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H. H. McLEAN, President,
standard time.

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Principal.

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BOOTS**

**Men's
Oil Grain,
Heavy Soled,
Hand Bottomed,
Blucher Cut,
Belted Tongue,
Laced Boots,
\$2.50 per pair.
Other Styles \$2.75,
\$3.00, \$4.00.
Boys' \$2.25.**

These are the boots to
keep the feet dry and
stand hard wear.

Open evenings until 8.

**Francis &
Vaughan,**
19 KING STREET.

**KAISER BEARS UP WELL
UNDER CONSTANT STRAIN**

**Recent Manoeuvres Make En-
ormous Demands on Vitality
of German Emperor, But He
is Able to Bear Them.**

Berlin, Sept. 28.—The recent man-
oeuvres must have made enormous
demands on the vitality and strength
of the Kaiser, but he has shown that
he is well able to bear them. It is
not every man, officer or soldier, who
could stay up till 2 in the morning, as
the Kaiser sometimes did, discussing
the details of the next day's operations
and then rise again at 4 to start out
on a long day's work in the saddle.

His Constitution.
The explanation is to be found
chiefly no doubt in the natural
strength of the Kaiser's constitution,
but in the next place in his modera-
tion in eating and drinking. He enjoys
a breakfast of the solid English kind,
with tea and a dish of meat or fish.
The latter being his favorite. The or-
dinary German's cup of coffee and a
roll or two would never enable him
to get through the mental and physical
labor of the entire forenoon un-
til luncheon.

Sorely Tried.
Perhaps the majority of men in
Germany, and certainly in the capital,
where men's nerves are most sorely
tried, eat little in the early part of
the day and most heartily in the eve-
ning. It is otherwise with the Kaiser
who eats heartily at breakfast and
lunch, but very little in the evening.
In Germany this is considered a sign
of good health and strong nerves.
One of the things that contribute to
the Kaiser's good appetite is his mod-

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new machines.

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KING EDWARD SPENDS MUCH ON HIS CASTLES

**Thousands of Dollars Spent
On Improvements to Bal-
moral and Sandringham—
Changes at Windsor Too.**

London, Sept. 28.—King Edward has
spent several thousand dollars this
season on the improvements at Bal-
moral and Sandringham. All expendi-
ture upon these properties is disbur-
sed by the Keeper of the Privy Purse
and does not appear upon the Parlia-
mentary estimates in any shape or
form. In other words, it is the King
himself who bears the expense.

Heavier Than Formerly.
It is quite otherwise in the case of
the changes that have been in pro-
gress at Windsor and in a less de-
gree at Frogmore, these items of ex-
penditure being debited to the vote
for which the Office of Works is re-
sponsible. In various ways the King's
disbursements during the present year
have been heavier than for several
years past, especially as he has in-
creased the sum set aside for chari-
ties.

The King has not yet had an op-
portunity of enjoying the added com-
forts and pleasures which he has pro-
vided himself at Balmoral. In Queen
Victoria's day discomfort and cramped
space prevailed at the latter favorite
home, but the King has changed all
that. He has enlarged the guest ac-
commodation for one thing, though
large parties are never held at Bal-
moral, only specially intimate friends
of the royal family being invited there.

Ballroom Changed.
The ballroom has been much changed,
widened, decorated and quite
done over. It will be used as a con-
cert room or for theatrical perform-
ances, as dances are not given there
at all.

Queen Alexandra is said to be very
enthusiastic about the improvement
at Balmoral, and the King's opinion
is being anxiously awaited by those
who have carried out his orders. He
never stays very long at his Scottish
home and this year will be no excep-
tion to his custom. Sandringham is
his favorite place and he means to
spend a good part of the winter there,
extensive alterations, redecoration
and refittings have been in progress
there also for some time.

General Americans.
Says another: "A lot of people have
been trying to find the north pole,
but when they got there they died."
and their bones were found by Dr.
Cook and Capt. Peary. The reason
why Dr. Cook and Capt. Peary did
not die was because they were Am-
ericans.

Again another essayist affirms that
Capt. Peary reached the north pole
on a Dreadnought. He adds: "The
reason why he went by sea was be-
cause it was cheaper. Had he gone by
train, the discovery of the north pole
is a good thing because it is the end
of the world."

