



This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kind, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test short weight cheap imitations. Sold only in cans. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 WALL ST. N. Y.

HEALY SUSPENDED FOR RESSENTING A CHARGE MADE BY MAJOR SAUNDERSON.

Plain Language and Lively Scenes—Mr. Healy Withdraws from the House Amid Cheers—Sexton and Redmond Take Up the Charge and Force Saunderson to Withdraw His Offensive Expressions—Harcourt's Speech for Irish Self-Government.

LONDON, April 15.—Sir William Vernon Harcourt, resuming the debate on the Coercion Bill in the House of Commons this afternoon, said the present alliance between the Liberals and Parnellites was based on the Liberal recognition of the fact that the wisest policy in Irish affairs lay in the acceptance of some form of Irish government which would tend to satisfy the Irish people. He twitted Lord Randolph Churchill and Mr. Chamberlain with having secretly consulted Mr. Parnell, seeking to make an alliance between the Liberals and Parnellites referring to the conspiracy and Whiteboy clauses of the proposed act, Sir William declared that they sapped the foundation of all personal liberty, and would even debar Irishmen from forming business combinations to defend their existing rights. The spirit in which the Government would administer the coercion act if it were passed was sufficiently shown in the appointment of Col. King Harman to the Parliamentary under-secretaryship for Ireland. By this appointment the Government had declared themselves to be the partisans of the landlords, and determined to administer the bill as the agents of the landowners in Ireland, thus becoming instruments to stimulate the worst passions of the people and their bitterest religious prejudices. The bill would fail to suppress the Irish National League because the people of Ireland believed in the league and trusted it. The effect of the enforcement of the bill would be to make the Government more detested and the league more popular than ever. As to the Tory and Liberal Unionists' taunt about

again addressing Saunderson, exclaimed:—"If I only met you outside the door of this house I would thrash you within an inch of your life." The excitement was again renewed. The Speaker arose and addressed the House, but his voice was inaudible above the din. When quiet had been somewhat restored the Speaker said that unless Mr. Sexton withdrew his expressions he would be compelled to assist him in his duty, adding that he was willing to do anything in his power to allay the bad feeling. (Cheers.) The Speaker then pointedly asked Mr. Saunderson whether he charged Mr. Sexton with associating with murderers.

SAUNDERSON WITHDRAWS. Mr. Saunderson, after several evasive answers, which were interrupted by loud cries of "Answer," "Answer the Speaker's question," etc., eventually withdrew the words he had used. The Speaker then asked Mr. Sexton to withdraw his expression, at the same time adding: "I cannot conceal from myself the fact that the provocation has been very great." (Cheers.) Mr. Sexton then formally withdrew his expression. Mr. Leake, member for Lanca-hire, suggested that Mr. Healy be recalled. The Speaker said that nothing could be done in the matter until the next sitting. Mr. Sexton thereupon gave notice that at the next sitting of the House he would move that the suspension of Mr. Healy be revoked. (Cheers.) Mr. Saunderson then resumed his speech. He said that Mr. Sexton was present at the meeting at which Mr. Egan was made secretary of America. Mr. Sexton rose to a point of order and the Speaker advised Mr. Saunderson to withdraw the offensive expression.

ANOTHER SCENE OF CONFUSION ENSUED. Mr. Saunderson repeating the words, whereupon Mr. Sexton shouted: "The honorable gentleman is again a liar." The Speaker called upon both the members to withdraw their offensive remarks, which they did. Mr. Saunderson again resumed his speech and charged the Parnellites with various connections with Egan, Ford and other advocates of murder. At the conclusion of his speech Mr. Saunderson was greeted with cheers from the Conservative benches. The debate was then adjourned.

SPEAKER PEEL FRANKED. Mr. Healy was suspended for a week. The Daily News (Liberal), commenting on the occurrence in the House of Commons last night, says the Speaker deserves the greatest credit for the courtesy, impartiality and nice sense of critical occasion. Mr. Parnell will visit Ireland after the division is had in the House of Commons on the second reading of the Crimes bill, returning to London in time for the discussion of the bill in committee.

