter attributed to Mr. Parnell with that of the person suspected.

The Globe, commenting on the alleged Parnell letter, says: "Until the horrible accusation that Mr. Parne'l wrote the letter is proved, we shall discredit it."

The Pall Mall Gazette says: "Until the theory is the letter in the letter is proved."

authenticity of the letter shall be absolutely proved there will be no need to discuss its con-

The St. James Gazette says:—"The letter is so grave a document that it will not do to regard it as genuine until Mr. Parnell shall be heard

from concerning it."

LONDON, April 18th, 3.30 p.m.—The lobby of the House of Commons is crowded with members engerly discussing the alleged Parnell letter. The Irish members indigenantly declare it to be a forgery. Cam and Sir Henry James, hoth Liberal Unionists, were observed in animated conversation over the letter.

CAINE NOT ABLE

TO GET A HEARING FROM HIS CONSTITUENTS LONDON, April 16 .- Mr. Caine (Unionist), speaking at Barron last evening, said: If the Crimes Bill was the only thing that the Government had proposed he would not keep them in office a single day by his vote. But the fact was that the Government had also proposed measures to remedy the agrarian difficulty, which he believed would be successful. They would, therefore, by the help of closure, oppose the obstructive tactics of Mr. Gladstone. Came's address was interrupted by an almost continuous uproar of hisses and cheers, mingled with cheers and cries of "Renegade," "Turn him out," etc. Endeavors were made to pass a resolution in favor of Mr. Gladstone, Mr. Caine meanwhile appealing to his constituents to hear

HERAT IN DANGER.

THE RUSSIAN ADVANCE ON INDIA.

LONDON, April 18.-The Ameer of Afghanis tan, in refusing to comply with a request from the Governor of Badakshan for 15,000 troops, fearing a Russian attack, says that he must concentrate every soldier in the army around Herat, where a surprise is expected daily. He says English help may come too late or not at all, as the British Government may select Candalar as the first place to stop the Russian

New York, April 13. -Large and enthusiastiz meetings were held last night at Savannah, Ga., and Topeka, Kansas, to protest against the Irish Coercion Bill.

CARDIFF, April 13.—A mass meeting here yesterday adopted resolutions denouncing the Crimes Act.

Large and enthusiastic mass meetings were held on Monday night at Savannah, Ga., and Topeka, Kansas, to protest against the Irish Coercion Bill.

HARRISBURG, Pa., April 13.—The Senate has adopted the resolution denouncing the Coercion Bill now pending before the British Parliament and extending the sympathy of the Pennsylvania Senate to Gladatone and Parnell.

DUBLIN, April 13.—The police have been ordered to resume evictions on the Marquis of Lansdowne's estates next week. This being the case, William O'Brien will proceed to Canada immediately to denounce the course of the Mar-

Hartington and Goschen Defice the Position of the Unionists.

The Policy of the Government Denounced-Sir Vernon Harcourt-The Birmingham Rat Hooted at Invernees.

London, April 17.—The Marquis of Hart-ington, speaking at Edinburgh last night, con-tended that there had been no change in the political situation since the Gladstone Governpolitical situation since the Gladstone Government of 1880-85, except an increase in the Irish representation, which was always known to be inevitable and could be discounted, to justify the Liberals in supporting the same Parnellite tactics which they then opposed. It had been said that the Unionists' policy was a negative one. This he denied, though, in his opinion, it would be a mistake for a small intermediate party to commit itself to positive and definite proposals; it was a fact that they, through a practical alliance, had induced the Conservative party to propose remedial messures for Ireland tar in advance of the Conservative idea and even in advance of what the bulk of the even in advance of what the bulk of the Liberals a few years ago considered necessary. Lord Hartington believed the time had not yet arrived when it was possible for Unionists to act as a party or to propose a final solution of the difficulty. Before that time arrives the revolutionary party in Ireland, supported by the still more revolutionary party in America, must be confronted and overthrown. "That conflict," the speaker said, "is now being tenewed and must be decided in one way or the renewed and must be decided in one way or the other before the field will be vacant for the final solution of either of the agrarian questions which are the real root of the Irish troubles, or for the concession to the Irish people of those extended powers of self-government which we as well as any other portion of the people of the kingdom, are perfectly willing to grant to Ireland, Scotland or England." (Loud theers.)

