

4th, Sept., '07;	
on ... '06; P. M.	480
Sask.	370
April, '07; Thos.	390
8th, Dec., '07;	380
Lexington, Ky.	205
April, '06; S.	175
wrie, Nov., '06;	185
Carberry, Man.	225
April, '08; D.	160
Sept., '08; F.	200
Waukesha, Wis.	155
st., '07; F. W.	240
April, '08; J. G.	185
is, Hartington,	130
2nd, Oct., '03;	
1, Fergus	
an., '06; Jas.	
o ... '07; D. Hor	
4th, Oct., '01;	
1.	
Bulls.	
ct., '07; H. G.	
Ill.	
pt., '07; Robt.	
v Toronto ...	
WARDS & CO.	
males.	
rove 6th, Jan.	
itchell, Burling	
red 13th, '05;	
ng, Waukesha,	
560	
rove 8th, Dec.	
rt, Barrie	
ov., '06; Thos.	
umbus, Ohio...	
re 3rd, Jan., '03;	
ington, Ninga,	
320	
ove 12th, Sept.	
ller, Stouffville.	
165	
Bulls.	
Nov., '07; S.	
Sept., '07; H.	
art, Ill.	
Jan., '08; J.	
rberry, Man....	
May, '07; Jas.	
360	
ov., '07; John	
ok	
April, '08; J.	
ield	
Dec., '07; L.	
stein	
175	
March, '08; T.	
Mechanicsburg,	
190	
pt., '07; Wm.	
135	
Sept., '07; T.	
r Springs	
130	
Oct., '07; Geo.	
Hills	
105	
ov., '07; T. L.	
120	
R WHITE.	
males.	
th, Jan., '07	
Lexington, Ky.	
775	
d, March, '07;	
n, Columbus,	
460	
r, Jan., '08;	
on, Ashburn ...	
180	
July, '07; John	
175	
ay, '07; John	
120	
4th, Oct., '07;	
erloo	
110	
Bulls	
Nov., '07;	
Orangeville	
400	
on, Jan., '08;	
Vandeleur	
100	
E DRUMMOND.	
males.	
ne, April, '06;	
yrle	
200	
F. W. Hard-	
Wis.	
145	

Lump Jaw

The first remedy to cure Lump Jaw was

Fleming's Lump Jaw Cure

and it remains today the standard treatment, with years of success back of it, known to be a cure and guaranteed to cure. Don't experiment with substitutes or imitations. Use it, no matter how old or bad the case or what else you may have tried—your money back if Fleming's Lump Jaw Cure ever fails. Our fair plan of selling, together with exhaustive information on Lump Jaw and its treatment, is given in Fleming's Vest-Pocket Veterinary Adviser.

Most complete veterinary book ever printed to be given away. Durable bound, indexed and illustrated. Write us for a free copy.

FLEMING BROS., Chemists,
45 Church Street, Toronto, Ont.

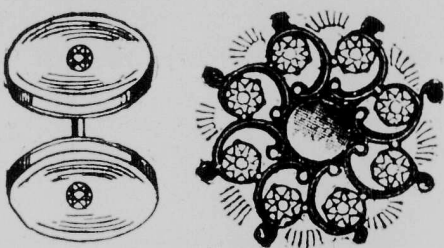
British Columbia IRRIGATED FRUIT LANDS

WITH FREE WATER

Several hundred acres of the finest fruit lands in the world, now placed on sale. They are located in the famous Kettle Valley, and have been sub-divided into blocks of various sizes. Many of them front along the river and are beautifully situated. The soil is a rich sandy loam; it produces bumper crops of apples, small fruits and vegetables. A valuable local market is situated only a few miles away. It is located in the flourishing mining district of the Kootenay, where the monthly pay roll is \$250,000. The climate is magnificent. Location, about thirty miles east of the Okanagan Valley. Excellent railway facilities. Abundant supply of the finest water; no rent to pay for it. Prices from \$100 to \$175 an acre. Write to-day for full particulars. Satisfy yourself as to the money to be made in this rich country.

D. R. TAIT, Secretary,
Kettle Valley Irrigated Fruit Lands
MIDWAY, B. C.
Winnipeg Agents:
ROBINSON & BLACK, 281 Main Street

MENTION THE ADVOCATE



Boys and Girls! FREE

Any one of the above illustrated articles of Jewelry—Lady's Gold Brooch set with 8 flashy brilliants, with pearl and colored stone centre, Man's gold-plated lever Cuff Links with pretty cutstone setting, or Lady's diamond-plated Ring, brilliantly set with small diamonds and large cut stone centre.—Given free for selling only \$1.50 worth of our Picture Post Cards of Canadian and English Views, or Collar Buttons. Post Cards sell 6 for 10c. Collar Buttons are gold-plated and set of 4 sells for 10c. Are easy sellers. Send your name and address and we will mail you the Post Cards or Collar Buttons, whichever you wish to sell. Write at once. A postal will do. **THE RELIABLE PREMIUM CO.**
Dept. H, Waterloo, Ont.