BIRMINGHAM CONVERTED. LONDON, April 16.—At Birmingham, last night, the election for the remaining delegates to the Liberal Unionist party in the return of all the Gladstonian candidates, with one exception, where Joseph Chamberlain was successful. The latter's three brothers were defeated.

AN INFAMOUS CONCOCTION. AUTHENTICITY OF THE ALLEGED PARNELL LETTER DENIED—SECOND READING OF THE CRIMES BILL TO-NIGHT.

LONDON, April 18.—A five-line whip published today urges the Conservatives to attend the meeting of the House of Commons to-night so as to be on hand to vote for the second reading of the Irish Crimes Act amendment bill. The members began to troop into the House at an unusually early hour to-day in order to secure seats, the belief being that another scene similar to that of Friday night will occur during the evening's session. The alleged letter of Mr. Parnell, supposed to have been addressed to Mr. Egan, relative to the Phoenix Park murder, which the Times published this morning, has caused immense excitement among all parties. In an interview to-day, Mr. Clancy, Parnellite member for Dublin County, branded the letter as an infamous concoction, and declared that it bears internal evidence of forgery. He said also that suspicion was already directed against a certain person as the forger. An Irish member of parliament departed for Dublin this morning to compare the handwriting in the letter attributed to Mr. Parnell with that of the person suspected.

The Globe, commenting on the alleged Parnell letter says:—"Until the horrible accusation that Mr. Parnell wrote the letter is proved, we shall discredit it." The Pall Mall Gazette says:—"Until the authenticity of the letter shall be absolutely proved there will be no need to discuss its contents." The St. James Gazette says:—"The letter is so grave a document that it will not do to regard it as genuine until Mr. Parnell shall be heard from concerning it."

LONDON, April 18th, 3.30 p.m.—The lobby of the House of Commons is crowded with members eagerly discussing the alleged Parnell letter. The Irish members indignantly declare it to be a forgery. Cain and Sir Henry James, both Liberal Unionists, were served in animated conversation over the letter.

CAINE NOT ABLE TO GET A HEARING FROM HIS CONSTITUENTS. LONDON, April 16.—Mr. Caine (Unionist), speaking at Barron last evening, said: "If the Crimes Bill was the only thing that the Government had proposed he would not keep them in office a single day by his vote. But the fact is that the Government had also proposed measures to remedy the agrarian difficulty, which he believed would be successful. They would, therefore, by the help of closure, cause the obstructive tactics of Mr. Gladstone, Caine's address was interrupted by an almost continuous uproar of hisses and cheers, which was not over until he had said: "Turn him out," etc. Endeavors were made to pass a resolution in favor of Mr. Gladstone, Mr. Caine meanwhile appealing to his constituents to hear him.

HERAT IN DANGER. THE RUSSIAN ADVANCE ON INDIA. LONDON, April 18.—The Ameer of Afghanistan, in refusing to comply with a request from the Governor of Badakshan for 15,000 troops, fearing a Russian attack, says that he must concentrate every soldier in the army around Herat, where a surprise is expected daily. He says English help may come too late or not at all, as the British Government may select Candahar as the first place to stop the Russian advance.

NEW YORK, April 18.—Large and enthusiastic meetings were held last night at Savannah, Ga., and Topeka, Kansas, to protest against the Irish Coercion Bill.

CARDIFF, April 13.—A mass meeting here yesterday adopted resolutions denouncing the Crimes Act.

Large and enthusiastic mass meetings were held on Monday night at Savannah, Ga., and Topeka, Kansas, to protest against the Irish Coercion Bill.

HARRISBURG, Pa., April 13.—The Senate has adopted the resolution denouncing the Coercion Bill now pending before the British Parliament and extending the sympathy of the Pennsylvania Senate to Gladstone and Parnell.

Mr. Sexton interrupting, asked Major Saunderson whether he (Saunderson) persisted in his statement or would withdraw it? Major Saunderson replied that Sheridan was a member of the executive committee of which the member for West Belfast (Mr. Sexton) was also a member. (Loud cries of "withdraw.")

Mr. Sexton—Did I know him to be a murderer? Did I ever associate with a man whom I knew to be a murderer? (Cheers and a voice "Withdraw, you murderer.")

