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g in the Maritime Provinces.

FULL SHIPPING NEWS S BY EMINENT AUTHORS. FARM.

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WANAMAKER-NICHOLS. On October 29, 1902, a very pretty edding took place at the home of Ir. and Mrs. Andrew Nichols, fifteen akman street, Neponset, Mass., when aeir daughter Flora B. was united in parriage to M. E. Wanamaker of ockton, Mass. The ceremony was erformed by Rev. Mr. Noble of the ongregational church, Neponset, unr an arch of woodbine, from which ung a bell of roses. The bride was ressed in white Swiss muslin, with ice and chiffon trimmings, and caried a large bunch of bride's roses. was attended by her sister, Miss lda Nichols, who was dressed in blue gandy, and Miss Eva McKenzie, ousin of the bride, as flower girl. H. Wanamaker of Wakefield, Mass., id the honors of best man. Among ose present were friends and relaves from Wakefield, Somerville, Medord, Brighton, Brookline, Marblehead, uincy and Roxbury. The bride was ie recipient of many beautiful and stly presents, among which were a ndsome dinner and tea set, set of it glass, silver tea set, fur rug, silver lives, spoons and ladles, parlor lamp, lock table, linen and numerous other seful and beautiful articles. After ne ceremony Mr. and Mrs. Wanaaker left for Brockton, where they

LIVERPOOL SPRUCE MARKET. The Timber Trades Journal of Oct.

ntend making their future home.

Spruce continues its steady trend upards. The market still maintains a m attitude, with few arrivals, and gh prices being made on the other de of the water. With Baltic and ebec goods, and pitch pine remaing at high prices, there is no reason spruce, with the season practicat an end, should prove an excepn in this respect. Indeed, on the er hand, we are justified in repeatour prediction that material furer advancement may be anticipated ore supplies can come in by next water. Nor is it at all probable at the present prices will be greatly luced in the spring. In the meanbusiness is very fair, and the arvals about the normal for the near pproach of the closure, the principal sels to hand being sailers.

HE DAY OF MIRACLES NOT

PAST. A Toronto Star reporter investigated case of Mr. Geo. Warner, and und that after thirteen years of alost total deafness, he had been cured inhaling Catarrhozone.

This proves that where Catarrhozone atment is employed, impaired hearg and deafness can be cured. Catarrone always brings quick relief, and warranted to give lasting satisfac-All sufferers from Impaired earing, Deafness, Head Noises and inging in the Ears are advised to ineat benefit it is capable of affording. Catarrhozone and derive the rice \$1.00, small size 25c. Druggists N. C. Polson & Co., Kingston, Ont. Dr. Hamilton's Pills Cure Constipa

DIED IN CALAIS.

CALAIS,, Nov. 4.—Edward Hackett, ho for the past 16 years has been a sident of this city, died early Mony morning at the residence of his -in-law, David Driscoll. Deceas born in King's county, Ireland, in , where he resided until 1833, when emigrated to Canada, settling at St. hn, N. B. Later he removed to atham, Miramichi, where he residfor many years. In 1884 he went to nnsylvania, where several of his s resided and after a stay of two ers came to Calais where he has ice resided. He had reached the adced age of 88 years. Mr. Macket ves four sons, John, James, Michael d Edward, all of Pennsylvania, and dau aters, Mrs. John Rigley, Mrs. ivid Driscoll, Mrs. Joseph Boyle and rs. John Robinson, who reside here.

MONKS ARRIVE AT ROGERS-VILLE.

ix monks arrived at Rogersville n France last week and commenced work of establishing a monastery that place. Sixty more monks, who to be connected with the monasy, are expected out from France in ort time. Work has already been rted by the new arrivals on the perty given by Father Richard for founding of the institution. pperty given to the monks includes mill site.

Is the only safe, reliable regulator on which woman can depend "in the hour and time of need."

Prepared in two degrees of strength. No. 1 and No. 2.

No. 1.—For ordinary cases is by far the best dollar medicine known.

