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E OF

McKinley's

To the Appeal for Mediation Received From the Emperor of China.

He Asks for Assurances That Ministers in Pekin Are Still Safe

Sheng Says They Will Be Se to Tien Tsin Under Escort.

(Associated Press.)

London, July 24.-One month to the day has elapsed since Sir Robert Hart, director of Chinese maritime customs, smuggled at of Pekin the last piece of autograph message from some equally authoritative source.

Admittedly the Tsung Li Yamen (Chinese foreign office) possesses facilities to set all doubts at rest.

Li Hung Chang's reported statement to the effect that while the foreigners were alive, they would all be killed immediately the allied force neared Pekin, is regarded by those who credit the reported survival of the foreign ministers as an indication that the latter are held as hostages and that their lives will be made the subject of negotiations by the Chinese. Hence Li Hung Chang's anxiety to keep the powers from Pekin as

long as possible. The Globe's naval correspondent at Taku writes: "Admiral Kempff has raised a storm in a teacup on the salute question. He is second in command of the station and is thus entitled to eleven guns as rear-admiral. This was recently given him by the Endymion at Yokohama. He claimed 13 guns, stating that no American admiral got eleven guns, their values being: full admiral 17, viceadmiral 13 The Totted States having

grade of admiral, it is tions in pure ignorance, as there appears rear-admiral should be worth more powhis protest Rear-Admiral Kempff was gation to last a fortugate, his protest Rear-Admiral Kempff was gation to last a fortugate was gation to last regulations we had to go by ours. The number wounded. Orlando, British armored ship, when she the Chinese rear-admiral with 13 guns, then the Russian rear-admiral with 13, and then the United States rear-admiral with eleven. Whether distance made it difficult for them to distinguish the number or a delicate hint was intended, the Newark had the good taste to return dispatch to the World, as saying: thirteen."

CHINESE EMPEROR'S APPEAL

Washington, July 24.—The following correspondence between the President of by the Radicals. the United States and the Emperor of China was made public by the state department to-day: Translation of a cablegram received by

Minister Wu on July 19th: "I have received a telegram from Governor Yuan, of Shan Tung, dated 23rd day of this moon (July 19th), who, having received from the privy council at Pekin a dispatch embodying an imperial letter to the President of the United bombardment of the Taku forts. States, has instructed me to transmit to is respectfully transmitted as follows: "'The Emperor of China and His Extained friendly relations with the United object of the United States is international commerce. Neither country entertains the least suspicion or distrust toward the other. Recent outbreaks of mutual antipathy between the people and the Christian missions caused the foreign powers to view with suspicion the position of the imperial government as favorable to the people and prejudicial to the mission, with the result that the Taku forts were attacked and captured. the forces with calamitous consequences.

Fang, and it is highly gratifying to us to learn that the United States government, having in view the friendly relations between the two countries, has taken a deep interest in the present situation. China, driven by the irresistable course of events, has unfortunately incurred well nigh universal indignation. For settling the present difficulty, China places special reliance in the United States We address this message to Your Excellency in all sincerity and candidness with the hope that Your Excellency will devise measures and take the initiative in bringing about a concert of the powers for the restoration of order and peace. The favor of a kind reply is earnestly requested and awaited with the

The situation has become more and more

serious and critical

26th year, sixth moon, 23rd.' "It is therefore my duty to transmit

This cablegram was at once communicated to the President at Canton, and the following is his reply:

"The President of the United States to the Emperor of China, greeting. I have received Your Majesty's message of the 19th July and am glad to know that Your Majesty recognizes the fact that the government and people of the United States desire of China nothing but what is just and equitable. The purpose for which we landed troops in China was the rescue of our legation from grave danger, and the protection of the lives and property of Americans who was sojourning in China in the enjoyment of rights guaranteed them by treaty and by international law. The same purposes are publicly declared by all the powers which have landed mili-

tary forces in Your Majesty's empire.

