

and the upper Columbia (near Spokane) the body is conoid in shape, as shown in figure 9, *a*. The top is sometimes made in the form of a face or animal head (figure 9, *c*); frequently it is of hat-shape, as shown in figure 9, *b*.

In the valley of Fraser river, near Lytton, British Columbia, there is a type with a well-defined cylindrical head, larger than

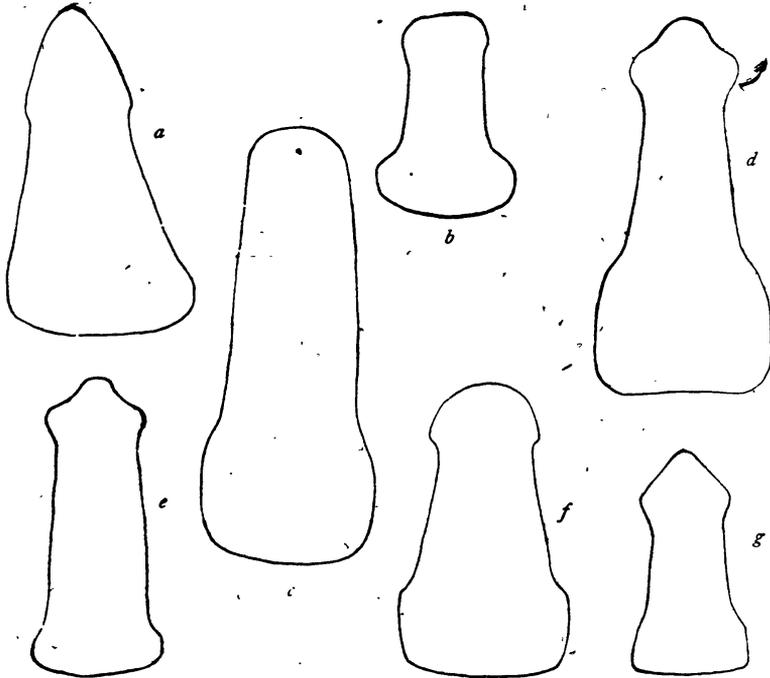


FIG. 10.—Forms of hammers or pestles from Lytton, B. C. *a*, No. 16-2908; *b*, No. 16-3221; *c*, No. 16-3222; *d*, No. 16-2904; *e*, No. 16-2958; *f*, No. 16-2907; *g*, No. 16-2906. (One-fourth nat.)

the tapering body, the sides of which meet the base at nearly right angles, as in figure 10, *d-g*. The prevailing form of knob at the top of the handle of this type resembles that of the Thompson valley type (figure 9, *b*), and it occurs also in Alaska. At Lytton is also found a conoid knob at the top of the handle (figure 10, *a*). Another hammer of this form (figure 11, *a*) has been found in the delta of Fraser river. In that region, however, many