

that his approaching interview with his Ally, the Emperor of Austria, is far from having for its object to concert means or measures tending to suppress the new order of things in Spain and Naples."

His Majesty landed at Portsmouth on the 29th, from his aquatic excursion. Loyal addresses were presented to him from the inhabitants of Port Sea and Ryde.

Nov. 2.

The House of Lords met on the 3d inst. being the 22d day of proceedings in the case of the Queen. Lord Liverpool read a correspondence with Colonel Brown, denying certain imputations against the character of the Princess of Wales. The Queen's Council were then called in; and after the confusion occasioned by their entrance had subsided, Mr. Brougham commenced a speech of almost immeasurable length. He began it on the 3d, and resumed it on the day succeeding. It occupies eighteen close columns of the Times.

"The history of the Queen's long persecution, and the several epochs of it, were affectingly detailed by Mr. Brougham. Every loss sustained by the Queen was the signal for a fresh attack on the part of her adversaries.—No sooner was Mr. Pitt, her friend, deceased, than the first, the Douglas conspiracy, was got up against Her Majesty. The zealous, fearless, and pertinacious Perceval, sprung forth in her defence, and dispersed that foul plot. He fell under the hands of a ferocious assassin, and his murder was the signal for a new insult upon his Royal Mistress, then was the Order of Council got to restrain the intercourse between Her Majesty and her most affectionate and only child—her daughter.—That child expired by the severest visitation of Providence which had ever been inflicted on this island; and the people had not wiped their eyes after following her to the grave, or reading the affecting narrative of her obsequies, when the detestable Milan commission was appointed: and to close this sad history the very day on which the old King was consigned to the same vault with his grandchild and her infant offspring—that very day, was that on which the ever-memorable *Non-Mi-Recordo* man arrived and paid his first visit to a large house, with columns before it, and sentinels placed at the gates."

Mr. Brougham concluded his speech with great animation in the following words:

"My Lords, I pray your lordships to pause! you, my Lords, are standing on the brink of a dreadful precipice; your judgment will go forth to the world; if that judgment is against the Queen, it may be the last and only judgment you will ever pronounce!!—That judgment, my Lords, will fail in its object, and it will return with redoubled violence on those who gave it!! Save the country, my Lords, from the heaviest calamity of a civil war!! Save yourselves, my Lords from the situation in which you are now standing! Rescue the country of which you are the orna-

ment, but in which you can flourish no longer when severed from the people, and when the blossom is cut off from the root and stem of the tree! Save that country, my Lords, that you may continue to be the ornament of it! Save the Crown from demons; and the aristocracy, which is shaken, as is also the altar itself, which can never more stand secure! If your judgment be against the Queen it will shake the foundation the kindred Throne! You, my Lords, have willed, the Church and Crown have willed that the Queen shall be laid out of the solemn service, but she has had the prayers of the people; and my Lords, I do pour forth my supplications at the throne of mercy, that mercy may be poured down on those people in a larger measure than the merits of the rulers deserve, and I pray, my Lords that your hearts may turn towards justice and not go therefrom."

At the conclusion of the speech a strong sensation appeared manifest in the House.

The Queen had not intimated any desire to attend in the House of Lords during the progress of her defence.

On the 30th of September twenty-one witnesses in behalf of the Queen arrived at Dover from Boulogne. They were immediately conducted to the Union Hotel which was surrounded by the populace, greeting their arrival with continued cheers. They shortly after set off for London, preceded by a band of music and accompanied by a crowd of both sexes. They were all decently dressed, and many persons shook them cordially by the hand. On the top of the first coach was seated a reputable tradesman of Dover, carrying a large handsome flag, on which was inscribed "God save Queen Caroline." One of the witnesses in the Mayor of Como. The ladies appeared at their windows and greeted the procession.

The Watermen and Bargemen were to form an aquatic procession, to consist of 500 boats and barges, to proceed up the Thames to Bradenburgh House on the 5th October.