MR. GOSCHEN SPEAKS. Mr. Goschen also made an address. He defended the alliance between the Unionists and Conservatives as an alliance of Unionists of all shades against Separatists of all shades. some of whom were very black indeed. He saw with sorrow the tendency of the Gladstonians to adopt and support the sunister methods inaugurated by the Na ional league. Boycotting, which was formerly confined to Ireland, was beginning to be defended by English politicians. (Cries of "Shame.") "The most pathetic point in the present situation is that we have been obliged to shandon a lender whom we have been obliged to abandon a leader whom we all admired. There is more at stake in the present situation than the unity and integrity of the Empire. The moralities of politics are at stake, and the crisis is a grave one. When the Separatist party is calling to its aid the fierce forces of the revolutionary party, it is the bounden duty of the Unionists to call to their aid all those ordinarily holding aloof from

SAUNDERSON DEFENDED. Joseph Chamberlain, upon his arrival at Inverness, was greeted with mingled hoots and cheers. Replying to an address, after referring to the daily demoralization of Parliament, he said the accusations made by Major Saunderson against the Irish Nationalists were true. It was high time that the opinion of the kingdom was made known about these scenes. Chamberlain's remarks were generally a repetition of his previous speeches.

THE ANTI-COERCION CAMPAIGN.

Sir William Vernon Harcourt, addressing a meeting of 4,000 persons at Derby (his consti-tuency) to-day, asserted that the present was the first time an English Government had ever proposed to make a Coercion bill perpetual. When the Liberal Government proposed a repressive measure Joseph Chamberlain was most emphatic in insisting that the bill should run the briefest possible period. The meeting unanimously adopted a resolution protesting against the passage of the Coercion bill. Mr. Herbert Gladstone, Sir Lyon Playfair and Thomas Power O'Connor addressed mass and overflow meetings to protest against the Coercion bill at Leeds to-day.

CHAMBERLAIN OUTWITTED.

LONDON, April 17 .- The Liberal Association of Birmingham, at a meeting yesterday rejected all the Unionist proposals, and after a stormy scene and futile endeavors to adjourn passed, by a large majority, a resolution pro-

passed, by a large majority, a resolution pro-testing against the Coercion bill.

DUBLIN, April 17.—At Limerick to day 60,000 persons joined in a demonstration against the coercion bill. The mayor presided. A long procession led by the numicipal authorities marched to the place of meeting. A resolution denouncing the coercion bill was

COWARDLY SAUNDERSON.

EARL SPENCER AND PATRICK EGAN DENY HIS CHARGES AGAINST MR. SEXTON.

London, Apr. 16.—Earl Spencer, who was lord lieutenant of Ireland under Mr. Gladstone's administration, in an interview to-day with Charles Augustus Conybeare, Radical member of Parliament for Cornwall, stated that he knew from his experience as viceroy, and nobody could possibly know better, that it was absolutely untrue that any members of the Irish Parliamentary party were murderers or associates of murderers, as had been charged by Major Saunderson in the House of Com

Lincoln, Neb., April 17.—Patrick Egan, ex president of the Irish National League of America, in an interview regarding the attack nade upon him in the House of Commons on friday night, said: "On several occasions Major Sanderson, who is brutal, aggressive and uncompulous, has been convicted by Mr. Healy and others of deliberately stating that which was not true, and finally he was justly and properly branded on Friday night by Mr. Sexton as a wilful and cowardly liar. Major Saunderson charged Mr. Sexton with being present when I was elected president of waat he willed The Clean according to my second to be a second or second to be a second or was the willed The Clean according to my second or second to be a second or second to be a second or second to be a second or seco called "The Clan-na-Gael murder association."
What this man refers to is the ceasion of my lection at a national convention in Boston in August, 1884, as president of the Irish National League of America, an organization which emcountry, both lay and clerical, of all religious denominations. But it is customary with the party and the class to which Major Saunderson belongs to misrepresent. Major Saunderson pretended to quote from the Irish World an account of a supper given in calabration of the count of a supper given in celebration of the Phoentx Park murders, at which he had the mendacity to say I presided. Not only did I never preside at such a supper, but I never even heard of any such calchartion." heard of any such celebration.

