

THE ADVANCE DIRECTED ON PARIS

Teutons Bend Westward After Reaching the Marne

MILITARY CRITICS STILL VIEW THE SITUATION AS SERIOUS, BUT BELIEVE TIDE OF BATTLE LIKELY TO TURN

Enemy Reveals His Strategic Intention By Attempt to Advance Westward and Push Toward Paris; Allies Were Obligated to Give Ground in First Shock of New Rush, But are Now Regaining Defensive

By Courier Leased Wire.

PARIS, June 1.—The Military Critics, says a Havas agency review today, still view the situation as serious, but consider the signs reassuring. The most important development is regarded as the enemy's attempt to advance westward and push toward Paris, thus, it is considered, revealing his strategic intentions unmistakably.

In the first shock of this new rush, it is pointed out, the Allies were obliged to give ground in some places, but they held their own on the Aisne and the Curcq, and their vigorous counter-attacks are considered a prelude to the stoppage of the enemy advance.

At present the most important part of the battlefield is that with Noyon, or the region to the south of it, on the one end, and the district north of Chateau Thierry, on the Marne, on the other. It is here that the German rush towards Paris demands undivided attention.

The newspaper L'Homme Libre, Premier Clemenceau's organ, is optimistic today over the situation. It points out that the enemy plan to draw the Allies towards the south, and to push on westward, only met with success as far as the first part of it was concerned. The remainder of the plan is being completely defeated, it declares, and everything gives reason to believe the enemy will be totally blocked.

There was much satisfaction evinced yesterday in the Chamber of Deputies over the information given the members by the army control delegates. The details cannot be published, as they have to do with the movement of troops, but the delegates emphasize the excellent impression that has been made upon them by the confident spirit among the poilus of the reserve divisions, which are destined to fall upon the invaders.

In greeting a delegation of Socialist Deputies, Premier Clemenceau voiced his absolute confidence in the issue of the present operations. He gave the deputies details which made an excellent impression.

Premier Clemenceau, in his capacity of war minister, has issued an order suspending until further notice all furloughs and leaves of absence in the army.

ANXIETY REIGNS IN LONDON

By Courier Leased Wire. London, June 1.—The gravity of the news from the western front is emphasized in this morning's newspapers, which comment anxiously on the situation, although they express hopefulness as to the final outcome. The Daily News says the statement given last night by a military authority to the Associated Press, in which the situation was depicted as a very anxious one, is disquieting, since it must be accepted as reliable. This newspaper, however, encourages the view that the situation is in no wise past retrieving.

The Daily Telegraph sees great possibilities in the strategic situation. Asserting that the anxiety and stress of the last few days are not diminishing, it adds: "It would appear that a second battle of the Marne, of far greater intensity and weight than in 1914, is opening, but in totally different circumstances. The difference, however, is as much to the advantage of the Allies as the enemy."

The Daily Express says: "Never since the outbreak of the war has the situation been more

menacing, or have the possibilities been greater, yet the country remains unperturbed, almost indifferent. We have become accustomed to the German attack that succeeds for a few days and then comes to a halt, with the object unattained. We have persuaded ourselves this must always happen. The argument is false. This faith is not based on reason. Confidence in America to help is shown in the comment of several newspapers. The Daily Mail enumerates the strong points in favor of the Allies, including "the rapid arrival of American troops, which will speedily restore the Allies preponderance in numbers." The Times also looks to the day when the arrival of Americans will more than reverse the present proportions.