The Jewish World.
The Jewish World after referring
with pride to Dr. Cook's Jewish dis-
covery says that the north pole is the
only place on earth, except the other
pole, where it is impossible for Jews
to settle. Why? The Jew is command-
ed to turn his face to the east when
he prays. How can he do it where
there is no east?

Then how can he say morning
prayers every day when the polar
night lasts six months? It would
mean morning prayer about once a
year. Then what about the Omar?
How can he count forty-nine evenings
in the seven weeks between the Pen-
tateuch day of the Passover and Pen-
tateuch when there is only one long ev-
ening in the whole of the polar year?
He would not know when the Sab-
bath was in or out.

Naturalists Puzzled.
An official at the Gardens says that
naturalists have not yet settled how
long it takes beetles to accomplish
this work of boring. There is the his-
toric case of the Natural History Mus-
eum grub of the same species. For
fourteen years it lived undiscovered
in the boot tree constantly used by
an Indian military officer and prob-
ably had lived in the wood itself
before it was made into a boot tree.
When the officer first discovered
the grub he handed the boot tree,
grub and all, over to the museum. It
was placed in a showcase, where it
lived ten years. About once annually
the grub used to poke its head out
into the daylight, when the curator
promptly pushed it back into the
wood and plugged up the hole so
that it could dig its way out.

**Curious Insect Makes Its Ap-
pearance at London Zoo and
Naturalists Are Worried—
Was Sent from Canada.**

London, Sept. 28.—By a log of
wood riddled with tiny tunnels stands
an ordinary looking beetle in the sec-
ond house at the London Zoo. It has
just been born as a beetle from the
grub which bore those tunnels. It
belongs to the Longicorn family of
beetles.

The grub was sent from Canada in
a small log of Vancouver pine to a
lady eighteen months ago. When re-
cently it turned into a beetle she
sent it to the zoo, and it has just em-
erged in its final state, but it may
have been anywhere between twenty
and fifty years in the wood, boring
the tunnel through the log.

**Stratton Election
Trial is Now On**

Special To The Standard.
Peterboro, Ont., Sept. 27.—The trial
of Mr. J. H. Burnham, a protest
against the election of Mr. J. H. Str-
atton as member of Parliament for West
Peterboro, began at 11.30 o'clock this
morning in the County Court room be-
fore Judges Magee and McMahon.
Mr. Burnham has issued three hun-
dred and fifty and three hundred
subpoenas while Mr. Stratton in a
cross petition has summoned over
one hundred.

Teamster Killed.
Toronto, Sept. 28.—James Martin,
aged 77 years, a teamster, was killed
yesterday by being caught by a falling
bank of earth and crushed against his
wagon. The accident occurred at a
sand pit north of the city.

**HOW UNION
VIEWS RIVAL
POLAR CLAIMS**

**The Cook-Peary Controversy
Growing Less Prominent,
But the Humorists are work-
ing to Keep Interest Up.**

**WHAT THE JEWISH
WORLD HAS TO SAY**

London, Sept. 28.—The Cook-Peary
controversy is beginning to grow
much less prominent. To the end of
last week Peary, no doubt, had things
much his own way here and Cook's
friends were few and far between;
but already the style and tone of
Peary's telegrams were causing a
feeling of reaction, which has grown
steadily ever since.

Cook's reticence, which at first was
counted strongly against him, is now
generally considered preferable to
Peary's vituperation. With this feel-
ing to aid it, opinion seems to be
growing that there is little to pick be-
tween the two stories. The idea now
coming to the front is that it may be
well to suspend final judgment until
the protagonists have given their com-
plete data to the world.

Neither an Englishman.
Meanwhile the Britisher is extract-
ing mean fun he can from the whole
affair. He would not be sorry if the
verdict of the scientists were eventu-
ally to throw both men over. He
would then feel he had justified in his
first disbelief of Cook and his
present disapproval of Peary. There
are plenty who are beginning to think
that both explorers have made a mis-
take in claiming to have found the
pole, and one of the most frequent
remarks heard where men are gather-
ed together is:

"Thank God that neither of them
is an Englishman."
A Former Controversy.
Apropos of the controversy the
Manchester Guardian recalls the great
dispute between Burton and Speke
about the discovery of the sources of
the Nile. Speke, virtually discovered
the source in Lake Victoria Nyanza
on the lake alone, leaving Burton
in his 1857-59 expedition. He had gone
behind sick. Few people believed
Speke and Burton was not one of
them.