THE MANITOBA LEGISLATURE. OPENING OF THE HOUSE YESTERDAY—THE SPEECH

FROM THE THRONE. WINNIPEG, April 14.-The first session of the sixth legislature of Manitona was opened this afternoon. When the proceedings opened Hon. Mr. Norquay moved the appointment of Mr. Giass, Q.C., as Speaker, and the appointment was sauctioned by the House. The Lieut.-Governor then read the following speech from

Sovereign's accession to the throne, you will be called upon with other loyal subjects of the Crown to join in thankfulness that Her Gracious Majesty has been spared to preside over the destinies of the Empire for so langthened a period, and in earnest prayer that her health may remain long unimpaired to enable her to at 20c, and choice new Eastern Township dairy

A RAILWAY TO THE BOUNDARY, You will be asked to give your attention to the passage of a measure to authorize the Government of the province to construct and operate or lease a line of railway from the city of Winnipeg to a point at or near the town of West Lyane.

THE HUDSON'S BAY BOAD.

You will also be asked to give your consideration to the means best calculated in your judgment to expedite the completion of the Winnipeg & Hudson's Bay Railway, forty miles of which, I am happy to say, have been constructed and rendered fit for operation through aid extended to the company under the provisions of "The Railway Aid Act, 1885."

BAILWAY EXTENSION.

I congratulate you also on the extension of the railway system of the Province, under the provisions of the above mentioned act, by which the western section of Manitoba has been furnished with facilities which, if not all that could be desired, have placed many settlers within accessible reach of markets where they can dispose of their surplus produce.

AN APPEAL TO THE THRONE.

You will be asked to provide the necessary authority for an appeal to the Imperial Government for relief, should the policy of disallowing railway charters, intended to operate wholly within the limits of the old Province of Manitoba, be persisted in by the Federal authorities. THE LEGISLATIVE PROGRAMME.

Your attention will be invited to the revision and consolidation of the surrozate and county courts acts, and to acts amending the election, municipal, real property, liquor license, insane asylum and agricultural statistics and health

THE PUBLIC ACCOUNTS.

I will direct that the public accounts of the past and the estimates of the ensuing fiscal year be laid before you at an early day. THE IMMIGRATION BOOM.

I also congratulate you on the increased num ber of immigrants arriving daily, a greate portion of whom are taking up homes within the provinces. You will be a ked in this respect to provide additional m and of informa-tion with a view to induce as many as possible to avail themselves of the advantages offered by the province as a home for the immigrant,

THE CIVIL SERVICE. A recreanization of the civil service is now under process by which a material reduction will be effected in that branch of the public ad

ministration. I now leave you to the consideration of these and other measures that will be submitted to you in the full assurance that they will be dealt with by you in a manier to reflect credit upon yourselves and advantage to the

THE CONSERVATIVES UNITED. The split in the Conservative ranks was fixed up to-day, and the Government now have a majority.

COMMERCE.

Weekly Review of Montreal Wholesale Markets.

In a retail way a good spring business is being transacted. Travellers for wholesale houses report well. Transactions are only fair.

FLOUR, GRAIN, &c.