CROWN PRINCE'S ATTACK IS NOT NEW OFFENSIVE

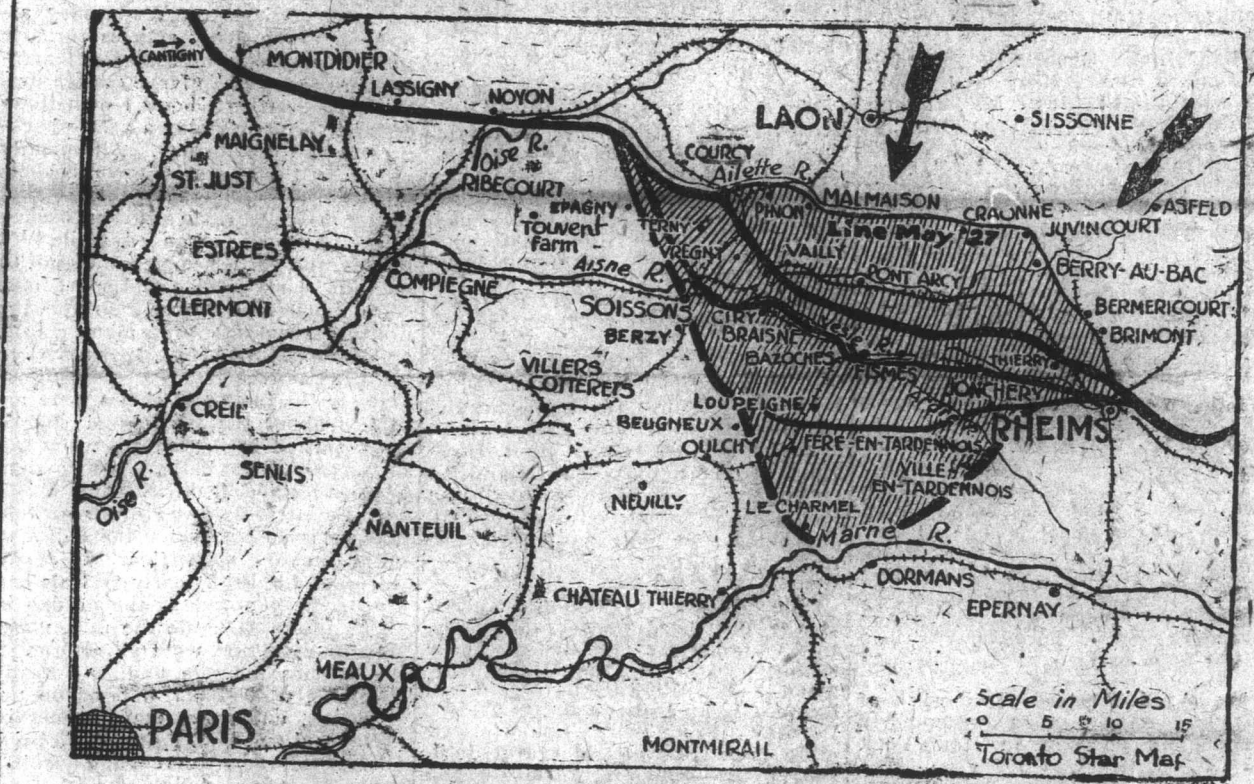
Merely Continuation of Previous Drive—German Military Critics Admits They Are Many Obstacles To Teuton Success

Courier Leased Wire. Amsterdam, June 1.—The Norddeutsche Allgemeine Zeitung says that it is increasingly apparent that the Crown Prince's advance is not a new attack, but a systematic continuation of the previous offensive. Continuing it says that thanks to communications in the region south of Chauny, which were secured in April, the new offensive is beginning organically to grow together with the big wedge towards Amiens. There are tremendous tactical and operative possibilities in the strategic positions now won. The article says in conclusion: "Meanwhile now as before General Foch's army stands in the region north of Amiens. There the Entente awaits in certainty of a revival of our offensive. The military correspondent of the Hamburger Nachrichten points out that further develop

WEATHER BULLETIN

Toronto, June 1.—A fairly important disturbance is centered this morning north of Superior, moving northeast. Light scattered showers have occurred in all the provinces and decidedly warm weather prevails over Ontario. Forecasts: Fresh to strong southwest and west winds, fine and decidedly warm to-day and on Sunday, thunderstorms in a few localities, cooler by Sunday night.

COURIER DAILY WAR MAP



GERMANS REACHED THE NORTH BANK OF THE MARNE RIVER. The Germans have reached the North Bank of the Marne River, at La Charnel. They have progressed slightly to the Westward to the line shown on this map, broadening out the tip of the huge wedge they have driven into the allied front. The line now runs through Oulchy. British divisions are on the front immediately to the left of Rheims. The enemy has rendered the railway from Paris to Chalois, and to Rheims useless for through traffic, being well across one, and within range of the other.

CANADIAN HOSPITAL BOMBED: MANY KILLED AND WOUNDED

German Airman Deliberately Picked Out Operating Wing and Wrecked It—Fire Succeeded Explosion and Many Inmates Are Burned to Death—Another Fiendish Outrage Recorded

With the British Army in France, May 31.—Early on Thursday morning German airmen bombed another hospital—this time a Canadian installation—and exacted a considerable toll of casualties. Among those killed by the explosion or flames was an American medical officer, who was administering to a British officer in the operating room when that part of the hospital was demolished. The raid occurred at 12:30 o'clock in the morning. The hospital attacked was a large one. It had been in existence since the early days of the war and was marked by huge Red Cross signs. The German airman, working partly by the light of the moon, dropped four bombs near the hospital, and then, apparently not able to see exactly where they were hitting, lighted a brilliant flare which was let fall to illuminate the surroundings. Part of Wing Demolished. At the place was lighted up by this flare, another bomb or two which dropped separately, struck a large wing of the hospital. In this wing there were three floors, on the bottom one of which was the operating room. On the story above were the office and patients' rooms and above them were members of the hospital personnel. Part of the wing was demolished by the terrific explosion and many unfortunate people were killed and wounded when the building collapsed and buried them.

