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in every locality, local of travelling, to introduce raveling, to introduce a new discovery and look after our advertising. No experience needful. Steady employment. Salary or commission: \$65 a month and expenses. Money deposited in bank at start if desired. Write at once, RLD MEDICAL ELECTRIC CO., London

NTED—A few live men to introduc ur War With Spain," the most auther , best illustrated and only complet story of the war from beginning t the century; a chance of a SALE-Lake View farm, on Salt ing Island; 250 acres; all fenced, suit-e for orchard and dairy purposes; will

reasonably cheap, as owner hange climate on account of health, y to T. W. Mouat, Salt Spring Island, to the office of this paper.

THE SPANISH SENATE ant Almenas Advocates the Choking of Weyler, Blanco and Rivera, and There is a Scene.

ladrid, Sept. 13 .- Another uproarious of the senate was held to-day int Almenas referring to his statement sterday, gave the names of the gen he recently said ought to have their and their waists, and mentioned Wey-Blanco and Princo de Rivera, after ch he also included Admiral also incompetent and ought to be ar-med. Whereupon Gen. Weyler and loudly protested against these rges and General Weyler called upon enas to name those generals accuse ailing to do their duty, and he added if the accusations were true and culprits could not be legally punished, generals would take matters in their hands and inflict proper punishment at tumult ensued, the senators rising eir feet and shouting and threatening other. The president of the senate strove to restore order, and broke

ell in attempting to do so. THE PEACE NEGOTIATIONS.

Vashington, Sept. 13.-In an interw last night Secretary Day said: Nothing has occurred since the signof the protocol to embarrass the ork of the peace commission, or ennger the success of the peace negotia-I do not anticipate that the deerations of the peace commiss It ought not to take be prolonged. ger than six weeks or two months to nclude the treaty of peace."
Madrid, Sept. 13.—The senate, at toy's session definitely adopted the anish-American protocol.

......... \$1.50 ANNUM \$1.50 .......

# Wictoria Times.

Twice-a-Week

VOL. 17.

VICTORIA, B. C., FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 23, 1898.

NO. 57.

## CHINESE LABOR

The Dominion Trades Congress Again Urges the Necessity for Legislation.

Fair Wages, for All Classes of Labor-The Crown Ness Pass Scandals—

Winnipeg, See 19.—The Dominion Labor Congress and adopted the fol-lowing resolutions; "That whereas the question of increased taxation of Chiquestion of increased taxation of Chinese has each succeeding year been urged on the Dominion government by this congress, and whereas no action has been taken by the government in response to these appeals: Therefore, be it resolved, That this congress again urge upon the Description government the absolute here. upon Chinese immigrants entering this country from \$50 to \$75."

A Menace to Travel. gress urge upon the Dominion the necessity of enacting such legislation as will TROUBLE IN THE PHILIPPINES. effectually prohibit their employment in such capacities."

Wages in the Postal Service. The following resolution was submitted: "Whereas letter-carriers and other postal assistants of Canada have frequently appeared before the different trades councils of the Dominion and compared before the different trades councils of the Dominion and compared to the different trades councils of the Dominion and compared to the different trades councils of the Dominion and compared to the different trades trades to the different trades to the dif lained that the conditions under which ey worked were such as should not exist among government employees; and whereas these trades councils have investigated and found that these men had just grievance in that they received insufficient wages, had no set hours of la-bor, and had no definite system of promotion: Therefore be it resolved, That we urge upon the Dominion government the necessity of establishing a minimum wage of \$2 per day for eight hours' work, and so regulate the department that let-ter-carriers may depend upon promotion for faithful service.

Fair Wage Clause.

At the afternoon session J. S. Ewart, Q.C., read a paper on the defence of the fair wage clause for the court of Queen's Bench in Manitoba, in the case of Kelly vs. Winnipeg, which gained the apprecia-Bench in Manitoba, in the case of Kelly vs. Winnipeg, which gained the appreciation of all the delegates and was ordered to be printed in the proceedings of the congress to give it wide circulation over the Dominion.

ments for all except marine boilers, which are already provided for. One objecting to the introduction into ublic schools of manual training of

children and substituting instead technical school training. One urging that prison-made goods be compelled to bear a label for distinguish-

labor-saving machinery in the penitentiaries be asked for. It was decided to ask the Ontario govrument to abolish the system of voting by numbered ballots and institute the

thod of voting used by the Dominion and other provincial governments. resolution respecting the Crow's est Pass affairs was carried, colling upon the government to prosecute those esponsible for deaths from neglect on ose works and also that the recommenlations of the first commissoners he acted upon by the government and a mini-mum wage of \$2 per day established, with

Oroper inspectors appointed.