No. 2—For special cases—10 degrees conger—three dollars per box.

Ladies—ask your druggist for Cook's botton Root Compound. Take no other all pills, mixtures and imitations are negerous. No. 1 and No. 2 are sold and

all pills, mixtures and imitations are ngerous. No. 1 and No. 2 are sold and commended by all druggists in the Donion of Canada. Mailed to any address receipt of price and four 2-cent postage amps. The Cook Company.

No. 1 and No. 2 are sold in St. John by druggists.

BOSTON LETTER.

Forty Provincialists Lost in Gloucester Fishing Fleet.

The Spruce Lumber Market-Mackerel Are Firm-Recent Deaths-Agricultural Newspaper Combine.

(From Our Own Correspondent.) BOSTON, Nov. 2.—During the year ending Oct. 31, 70 men were lost from the Gloucester fishing fleet, over forty of whom were natives of the provinces. Among those whose names are on the long list were the following: Jos. Couillard, aged 21, of Halifax; Capt. John D. McKinnon, aged 49, master of the schooner Eliza H. Parkhurst, native of Prince Edward Island: George Moody, mate of the Parkhurst, aged 26, hailed from Liverpool, N. S.; Angus McLean, aged 42, cook of the Parkhurst, native of Malagawash, Cape Breton; Joseph Ryan, aged 28, E. I; George D. Strahan, aged 43, also of the Parkhurst, native of Canso, N. tia; Abraham Williams, native of N. S., lost from the Mary A. Gleason William Happley of Nova Scotia, lost from the Emma and Helen; William Fisher, lost from the Grace Otis, native of N. S.; Lawrence Fogarty, aged 33, of Black Point, Guysboro Co., N. S., lost from the Emma and Helen; James Thomas, native of Halifax, lost from the Jennie B. Hodgdon; Benjamin H. Muiss, aged 24, native of Tusket, N. S., lost from the schooner Volant; Melville Smith of St. Andrews, N. B., lost from the A. E. Whyland; Hines, native of Pubnico, N. S., suffocated on board schooner Harvester; Joseph McInnis, native of Shipstown P. E. I., lost from the Speculator; John Kenneth Molden, Nova Scotian, lost from the schooner Patriot; John J. Elliott, lost from the Patriot, Nova Scotian: Capt. William McDonald of grave, N. S.; Simon Langley of Arl-chat, cook of the Alva; William Peeples of the Alva, native of Port Mulgrave; George Stone of the Alva, native of St. Peter's, C. B.: Charles For rest of the Alva, native of Arichat; Richard Jackman of the Alva, native of Port Mulgrave, N. S.: Edward Wiliams of the Alva, of Lockport, N. S.; Robert McKinnon of the Alva, native of Arichat; Ephraim Thornburn of the Alva, native of Shelburne, N. S.: Mal-

om Edwards of the Alva, native of Arichat; Capt. John E. Dall of the Alva, native of Lockport, N. S.; Wm. oucette of the Alva, of Meteghan, N. S.; Joseph Chisholm of the Alva, native of L'Ardoise, C. B.; George Hawkins of the Alva, of Beaver Harbor, N. (Shonner Alva was never heard from and it is supposed she foundered in a gale.) James Knocton, native of bury (died from natural causes); Jeremiah Surratt, native of Tusket, N. S., suffocated on board schooner Mary E. Harty; Richard McKie of Cape Breton, lost from schooner Harvester; Isa-dore Bouchie, native of Arichat, lost from schooner W. B. Keene; Nehemiah Blade, narive of Barrington, N. S., and Elias Goodwin of Pubnico, N. S., lost on Grahk Banks; John Kent of Cape Breton and Alexander Clemets of Tus-

ket, N. S., lost from schooner Bohemi; George E. Welsh of Nova Scotia, lost from schooner Mary J. Ward; John Frellick of Liverpool, N. S., lost from schooner American; Jean Doucette and Sylvang Doucette, both of Tusket, N. S., lost from schooner Elsie M. Smith. Alexander Clark Walker, formerly of St. John, died here yesterday, aged 53 years. The funeral is to be held from