HALIFAX, Nov. 3.

The celebrated Abbe du Pradt, Archbishop of Malines, was tried at Paris August 28, for a seditious pamphlet, written by him. The jury returned a verdict acquitting him; which was received by loud bursts of applause: The Abbe said exultingly—"This is the most glorious moment of my life!"—He is 62 years of age.

It is supposed that the additional revenue, arising from *Newspaper stamps*, will far more than equal the expence of the present Royal Trial, on both sides; but this is no compliment to the spirit, or the morality of the times!

The Yellow Fever still rages dreadfully at Savannah, Georgia.—The official report by the Mayor, Oct. 14, says, "The present state of the town does not exceed one eighth of its full population (8 or 10,000 and yet, in a city which to the eye seems abandoned, Death still finds numerous victims!"—From the

12th to the 13th inclusive, the number that fell was 25.

A violent hurricane, Sept. 28, did great damage at the Islands of St. Thomas and St. Martins.

Charlotte-Town,

SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 25, 1820.

The London dates by the last Mail from Halifax, are via Boston, to the 5th Oct. The Queen's case had been closed in the House of Lords by the King's Attorney General, and her Majesty's Counsel were making arrangements for her defence. "Lord Castlereagh had given notice that he should move for a call of the House of Commons on the 2d Nov. that there might be a full meeting in case the Bill against the Queen came down from the House of Lords.

The weather at this place has continued remarkably fine during the last month. We had some snow and severe frost at its commencement, but it was shortly dispelled, and we have experienced one of the finest Indian Summers known in the recollection of the oldest settlers.

BY HIS EXCELLENCY

CHARLES DOUGLASS SMITH,

Lieutenant Governor and Commander in Chief in and over His Majesty's Island Prince Edward, and the Territories thereunto adjacent, Chancellor and Vice Admiral of the same &c. &c. &c.

A Proclamation.

WHEREAS some malicious and evil disposed Persons did on the night of the 10th inst. break into, rob, and afterwards set fire to the Stores of JOHN SMITH, Esq. at Lewis Town, P. S. on the 10th inst. whereby the Buildings and Goods therein contained were consumed: I have thought fit by and with the advice of His Majesty's Council to issue this Proclamation calling upon all Magistrates and other His Majesty's good and loyal Subjects to be aiding and assisting in bringing to justice the perpetrators of the above atrocious act, at the same time warning all Persons from harbouring or assisting the Offenders in making their escape, as it is the intention of this Government to proceed against such Persons with the utmost rigour of the Law; hereby offering a Reward of

FIFTY POUNDS.

to any Person (except the actual perpetrator thereof,) who shall give such information as may lead to the apprehension and conviction of the Offender or Offenders. And I do further deem it expedient by and with the advice of His Majesty's Council to offer pardon to any Person giving information although such Person may have been in the knowledge of the crime; except the Person who actually set fire to the Buildings.

Given under my hand and the Seal of this Island at Charlotte-Town, this Twenty third day of November, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and twenty, and in the First year of His Majesty's reign.

C. DOUGLASS SMITH.

By his Excellency's Command,

J. E. CARMICHAEL, Col. Sec'y.

God save the King.

Removal.

MR. EWEN CAMERON begs leave to acquaint his friends and the Public, that he has this day, removed from his late residence into that new House fronting on Queen's Square, nearly opposite the Market House, where he intends to continue his usual line of Business.

Mr. C. also takes this opportunity of requesting all persons indebted to him by Bond, Note, or Book Account, to make payment in order to prevent his resorting to unpleasant means.

Charlotte-Town, Nov. 15th, 1820.

A reasonable price

GIVEN for all kinds of Grain, half cash and half Goods. The Subscriber having been at very considerable expence in erecting a Building for the reception of Grain, and intending to keep separate apartments for it, so that Persons may be accommodated with different qualities, and warranted free from Vermin injuring it.

The highest price given for all kind of Furs.

JOHN JURY, Watch-Maker.

Nov. 20.