

(1.) To prevent American fishermen from fishing &c., within three marine miles of the coasts, bays, and harbours ;

(2.) To impose upon American fishermen entering bays or harbours for the allowed purposes, such restrictions as should prevent abuse ;

(3.) Or, if necessary, to prohibit absolutely, and punish any such entry, not being for the allowed purposes.

4. The first Act passed in connection with the Convention is the Imperial Act, 59 George III, cap. 38 (1819). It is printed entire in the Appendix. The effect may be thus stated—

Imperial Act, 59 Geo. III. cap. 38
See Appendix 2.

(1.) It enables the King, by Orders in Council, to make regulations for establishing the liberty of taking, drying, and curing of fish, given by the Convention to the inhabitants of the United States within certain limits. Sect. 1.

(2.) It prohibits persons on board foreign vessels from fishing, &c., within three marine miles of any coasts, bays, creeks, or harbours whatever in any part of His Majesty's Dominions in America, not included within the limits specified in the Convention, and imposes the penalty of forfeiture of any vessel found fishing, or to have been fishing, or preparing to fish within such distance. Sect. 2.

(3.) It provides that it shall be lawful for United States' fishermen to enter into any of such bays or harbours "for the purpose of shelter and repairing damages therein, and of purchasing wood and of obtaining water, and for no other purpose whatever, subject, however, to such restrictions as may be necessary to prevent such fishermen from taking, drying, or curing fish in the said bays or harbours, and as shall be imposed by any Order in Council or by Regulations issued by any Governor in pursuance of any Order in Council." Sect. 3.

(4.) It imposes a penalty of 200*l.* upon any person refusing to depart from such bays or harbours upon requisition of any Governor, or refusing to conform to any (such ?) Regulations. Sect. 4.

5. By an Order in Council of 19th June, 1819, it was ordered that the Governor of Newfoundland should give notice to all His Majesty's Subjects not to interrupt the fishery allowed by the Treaty to be Order in Council of June 19, 1819.