THE VOTLE ON LIQUOR.
FoTE no! and the mother's heart will y leap,
"Ihe sister's tears bo dry:
The poor inebrinto clasp his hands
And raise his voice on high.
Yote yes! and the careworn hoart will break, The pale lip hush its prayor, Tho wretched drunkard, clamoring, haste
No realms of dark despair. To realms of dark despair.
Oh. then, by the life which God hath given, iby your power to curso or bless, By your fears of hell and hopes of heaven Let not your vote be Yes.
By the cherighed hearthstone's bitter wroug,
By the spirit's deathless woe ;
In the name of Cod and name of men,
Let evory vote be No.

## THE BOY PREACHER.

30
3
3.50
HE visit of this distinguished revivalist to Toronto has been accompanied by very happy results. Week after week the large Elm Street Ohurch has been filled and the altar crowded with penitent seekers of salvation. In the Sunday school as many as a hundred scholars at one time expressed their desire for salvation and purpose to seek it.

Mr. Iarrison is a very glight, deli-cato-looking, boyish figure. Buthe is a bundo of nerves and is ceaselessly ac-tive-exhorting, singing, praying, going around among the people and bringing seekers to the peustent bench in the old-fashioned Methodist style. From the Toronto Globe we quote the following account of this honoured worker for God:-
converted hy a plous motheris yorning prayers.
Mr. Harison, the "Boy Preacher," bas attracted so much altention gince bis arrival in Turunto that no doubt many have gladly availed themselves of every opportunity of knowing something about tho life and labour of one whose work has been so singularly successful. This cannot be denied, whatever theory may be sdopted as its most reasoarble explanaion. In the
little book by Rov. E Davies, giving little book by Rev. E Davics, giving
an account of Mr. Harrison's revival work, it is clear that he himself has but one theory of explanation, and that is the divine blessing on his labours, poured out in rich abundance. As the human agent of his success he gives all the prase under God to a saintly muther. It was her morning prayers, he says, that saved him. After his conversion his success in procuring conversions was as sudden as it was remarkable. At the very frst meeting a number of persuns gielded to his influence and underwent the blessod experiences of conversion, and ever since that time his labours have been wonderfully productive of fruit.
secret of mis success.
One who knew him intimately says: -"But if we would know the true secret of his power, we mast look beyond all such considerations. His siacerity, unction, confidence, simplicity, etc., all combined, do not settlo the question which we have started. He succeeds, as wo believe, because he is truly devout and pious, and is living in constant and closest followship with th Holy Ghost. He prays much in escret, and learns for bimself the method and fulness of salvation on his knethod

Mil. Habmison's methons
are thus described: A few minutes after eight oclock, the church being by that time potty well filled, Mi. Marrison entered aecgmpanied by his hearers from the vestry. Without delay he began the exercises with a hymn, leading the singing himself with great furvour. Liarnest prayer and stirring psalmedy followed one another in quick succession, Mr. Marrison's earnest appeals to "stand up" and
"cone forward" boing anything but "come forward" boing anything but unavailing. It was impossible to resist tho influence of the serne-the musie now swelling forth in loud tones of triumphant fuith and assurance, and now low and besecching as if imploring all anxious ones to delay no longer, but come at once; the intense enthusiasm of rhe revivalist, दreeting every fregh accegaion with a hoarty "Thank God, there's another;" and using personal solicitation to many to como furward and be prayed for. The mourn. ers' benches were soon filled, and tho special half-hour pray er-mecting in the vestry afterwards was an occasion of great rejoicing.

## TEMPERANOE IN SUNDAY.

## SCHOOIS.

Aview of the recommendation of the Sunday school Convention at Brockville, to the effect that Bands of Hope should be established in all Sunday-schools, a corresyondent suggests that temperance, as that Ford is now generally understoce, should be regularly taught in all such schools, and taat it should be brought regularly and prominently forward in the general excreises of the school at least onco a month, so that the children might bo thoroughly indoctrinated with sound pinctples on the point. The suggestion is a good one, though it is not to be lost sight of that whero the teachers are already total abstainers, this is now to a very great extent done, while from those who are not, it is scarcely to be expected, and though this may come round bye-and-bse, we are not a ware that any Church makes absolute adherence to total abstinence un indispensable prerequisito to being a Sunday-school teacher.-Globe.

## THE JUBLLEE SINGERS.

$5 p^{1}$HOSE who have heard the rorldfamous Jubilee Singers will be glad to learn that they are making another tour through
Canada. Although the company is not now einging for the interests of Fisk University, it should be remembered that they raised for that university over $\$ 150,000$; and owing to their liberal terms and great drawing nower, Churches, Young Men's Christian Associations, Libraries, Temperance and other organizations which have engsged them, have profited through their concerts, during the last four years, to the extent of over 360,000 . The Fisk Jubilee Singers were the originators of Jubilee music in concert work; it was their specialits, the one thing in which they could not be approached. The mission of the Fisk Jubilee Singers is to sing to the heart. Their "Steal away to Jesus" has brought tears to the eyes of
thousands-among others of our gracious Queen. It is a never-to be forgotten treat to hear them sing the great camp-meeting and Gospel hymns.