A resolution asking that the work of ompelling specific labor statistics be untaken by the Dominion bureau of stamonths was unanimously carried. A series of resolutions on taxotion of provements and single tax were pass-

campaign among all trades unions in fa- be preferred to that of General Otis. of union label goods in future. All provincial governments are to be petitioned to amend their respective educational acts to make it compulsory that hildren to the age of 14 years of age be ducated and that books and supplies be

rovided by the state free. The only resolution which was defeatwas one presented by Delegate Small, Winnipeg, asking the congress to take stand on the prohibition question by ting in favor of a resolution favoring e plebiscite campaign.
The election of officers will take place
2 o'clock on Thursday. There will be

spirited contest for the presidency ween W. A. Carey and Mr. Appleton, esides other aspirants. INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCE.

An American Authority is Hopeful That Agreement Will be Reached.

Washington, Sept. 19 .- Senator Faulkner will leave to morrow night with the expectation of reaching Quebec on Thursday. It is his understanding that the next session of the commission, which is to begin to-morrow, will continue only until about the 8th or 9th of October, and that there will then be an adjournment until some time in November, when the commission will meet in

There is a general desire among the Washington authorities to conclude the before the convening of congress December, and it is understood the esident shares in this. He told Sena-Faulkner to-day that he was of facilitating the commission's ors to as great an extent as possible and dwelt upon the importance to both ountries of arriving at an early settlement of the differences which have

en between them. There are fifteen points of disagreewhich the commission will try to settle, and Senator Faulkner says his information is to the effect that there a fair prospect of reaching a settle

VITAL STATISTICS. Ontario and France Compared in the

Matter of Increasing Population. Montreal, Sept. 19.—At the Anglican synod to-day Rev. Mr. Williams, who brought up the matter of the low birth rate of Ontario, said that while his motion provoked laughter, he had brought the matter up in all seriousness. After alluding to the steady decrease of the birth rate in France, Mr. Williams said that in Ontario they had reason to pause and ask themselves whither they were and ask themselves whither they were drifting. In Ontario in 1893 the birth rate per thousand was 19.8; in 1894, 19.2; in 1895, 18.8; in 1896, 20.7; in England and Wales the rate per thousand was in 1893, 30.0; in 1895, 30.5, and in much-abused Francé 21.2. The rate in Quebec in 1894 was 59.5, and for

That this congress again the upon he Dominion government the absolute necessity of increasing the present head tax upon Chinese immigrants entering this country from \$50 to \$75." leading in this, assuing to what cause they would attribute the condition of affairs in Ontario. Generally speaking, they attributed the apparently low birth rate to country from \$50 to \$75." registration. Superintendents of hospitals and medi-

Whereas, the extensive employment of Japanese and Chinese on coast steamships, in the capacity of stokers and other responsible positions, is a menuce to absolute control, and involving grave the safety of the travelling public. moral issues and such questions as ut-Therefore, be it resolved, That this continuate murder.

London, Sept. 20.-The Manila correspondent of the Times says: "The insurgents, urged by constant rumors that America will re-establish Spanish rule in the Archipelago, are continuing active in recruiting the aimy. Hundreds of natives from Manila are enlisting daily and troops are being drilled everywhere. Great diligence is exhibited in imitating the American formation and manual, par-ticularly volley firing. The entrench-ments in certain positions are being strengthened and vigilants line the pick-ets kept outside the suburbs. At the same time the attitude of the insurgents is much more friendly then it was he

'Several thousand rifles have recently been landed and four new Maxims have also been received. The general occupying one of the rich provinces sent Aguinaldo \$45,000 cash last week. "The agitation among the insurgents is stimulated by the clerical party, which uses every effort to influence the natives against the American occupation. "Strikes in all industries are becoming more extensive daily, and the labor ques-

fore evacuation.

the Dominion.

General Labor Matters.

Important resolutions occupied the attention of the delegates until adjournment, among them being the following:

One calling on the Ontario government to better enforce the Ontario boile—inspection act in the small centres of industry.