Major Saunderson—"I said that Sheridan was on the committee and against him a resolution was found for complicity in the Phoenix park murders. The committee must have known what kind of a man he was."

Here, Mr. Sexton, springing to his feet, shouted: "I say you are a willful, cowardly liar."

THEN THERE WAS ANOTHER UPROAR. The Parnellites all rose and cheered frantically, waving their hats in the air. As soon as there was a chance to be heard Mr. Sexton,

### THE COERCION BILL.

#### Hartington and Goschen Define the Position of the Unionists.

#### The Policy of the Government Denounced—Sir Vernon Harcourt—The Birmingham Rat Hoop at Inverness.

LONDON, April 17.—The Marquis of Hartington, speaking at Edinburgh last night, contended that there had been no change in the political situation since the Gladstone Government of 1868-73, except an increase in the Irish representation which was always known to be inevitable and could be discounted, to justify the Liberals in supporting the same Parnellite tactics which they then opposed. It had been said that the Unionists' policy was a negative one. This he denied, though, in his opinion, it would be a mistake for a small interested party to attempt to treat a positive and definite policy as a fact that they, through a practical alliance, had induced the Conservative party to propose remedial measures for Ireland far in advance of the Conservative idea and even in advance of what the bulk of the Liberals a few years ago considered necessary. Lord Hartington believed the time had arrived when it was possible for Unionists to act as a party or to propose a final solution of the difficulty. Before that time arrives the revolutionary party in Ireland, supported by the still more revolutionary party in America, must be confronted and overthrown. "That conflict," the speaker said, "is now being renewed and must be cleared in any way or other. The field will be vacant for the final solution of either of the agrarian questions which are the real root of the Irish troubles, or for the concession to the Irish people of those extended powers of self-government which we, as well as any other portion of the people of the kingdom, are perfectly willing to grant to Ireland, Scotland or England." (Loud cheers.)

#### MR. GOSCHEN SPEAKS.

Mr. Goschen also made an address. He defended the alliance between the Unionist and Conservative as an alliance of convenience, and said that the Separatists of all shades, some of whom were very black indeed. He saw with sorrow the tendency of the Gladstonians to adopt and support the sinister methods inaugurated by the National League. Boycotting, which was formerly confined to Ireland, was beginning to be defended by English politicians. (Cheers.)

Mr. Harcourt, in the present situation in which we have been obliged to abandon a leader whom we all admired. There is more at stake in the present situation than the unity and integrity of the Empire. The moral is of politics are at stake, and the crisis is a grave one. When the Separatist party is calling to aid the forces of the revolution, it is the duty of the Unionists to call to their aid all those ordinarily holding aloof from politics."

#### SAUNDERSON DEFENDED.

Joseph Chamberlain, upon his arrival at Inverness, was greeted with mingled looks and cheers. Referring to an address, after referring to the daily demoralization of Parliament, he said the accusations made by Mr. Saunderson against the Irish Nationalists were true. It was high time that the opinion of the kingdom was made known about these scenes. Mr. Chamberlain's remarks were generally a repetition of his previous speeches.

#### THE ANTI-COERCION CAMPAIGN.

Sir William Vernon Harcourt, addressing a meeting of 4,000 persons in Derby (his constituency) to-day, asserted that the present was the first time an English Government had ever proposed to make a Coercion bill perpetual. When the Liberal Government proposed a repressive measure Joseph Chamberlain was most emphatic in insisting that the bill should run the briefest possible period. The meeting unanimously adopted a resolution protesting against the passage of the Coercion bill. Mr. Herbert Gladstone, Sir Lyon Playfair and Thomas Power O'Connor addressed mass and overflow meetings to protest against the Coercion bill at Leeds to-day.

#### CHAMBERLAIN OUTWITTED.

LONDON, April 17.—The Liberal Association of Birmingham, on Monday, yesterday rejected the Unionist proposal, and after a stormy scene and futile endeavors to adjourn postponed, by a large majority, a resolution protesting against the Coercion bill.