FLOUR-During the past few days there has been a little more business on local account with sales reported of car lots of superior at with sales reported of car lots of superior at \$3.90 to \$4, of extra at \$3.75 to \$3.80, and of spring extra at \$3.45. We quote:—Patent \$4.20 to \$4.65; Strong Bakers' (American), \$4.40 to \$4.65; Strong Bakers' (Canada), \$4.00 to \$4.65; Strong Bakers' (Canada), \$4.00 to \$4.10; Superior Extra, \$3.90 to \$4.00; Extra Superfine, \$3.70 to \$3.80; Fancy, \$3.55 to \$3.60; Spring Extra, \$3.45 to \$3.50; Superfine, \$3.10 to \$3.20; Fine, \$2.75 to \$2.85; Middlings, \$2.15 to \$2.30; Pollards, \$1.90 to \$2.00; Ontario bags (strong) b. i., \$1.75 to \$1.85; Ontario bags (spring extra), \$1.60 to \$1.70; Ontario bags (superfine), \$1.35 to \$1.50; City Strong in sacks of 140 lbs. (per 196 lbs.), \$4.35 to \$4.40. OATMEAL, &C.—The sale is reported of a car OATMEAL, &C.—The sale is reported of a car load of ordinary oatmeal at \$3.95, and we quote as follows:—Car lots \$3 90 to \$3.95 per bbl, and jobbing lots at \$4.00 to \$4.25. Granulated, \$4.25 to \$4.50; in bars, \$2.00 to \$3.95 per bbl, and control of \$4.25 to \$4.50; in bars, \$4.00 to \$4.00 \$4.25. Granulated, \$4.25 to \$4.50; in bass, \$2.00 to \$2.10 for ordinary, \$2.10 to \$2.25 for granulated. Cornmeal, \$2.30 to \$2.50 per bbl Baan—The market is pretty bare of stock and prices have advanced fully \$1 per too, sales being reported at \$17 in car lots and \$17.50 in brok n lots. Shorts at \$17.50 to \$18 and middlings

WHEAT-The only feature of any importance

on this continent is the speculative deal in Chicago, for May Celivery. In this market there is virtually no change, and prices are nominally quoted as follows for May:—No. 2 red and white winter wheat 90c to 91c, and No. 1 hard Marieba wheat 90c to 91c. In the State l hard Manitoba wheat 94c to 95c. In the Strat ford district prices are quoted at 80c to 81c. No. 2 Canada red and white wheat is quoted at 950 to 97c c.i.f. Liverpuol. CORN.-Market unchanged at 49c May in

bond and 55c duty paid. PEAS—The market has ruled quiet, with last sales in the Stratford district reported at 51c per 60 lbs. Here prices are quoted at 66c to 67c

OATS—The market shows no animation either for present or May delivery, and prices may be considered purely nominal at 25c to 27c per 32

BARLEY. - Dul'ness continues to characterize this market, and prices are unchanged at 55c to 57c for malting and 40c to 45c for fe d. RYE.-A few loads have been prought in by armers which have sold at about 50e per bushel In large quantities, however, we learn of business at 52c, about 10,000 bushels changing hands at that figure. BUCKWHEAT.—There is very little to report in

this market, and prices are nominally quoted at 42c to 43c per 48 lbs.

Malt.—A few sales have been reported for out-of-town destination at 85c to 90c for Mont-

real, and Ontario milt is quoted at 70c to 80c.
SEEDS.—There is a good demand for Canadian timothy seed, with sales reported at \$2.70 to \$2.75 per bushel.

A number of lots have been brought in by farmers during the past week. Red clover seed is quiet but steady at \$5.50 to \$6.00 per bushel, and Alsike at from \$5.75 to \$6.25. Flax seed has changed hands at from \$1.05 to \$1.20 as to quantity and quality.

PROVISIONS, &c.

PORK, LARD, &c.—Although trade in hog products cannot be called brisk, a moderately fair volume of business is passing at steady prices. In Montreal short cut mess pork, sales have been made at \$17.75 to \$18.00 per bbl, round lots being offered at \$17.50, Canada short cut clear has sold at \$18.00, and Chicago do. is quoted at \$17.50 to \$18.00. Lard is steady with business in American pails at 10c to 10 c per lb, and in Canadian at 9 c to 9 c. Smoked meats have met with good enquiry and considerable quantities of hams have been sold Attrodon. When the proceedings opened Hon. Mr. Norquay moved the appointment of Mr. Giass, Q.C., as Speaker, and the appointment was sauctioned by the House. The Lieut. Governor then read the following speech from the throne:—

Mr. Speaker and Gentlemen of the Legislative Assembly:

I have much pleasure in meeting you on the opening of this, the first session of the sixth legislature of the province. The present year being tho fiftieth anniversary of our beloved Sovereign's accession to the throne, you will be called upon with other loyal subjects of the

DAIRY PRODUCE

BUTTER. -There has been a decided decline in creamery, sales of the goods having over made

continue to fill the his OLIC CHRON as at 20c. Old Townships are difficult to rell at a ruler.

at 20c. Old Townships are difficult to rell at over 18c, and we quote 15c to 18c as to quality. In Western a round lot was offered to a Lower Ports buyer at 14½c, with the privilege of selecting, but the offer had not been accepted yesterday. We quote prices easy and lower, with a

still further decime expected .—Creamery, 18c to 20c; Town-hips, 15c to 18c; Morrisburg, 15c to 17c; Brockville, 15: to 17c; Western, 13c to

15c; low grades, 10c to 12c, western, 15c; low grades, 10c to 12c.