One asking for the appointment of boiler inspectors by the various government will be speedy and complete."

government will be speedy and complete NEED HELP IN JAMAICA.

Sympathy is All the Kingston People Can Give to Hurricane Sufferers.

Kingston, Jamaica, Sept. 20.-At a public meeting to-day called for the nurpose purposes and also that the abolition of discussing the possibilities of raising funds for the relief of the sufferers from the recent hurricane, which swept over the West Indian islands the Archbishon of the West Indies declared that the conditions in Jamaica were such that it was not possible to do more than emphasize an expression of sympathy with those who were in need of help.

THE PHILIPPINES PROBLEM. London Paper Thinks the United

States Has a Troublesome Load. London, Sept. 20.—The Daily News, in an editorial article published this morning says the Philippines are Mc-Kinley's Old Man of the Sea, and the dertaken by the Dominion bureau of sta-tistics and published at least every three will not shake him off. Aguinaldo's message to the Associated Press i couched in the language of suspiciously tautological protestation, and rather late in the day. Aguinaldo him-self could hardly expect his version to

BLANCO IN CUBA.

Disagrees With the Colonial Government But Cannot Dismiss Them.

Madrid, Sept. 20.—Captain-General Blanco cables from Havana that he is not in accord with the Cuban Colonial Ministry, to which the government here has replied that while Spanish sover-eignty exists the cities must apply autonomy, and, therefore, would not turn out the Colonial Government now in office and appoint a new one.

A BIG BLOW IN SPAIN. The Southern Provinces Visited by a Tornado Which Carries Disaster

to Many. Madrid, Sept. 20 .- A destructive hur ricane to-day swept over the southern part of the country, doing great damage in the provinces of Seville and Grenada. Six persons fell victims to the storm at Guadix, in the province of

Grenada.

THE MAIDEN QUEEN. The Hague, Sept. 20.—Queen Wilhel-mina, accompanied by her mother, open-ed the States General to-day. In the speech from the throne Her Majesty dwelt upon the innumerable proofs or patriotism and affection for the dynasty maniftsted since her accession thereto.

ODDFELLOWS IN SESSION.

Boston, Mass., Sept. 20.—The Su-preme Grand Lodge, I. O. O. F. has voted to hold the next annual session in Detroit, Mich. Hon. A. S. Pinkerton. Worcester, Massa was elected grand secretary.

A Magnificent Spectacle Which Attracts and May Ruin Thousands.

Fears Entertained that the Volcano's Activity Will Result in Incalculable Disaster.

New York, Sept. 20 .- A dispatch to the World from Naples, Italy, says: will be caused if the eruption of Mount Vesuvius continues on the alarming scale divides the lava streams descending from resources of the empire. the crater into great branches, was established many years ago for the purpose of cano and of giving warning to the surrounding country of impending dangerous eruptions. Many lives have been saved the fiery streams threatened to engulf is much more friendly than it was be-

yards. These as they pour down the moutain side again subdivide into numerous smaller streams. They advance at the rate of forty yards an hour, submerging everything in their path, searing the marks on his neck showed he had been strangled. The police found two men running from the house and arrested them. They gave their names as Michael Siegel and James Thomas, and vegetation in the vicinity as though fire said they knew nothing about the crime, had passed over it An enormous quantity. The Cassogues are Italian, and the had passed over it. An enormous quantity of lava keeps pouring out of the crater. It has filled the Vetrana valley, a deep ravine, and ashes lie several inches thick [11] ravine, and ashes lie several inches thick for a long distance down the sides of the and on the adjacent villages. The inhabitants of these villages were seriously alarmed yesterday, but they have been somewhat reassured by the partial cessation of the eruption to-day. The slope of the mountain is one of the most thickly populated disticts in the world. The fertility of the soil is celeorated and in the best parts four crops a year are raised. But one great aid to this fertility, the numerous wells, are beginning to dry up and the farmers are in despair. Travellers from all parts of the world are flocking here to see Vesuvius in eruption. The spectacle at night faint, palpitating glow that normally has examined the documents in the marks the great crater is now exchanged Dreyfus case and ordered the prosecufor a vivid tongue of light, colored at tion of former Col, Picquart on the the heavens and reflected with exquisite effect in the waters of the bay. These manifestations are accompanied by deep explosions, followed by great outpourings

of lava and ashes. YUKON LIQUOR LICENSES. An Important Interview With Major Walsh Regarding the Terri-

tories' Action. Montreal, Sept. 20.—The Herald this morning publishes an interview with Major Walsh at Brockville in reference to the statements in Belyea's report preented to the Northwest legislature on Saturday night. The major says he met Belyea at Lake Bennett on his second trip to Dawson. Belyea, he said, was going to issue licenses when he arrived at Dawson, and regulations under the Territorial act. Walsh urged him not to do so and gave as his reason that parlia-ment had under consideration a bill which would separate the Yukon from the Territories. When this bill was

passed a policy with reference to liquor could be formulated. these are the straight facts of the case.