#### DUBLIN, April 17.—At Limerick to-day 60,000 persons joined in a demonstration against the coercion bill. The mayor presided. A long procession led by the municipal authority marched to the place of meeting. A resolution denouncing the coercion bill was passed.

#### COWARDLY SAUNDERSON.

EARL SPENCER AND PATRICK EGAN DENT HIS CHARGES AGAINST MR. SAUNDERSON.

LONDON, April 16.—Earl Spencer, who was Lord lieutenant of Ireland under Mr. Gladstone's administration, in an interview to-day with Charles Augustus Conynbare, Radical member of Parliament for Cornwall, stated that he knew from his own experience, and nobody could possibly know better, that it was absolutely untrue that any members of the Irish Parliamentary party were murderers or associates of murderers, as had been charged by Major Saunderson in the House of Commons.

COLON, Neb., April 17.—Patrick Egan, ex-president of the Irish National League of America, in an interview regarding the attack made upon him in the House of Commons on Friday night, said: "On several occasions Major Saunderson, who is brutal, aggressive and un-empirical, has been convicted by Mr. Healy and others of deliberately stating that which was not true and of grossly misrepresenting and properly branded on Friday night by Mr. Sexton as a willful and cowardly liar. Major Saunderson charged Mr. Sexton with being present when I was elected president of what he called 'The Clan-na-Gael murder association.' What this man refers to is the cessation of my lecture at a national convention of the Irish National League of America, an organization which embraces some of the very best citizens of this country, both lay and clerical, of all religious denominations. But it is customary with the party and the class to which Major Saunderson belongs to misrepresent. Major Saunderson pretends to quote from the Irish World an account of a supper given in celebration of the Phoenix Park murders, at which he had the audacity to say I presided. Not only did I never preside at such a supper, but I never even heard of any such celebration."

#### THE MANITOBA LEGISLATURE.

OPENING OF THE HOUSE YESTERDAY—THE SPEECH FROM THE THRONE.

WINNIPEG, April 14.—The first session of the sixth legislature of Manitoba was opened this afternoon. When the proceedings opened Hon. Mr. Norquay moved the appointment of Mr. Gies, Q. C., as Speaker, and the appointment was sanctioned by the House. The Lieutenant-governor then read the following speech from the throne:

Mr. Speaker and Gentlemen of the Legislative Assembly: I have much pleasure in meeting you on the opening of this, the first session of the sixth legislature of the province. The present year being the fiftieth anniversary of our beloved Sovereign's accession to the throne, you will be called upon with other loyal subjects of the Crown to join in thankfulness to Her Gracious Majesty the Queen as presiding over the destinies of the Empire for lengthened a period, and in earnest prayer that her health may remain long unimpaired to enable her to

### THE POLIC CHIEF.

#### A RAILWAY TO THE BOUNDARY.

#### THE HUDSON'S BAY ROAD.

#### RAILWAY EXTENSION.

#### COUNTY PRGDUCE.

#### AN APPEAL TO THE THRONE.

#### THE LEGISLATIVE PROGRAMME.

#### THE PUBLIC ACCOUNTS.

#### THE IMMIGRATION BOOM.

#### THE CIVIL SERVICE.

#### THE CONSERVATIVES UNITED.

#### COMMERCE.

#### FLOUR, GRAIN, &c.

#### GENERAL MARKETS.

#### HAY, STRAW AND FEED.

#### HIDES AND SKINS.

#### LEATHER.

#### Wool.

#### BOOTS AND SHOES.

#### TEACHER WANTED.

#### DAIRY PRODUCE.

#### PORK, LARD, &c.

#### PROVISIONS, &c.

#### WHEAT.

#### CORN.

#### PEAS.

#### OATS.

#### BARLEY.

#### BUCKWHEAT.

#### MALT.

#### SEEDS.

#### BUTTER.

to fill the hole with her virtues as a ruler. You will be asked to give your attention to the passage of a measure to authorize the Government of the province to construct and operate or lease a line of railway from the city of Winnipeg to a point at or near the town of West Lyan.

You will also be asked to give your consideration to the means best calculated in your judgment to expedite the completion of the Winnipeg & Hudson's Bay Railway, forty miles of which, I am happy to say, have been constructed and extended to the company under the provisions of "The Railway Aid Act, 1885."