In 1863 Speke, accompanied by
Grant, discovered the source beyond
dispute, but still Burton denied the
possibility. Then it was arranged that
Speke and Burton should hold a pub-
lic disputation on the subject before
the British Association at Bath in
1864. On the morning of the meeting
Speke was found dead in a fence, with
a gun lying beside him.

The School Children.
During the last week hundreds of
school children in London and the
provinces have listened with eager
delight to the story of the discovery
and have written essays on the sub-
ject. Here are a few of the examples:
"There is now a lot of talk about
the discovery of the north pole."
"Dr. Cook and Capt. Peary were
supposed to have reached it, but
when he got there Capt. Peary came
over the side and told him. They both
became very angry, and waved the
stars and stripes, but presently
agreed to leave it in the hands of the
president of America."

General Americans.
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been trying to find the north pole,
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**CHESTERTON
TO RESCUE OF
DR. JOHNSON**

**Eminent English Journalist in
Bicentenary Estimate of
Hero Contests Points That
He Was Rude and Pedantic.**

**ADmits HE WAS RUDE
BUT NEVER PEDANTIC**

London, Sept. 28.—G. K. Chesterton,
whose massive bulk dressed as Dr.
Johnson was one of the chief delights
of the recent church pageant comes
to the support of his hero in a bi-
centenary estimate which contests "the
two main popular notions that he
was pedantic and that he was rude."
That he was occasionally rude Ches-
terton admits, but declares that "the
pedantic estimate which contests "the
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terton admits, but declares that "the
pedantic estimate which contests "the
two main popular notions that he
was pedantic and that he was rude."

An Example.
Chesterton takes as an example the
story of the Scotchman who, vexed at
the ritual jeers of Johnson against his
country, said:

"Do you remember that God made
Scotland?" Johnson replied promptly:
"Sir, you are to remember that he
made it for Scotchmen." Then after
a pause he said in grave meditation:
"Comparisons are odious, but God
made hell."

"Now," says Mr. Chesterton, "the
vague popular opinion of Johnson
would concentrate on long words like
"comparisons" and "odious" and retain
the impression that he was pedantic.
It would be just as easy to concen-
trate on words like "hell" and give
the impression that he was vulgar.
The only true way of testing the mat-
ter is to look at the whole sentence
and ask if there is a single word,
long or short, out of its place."

Reverence of Pedantic.
"Johnson was the reverse of pedan-
tic, for he used long words only when
they would be effective. Generally
it came to this, that he spoke pom-
pously when Boswell spoke flippantly
and flippantly when Boswell spoke
pompously—a very sound rule."

The range of references is admitted
to be much more real, "but" says
Chesterton, "about this also an im-
pression still surviving requires a
great deal of correction. Johnson
was sometimes insolent, but he was
never superior. He was not a despot,
but exactly the reverse. It was his
sense of the democracy of debate
that made him loud and unscrupulous
like a mob. It was exactly because
he thought the other men as clever
as himself that he sought in de-
perate cases to hear them down by
clamor. Every one knows the bril-
liant description of him by one of
his best friends, if his pistol misses
fire he knocks you down with the butt
of it; but few realize that this is the
act of a simple and heroic fellow
fighting against a superior force."

Of Irregular Temper.
"Johnson was a man of great and
unimpulsive good sense. Of irregular
temper and intellectually he was hum-
ble. He always went into every con-
flict with the idea that the other man
was as good as he was, and that he
might be defeated. His followings
and bangs of the pole were the ex-
pressions of a fundamental mod-
esty. We can feel this element, I think,
in everything he said, down to those
last awful words upon his death-bed,
when he spoke of Burke, the one man
who had really excited and arrested
him: 'If I saw him now it would kill
me.'"

He may seem to be hammering at
the brain through long nights of
noise and thunder," is the conclusion,
"but he can walk into the heart with-
out knocking."

**WHAT BUDGET MEANS
TO MONIED ENGLAND**

**Cumulative Effect of Proposed
New Taxes Indicates That
England will be a Poor Man's
Country if Reforms Carry.**

London, Sept. 28.—A member of the
present British Liberal Cabinet not
long ago made the statement that Eng-
land would remain a rich man's coun-
try, even if the budget, with its heavy
fresh taxation proposals, were accept-
ed by the House of Lords as it stood.
The cumulative effect of the proposed
new taxes indicates, however, that
the contrary would be the case.