ROLL BOTTER.—New rolls are being placed at 18c to 20c in baskers. Old rolls are difficult to sell, prices of which range from 14c to 16c.

prices of which range from 14c to 16c.

CHERSE.—We quite round lots of fine fall cheese at 13c to 13½ and jobbing lots at 13½ to 14c. The shipments from Portland last week were 6,559 boxes, against 10,801 boxes for the corresponding week last year. About 600 boxes were shipped last week via Boston.

COUNTRY PRGDUCE.

Eggs.-Receipts since Easter have been light, and stocks here at the present time are not large, nevertheless, so steady and so continuous has been the decline in values right from the beginning of the season that it seems as though there was no checking it, and we have to second a still lower range than was corrent a week ago, sales in cales and burnels being made within the past day or two as low as 12½c., and we quote 12½c. to 13c., with a feeling amongst holders that prices have touched bottom for the present.

that prices have touched bottom for the present.

BRANS.—The market remains quiet at \$1.15
to \$1.35 as to quality.

HONEY.—A lot of 250 lbs. f Canadian in comb
was sold at 13½c in 2 lb boxes, and we quote 13½
to 15c as to quantity and quality. California in
60 lb boxes is quo e1 t 13c to 14c. Strained
honey is difficult to sell at 8 to 10c per lb.

HOPS.—The market is dull and brewers have
the advantage in prices whenever a trade is

the savantare in prices whenever a trade is consumma ed English, Pavarian, New York consumma.ed English, Favarian, New York State and Californian hops are offered at very reasonable figures, ranging all the way from 16c to 25c per lb. as to quality. Canadian hops appear to be out of the question in these days, the last sale we heard of being a small lot of

1885 growth at 6c.
POTATOES.—Market steady and prices are quoted at 80 to 90c per bag as to quantity and quality. Onions-Red onions \$3 per bbl, in round

lots, and at \$3.50 for small lots.

CABBAGES—Quiet at \$2.50 to \$4.00 per 100 as to size and quality.

Ashes—During the past week or ten days the price of first rots has advanced 25c to 30c per 100 lbs. to \$4.40.

FRUITS, &c.

APPLES.-The market is very firm and prices are gradually tending to a higher basi, in sympathy with the improvement in the principal centres on this continent. We quote:—Fig. centres on this continent. We quote:—Fine stock in round lots \$4, with common to fair \$3 to \$3.50. In jobcing lots sales have been made of choice vareties at \$4.50 to \$5 per bbl. EVAPORATED APPLES—The market remains steady at 13dc to 14c, small lots having been placed at 15c Dried apples steady at 5c to 6c

PINE APPLES.—The receipts are fair for the season, and sales of fine fruit have transpired at 28c to 30c each wholesale.

at 28c to 30c each wholesale.

DATES.—There is a quiet market in this fruit, and prices are unchanged at 5c to 6c.

ORANGES—The market is firm at \$5.75 to \$6 per case for Valencias, sales being reported at both figures. A lot of handsome Fiorida oranges, and the properties of the sales are required and the sales are put up in splendid style, has been received and sold at high prices.

LEMONS.—The demand is still limited, but

prices are steady at about last week's prices, sales having been made for shipment West at \$4 to \$4.25, per box; cases are quoted at Bananas.—This fruit is still arriving, but it meets with restricted sale, and prices are quoted as follows:—Reds, \$1 to \$1.50 per bunch; Jamaica at \$1.50 to \$5.50, and Aspinwalls at

\$4.50 to \$5.00.
COCOANUTS.—The demand is improving and rices are steady at \$5.50 to \$6.00 per 100.

GENERAL MARKETS.

SALT FISH.-The market has been cleared of green codfish, all of which in first hands has been bought up for shipment, at \$1.62½ for No.