I congratulate you also on the extension of the railway system of the Province, under the provisions of the above mentioned act, by which the western section of Manitoba has been furnished with facilities which, if not all that could be desired, have placed many settlers within accessible reach of markets where they can dispose of their surplus produce.

You will be asked to provide the necessary authority for an appeal to the Imperial Government for relief, should the policy of disallowing railway charters, intended to operate wholly within the limits of the old Province of Manitoba, be persisted in by the Federal authorities.

Your attention will be invited to the revision and consolidation of the surrogate and county courts acts, and to acts amending the election, municipal, real property, liquor license, insane asylum and agricultural statistics and health acts.

I will direct that the public accounts of the past and the estimates of the ensuing fiscal year be laid before you at an early day.

I also congratulate you on the increased number of immigrants arriving daily, a greater portion of whom are taking up homes within the provinces. You will be asked in this respect to provide additional means of information with a view to induce as many as possible to avail themselves of the advantages offered by the province as a home for the immigrant.

A reorganization of the civil service is now under process by which a material reduction will be effected in that branch of the public administration. I now leave you to the consideration of these and other measures that will be submitted to you in the full assurance that they will be dealt with by you in a manner to reflect credit upon yourselves and advantage to the country.

The split in the Conservative ranks was fixed up to-day, and the Government now have a majority.

In a retail way a good spring business is being transacted. Travellers for wholesale houses report well. Transactions are fairly brisk.

FLOUR.—During the past few days there has been a little more business on local account with sales reported of car lots of superior at \$3.00 to \$4.00, extra at \$3.75 to \$3.80, and of inferior extra at \$3.45. We quote—Patent \$4.20 to \$4.65; Strong Bakers' (American) \$4.40 to \$4.65; Strong Bakers' (Manitoba) \$4.25 to \$4.35; Strong Bakers' (Canada) \$4.00 to \$4.10; Superior Extra, \$3.90 to \$4.00; Extra Superfine, \$3.70 to \$3.80; Fancy, \$3.55 to \$3.60; Spring Extra, \$3.45 to \$3.50; Superfine, \$3.30 to \$3.35; Fine, \$2.75 to \$2.80; Medium, \$2.15 to \$2.20; Pollard, \$1.90 to \$2.00; Ontario bags (strong) b. i., \$1.75 to \$1.85; Ontario bags (superfine), \$1.35 to \$1.50; City Strong in sacks of 140 lbs. (per 196 lbs.), \$1.35 to \$1.40.

OATMEAL, &c.—The sale is reported of a car load of ordinary oatmeal at \$3.35, and we quote as follows: Car lots, \$3.90 to \$3.95 per bushel, and jobbing lots at \$4.00 to \$4.25. Bran, \$4.25 to \$4.50; in haza \$2.00 to \$2.10 for ordinary, \$2.10 to \$2.25 for granulated. Cornmeal, \$2.30 to \$2.50 per bushel.

WHEAT.—The only feature of any importance on this continent is the speculative deal in Chicago, for May delivery. In this market there is virtually no change, and prices are nominally quoted as follows for May:—No. 2 red and white winter wheat 90c to 91c, and No. 1 hard Manitoba wheat 94c to 95c. In the Stratford district prices are quoted at 80c to 81c. No. 2 Canada red and white wheat is quoted at 85c to 97c c.i.f. Liverpool.

CORN.—Market unchanged at 48c May in bond and 50c duty paid.

PEAS.—The market has ruled quiet, with last sales in the Stratford district reported at 51c per 60 lbs. Here prices are quoted at 60c to 61c per 60 lbs. May.

OATS.—The market shows no animation either for present or May delivery, and prices may be considered purely nominal at 25c to 27c per 32 lbs.

NEW BEADED GRENADE MANTLES. NEW BEADED GRENADE MANTLES. NEW BEADED GRENADE MANTLES. NEW BEADED GRENADE MANTLES. NEW BEADED GRENADE MANTLES. NEVER had such a large stock as this season. Now showing the Latest Novelties in Mantles and Costumes, from London, Paris, and New York. Customers are invited to visit our Show Rooms, being the largest in Canada.