afternoon. Mr. Walker was a native Among other deaths of former provincialists in this vicinity were the following: In Roxbury, Oct. 30, Mrs. Hannah Corey, aged 85 years, formerly 1, Mrs. Susan McBrady, aged 76 years, formerly of St. John; in Melrose, Oct. 23, Mrs. Ida F. Glover, wife of William viline is as sure as death to relieve Jehu Maxwell of St. John; in Roxbury, ous, just a few drops in sweetened Oct. 30, Charles H. Parks, aged 32 water and the pain is gone. Buy a botyears, formerly of Woodstock, N. B.; the of Nerviline today, and keep it in East Somerville, Oct. 30, William C. handy. Nerviline is a common house-Halifax; in Chelsea, Samuel Rutherford, aged 64 years, native of Nova Scotia; in Athol, Oct. 24, Miss Prudence Floyd of St. Mary's, N. S., aged

18 years; in South Boston, Oct. 24, Mrs. Mary Macdonald, widow of An-gus Macdonald of Antigonish, aged 65 Mrs. Flora Thornton, widow of the Hon. Edward Thornton of Georgetown, P. E. I., died at the residence of her daughter, Mrs. Campbell, 9 Carlisle street, Roxbury, on Oct. 27. Mrs.

Thornton was 93 years of age.
The Phelps Publishing Company of
Springfield, publishers of Farm and Home and other agricultural papers, which have a large circulation in Canada, has purchased the Farming World, a leading Canadian agricultural paper. The combined companies in Canada will be known as the Dominion Phelps Company. The Farming World and the Canadian edition of the Farm and Home will be issued together. The Dominion Phelps Company will also issue other publications and will also control in Canada the Orange Judd argi-

cultural books. An effort is being made to have Messrs. Sifton and Fitzgerald of the Laurier cabinet to address the Canadian Club here this month. Another speaker is expected to be Hon. H. A. McKeown

D. C. Fraser, M. P., of Guysboro, and Mr. McIsaacs, M. P., of Antigonish, will speak before the Maritime Provincial Club about the middle of No

Thoroughness.

Prof. W. Hodgson Ellis, (malyst to the Dominion G ent, states that "Sunlight Soap has a thorough cleansing power, with-out danger to the clothing or tin." Women who want washing skin." Women who want washing done thoroughly cannot use better than Sunlight Soap—Octagon Bar. Unlike common soaps, there is no damage to the clothing, and no danger to the skin; hence the saying: Sunlight Soap—Octagon Bar—next wash day, and you will see that Prof. Ellis is right. He should know.

is very anxious to locate him. A Mrs. Burns of Halifax is also missing. Louise Weston, who arrived in Gloucester recently from Halifax, jumped from the third story of a boarding house last week. She was not severely

Among provincialists in the city re cently were the following named: M. Leydon and Mrs. Leydon, L. Wheeler, R. O'Brien, Mrs. J. H. Thompson, Miss Thompson, St. John; J. T. Halli-sey, S. C. Graham, Truro; C. L. Davis, St. Stephen; R. Caldwell, Woodstock. The spruce lumber market here is still very steady, with nine inch spruce firmer. Ten and 12 inch dimension seaman of the Parkhurst, native of P. car, are yet held at \$21 to 22; 9-in. and under, \$19 to 20; 10 and 12-inch random lengths, 10 feet and up, \$20.50; merch-S.; Lawrence McDonald, aged 55, of the same vessel, native of Nova Sco-timber by water is worth \$18 to 19 timber by water is worth \$18 to 19; ordinary, \$16 to 17.50; shippers, \$17, and planed coarse, \$15. Laths are very firm at \$3.40 to 3.45 for 1 5-8 in., and \$3.25 to 3.30 for 1 1-2 in. Cedar shingles are easy, but not quotably lower. For extras, \$3.50 to 3.55 is still asked; \$3 for clears and \$2.50 for seconds.