## A BOOK FOR BOYS.

C'aptains of Industry, or Men of Business who did something beside mahing money. By Janes Pabron. Pp. 399. Boston: Houphton, Millin \& Oo. Toronto: William Brigge. Prico $\$ 1.25$.
In thia book Mr. Parton, an accom plished writer for men as well as boys, has co lected forty-eight brief biographers ot famous men, whose lives are an inepiation to every reader. Amon: them are Elihu Burritt, Gerrit Smith, Richard Cubden, Jolm Bright, Rober, Dick, IIorace Greeley, Pettr Coopor, Su-Christopher Wren, Sir Moses Montefione, the philanthropic Jow whose hundredth birthday the civilized world is now celobr- gg with trabutes of honour and affecti, Most of these men began life poor, ..ad some of them died poor ; but their heroic examples will teach loys, and men too, how to overcome difficulties, and bless the world, and make their lives sublime. The book is elegantly bound and has eight portraits.

## GORDON'S DEFENCE OF <br> Kllartoum.

gpHE telegrams received and pub. lished by the London Times, from Mr. Power, its correspondent in Khartoum, sie enough to make the bones of death himself tingle with excitement, and the pulses esen of cowardly, indifferent cynicism feel some stirrings of generous enthusiasm. For they tella tale of pluck, endurance, and devotion to duty, almost without paraliel. Once again has British valour been seen to shine clear and resplendent, when all that is in a man is testcd as gold in a furnace seven times heated. Once more has the "silent race" done and cndured, aud been true to itself and its memories, in deeds at which the whole world wonders.
The siege of Khartoum will live in history with the sieges of Lucknow and Kars. In some respects it appeals even more forcibly to the imggination and to that sense in man which is stirred by the heroic and the romantic, than either of those. A comparison and contrast between the siege of Khartoum and that of Lucknow, has been thus eloquently drawn by the Pall Mall Gazette:-
"The siege of Lucknow lasted eighty. seven days; that of Khartoum had lasted a hundred and fifty-two, two months since. At Lucknow our garrison, though few in number, were as true as steel and as brave as the bravest of their race. At Khartoum the garrison were as mere sheep before wolves-two hundred of them armed with Remingtons fying in wild panic before five Arsb horsemen-and there were only three Englishmen in the city. And at Lucknow there was this great difference; our garrison, outnumbered and alono in the midst of a wild chaos of mutinjus soldirry, felt that they were standing for England, that if they fell they fell in Eagland's cause, and each man went to his post feeling proud, if need be, to die for a country for which, indeed, it was an honour to die. But at Khartoum who can imagine the gloomy thoughts which must have filled the minds of tho three Eng ishmen as they stood alone bencath the sultry sun, and confronted month after month, the pitiless hail of shot which never ceased for a single day. . . In such a causo they might well hava
been proud to bear tho burden and heat of the day, if only they had not boen haunted by the thought of their desmation and the betrayal of the confidence which, on their word, had been placed in England."
No ; looked at from every side there has probsbly been no parallel in history to the unflinching courace in the face of tremendous odds, the calm hopefulness, the grim tenacity with which duty was adhered to after hope had ceased to inspire, which were manifestod by thess threo Euglidhwon in that isolated city, surrounded by hurdes of blocdihirsty savages, against whom they were the sole inspiration of the defenco for the thousands of women and children, and mon hardly less weak and defenceless.-Globe.

## ALNT BECKY'S ADVICE.

## alsbemt mhyos brevner.

## Sी EDIAH, put your slinpers on And cease jour neecticess clatter

 I rant to have a word with you Abont a little matter.1 heard you, on your knees last night, Ask help, to keep from strayin', Will vote as you've been prayin'
Jediah, look mo in the face;
lou know this wordd's condition, Vet you havenever cast a vote Kight out for Prohitition.
Yon've prayed as loud as any man, While wahi the the a lluatin;
And do a little votin'!
There now, l'vo aid my say, and you Just save your ammunition,
And vote the way you've always prayed, For total l'iolibition.-Leter.

Cempan publishers have for some time passed been issuing a variety of periodicals which thoy called cheap. Cacap thoy were, in every sense of the word. The paper was poor, the printing was blurred and trying to the eyes, the illustrations were very coamon and roughly executed. The apparently low price of course attracted somo purchasers. But we are glad to know that many of these are seeng their mistake. We are rady to furnish all such, and other seaders as well, with periodicals which are realy cheap, and which yet are clearly and elegantly printed on gocd paper, charsingly illustrated, and filled with choice reading adapted to various classes.

OUR readers will bear witness that the Sunday school papers of the Methodist Church are saturated through and through with temperance sentiments. The December number of our magxzine alsu cuntains one of the most vigorous articles we ever read on the Temperance Oatiook, by Prof. George E. Foster, M. P., theleader of the tomperance party in the Dominion Parliament. It whll be of great value to all temperance workers.-Ed.

From a Sunday echool in the Parry Sound District, which receives a small grant from the S. S Board, wo have received the following:-"The papers that we are receiving from you are a great blessing to our Sabbath-school. We know that they are a great belp towards kecping up the interest in the school. Our earnest desire and prayer is that they may be instruments in God's hands of doing much good and advancing the Sabbath-school, and a deeper work of grace in our young people's hearts."