S. CARSLY.

\$3.00. Black and Colored Ulsters. \$ 9.55  
3.50. Black and Colored Ulsters. 10.00  
3.75. Black and Colored Ulsters. 10.50  
4.00. Black and Colored Ulsters. 10.75  
4.25. Black and Colored Ulsters. 11.00  
4.50. Black and Colored Ulsters. 11.25  
4.75. Black and Colored Ulsters. 11.50  
5.00. Black and Colored Ulsters. 11.75  
5.25. Black and Colored Ulsters. 12.00  
5.50. Black and Colored Ulsters. 12.25  
5.75. Black and Colored Ulsters. 12.50  
6.00. Black and Colored Ulsters. 12.75  
6.25. Black and Colored Ulsters. 13.00  
6.50. Black and Colored Ulsters. 13.25  
6.75. Black and Colored Ulsters. 13.50  
7.00. Black and Colored Ulsters. 13.75  
7.25. Black and Colored Ulsters. 14.00  
7.50. Black and Colored Ulsters. 14.25  
7.75. Black and Colored Ulsters. 14.50  
8.00. Black and Colored Ulsters. 14.75  
8.25. Black and Colored Ulsters. 15.00  
8.50. Black and Colored Ulsters. 15.25

All new Spring Ulsters imported direct from the European market. The above goods are made up in very latest style and newest materials.

S. CARSLY.

NEW LONG DOLMANS \$2.40  
NEW LONG DOLMANS 3.00  
NEW LONG DOLMANS 3.50  
NEW LONG DOLMANS 4.00  
NEW LONG DOLMANS 4.50  
NEW LONG DOLMANS 5.00  
NEW LONG DOLMANS 5.50  
NEW LONG DOLMANS 6.00  
NEW LONG DOLMANS 6.50  
NEW LONG DOLMANS 7.00  
NEW LONG DOLMANS 7.50  
NEW LONG DOLMANS 8.00  
NEW LONG DOLMANS 8.50  
NEW LONG DOLMANS 9.00  
NEW LONG DOLMANS 9.50  
NEW LONG DOLMANS 10.00  
NEW LONG DOLMANS 10.50  
NEW LONG DOLMANS 11.00  
NEW LONG DOLMANS 11.50  
NEW LONG DOLMANS 12.00

Just put to stock five cases New Spring Dolmans at the above prices. Never before offered such a large variety of Patterns, ready to show them on Monday morning.

S. CARSLY.

SPRING COSTUMES  
SPRING COSTUMES  
SPRING COSTUMES  
SPRING COSTUMES  
SPRING COSTUMES

SPRING TAILOR-MADE SUITS  
SPRING TAILOR-MADE SUITS  
SPRING TAILOR-MADE SUITS  
SPRING TAILOR-MADE SUITS  
SPRING TAILOR-MADE SUITS

Stock of Spring Costumes and Tailor-made Suits is now complete. Customers are invited to visit our Show Rooms. Ladies will not only find the cheapest but the largest variety to choose from, at special prices.

S. CARSLY.

### BUGGIES

PHETONS, SURRYS, JUMP SEATS, Villago and Road Carts, Express and Farm Waggons

AND ALL KINDS OF Agricultural Implements. Cheaper than the Cheapest, Quality Considered. EVERY ARTICLE WARRANTED.

R. J. Legare Montreal 92 McGill St.

Or, P. F. LEGARE, 401 St. Vallier Street, St. Sauveur, Quebec, Que.