letter that the malefactors, who have disturbed the peace of China, who have murdered the minister of Germany and a member of the Japanese legation, and journey is practicable." who now hold beseiged in Pekin those foreign diplomatists who still survive, have not only not received any favor or encouragement from Your Majesty, but news that appealed authoritatively to are actually in rebellion against the im-Europe and appositly the only method by which the Chim secourt can vindicate most solemnly urge you and Your Maits veracity here to transmit another jesty's government to give public assurances whether the foreign ministers are alive, and, if so, in what condition. to put the diplomatic representatives of the powers in immediate and free communication with their respective governments, and to remove all danger of their lives and liberty; to place the imperial authorities of China in communication patch from Sheng, director-general of with the relief expedition so that cooperation may be secured between them | Tai of Shanghai, dated July 22nd, says | be feasible before September. for the liberation of legations, the pro- a letter from Chee Foo via Shanghai, tection of foreigners and the restoration | July 23rd:

"If these objects are accomplished it is the belief of this government that no obstacles will be found to exist on the part of the powers to an amicable settlement to all the questions arising out of the recent troubles and the friendly good office of this government will, with the assent of the other powers, be cheerfully placed at Your Majesty's disposition for that purpose. (Signed) William McKinley, July 23rd, 1900, by the President; John Hay, Secretary of State."

Macdonald's Appeal.

London, July 24.-The foreign office consul at Tien Tsin, dated Saturday, der than any other rear-admiral. To There were enough provisions at the iehis protest Rear-Admiral Kempff was gation to last a fortnight, the letter the ship, but until they published their been 44 death and about double that

legation at Pekin.

Li Hung Chang on Situation. New York, July 24.-Li. Hung Chang, in a talk with a correspondent yesterday

at Shanghai, is quoted, in a copyrighted "The members of the legations are still alive, but an advance of the allied troops upon Pekin from Tien Tsin would probably be the death herald of every white man in Pekin. Then the Conservative element would be entirely overpowered

The causes of the present situation were the lack of backbone and a wrong policy on the part of the Chinese government, while the drastic measures of the foreign powers aggravated the situa-

"We thank Americans for their friendship, which we have always appreciated, and Admiral Kempff for his justice and forbearance in refusing to join in the

"We are trusting America to stand your excellency. The imperial message by the integrity of the Chinese empire. Earl Li further said that he could restore order with less than 20,000 white cellency the President of the United troops, and added: "The Boxers are a States: Greeting-China has long main- rabble not to be considered. I would turn to my side the Imperial troops, too. States and is deeply conscious that the but the powers do not want them and would not permit,"

The French Force.

Paris, July 24.-The Matin to-day publishes full details regarding the expeditionary corps of France which will participate in operations of the powers in China. The corps will consist of two mand of General Frey, and the other Consequently there has been clashing of French force will number 13,000.

Sufferings of Foreigners.

San Francisco, July 24.—Shanghai "'We have just received a telegraphic and Yokohama newspapers received by memorial from our envoy, Wu Ting steamer American Karu, give some in teresting facts regarding the situation in China and Japan. Of the position of the foreign colony in the British legation the Japan Mail, of Yokohama, says: "This is the time when to live in Pekin at all is to suffer terribly from heat. With 800 foreigners, including many women and children, crowded in the British legation and exposed to the constant rifle fire of the Chinese, the misery must be great. The walls are high and thick, and the defenders must have been forced to erect stagings on the inner side on which riflemen could stand. If the Chinese used artillery the gunners would have to expose themselves to rifle fire at short range and this, with the number of good shots among the margreatest anxiety. (Signed) Kwang Hsu, losses. The gunners could not take up ines, would be attended with very severe a distant position and bombard the the above with the request that Your Excellency, in respectful obedience to imperial wishes, will deliver the same to its destination and favor me with a reply.

The provision questing the bodies.

Dozens of Chinese are digging in the provision question is the worst. There are no ice plants in the legations, and they have destination and favor me with a reply.

Those unhappy persons who suffer from their own property. The provision question is the worst. There are no ice plants in the legations, and they have destination and favor me with a reply. building without destroying much of

(Signed) Yu Lien Yuen (Tataotio at Chinese markets for their daily supplies note reciting the Conger message have or the other of the allied forces, the would agree to maintain a neutral attiof beef and mutton.

his nose being above the surface. Finally he reached Tien Tsin in a terrible plight.

"The troubles in China threaten to bring on a financial panie in Japan. China has gradually become the greatest field for Japanese trade enterprise, and sented by big establishments in Tien "I am to infer from Your Majesty's Tsin and elsewhere, and instructions

Protected by Government. Pekin to Tien Tsin under escort, also a cipher somehow obtained. plied them with food.