WANT WATER USED. Chicago, Sept. 20.—Unsuccessful efforts have been made to induce the governor to substitute water for wine in christen-ing the battleship Illinois, and failing of positive assistance from the governor to apply to President McKinley and the secretary of the navy, the officers of the W. C. T. U. have forced their endeavors on Mrs. Lillian M. N. Stevens. The national president sent a letter to the contractor urging the use of water instead tary Long's answer to our letter." said Mrs. Stevens, "we are told they are the persons having authority in this matter

Therefore we have written them. This I believe to be our final appeal."

THE BRIDGEPORT HORROR. Bridgeport, Conn., Sept. 20.—Official ction to-day in the Yellow Mill pond murder mystery has thus far been such as to render it impossible to announce any new devedlopments of apparent importance. Two strangers who arrived SHERMAN IS II.L.

Washington Sept 20.—Hon. John Sherman is still ill at his residence from an acute attack of bronchitis.

Work of the police to examine critically the pieces of rubber cloth and wearing apparel which were found with the remains of the victim. The strangers and the police were equally firm in their refusal to disclose their names.

HON. MR. HUME'S ELECTION Nomination To-morrow-No Opposition Will Be Presented to the Minister's Return.

for the vacancy in the Nelson riding of West Kootenay not having arrived in time for the nomination to take place on the 17th, as was expected, the nominstion has been fixed for to-morrow, Wednesday. There is not likely to be anyone nominated in opposition to Hon. 3. Fred Hume, whose aceptance of the portfolio of provincial secretary and minister of mines created the vacancy.

CHINA'S AWAKENING.

"Frightful misery and immense damage The Emperor Shakes Up the Officials-Western Methods to be Adopted. Vesuvius continues on the alarming scale it has in the last few days. Nine new craters were counted to-day around the central crater, but despite this extravent there is no checking the flow of lava, although there is a marked cessation in the more violent belchings of fire and smoke. The metercological observation of his new nolicy desired the people in a large state of the process of remarkable imperial edicts has been published during the past few days. The edicts startled the officials, while making a fevorable impression upon the old foreign residents, who are usually sceptical as to the practical value of such orders. The Emperor addressed the people in a large state of remarkable imperial edicts has been published during the past few days. The edicts startled the officials, while making a fevorable impression upon the old foreign residents, who are usually sceptical as to the practical value of such orders. tion in the more violent belchings of fire and smoke. The metereological observatory on the part of the volcano known as Mount Contaconi is scriously threatened by the subsiding of the ground on which it is built. One great lava stream now flowing down will certainly overwhelm it unless it is diverted from its present course. This observatory, situated at twenty-two hundred feet above the ated twenty-two hundred feet above the system a success, and assuring them sea level on the shoulder of a hill which they will thus aid in strengthening the

STRANGLED FOR HIS MONEY. putting a scientific watch upon the vol- Thugs Rob Italians of Their Savings,

and Kill the Husband. New York, Sept. 20.—Three men strangled Andrew B. Cassogue to death by notices of it to the inhabitants to flee. It was here that in the fearful outbreak of April, 1872, Director Halmeri bravely faced almost certain death to take notice of the awful phenomena when the fiery streams threatened to engulf the fiery streams threatened to engulf his seation.

The lava torrent near the crater, which was half a mile wide, is dividing into three principal streams, each of 70 to 80 yards. These as they pour down the cone. Cassogue died soon afterwards, and the mean who attempted to strangle her fied when she gave the alarm. The woman them discovered which her husband had placed under his pillow before retiring, had gone. Cassogue died soon afterwards on the moor, dy-

Colonel Picquart on Trial in Paris Warns the Public of His Fate.

Latest Developments in the Dreyfus Affair Add to the Excitement.