### LACE REMNANTS.

Don't get excited. Up with them very useful for trimming all kinds of underwear; they can also be used to advantage in ornamenting children's and infants' clothing, as each package contains a variety of laces in various lengths, from one yard up to three and four yards. Some of these Laces have been recently cut out of the damaged portions and into the perfect lace for the most delicate and beautiful uses. The remnants include the finest White Laces, Irish Torchon Laces, French Valenciennes, and Languedoc Cream Laces, Black Laces, and in fact, samples of almost every kind known to the trade. The manufacturer to which these Laces can be applied will appear to every lady reader of this paper, and will be glad to make an acceptable present, as no such bargain has heretofore been offered. Laces of two or more widths, having all kinds of undergarments; they can also be used to advantage in ornamenting children's and infants' clothing, as each package contains a variety of laces in various lengths, from one yard up to three and four yards. Some of these Laces have been recently cut out of the damaged portions and into the perfect lace for the most delicate and beautiful uses. The remnants include the finest White Laces, Irish Torchon Laces, French Valenciennes, and Languedoc Cream Laces, Black Laces, and in fact, samples of almost every kind known to the trade. The manufacturer to which these Laces can be applied will appear to every lady reader of this paper, and will be glad to make an acceptable present, as no such bargain has heretofore been offered. Laces of two or more widths, having all kinds of undergarments; they can also be used to advantage in ornamenting children's and infants' clothing, as each package contains a variety of laces in various lengths, from one yard up to three and four yards. Some of these Laces have been recently cut out of the damaged portions and into the perfect lace for the most delicate and beautiful uses. The remnants include the finest White Laces, Irish Torchon Laces, French Valenciennes, and Languedoc Cream Laces, Black Laces, and in fact, samples of almost every kind known to the trade. The manufacturer to which these Laces can be applied will appear to every lady reader of this paper, and will be glad to make an acceptable present, as no such bargain has heretofore been offered. Laces of two or more widths, having all kinds of undergarments; they can also be used to advantage in ornamenting children's and infants' clothing, as each package contains a variety of laces in various lengths, from one yard up to three and four yards. Some of these Laces have been recently cut out of the damaged portions and into the perfect lace for the most delicate and beautiful uses. The remnants include the finest White Laces, Irish Torchon Laces, French Valenciennes, and Languedoc Cream Laces, Black Laces, and in fact, samples of almost every kind known to the trade. The manufacturer to which these Laces can be applied will appear to every lady reader of this paper, and will be glad to make an acceptable present, as no such bargain has heretofore been offered. Laces of two or more widths, having all kinds of undergarments; they can also be used to advantage in ornamenting children's and infants' clothing, as each package contains a variety of laces in various lengths, from one yard up to three and four yards. Some of these Laces have been recently cut out of the damaged portions and into the perfect lace for the most delicate and beautiful uses. The remnants include the finest White Laces, Irish Torchon Laces, French Valenciennes, and Languedoc Cream Laces, Black Laces, and in fact, samples of almost every kind known to the trade. The manufacturer to which these Laces can be applied will appear to every lady reader of this paper, and will be glad to make an acceptable present, as no such bargain has heretofore been offered. Laces of two or more widths, having all kinds of undergarments; they can also be used to advantage in ornamenting children's and infants' clothing, as each package contains a variety of laces in various lengths, from one yard up to three and four yards. Some of these Laces have been recently cut out of the damaged portions and into the perfect lace for the most delicate and beautiful uses. The remnants include the finest White Laces, Irish Torchon Laces, French Valenciennes, and Languedoc Cream Laces, Black Laces, and in fact, samples of almost every kind known to the trade. The manufacturer to which these Laces can be applied will appear to every lady reader of this paper, and will be glad to make an acceptable present, as no such bargain has heretofore been offered. Laces of two or more widths, having all kinds of undergarments; they can also be used to advantage in ornamenting children's and infants' clothing, as each package contains a variety of laces in various lengths, from one yard up to three and four yards. Some of these Laces have been recently cut out of the damaged portions and into the perfect lace for the most delicate and beautiful uses. The remnants include the finest White Laces, Irish Torchon Laces, French Valenciennes, and Languedoc Cream Laces, Black Laces, and in fact, samples of almost every kind known to the trade. The manufacturer to which these Laces can be applied will appear to every lady reader of this paper, and will be glad to make an acceptable present, as no such bargain has heretofore been offered. Laces