London, July 24.—Sir Chih Lo Feng Luh. the Chinese minister, has com- secured, and it would be an easy matter municated to the press the following dis- for anybody to do the rest.

"Information from Pekin dated July 18th says that the Tsung Li Yamen deputed Wan Jun, an under secretary of the department, to see the foreign missionaries, and he found everyone well, the German missionaries excepted. "Gen, Yung Lu is going to memorial-

ize the throne to send them all under escort to Tien Tsin, in the hope that military operations will then be stopped." A Shanghai correspondent of the Daily Mail telegraphing from Shanghai says a letter from Sheng Tung has been received here containing the following passage: "At the beginning of has received a dispatch from the British the month the foreign missionaries made several attempts to send messages out probable Kempff thought out the regula- July 21st, saying that he had just re- of Pekin, but, thanks to the strict watch ceived a letter from Sir Claude Mac- kept on the city, the bearers were all to be no reason why a United States donald, the British minister at Pekin, caught and executed. On the 4th instant dated July 4th, appealing for relief, only 400 foreigners, much exhausted, were left alive in Pekin, and one night, when the big guns were incessantly fired,

Hung Chang is playing the old game of pessimistic, and the endless and extra-The foreign office thinks the dispatch the sublime Porte, by putting forward ordinary succession of Chinese dispatcharrived at Taku knew nothing of this does not affect the main question of the proposals which will appear in different es purporting to describe the situation squabble, and rubbed it in by saluting reported massacre of members of the degrees and ways to different powers. It at Pekin only serves to bewilder. Howsays: "President McKinley has been ever, the earlier unquestioning belief that asked to mediate, and the request is fa- a massacre took place has, to some excilitated by the care which has been tent, been shaken and it is now admittaken in Washington to any very thor- ted, despite the heavy load of evidence ough-going policy."

kong. Three transports reached there disposed of the first story alleging that yesterday, and two others have left the crime occurred June 30th, so Minis-Hongkong for Taku. Reports from ter Conger's dispatch and other stories Canton show that the city is outwardly reporting the legations safe July 10th. quiet, and there is a strong undercurrent 14th and 16th, give some grounds for of unrest among the Chinese. Only a assuming the possibility that the second few European ladies have left, many still

Sir H. Macartney's Statement.

London, July 23 .- Sir Halliday Macartney, counsellor and English secretary to ment: the Chinese legation in London, asserted

McKinley's Reply.

ditions which first must be met by the city will be hotly contested.' (Signed) Chinese government.

The exact nature of the terms proposed by the state department cannot be commander of the Brooklyn. stated until to-morrow, when it is expected that publication will be made of the

ident's answer. brigades, one of marines under the com- of principles laid down by Secretary Hay of Tien Tsin, which it was decided to supplied by the war department, com- it accepts as truthful the Chinese state- the task of bringing something like order manded by General Bailload. The total ments relative to the safety of the for- out of existing chaos,

eign ministers at Pekin. dent's answer came this afternoon to the ployers. department. The appeal and answer

will be made public to-morrow. The imperial edict made public at the the first step towards doing what the United States requires as the principal condition of the exercise of its good offices, in enjoining the viceroys, magistrates and leading men to stop the disorders and protect foreigners. The government will await the result of this before proceeding further. It is expected the state department in this matter will ment nevertheless regards its course as ing the bodies.

come, and all of them, in terms polite Japanese and French flags predominat-"The Japanese minister at Pekin at- and diplomatic, express utter incredulity ing. tempted to communicate with Tien Tsin of the authenticity of the Conger mesclothes and hoped he would escape moles- against the acceptance of the message escaped into a swamp, where he remain- weighed the numerous objections and sused hidden for hours in the water, only picions put forward here and in Europa, and without guaranteeing the authenticity of the message, feels it to be a mat-

ter of prime duty to act upon the theory that it is genuine. Japan's Co-operation.