Strange to say, those who were on the top floor had better luck than those below them and several escaped because they fell on top of the debris. The surgeons were just about to operate on an aviation officer, and the American was standing by with the anesthetic when the crash came. All those in the room were buried under an avalanche of brick and woodwork. The demolished wing caught fire and burned fiercely with many victims still pinned in the wreckage. Nothing more awful has occurred in the annals of the hospital service since the war began. Every available person in the neighborhood was called out to assist in the rescue work and two fire brigades were called in. With the assistance of ladders and other fire apparatus the hospital proper was rapidly emptied of patients and personnel. It was a desperate situation. A roaring furnace represented what was left of the big wing.

DRIVE EXPECTED. Washington, June 1.—Further evidence that an Austrian offensive against Italy is imminent is noted in an official dispatch to the Italian embassy here. "This," said the message, "would be part of Germany's plan which includes the pushing of action against France and Italy at the same time."

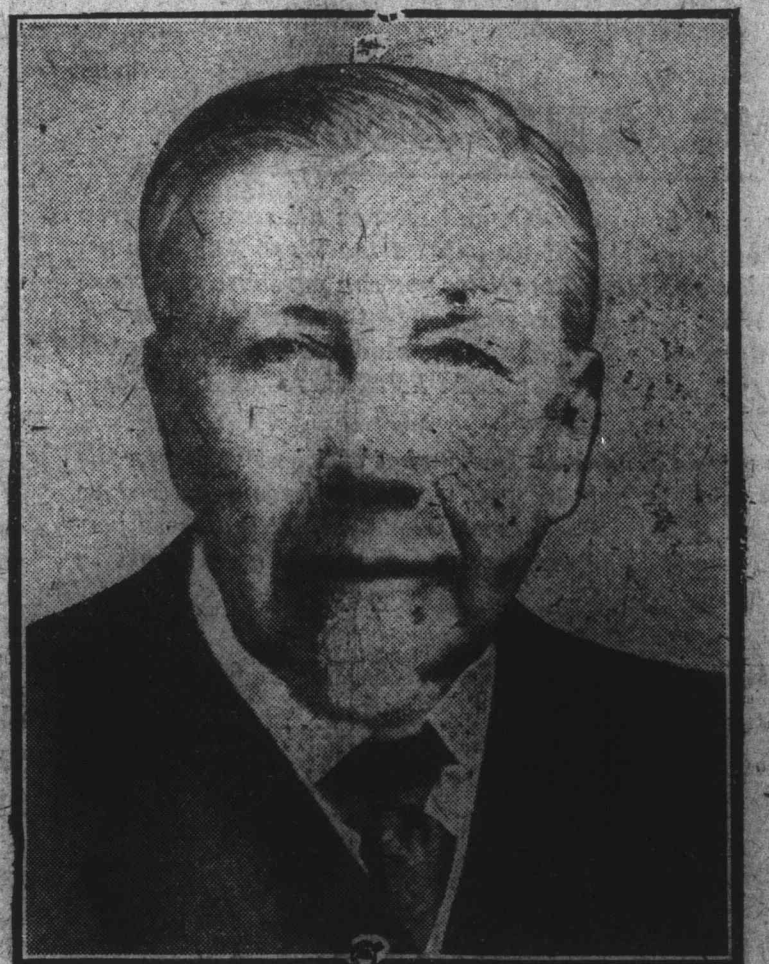
OFFENSIVE BY AUSTRIA SOON, ITALY EXPECTS

But Armies are Thoroughly Prepared to Repulse Enemy Drive

PART OF GERMAN PLAN

Teutons Would Push Action Against France and Italy at Once

By Courier Leased Wire. Italian headquarters, May 31.—(By the Associated Press)—It is considered a question of only a short time when the Austrian offensive long heralded by the meeting of the German and Austrian emperors will break violently. This is further indicated by local actions at both extremities of this front. However, a high Italian official in a statement to the Associated Press correspondent declared: "Italy's armies are thoroughly prepared, perhaps better than ever before, so far as concerns up to date war material."



THE LATE JOHN ROSS ROBERTSON, WHO DIED FRIDAY. After an illness of two weeks, Mr. John Ross Robertson, publisher of the Toronto Telegram, died Friday morning from pneumonia. He was in his 77th year.