SYNOPSIS OF CANADIAN NORTH-WEST LAND REGULATIONS

ANY person who is the sole head of a family, or any male over 18 years old, may homestead a quarter section of available Dominion land in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta. The applicant must appear in person at the Dominion Lands Agency or Sub-Agency for the district. Entry by proxy may be made at any agency, on certain conditions, by father, mother, son, daughter, brother or sister of intending homesteader.

Duties.—Six months' residence upon, and cultivation of, the land in each of three years. A homesteader may live within nine miles of his homestead on a farm of at least 80 acres solely owned and occupied by him or by his father, mother, son, daughter, brother or sister.

In certain districts, a homesteader in good standing may pre-empt a quarter section alongside his homestead. Price \$3.00 per acre. Duties.—Must reside six months in each of six years from date of homestead entry (including the time required to earn homestead patent) and cultivate fifty acres extra.

A homesteader who has exhausted his homestead right and cannot obtain a pre-emption may take a purchased homestead in certain districts. Price \$3.00 per acre. Duties.—Must reside six months in each of three years, cultivate fifty acres and erect a house worth \$300.00.

W. W. CORY,
Deputy of the Minister of the Interior.
N.B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.

Molly Queen 3rd, Sept., '07;	125
T. L. Pardo, Cedar Springs	
Lady Betty, Nov., '07; James	
Hyslop, Stratford	150
Dinah, Sept., '07; Elmdorf	
Farm, Lexington, Ky.	110
Sylvia, Oct., '07; R. J. Mc-	
Lellan, Fergus	100
Bull.	
Golden Lavender 2nd, Dec., '07;	
W. A. Galbraith, Dutton	205
BIRRELL & JOHNSTON.	
Females.	
Blythesome Girl 8th, Sept., '06;	
F. W. Harding, Waukesha, Wis.	310
Scotch Lass, Dec., '05; F. W.	
Harding	205
Crimson Fuchsia 28th, Sept., '06;	
Thos. Johnston, Columbus,	
Ohio	190
Choice Dearie, Sept., '07;	
Thos. Johnston	150
Bulls.	
Lord Lavender, July, '07 J. H.	
Clare, Tweed	200
Stout Lad, Nov., '07; John	
Webster, Fordyce	195
Commodore, Nov., '07; John	
Miller, Brougham	160
Splendor, Jan., '06 J. H.	
Stewart, Brechin	175
Bedford Hero, Nov., '06; W.	
Wylie, Tara	115

SUMMARY.

J. A. Watt's 15 females averaged	\$193.00
J. A. Watt's 4 bulls averaged	196.25
W. G. Pettit & Sons' 12 females averaged	260.41
W. G. Pettit & Sons' 8 bulls averaged	195.00
Miller Bros.' 17 females averaged	420.00
Miller Bros.' 2 bulls averaged	170.00
W. C. Edwards & Co.'s 6 females averaged	466.66
W. C. Edwards & Co.'s 11 bulls averaged	276.27
Peter White's 6 females averaged	300.33
Peter White's 2 bulls averaged	250.00
Sir Geo. Drummond's 6 females averaged	138.33
Sir Geo. Drummond's 1 bull averaged	205.00
D. Birrell and A. Johnston's 4 females averaged	213.75
D. Birrell and A. Johnston's 5 bulls averaged	169.00
34 bulls averaged	\$214.15
66 females averaged	291.00
100 head averaged	265.45
111 head averaged	248.75

Questions & Answers

No question will be answered unless the full name and address is given.
When an answer by mail is requested, send one dollar with the question.

BUILDING CEMENT SILO

I am thinking of building a concrete silo, but have been told that silage will spoil for six inches around the wall. What has been the experience in those sections where silos are common, and concrete used for this purpose?