Berlin, July 23.-The German governthe practical closing of this market is ment and press continue to disbelieve the bound to bear heavily on many large assurances of the Chinese authorities Japanese firms. These firme are repre- that the Pekin legations are safe. The foreign office surmises that the Conger dispatch was either sent about simulhave been sent to the staffs there to tapeously with the dispatch of Dr. von lock up and return to Japan when the Bergen, secretary of the German legation, and Sir Robert Hart, but suppressed, or was captured from the messenger Washington, July 24.-The Chinese to whom it was entrusted, and is now minister received word this morning produced to create the desired effect in from Sheng, director of railroads and Washington; or, on the other hand, that wherever the latter are seen, giving as kin were safe. telegraphs at Shanghai, stating that the the whole dispatch was concocted for a reason that the Boxers drive them into foreign ministers were to be sent from the purpose of deception with the aid of

that the Imperial government has not United States Ambassador White said only been protecting them, but has sup- to-day that the latter theory was quite plausible, for if the American legation had been captured and the records there seized; the cipher key would likewise be

The German government considers it Chinese railways and telegraphs and Tao unlikely that an advance to Pekin would

The government is gratified to find that correspondence published on the subject proves that Japan honestly intends to co-operate with the powers. On the other hand, considerable disappointment or of the reports from Washington regarding the American policy.

On this point the Berlin Tageblatt, nese have already succeeded in creating differences of opinion among the powers. The government of the United States seems determined thus early to occupy a separate standpoint within the concert McKinley apparently means to oppose the joint action of the powers aimed at the re-establishment of order in China, all of which proves that the Chinese are indeed the most cunning diplomatists in the world."

London, July 25.—The tone of the supporting the reports of the massacre, Indian troops are arriving at Hong- that as Sir Claude Macdonald's letter reports were also unfounded.

> Belated Message from Conger. Washington, July 25.-The following has been received at the navy depart-

"Chee Foo, July 24.-Navigation this evening that the Pekin legations burean, Washington: A written messwere safe and about to proceed to Tien age, signed Conger, and dated July 4th. received at Tien Tsin on the 21st, says: Been besieged two weeks in British legation. Grave danger of general mas-Washington, July 23 .- The President sacre by Chinese soldiers who are shellhas listened to the appeal of the Chinese ing the legation daily. Relief soon, if government, transmitted by Minister at all. The city is without government, Wu, and has signified his willingness to except by the Chinese army, who are mediate between the imperial govern- determined to massacre all foreigners in ment and the powers, but only upon con- Pekin. Entry of relief forces into the

Thomas." The message is from Capt. Thomas.

Ruin and Desolation Tien Tsin, July 18, via Shanghai, July text of the Chinese appeal and the Pres- 24.-Col. Bower, of the British regiment; Col. Wegack, of Russians, and Colonel It is known, however, that the answer Aoki, of the Japanese, will form the is entirely consistent with the statement joint provisional government for the city in his note to the powers, and moreover establish. They will be entrusted with

Since the issue of the proclamation in The Chinese appeal came to Secretary viting well disposed Chinese to return to Hay yesterday through Mr. Wu. The their homes, a number have come back secretary promptly telegraphed it to the to the city. Many native servants are President at Canton, and after taking a coming to the settlements and returning full day for its consideration, the Presi- to the services of their previous em-

The native city this afternoon presents an appalling spectacle of ruin and desolation. The suburbs were destroyed by state department to-day shows that the fire, mostly caused by the shells of the Chinese government has already taken allies on the side facing the settlements. It is believed that not a dozen houses are intact, and all were a little damaged by fire of the allies' artillery. A curious spectacle is presented by a number of mud hovels immediately under the wall where the latter was most damaged hardly one of them showing signs of having been hit.

Inside the city the damage was terrific. that adverse criticism upon the action of The buildings nearest the wall were gutted by fire and many were literally blown be heard from Europe, where the gov- to pieces by the shells of the allies. ernments are acting upon the belief that Among the smouldering ruins are many all the foreign ministers in Pekin have charred corpses which the pigs and dogs perished, but the United States govern- are eating. The allies are busy remov-

There have been many attempts to after railway communication was end- sage. Consul-General Goodnow, him- imitate the flags, which, under other ed. He engaged a Japanese who speaks self a man of good judgment, has also circumstances, would be laughable. The Chinese fluently, dressed him in Chinese cabled a warning to Secretary Hay houses which do not display flags show bits of cotton or paper bearing the tation. The Boxers, however, detected without confirmation. But the state de names of the allied nations and complihis masquerade, beat him severely, and partment has fully considered the mes- mentary sentences. The French, apwould have murdered him had he not sage in all of its aspects, has carefully parently, are the favorites, many of the pieces of cotton and papers displayed bearing the inscription "France" of "Vive La France," all unmistakably in the handwriting of native clerks, formerly

employed by foreign Chinese firms, It is stated that the Chinese losses since the trouble broke out are 11,000. most of whom have been killed by the Boxers and soldiers.