ROSE DAY AGAIN BIG SUCCESS

Cordial Feeling Towards the W. H. A. Work

Is Manifested by All Classes of Citizens

"This is 'Rose Day,' and the man, woman or child who has not displayed an outward and visible sign of that fact has proved the exception indeed. It is the one occasion during the year when the members of this excellent organization work for public consideration, and the response has been well worthy of the special cause in hand—the adding of a much needed third story to the North Bond. Matrons and girls have been busy since early morning in seeing that everybody had a chance to help matters along, and the general report has been one of a cordial and sympathetic response. It is known that subscriptions as high as \$500 are included in the total, but whether large or small, all have proved equally welcome to the W. H. A., not alone for the assistance in swelling the proceeds, but also as a manifestation of kindly regard and approval. Headquarters at the Tea For Tea have presented a very busy appearance throughout the day, and matters there have been guided with the systematic efficiency which has always characterized the work of the Society. Mrs. Reville, the President, Mrs. Laine, and Mrs. Gordon Smith, Vice-Presidents, Mrs. Geo. Watt, Treasurer, Mrs. Wade, Secretary, Mrs. R. S. Schell, president of last year, Mrs. Henwood, Mrs. Hurley, Mrs. W. P. Paterson and other members of the executive have been assiduous in their attendance, and the indications at this writing are that all previous records will be handsomely surpassed. The following is the list of workers: Centre of City. No. 1—Convener, Mrs. S. F. Passmore; assistants, Mrs. N. Andrews, Mrs. C. R. Hest, Mrs. Edw. Brown, E. R. Read, Mrs. Bauslaugh, Mrs. W. T. James, Mrs. Warren, Mrs. Metcalfe, Mrs. (Dr.) Pearce, Mrs. F. Crandon, Miss Ballachee, Miss Soles, Miss Underhill, Miss Harris, Miss Colter, Miss Hollinrake, Miss Ryan, Miss O'Donoghue, Miss E. Hadden, Miss Bonny, Miss Coyne, Miss Anna Coyne, Misses Kathleen Pequegnault, Marion McCogdon, Helen Marquis, Clara Sanderson, Elsie Sanderson, Helen Kippax, Ruth Farr, Norma Conlson, Mary Irwin, Margery Stading, Helen Verity, Norma Shepperson, Sophia Hoag, Helen Wiles, Gerutha Manuel, Gwendolyn Bier, Helen Ferguson, Evelyn Tuard, Lena Wallace, Evelyn Waller, Vera Styles, Ruth Crandon, Dolie Raymond, Isabel Adams, Helen Salt, Laura Truesdale, Jessie Boney, Mary Smith, Edna Barber. Market Square and Colborne Street. No. 2—Mrs. C. J. Mitchell and Mrs. Ed. Brooks, conveners; Misses Agnes Heath, Dolena Brohman, Frances Mitchell, Deborah Batty, Irene Kelly, Grace Fitzgerald Mrs. Gordon Mitchell, Misses Evelyn Waller, Muriel Witaker, Genevieve Doty, Marg. MacDonaghd, Alice Lacey, Mary MacFarland, Gertrude Walsh, Lilian Milley, Mildred Hart, Frances Dempster, Dorothy Broadbent, Hilda Hurley, Kathleen Garrett, Edith Sanderson, Dagmar Reid, Alice Brooks and Mrs. N. B. Pettit. North Ward. Mrs. S. H. Jones and Mrs. A. K. Jordan, conveners; sub-conveners, Mrs. G. P. Buck; Mrs. Tallock, Miss Buchanan, Mesdames Franklin Reid, Vary, Hartwell, Goetz, Misses D. Hagey, A. Cole, Grace Kerr, Marion Wallace, F. Rothwell, Deem B. Hitchcock, Isabel Brewster, Norah Fairchild, Anna Thompson, Aileen Marr, Mary Leaning, Elizabeth Cutcliffe, Louise Cutting, Agnes Milne, Jean Milne, Primrose Mahon, Mack Nellie, Florence Buck, Miss Fayles, Hilda Livingston. 1st Part of East Ward. South of Colborne—Mrs. A. Ames, convener; Mesdames Harley, Collins, Wiles, Misses Allen, Howard, Gillespie, Mesdames Murling, Stillman, Wilson, Misses Murray, Starkey, Lyle, Sarah Aileen Huff, Minchen, Mesdames Pequegnault and Baird. 2nd Part of East Ward. South of Colborne—Mrs. Geo. J. Bray, convener; Mrs. Thos. J. Rozera, Misses Helen Baldwin, Lois Wiley, Charles Morris, Amy Lyle, Marion Broadbent, Olive Lyle, Jean Madigan, Helen Sloan, Fern Thompson, Helen Turner, Marion Green. 3rd Part of East Ward. North of Colborne—Mrs. McFarland, Mrs. T. J. Fair, conveners; Mrs. Wm. Duncan, Mrs. H. Bond, Mrs. Gott, Mrs. Hallagan, Miss Hallagan, Margaret Sutherland, Leone Clement, Davina Spence, Kathleen Kerr, Cecile Davenport, Aileen Morley, Sally Batty, Amy Smith, Phyllis Moore, Grace Rouleau, Doris Edvard, Eva Morris, Misses M. Morrice, Lillian Wilson, Bertha Fair, Annie Duncan, Amy. (Continued on page three)