Ans.—Our inquirer has been misinformed. If the wall is properly built and smoothly plastered, or even washed with cement, and the silo properly filled, there need be no waste whatever around the wall, except a little, perhaps, for a few feet down from the top. A well-constructed, round cement silo will keep the silage at least as well as a first-class stave or hoop silo. Of course, with either, there may be a little waste in an exposed location, from the silage freezing to the walls, and then when it thaws, spoiling before it can all be used up, but this can be largely avoided by keeping it cut away from the wall with a sharp spade or shovel as the surface is lowered, letting the frozen chunks thaw out in the feed room before feeding, or, if necessary, using a little warm water to thaw out these portions. Where gravel or field stone and clean, coarse sand are within reasonable access, and the farm build-

More bread and Better bread —And the Reason for it

A STRONG FLOUR can only be made from strong wheat. Manitoba hard wheat is acknowledged the strongest in the world—and that is the kind used for Purity Flour.

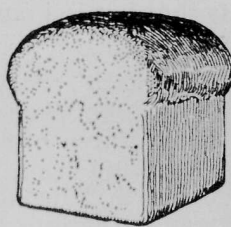
But that's not all. Every grain of this wheat contains both high-grade and low-grade properties. In separating the high-grade parts from the low-grade the Western Canada Flour Mills put the hard wheat through a process so exacting that not a single low-grade part has the remotest chance of getting in with the high-grade.

Of course this special process is more expensive to operate but it means a lot to Purity flour users—that's why we use it.

It means that Purity Flour is made entirely of the highest-grade flour parts of the strongest wheat in the world.

It means a high-class, strong flour and therefore yields "more bread and better bread."

Purity may cost a little more than some flours, but results prove it the cheapest and most economical after all.



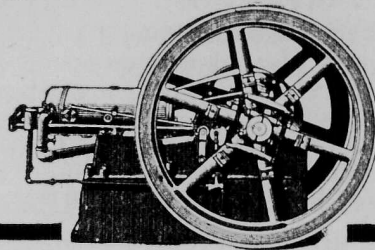
PURITY FLOUR



WESTERN CANADA FLOUR MILLS COMPANY, LIMITED
Office, Winnipeg, Man. Mills at St. Boniface, Goderich, Brandon.

WHEN ANSWERING ADVERTISEMENTS PLEASE MENTION THE FARMER'S ADVOCATE

Power that Pays for itself



There is a long line of machines that save labor and make money for the farmer. But you are not operating them to the best advantage if you do not have a reliable power.

Cream separators, feed cutters, corn shellers and wood saws are valuable machines for the farm, but no one of them is complete in itself. Each requires a power to operate it.

Here is the great advantage of having one of the simple, powerful, dependable I. H. C. gasoline engines on the farm.

An I. H. C. engine is not a machine for just one duty, like a churn or a pump. It is a machine of many duties. It enables you to operate all other machines to best advantage.

Its duties extend all through the year and it is used almost every day in the year.

There is corn to shell, feed to cut, water to pump, wood to saw and many other jobs, all of which you cannot do profitably by hand.

You must have power of some kind. An I. H. C. engine saves you a world of turning and lifting by hand, and because it is so well adapted to so many uses, you will find it a great improvement on old fashioned tread mills, horse power, etc.

It costs but a few cents a day to operate an I. H. C. engine. Many times it saves the wages of a man, and in some work the wages of a number of men. Estimate what it costs you for extra help at \$1.00 to \$2.00 per day because you have no power, and you will see how rapidly an I. H. C. engine pays for itself.

Besides, these engines do work that you cannot do at all by hand—running the cutter, shredder, threshing machine, etc.

I. H. C. engines are strong, simple and easy to understand. We know the design to be of the best, and we know that every detail of construction is correct. This is proved to our own satisfaction by giving every engine a thorough working test before it leaves the Works. This guarantees that the engine comes to you in perfect working condition, and you have a right to expect many years of efficient service from it.

I. H. C. gasoline engines are designed to utilize the greatest amount of power from the fuel consumed. Every line of the engine is symmetrical. It looks substantial and is substantial without being clumsy or too heavy.

The I. H. C. Line

I. H. C. Vertical Engines—made in 2, 3 and 25-horse-power
Horizontal (portable and stationary) in 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 15 and 20-horse-power
Gasoline Tractors—in 12, 15 and 20-horse-power
Famous Air-Cooled Engines—in 1 and 2-horse-power
Pumping, Spraying and Sawing outfits in various styles and sizes.
Call on the International local agent, inspect these engines and secure catalogues and full particulars, or write nearest branch house.

CANADIAN BRANCHES: Brandon, Calgary, Edmonton, Hamilton, London, Montreal, Ottawa, Regina, Saskatoon, St. John, Winnipeg

International Harvester Company of America, Chicago, U. S. A.
(Incorporated)