Mackerel continue firm with the de-

mand active at full quotations. Barrel fish are worth about \$20, with non landed from vessel. Codfish are firm and higher, large shore and Georges commanding \$6 to 6.50 among whole-salers, and \$ to 5.25 for medium. Barrel herring are also firmer, with Nova Scotia split offering at \$6.75 to 7.50 for large and \$5.50 to 6 for medium. Canned lobsters are still in short supply and very firm, wholesalers asking \$2.50 to 2.75 for 1-lb. talls, and \$2.80 to 3 for 1-lb. flats. Live lobsters are quoted at 16, and boiled at 18 cents.

DIED IN MONCTON Former Resident of St. John and An

Old Conductor Called Away. MONCTON, N. B., Nov. 4.- Arthur Sewell, formerly of Moncton, but for some years past a resident of Kentville, N. S., died at that place on Monday. There are no particulars at hand as to the cause of the death of the deceased. Mr. and Mrs. James Humphrey left on the maritime express this morning for Kentville and will bring the body to Moncton for interment Deceased leaves three daughters, Mrs James Humphrey and Mrs. James Kelly of Moncton, and Miss Isabell Sewell of St. John. The sons are Arthur and Harry of Moncton. Three younger children reside with

father in Kentville. Deceased lived in St. John for several years. William McDonald, native of Cape Beverly Smith, at one time conduc widow and four children.

MAINE TRAGEDY. Waterville Man Wounds His Wife

and Then Kills Himself. WATERVILLE, Me., Nov. 4-Edward Dostie, aged 28, forced his way into the home of his wife's father, just af-ter midnight, and fired three shots at his wife as she lay in bed, two taking effect in her left leg and one in her left arm. He then fired a shot down through the top of his own head, the bullet going through the brain. He will die. She will probably recover. Dostie and his wife had quarreled

frequently and about a month ago had such a fierce row that Officer Libby was called and separated them. Mrs. Dostie then left her home and Trinity church (Episcopal) tomorrow to live with her father, Richard Lessard, where the shooting occurred.

LIGHTNING REMEDY FOR

CRAMPS. Some people have cramps pretty of St. John; in West Somerville, Nov. often, others only now and again. But Glover, and daughter of the late cramps in five seconds--it's instantane-Mahoney, aged 43 years, formerly of hold necessity and only costs 25 cents. port coal it is on the basis of a legal Dr. Hamilton's Mandrake Pills cure

> IS AN AMERICAN CITIZEN. S. Merritt Wetmore has received which prove positively that Charles A. D. Merron, who was arrested as a vagrant here, is an American citizen. The U.S. immigration people refused to allow Merron to cross the line without this proof of citizenship. Now support him.

SHOT HIS BROTHER.

GLOVERSVILLE, N. Y., Nov. 4. While deer hunting near Piseco, Hamilton Co., yesterday, Wm. Abrams shot and killed his brother, Fred Abrams aged 17, mistaking him for a deer. The boys were sons of Floyd Abrams, Piseco, an Adirondack guide.

nuine Castoria always bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Casteria. When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria. When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria. When she had Children, she gave them Castoria

vember.

The Boston police have been asked to search for Mathew Marshall, a wholesale and retail grocer of Halifax. It is not known here that he is charged with anything, but it is stated his wife

TOPEKA, Kas., Nov. 4.—At 10.30 o'clock tonight Chairman Albaugh of the republican state committee said: "The Kansas republicans have elected the entire state ticket and all the eight congressmen. Balley for governor will have a larger majority than did Stanley two years ago. The legislature will be safely republican.

THE MINERS

Full Text of Their Contentions and Demands.

As Presented to the Anthracite Coal Commission for Its Consideration.