The Boxers are said to be gathering large numbers in the neighborhood of the Haikon arsenal, captured by Admiral Seymour's column and now occupied by Russian troops. The latter have suffered several casualties through snipers concealed in the woods in that vicinity Soldiers Attack Boxers.

in from the country report that the Chinese soldiers are killing the Boxers embarking on a hopeless struggle.

An intelligent Chinaman said he regarded this as a sign of widespreading ister could only renew his protestations dissension. It was only a matter of a that it would be speedily accomplished, short time, he declared, before the same if feasible. state would exist in Pekin. Then he thought Jung Lu, commander-in-chief of the Chinese forces, and Prince Ching ald's letter of July 4th, a strong impreswould be able to regain influence to make peace, especially if the foreigners in the capital were safe.

This appears to represent the general native opinion here as far as it is possi-

ble to ascertain it. In the meantime reliable news as events in Pekin and whether the foreigners are alive is entirely lacking, or is only obtainable from Chinese sources, is expressed in official circles at the ten- and this is most meagre and contradic-

It is now thought that the forward with evident inspiration, says: "The Chi- earlier than was at first intended, possibly by the end of this month, Nothing definite, however, will be decided before the arrival of General Sir Alfred Gaselee, commanding the Indian iontingent.

A runner who arrived from Pekin yesof powers. As at Taku, the American terday, reported that the foreigners admiral would not join, so now President were safe on July 10th, and that there had been considerable fighting between Boxers and soldiers inside the city.

Forts Destroyed.

Record from Tien Tsin, dated Saturday, July 21st, via Shanghai, says: backbone of the Chinese war party. At dead, and even Germany, to quote a high dayl the this morning the combined force British chical, "Will have to forego the left, which was penetrated.

"As the Russians failed to make a Pekin." suitable bridge across the canal the Chi- As for the other powers, it is emphaticnese made a smart counter attack on our ally stated that they have unanimously right and left outposts. This was re- agreed that with the safe delivery of pulsed by a handful or two of men who the ministers the aggressive campaign

jured. "At 1 o'clock in the afternoon the al- are false, lies bombarded the native city, and after an hour of magnificent work by the two four-inch guns and three 12-pounders the fort and adjoining military pagodas were in flames. Their destruction was complete. The fort replied feebly with a few rounds, when one gun got the exact range and fired several lyddite shells. This is the fort that had been shelling

Tien Tsin since the 17th. "The allied forces have spared the por tions of the native city from which oper ations have not been directed.

The Grant at Nagasaki. Washington, July 25. - Adjt.-General Corbin received a cable dispatch to-day from General Chaffee announcing his arrival on the transport Grant at Nagasaki. She will coal and proceed to Taku. General Chaffee, on his arrival, received

the cable dispatch announcing his appointment as a major-general of volun-

Kempff's Report.

Washington, July 25 .- The navy lepartment to-day made public the mail plaining his reasons for refusing to join account of the attack, which includes guns. many details not heretofore published. Admiral Kempff also encloses the re- Russians. port of Commander Wise, of the Monacacy, giving a graphic account of the ac-

Rear-Admiral Kempff's explanation for refusing to participate in the attack on the fortifications of a power with which the United States were at peace is warmly commended by Secretary

Missionaries Murdered.

Paris, July 25.—The consul at Shanghai telegraphs to-day that five French missionaries have been killed by Boxers in the Manchurian district.

Toronto, July 25.—A Shanghai cable to the headquarters of the China Inland Mission here, says information has been burned last night, and to-day the Chiand Miss E. E. Searell, of the China In- smashing houses and fighting like deland Mission, from England, have been murdered.

Wounded Americans.

July 25 .- Most of the American sick and American hospital ship Solace for the United States.

Refuse to Surrender,

Taku, July 21.-Chaung Yi has unsuccessfully tried to arrange with the

Sail for Home.

Montreal, July 25 .- A cable dispatch from Shanghai to Mr. James A. Ogilvy, father of Mrs. (Dr.) Percy Leslie, one of the Canadian missionaries who arrived with her husband at Shanghai from Honan a few days ago, says Dr. and Mrs. Leslie leave Shanghai for home via San Francisco to-day. The dispatch says Dr. Leslie was injured while making his escape from Honan.