1. Prices are therefore nominal. A few small lots of dry cod have been placed at about \$2.75 to \$3 per quintal, but supplies are very In herrings there have been sales of Cape Breton and Labrador at \$4.50 to \$5. We quote prices more or less nominal as follows:—Labrador herring \$4.25 to \$5.00; New-foundland and French shore herring, \$4.00 to \$4.25; salman quiet at \$19.50 to \$20 for No. 1, and at \$17 for No. 2. In barrels, No. 1 is quoted at \$14, and No. 2 at \$13 to 13.50.

FISH OIL.—The market is quiet all round, and prices in the absence of an important movement are unchanged as follows: Steam refined seal 47 to 49c. Newfoundland cod at 38c. to 40c., and Halifax at 34c. to 36c. Cod liver oil 65c. to 75c.

HARD COAL .- An unsually brisk demand has been experienced for this season of the year, which has made a considerable shrinkage in stocks at the yards. Prices are firm as follows: \$6.50 for stove, \$6.25 for chestnut, and \$6.00 for egg and furnace, per 2,000 lbs. delivered. SOFT COAL. - There has been additional busing ness in Cape Breton coal for future delivery, notwithstanding the large quantities that had previously been so d, and we quote Cape Breton at \$2.95 to \$3.15 per 2,240 lbs.

Horse Marker—The horse market has been quieter, owing to the bad condition of the roads, which has prevented farmers coming to market with their horses : but a fair amount of sales have been made to city and American buyers. A general opinion prevails among horse dealers that there will be a large in rease in the norse trade this season.

HAY, STRAW AND FEED .- Owing to the condition of the country roads the receipts of hay have been light, and the market has ruled stronger, and prices have advanced under good We quote choice timothy at \$12 and enquiry. We quote choice timothy at \$12 and sinferior at \$9 per hundred bundles. In pressed hay there has been more doing owing to the light offerings of loose hay, but prices are unchanged at \$12 for No. 1, \$11 for No. 2, and \$10 for No. 3 per ton in large quantities. The sup-ply of straw was light and prices were higher at \$4 to \$7 per hundred bundles as to quality. The demand for feed has fallen off some but values are steady at \$22 per ton for moulee, \$16 to \$16.50 per ton for bran, and \$17 to \$17. 50 per ton for shorts. HIDES AND SKINS-In hides and skins we

have no change in prices to aunounce; but they are, if anything, weaker, in view of the tone of the market for the West and the slight demand made by tanners. Sheepskins are somewhat stronger owing to the increased quantity of wool they carry. Calfskins are in light demand and there are more numerous offerings. LEATHER.-This branch of business continues moderately active with a steady enquiry for most descriptions. Heavy buff is in good de-

mand and stocks are small. Spanish and slaughter are also in steady request at quotatious. Prices continue anchanged. Woor.-The demand for wool continues in very moderate compass and no change in prices has taken place. We quote:—Cape at 15c to 17½c; Australia at from 17½c to 23c.

Boots and Shoes.-Manufacturers are still busy fitting up stocks and preparing to send out their travellers. Remittances are fairly good, and as soon as the country roads get better an excellent business is anticipated, the trade being well pleased with the indications.

TEACHER WANTED-FOR S. S. No. 6, Monteagle and Wicklow, a Teacher (Male or Female), holding a Second or Third Class Certificate. Salary \$20 per month. Duties to commence immediately. Furnish Testimonials.
Address, EDWARD LEVECK, Sec. Treas., Greenview P. O., Ont., County Hastings. Greenview, April 11th, 1887.

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All new Spring Ulsters imported direct from the European market. The above goods are made up in very latest style and newest

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NEW LONG	DOLMANS DOLMANS DOLMANS DOLMANS DOLMANS DOLMANS DOLMANS DOLMANS	3.00 3.50 4.06 4.50 5.25 5.75 6.25 9.00 10.00	
NEW LONG NEW LONG	DOLMANS	11.50 13.00	
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Just put to stock five cases New Spring Dol-mans at the above prices. Never before offered such a large variety of Patterns, ready to show them on Monday morning. S. CARSLEY.

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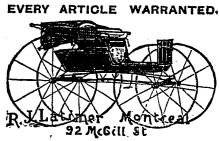
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