HAZELTON, Pa., Nov. 4.-The state ment of the anthracite mine workers' case, which was filed with the strike commission on Sunday night was made public today. Copies of the statement have been furnished to the operators. who will reply in three or four days. The miners' statement in full is as fol-

To the Anthracite Coal Strike Com The mine workers make on the operators the following demands which were formulated by the Shamokin convention, March 18 to 24, and for the enforcement of which the strike was in-

FIRST.

An increase of 20 per cent. on the price paid during the year 1901 to employes performing contract or piece work. This demand is made on account of the following reasons:

1. The present rate of wages is much lower than the rate of wages paid in the bituminous coal fields for substant ially similar work.

2. The present rate of wages is lower than is paid in other occupations requiring equal skill and training. 3. The average annual earning in the anthracite coal fields are much less than the average annual earnings in the bituminous coal fields for substa-

tially similar work. 4. The average annual earnings in the anthracite coal fields are much less than the average earnings for occupa tions requiring less skill and training 5. The rate of wages in the anthracite coal fields is insufficient to com-pensate the mine workers in view of the dangerous character of their occupation in relation to accidents, the liability to serious and permanent disease, the high death rate and the short average life incident to this employ-

6. The annual earnings of the min workers are insufficient to maintain the American standard of living. 7. The increased cost of living has made it impossible to maintain a fair standard of life upon the basis of preent wages, and has not only prevented the mine workers from securing any benefit from increased prosperity, but has made their condition poorer on ac-

8. The wages of the anthracity nine workers are so low that their children are prematurely forced inte the beakers and mills instead of being supported and educated upon the nings of their parents. . Wages are below the fair and just

earnings of the mine workers in this industry. SECOND

A reduction of 20 per cent. in the Breton, seaman of the Independence; Clarence Wagner of schooner Reporter, native of Liverpool, N. S. (died in hospital); Amos Simmons of schooner Slade Gordon, native of Port Hawkesbury (died from netural causes). Less than the time conductor and Buctouche hours of 20 per cent. in the hours of labor without any reduction of earnings for all employes paid by the day, hour or week.

The second demand is similar to the sample to the size of the lungs. Deceased was about 45 years old and leaves a widow and four children.

A reduction of 20 per cent. in the hours of labor without any reduction of earnings for all employes paid by the day, hour or week.

The second demand is similar to the sample to the size of the disease be found to be made, and, if the disease be found to be made, and, if the disease be found to be made, and, if the disease be found to be made, and, if the disease be found to be made, and, if the disease be found to be made, and the conduction of labor without any reduction of earnings for all employes paid by the day, hour or week.

The second demand is similar to the sample to the disease be found to be made, and, if the disease be found to be made, and, if the disease be found to be made, and, if the disease be found to be made, and, if the disease be found to be made, and, if the disease be found to be made, and the disease be found to

the hourly rate of wages of the min workers employed by the hour, day or week, and all the reasons applicable to the first demand are asked to be applied to the second. In addition there we submit the following:

10. The ten hour day is detrimenta to the health, life, safety and well be ing of the mine workers.

11. Shorter hours improve the physical, mental and moral conditions of

workers. 12. Shorter hours increase the intensity and efficiency of labor.

13. The tendency of national and state overnment of organized trade and of roduction generally is towards shorter

14. A working day of eight hours is sufficiently long for the best interests of the working men and of the com-THIRD

The adoption of a system by which coal shall be weighed and paid for by weight where practicable, the minimum rate per ton to be sixty cents for a legal ton, the differentials now existing at the various mines to be main-

This demand is made on account of the following reasons: 1. Measurement by legal ton wherever practicable is the only honest and just system of measuring the earnings

2. When the operators sell or trans

ton of 2,240 pounds. 3. The excessive ton was originally intended to compensate the operator for the weight of the small sizes of coal which were then discarded, but which are now utilized and sold, and therefrom persons in the states papers fore there is no present necessity for the use of any other than the legal

4. The adoption of this system would remove an incentive, both to the operator and the worker, to cheating and dishonesty, and would allay jealousy the authorities here have no desire to discontinuation and present unjust discrimination and favoritism.