of two or more widths, having all kinds of undergarments; they can also be used to advantage in ornamenting children's and infants' clothing, as each package contains a variety of laces in various lengths, from one yard up to three and four yards. Some of these Laces have been recently cut out of the damaged portions and into the perfect lace for the most delicate and beautiful uses. The remnants include the finest White Laces, Irish Torchon Laces, French Valenciennes, and Languedoc Cream Laces, Black Laces, and in fact, samples of almost every kind known to the trade. The manufacturer to which these Laces can be applied will appear to every lady reader of this paper, and will be glad to make an acceptable present, as no such bargain has heretofore been offered. Laces of two or more widths, having all kinds of undergarments; they can also be used to advantage in ornamenting children's and infants' clothing, as each package contains a variety of laces in various lengths, from one yard up to three and four yards. Some of these Laces have been recently cut out of the damaged portions and into the perfect lace for the most delicate and beautiful uses. The remnants include the finest White Laces, Irish Torchon Laces, French Valenciennes, and Languedoc Cream Laces, Black Laces, and in fact, samples of almost every kind known to the trade. The manufacturer to which these Laces can be applied will appear to every lady reader of this paper, and will be glad to make an acceptable present, as no such bargain has heretofore been offered. Laces of two or more widths, having all kinds of undergarments; they can also be used to advantage in ornamenting children's and infants' clothing, as each package contains a variety of laces in various lengths, from one yard up to three and four yards. Some of these Laces have been recently cut out of the damaged portions and into the perfect lace for the most delicate and beautiful uses. The remnants include the finest White Laces, Irish Torchon Laces, French Valenciennes, and Languedoc Cream Laces, Black Laces, and in fact, samples of almost every kind known to the trade. The manufacturer to which these Laces can be applied will appear to every lady reader of this paper, and will be glad to make an acceptable present, as no such bargain has heretofore been offered. Laces of two or more widths, having all kinds of undergarments; they can also be used to advantage in ornamenting children's and infants' clothing, as each package contains a variety of laces in various lengths, from one yard up to three and four yards. Some of these Laces have been recently cut out of the damaged portions and into the perfect lace for the most delicate and beautiful uses. The remnants include the finest White Laces, Irish Torchon Laces, French Valenciennes, and Languedoc Cream Laces, Black Laces, and in fact, samples of almost every kind known to the trade. The manufacturer to which these Laces can be applied will appear to every lady reader of this paper, and will be glad to make an acceptable present, as no such bargain has heretofore been offered. Laces of two or more widths, having all kinds of undergarments; they can also be used to advantage in ornamenting children's and infants' clothing, as each package contains a variety of laces in various lengths, from one yard up to three and four yards. Some of these Laces have been recently cut out of the damaged portions and into the perfect lace for the most delicate and beautiful uses. The remnants include the finest White Laces, Irish Torchon Laces, French Valenciennes, and Languedoc Cream Laces, Black Laces, and in fact, samples of almost every kind known to the trade. The manufacturer to which these Laces can be applied will appear to every lady reader of this paper, and will be glad to make an acceptable present, as no such bargain has heretofore been offered. Laces of two or more widths, having all kinds of undergarments; they can also be used to advantage in ornamenting children's and infants' clothing, as each package contains a variety of laces in various lengths, from one yard up to three and four yards. Some of these Laces have been recently cut out of the damaged portions and into the perfect lace for the most delicate and beautiful uses. The remnants include the finest White Laces, Irish Torchon Laces, French Valenciennes, and Languedoc Cream Laces, Black Laces, and in fact, samples of almost every kind known to the trade. The manufacturer to which these Laces can be applied will appear to every lady reader of this paper, and will be glad to make an acceptable present, as no such bargain has heretofore been offered. Laces of two or more widths, having all kinds of undergarments; they can also be used to advantage in ornamenting children's and infants' clothing, as each package contains a variety of laces in various lengths, from one yard up to three and four yards. Some of these Laces have been recently cut out of the damaged portions and into the perfect lace for the most delicate and beautiful uses. The remnants include the finest White Laces, Irish Torchon Laces, French Valenciennes, and Languedoc Cream Laces, Black Laces, and in fact, samples of almost every kind known to the trade. The manufacturer to which these Laces can be applied will appear to every lady reader of this paper, and will be glad to make an acceptable present, as no such bargain has heretofore been offered. Laces of two or more widths, having all kinds of