Heitzman's observations, and publishes his views in the New York Microscopical Journal, going to show that blood corpuscles have no trabecular or fibrous appearance, but are made up of very minute granules or corpuscles, which Heitzman has mistaken for fibres, just as the old test objects, such as diatoms, and podura scales were at one time supposed to be striated, and are now known to have been so considered, because improperly observed -Chicago Medical Gazette.

A CRUCIAL TEST OF HOMEOPATHIC MEDI-CINES.—In the New York Homeopathic Times for March, 1880, is an account of a series of experiments instituted for the purpose of testing the effects of the thirtieth dilution of tincture of aconite. The project was set on foot in Milwaukee by a homeopathic society and carried out with great care. In the words of the originators, "the object of this test is to determine whether or not this preparation can produce any effect on the human organism, in health or disease." "A vial of pure sugar pellets, moistened with the thirtieth Hahnemanian dilution of aconite, and nine similar vials moistened with pure alcohol, so as to make them resemble the test pellets," were given to the prover, who was not to know which of the ten vials contained the aconite. vials were numbered from 1 to 10, and the prover was to administer them to individuals, sick or well, and to detect by the effects which of the vials contained the medicine. provided that "the provers must be physicians of decided ability, who possess a good knowledge of the recorded symptomatology of aconite, and who have faith in the efficacy of the thirtieth dilution." The project was widely announced, and the ten vial package was sent to each of twenty-five homeopathic physicians applying for them, scattered over a dozen different States. To guard against all possible fraud or trickery, the Rev. Geo. T. Ladd, Professor of Mental and Moral Philosophy in Bowdoin College, Maine, was selected to distribute the vials to applicants and to receive reports from them.

Now, all this was not only decidedly fair, but it was highly creditable to those who ven- of John A. Mackie, Esq., Merchant, Berlin

tured on an expirement involving so much peril to a favourite theory. One looks to the result with much interest. The result, so fa as it has transpired, appears in the report Mr. Ladd, which was not made until after the date allowed for the returns from the proven By his report it appears that only nine those gentlemen ventured on any answer what ever. Mr. Ladd's report is thus summarize in the general report made to the Milwauke Academy of Medicine—the body which original nated the project—and signed by Samuel Po ter, M.D., President, and Eugene F. Storke M.D., Secretary :-

Number of tests applied for and sent out. Number of tests which have been reported on

Number of tests in which the medicated vial was found.....

Be it remembered, that these statements not come from the opponents of homeopath but from its own adherents, and not from local or partial source, but from a select bod representing the more intelligent portion of We have never met with any evident more damaging to homeopathy. True, は blow strikes only at the infinitesimal phase the system, and not at the dogma of simil similibus; but it is also true that the head and front of homeopathy is the unphilosophic unscientific and absurd doctrine of potential tion, and not the theory implied by its title

We have observed no notice of this repo except in the journal named. It would appe that a general effort has been made to a press it. In the meeting of the New Yo State Homeopathic Society, lately held Albany, the report was refused acceptant The editor of the Times complains of this, st ing that common courtesy required its rece tion, though its adoption might have been fused. We do not worder, however, at the course. The pill was altogether too bitter homeopathic stomachs.

Lirths, Marriages, and Deaths.

MARRIED.

At Berlin, on the 17th day of June, Henry Lackner, M.B., of Berlin, to Nellis, eldest daught