5. The change of present system to the one asked for would prove a strong

> the mine workers. FOURTH:

The incorporation to an agreement etween the United Mine Workers of America and the Anthracite Coal companies of the wages which shall be paid and the conditions of employment which shall obtain, together with satisfactory methods for the adjustment of grievances which may arise from time to time to the end that strikes and lockouts may be unnecessary. In support of this demand we sub

THE FOLLOWING REASONS: 1. The anthracite mine workers should not be compelled to make or sign any agreements annually, but uld have the right to form such organization and choose such agents and officers as they desire to act collective-ly instead of individually when they

deem that their best interests are sub-served thereby. 2. Agreements between employers and

employed through workingmen's or-gaulzations are the ordinary methods of regulating production and wages in the bituminous coal fields, and in oth-er large industries and are beneficial, ul, and in keeping with the

spirit of the times.

3. Unions of workingmen tend to the 3. Unions of workingmen tend to the better condition of the men and the improvement of their moral position and preserve friendly relations between employer and employes.

4. Experience shows that the trade agreement is the only effective method by which it is possible to regulate questions arising between employers and employes in large industries, and that a trade agreement is the only possible way to establish the relations between employers and the wage workbetween employers and the wage work-ers in the anthracite coal fields on a ust and permanent basis, and, as far as possible do away with any causes for the recurrence of such difficulties as hose you (the anthracite coal strike sion) have now to deal with. Respectfully submitted.
(Signed) JOHN MITCHELL,

sentative of the Anthracite Mine Workers.

DEAFNESS,

A BOOK IN A HUNDRED

A BOOK IN A HUNDRED.

A new departure in science and philanthropy will soon be made in a secries of books to be published by the American Health Improvement Association. The idea is that each volume of this remarkable series shall carefully take up some particular disease, and describe how it is to be overcome, according to the latest and most approved methods. Each treatise will be prepared by a SPECIALIST, distinguished in his line of work, and in compliance with the rules of Society, will be offered to whoever may need it. AB-SOLUTELY FREE OF CHARGE.

Realizing that there is no more potent foe to mankind than the loss of one of the most important of the senses, the Association has first turned its attention to DEAFNESS, and the result is a thoughtfully written and beautifully illustrated little volume. The book is written for everybody, at all stages of the disease, from the man who has felt only the primary symptoms, to the person who has been shut off from all that is bright and beautiful in the world.

A FEW LAST WORDS.

A FEW LAST WORDS. We have undertaken a great work that is destined to be a great success. We have spent much time on this, our initial production, and if you need it, we want you to have it. The edition is limited, and we earnestly advise that you write NOW, before the supply it exhausted.

ADDRESS, American Health Improvement Association, P. O. Box 5316, Boston, Mass.

FINISH OF ACADIA FORWARD MOVEMENT.

A Splendid Success in Canadian Collegiate Finance.

Saturday last, November 1st, was the time limit for the completion of this movement, in accordance with the contract of the board of governors of preserved through isolation. Bre Acadia University with the American Baptist Education Society. It will be Baptist Education Society. It will be remembered that five years ago the authorities of Acadia undertook to raise seventy-five thousand dollars. Mr. Rockfeller through the education society promised \$15,000 of this on condition that the remaining \$60,000 be raised in pledges within one year, and the collected in full within the four mediate notice should be given to the be collected in full within the four years following.

The movement has been conducted etween seven and eight hundred dollars to the good.

The Bantist denomination provinces is to be congratulated on this splendid success, and will doubtless feel the inspiration of it for a good many years to come.

THE LIOUOR HABIT

Rav. J. A. McCalien's Lecture.