London, July 24.- The message from Sir Claude Macdonald, dated July 4th, appealing for relief, is regarded in London as only a prelude to the absolute confirmation of the massacre. This is the opinion also of the Japanese minister here. The newspapers suggest that the British minister's dispatch was held back and released about the same time as Mr. Conger's undated telegram.

The Chinese minister, Sir Chih Chen Lo Feng Lu, had a long interview with Lord Salisbury this afternoon. The general situation was discussed and the Chi-Tien Tsin, July 20.-Chinese coming nese minister reiterated his belief that the British minister to China, Sir Claude Macdonald, and other foreigners at Pe-

Lord Salisbury reiterated his demand for direct communication with the minister at Pekin. To this request the min-

Despite the Chinese minister's statements and despite Sir Claude Macdonsion continues to prevail at the foreign office that the ministers at Pekin were

massacred on July 6th. The Associated Press correspondent is informed that not one scintilla of evidence is yet in the possession of the foreign office leading them to disbelieve the reports of the murders. Sir Claude Macdonald's letter with its account of severe fighting in progress merely confirms the

government's forebodings. William Pritchard Morgan, member of parliament for Merthyr-Tydvil, whose movement of the allies will take place knowledge of and interests in China are extensive, informed the Associated Press correspondent to-day that he was positive from cable messages from his agents that the members of the legations were alive on July 9th.

Negotiations between the powers brought out mutual assurances that the military expeditions to China are for the sole purpose of relieving the legations and that there is no intention to partition China. Hence should China agree Chicago, July 25 .- A dispatch to the to deliver the ministers alive no power will have a reason for continuing aggressive military operations, except Ger-"To-day's performance will break the many, whose minister is undoubtedly their attack upon the Chinese Emperor's assertion, that he would not stop till the German flag floated over

fought with great bravery but with ends. All rumors of an international heavy casualties. No American was in- agreement regarding the future of China subsequent to the return of the ministers

Will Transmit a Message.

Paris, July 25 .- M. Delcasse, minister of foreign affairs, has received a telegram from the French consul in Shanghai, dated July 23rd, which says: "Li Hung Chang has just assured me that M. Pichen (French minister to China) is living, and he has agreed to transmit to him a message from me, requesting a reply within five days."

British Sailors Killed.

Tien Tsin, Friday, July 13, via Chee Foo, July 17, and Shanghai, July 24.-After fighting all day, a force of 2,000 Japanese, supported by British and Russians, captured the Chinese fortified arsenal two miles east of the city, making a night attack. The foreigners charged under a very heavy fire from the arsenal following the Chinamen and killing four hundred of them. The foreign loss was heavy, but it is not reported.

The Chinese bombarded the foreign city of Tien Tsin heavily for three days and killed some British sailors on a tug to-day, besides several Frenchmen. The reports of Rear-Admiral Kempff, ex- foreigners are mounting heavy guns from the fleet, among them being four twelvewith the ships of the other powers in the pounders and four 4-inch guns, and will attack on the Taku forts and giving an attempt to locate and silence the Chinese

An explosions of dynamite killed 20

Suicide of Neih Tien Tsin, Sunday, July 15, via Chee Foo, July 17, and via Shanghai, July 24. -Chinese from the Walled City report the foreigners in Pekin are living, having taken shelter in a bomb-proof. About seven thousand Chinese were engaged in the battle here July 13th, and more are

coming from Pekin. Gen. Neih was imprisoned because he opposed making war on the foreigners, but afterwards released on condition that he would fight them. So he acceded with lukewarmness, and after the battle he committed suicide.

A large part of the Walled City was received there that Miss Whitechurch nese held a perfect orgie, plundering, mons over stores of silks, furs and jew-

It is reported that some correspondents have in their dispatches asserted that Tien Tsin, July 19, via Shanghai, Gen. Dorward thinks Col. Liscum blundered in taking the Ninth regiment to wounded have been taken in boats to the right instead of to the left, and that Taku, where they will embark on the the feeling is strained between the Americans and British. The fact is the greatest harmony and co-operation exist. Gen. Dorward has asked the names of the Americans to report them for gal-

lantry.