An Illustration.
As an illustration: Let a man own
£250,000, of which £50,000 is invest-
ed in land. On the income derived
therefrom, say £10,000 a year, he will
have to pay: (1) Income tax, at four-
teen pence in the pound (not quite 6
per cent.) and the super-tax of 2 1/2
per cent. on income over £3,000 an-
nually; roughly £758. (2) Land tax,
£375. (3) The death duties on this
estate, provision for which wealthy
people and property owners generally
now make of their income, would be
£35,000. Assuming the expectation of
the average middle age subject's life
to be 20 years, this would be £1,750 a
year. Extra settlement duty, £50. (4)
Licenses for servants, dogs, guns, car-
riages, automobiles, £25. (5) Duties
on wine, beer, spirits, cigars, tobacco
consumed by household and guests,
estimated, £100. Total annual tax-
ation on an income of £10,000, £23,056,
which is over 30 1/2 per cent., truly
an enormous proportion.

KING MANUEL TO MARRY

London, Sept. 28.—It is positively
stated in Lisbon that King Manuel
will marry in April. The name of the
bride-elect is not given, but in
view of past rumors connecting the
King's name with that of an English
Princess it is assumed that it will be
an English alliance.

Inquiries here, however, fail to
bring forth any confirmation of the
report.

**THE HIDDEN
MANNA OF THE
PUGSLEY FEAST**

**What the Political Epicures
Really Ate at Last Night's
Banquet, With Sidelights On
the After Proceedings.**

**THE AFFAIR IN DETAIL AS
SEEN BY A CONTEMPORARY**

The following from the editorial
columns of the Fredericton Gleaner
of Monday's issue gives a very fair
idea of what had previously been map-
ped out for the Pugsley banquet of
last night. That the programme was
not precisely carried out as here in-
dicated is not extraordinary. There are
always hitches in affairs of this
kind.

The Menu.
Courtney Bay Oysters.
Served on half-shell, a la McAvity.
Soups.
Game Consomme (Leary).
Lost Memory.
Fish.

Potted Parasites on Toast (from the
Sun's recipe).
Fritters of a Reputation, with Mayon-
naise (pronounced Mayes) sauce.
Entrees.
Consolidated Electric Railway Stew
(procured at 7 cents on the \$
on \$46,000).
Compote of Broken Promises and
Unfulfilled Pledges.

Removes.
Listes du Votres, stuffed a la Robe-
say and garnished with lemons.
Central Hash, served a la Croquette.

Joints.
Large Humble Pie, presented by the
40 odd members of Parliament
who were absent when
wanted.

Pastry.
Jumble Pudding, with Chaos Sauce.
Fruit.

Apples of Discord gathered in the Lib-
eral's orchard.
Pears, of grafters, donated by Messrs.
Moore and McAvity and other
associates of the Minister.

Plums of office, plucked by the Min-
ister himself.

Dates, of cheques which don't corres-
pond with the postmarks.
Figments of finance.
Grapes, (sour) contributed by various
disgruntled members of the
party.

The Card itself.
The menu card itself is most ap-
propriately gotten up. At each of the
corners is a cluster of laurel leaves,
enclosed in which are the Minister's
initials, "W.P." Connecting these is a
tastefully executed border, which
upon close examination turns out to
be the mysterious figures "57,000"
elaborately worked in the form of a
scroll. The menu cards for general
use are engraved, but as a delicate
compliment to the Minister, which
he will use has been tastefully hand-
worked in lead-pencil.

The Decorations.
The decorations will be upon an
elaborate scale. Round the walls of
the banquet chamber will be hung a
series of allusive pictures propa-
gated under the supervision of the Min-
ister himself, representing Peace and
Prosperity, and are intended to sym-
bolize the happy condition of the
country when all the Minister's op-
timistic predictions have been fulfil-
led. These will be held in place by
33 cents worth of German surtacks.

"Paper Surpluses."
To prevent conclusion and to dis-
tinguish them from the gifts of the
waiters will be scattered paper sur-
pluses, kindly loaned for the occa-
sion by Mr. Fielding.

While the banquet is intended primar-
ily as a personal compliment to the
Minister, it is understood that the lat-
ter does not desire the personal ele-
ment to be carried too far. Instead
therefore of making the form of