On the occasion of a lecture delivered be-Father Matthew anniversary, Rev. J. McCallen, S. S.., of St. Patrick's church, and president of St. Patrick's Total Abstinence Society, paid the following grand tribute to the value of Mr. Dixon's new discovery for the cure of alcohol and drug habits: Referring to the physical crave engendered by the inordinate use of intoxicants, he saids: "When such a crave manifests itself there is no escape unless by a miracle of grace, or by some such remedy as Mr. Dixon's cure, about which the papers have spoken so much lately, and if I am to judge of the value of the Dixon remedy by the cures which it has effected under my own yes, I must come to the conclusion that w at I bave longed for for twenty years to endispendent. McCallen, S. S., of St. Patrick's church,.

Full particulars regarding this medicine can be obtained by writing to Mr. Dixon, No 83 Willcocks Street, Toronto, Canada.

PARLIAMENT MAY BE

Dissolved Within a Very Short Time. (Montreal Star.)

(Montreal Star.)

One of the cabinet ministers is quoted, however, as having said to a friend that the house would be dissolved within a very short time. He even went so far as to mention December 10th as the approximate date for the general elections. Whether or not the governor-general will grant a dissolution is not by any means certain. Unless there is some good reason for appealing to the public, he will probably refuse to throw the country into the turmoil of a general election. Whether or not a reorganization of the government would afford a sufficient reason for dissolution is a mooted question. It has been used as an excuse for such action before, metably in the last provincial elections, when Hon. S. N. Parent replaced the late Hon. F. G. Marchand.

In this connection, the rumor, several

factor in all'cases of discontent among when Hon. S. N. Parent replaced the late Hon. F. G. Marchand.

In this connection, the rumor, several times denied, but persistently recurring, is that Hon. W. S. Fielding will be called upon to form a cabinet within a very few weeks. Sir Wilfrid Laurier, while his fleath is better than it was some time ago, is said to be still too ill to conduct the business of the house during another session. His retirement, to be followed by the calling of Hon. W. S. Fielding, is said to be a matter of a short time. The choice of a new cabinet would naturally follow. While most of the present ministers would be called upon to form part of the new government, it is said that some of them would not be called upon by their colleague of the finance department. It is even said that his colleague from his own province would he left aside from the slate which Hon. W. S. Fielding would present for the approval of his excellency, and possibly the representative of New Brunswick would be left aside, and replaced by Hon. H. R. Emmerson, former premier of that province, and now member for Westmorland in the commons. Should such a shake up occur in the cabinet, it might induce the governor-general to grant a dissolution, but the present circumstances would hardly seem to justify such a course.

Gas was first used as a street illuminant in Baltimore, gas lamps being introduced in that city in the year 1816.

Do You

See It? Look carefully at this little icture. There's a great deal to it. There's a lamp, that makes the heat. Right over it is the vaporizer that holds the Vapo-Cre-solene. This Cresolene is a wond ful medicine. It kills most kinds of disease germs, and is a most remark able healing agent. You simply breathe in the vapor of it, that's all;

catarrh, whooping-cough. Vapo-Cresolene is sold by druggists everywhere. The Vaporizer and Lamp, which should last a life-time, and a bottle of Cresolene complete, \$1.50; extra supplies of Cresolene 25 cents and 50 cents. Illustrated booklet containing physicians testimonials free upon request. VAPO-CRESOLENE CO. NO. F. On St., New York, U.S.A.

it goes all through your bronchial

tubes, curing asthma, croup, coughs,

THE FARM.

Hog Cholera-Its Prevention and Cure.

Department of Agriculture.

Ottawa, Oct. 30. It is regrettable that hog cholera is prevalent again in some of the locali-ties in which it had previously existed in the western peninsula of Ontario, especially in the county of Kent.

Hog cholera is a disease that can be eradicated and its reintroduction prevented if interested parties would but carry out the means suggested in the bulletins and regulations issued by the dominion department of agriculture for their benefit. There is no other

disease so extremly contagious and inectious, and it can be conveyed to ealthy swine in an endless number of ways, both by direct contact and inermediary agents, buildings, railways, platforms, wagons, crates, clothing, boots of attendants, and the like. The farmer should beware of quacedicines, which are worse (if pos ible) than the disease and frequently ead him to commit the grossest breach cossible of quarantine regulations in failing to report to the government the existence of contagious disease in his stock, allowing the disease to attack his entire herd, and by disposing of

only partially recovered pigs to neigh-bors, spreading the disease and caus-ing serious loss to others. In hog cholera "prevention is better

Every breeder or feeder of pigs ought to arrange his premises so that he can divide them into perfectly isolated piggeries, so that if disease be intro duced to one lot the others may be and owners would greatly serve their own interests by providing a separate

mediate notice should be given to the minister of agriculture, who will caus an investigation to be made, and, if the disease be found to be hog cholera, hogs will also be immediately slaugh-tered; if, on post-mortem examination, the carcases are found free from disease, they may be used for pork, otherwise they also will be burned, indemnity being paid for those actually diseased to the extent of one-third of their value before they became dis-eased, and for animals in contact three-quarters of their value. Every plg on the farm must be killed and the pramises thoroughly disinfected before an inspector can issue an indemnity certificate, which must be accompanied

by certificates if satisfactory disinfection tion; thereafter the minister may order fore a large and appreciative audience in the removal of the quarantine.

Windsor Hall, Montreal, in honor of the The floorings, divisions and The floorings, divisions, and base boards of the pen should be removed and any loose boards with which the hogs may have come in contact burned. The surface earth or gravel of the pens and yards should be removed to a depth of six inches, freely covered

with newly slacked lime and recovered

with fresh earth or gravel. The disposal of manure from infected hog pens is a frequent source of The bacilli of hog cholera will live in water from two to months, and in manure they will live for an indefinite period, varying according to the season. During the prevalence of this disease the manure should be carefully collected from the piggeries and at once mixed with newly slacked lime, and removed in water-tight wagon boxes to an inclos ed yard, to which none of the animal on the farms have access. This is the more necessary on account of the im-possibility of disinfecting a barn-yard or manure pile during hot weather, or so long as frost lasts. When used it should be ploughed in—not spread as a top dressing. Avoid the careless custom of throwing it into a common pile in the barn yard, over which all classes of stock root and trample it down, for this is one of the means by has been added. By aid of a spray-

extended. The bacilli adhere to the hair of the egs of the horses and cattle, and by them are conveyed to the streams or rivers at which they drink, rendering the water infective to pigs miles dismost information. After meaning the most information of the premises to sunlight and air freely for about three months before placing pigs in them. Sick pigs if allowed to roam in the

barn yard, and to root into stacks of as possible while the disease exists hay or straw, render complete disin-Piggeries should have independent yards, which should be large, with a single slope and exposure, and they should be placed at some distance

from the barn yard. Orchards or small-sized fields should be ploughed after being freely covered with lime Lanes and fences should be cleane in the same manner as the yard, and the ground rails of the fences should be burned.

The clothing of all persons who have

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For sale by McDearmid Drug Co. and C. Clinton Brown. tact should, when possible, he thoroughly douched with steam or boiling water, scrubbed with a rough brush, and then given a coating of lime wash, to every five gallons of which which the disease is perpetuated and ing pump, cracks and corners may be reached better than by the brush. To be effective it requires to be done most thoroughly. After deansing and

Visiting should be curtailed as much pleted, because the disease can be carried on the boots. Horses or dogs from neighboring farms may carry in-fection to other farms, and should, therefore, be prohibited from entering the premises. There is no other cal-tagious disease of domestic animals that requires for its eradication so much persistent co-operation between the owners and the government veterinary inspectors. It is a disease that cannot and must not be trifled with.

The clothing of all persons who have been attending to or engaged in killing and burning the hogs should be boiled, and their boots thoroughly cleaned and soaked in a solution of carbolic acid in the proportion of one part carbolic acid to thirty parts of water. The pens, buildings, fences and other permanent structures with which diseased pigs have come in con-FIRST BOAT ON 15TH.