Paris, Sept. 21.—The papers here say is one of indescribable grandeur. The that the minister of war, Gen, Chanoino, times almost like a rainbow, illuminating charge of forgery and of using forged documents.

The trial of Colonel Picquart and L. Leblois, the lawyer, on the charge of rerumblings and thunderous subterranean vealing documents concerning the national defence, commenced to-day before the correctional tribunal. The public the ground that the prosecution of Col. Picquart on the charge of forgery and of using forged documents had been ordered by the minister of war. M. Laborie, counsel for M. Zola during the latter's famous trial, indignantly opposed the adjournment, which he said was an attempt

clutches of the military authorities. Col. Picquart then made a statement which cause a sensation. He said: "This tary prison of Cherche Midi; therefore I progress of the force for a month.

The long-continued legal fight between E. B. Eddy, the millionaire manufacthere by the strangling cord of Le Mercier Picard or the razor of Col. Henry, it will be murder, for I have no idea of it will be murder, for I have no idea of by the

by Colonel Picquart, was a detective his lodgings about a year ago under circumstances which did not indicate that t was certain he had committed snicide. New Westminster relief fund.

A YUKON TRAGEDY.

Seattle, Sept. 21.-George Bowman, Bridgeport, Conn., was murdered in Al-aska last winter during a terrible snow-storm by a companion named Johnson, of Springfield, Mass. He was almost in sight of the golden Mecca when his strength failed him and he sank down in the soft snow. Johnson, who was the leader of the party, went back to him and with an oath, blew out the unfortunate man's brains with a revolver tunate man's brains with a revolver. This is the terrible story told for the first time by J. C. Cachs, who has just returned from Alaska. His partner, Edward T. Calhoun, of Yonkers, N.Y., witnessed the deed, which was committed a short distance from Dawson. Calhoun, too, nearly lost his life from a bullet from Johnson's revolver. Nothing was not the proof of Lohnson afterwards. ever heard of Johnson afterwards, and it is presumed that he perished in the

## ANARCHY IN CUBA

Nelson, Sept. 20.—(Special)—The writ One of the Problems With Which the Conquering Nation Must Promptly Grapple.

> A Correspondent's Vivid Description of the Revolting Cruelty of the Insurgents.

London, Sept. 20.-The Times this

morning publishes a letter from its Ha-

vana correspondent in which the writer

points out that though, as in the mother country, there appears no disposition among the Spaniards in Cuba to attempt a prenunciamento, the soldiers and civilians alike have accepted disaster and its consequences with a dreary fatal stic calm, and the island is fast drifting into a condition of anarchy. Insurenjoying immunity in the commission of outrages and plundering, and this is especially true in the western provinces, where the insurgents bitterly complain that they have been ignored and aban-doned by the United States, left bitterly destitute, and can only save themselves from starvation by rapine. With-out food, medicine, and elothing, they are dying like flies, and, unfortunately, it is the best elements among the insur-gents that are suffering most. The Times in an article draws attention to the difficulties facing the Washington Government, and to the advisability that the peace conference be not unduly protracted. The correspondent relates terrible stories of anarchy and says the American Government is apparently attempting to suppress the truth. As an instance he gives the following story tempting to suppress the truth. As an instance he gives the following story, which he declares was suppressed by the censor at Key West: "A band of insurgents attacked the Providencia sugar factory, near Guines, one of the richest in Cuba. The guerilla force which the proprietor maintained to defend his property until the arrival of the Spanish troops was obliged to surrender because the Spanish troops are now doing nothing to suppress lawlacenness.

the Spanish troops are now doing nothing to suppress lawlessness. The in-surgents invaded the enclosure, where surgents invaded the enclosure, where they found a lot of reconcentradoes. They stripped the women naked, and, placing them in line, fired from behind them at the guerillas, thus making it impossible for the defenders of the factory to return the fire. The correspondent declares that the most terrible and irremediable effect of prolonged civil war in the island is the almost total destruction of the white population, which left the people of Cuba almost as black as that of Hayti.

that of Hayti. AN ORLEANS MANIFESTO. the Dreyfus Case the Text of an Impassioned Appeal.

Paris, Sept. 20.—The Duc d'O-leans has issued a monifesto denouncing the Dreyfus case. The manifesto begins thus:
At last the promoters of the odious plot against the honor and security of the Fatherland have thrown off the mask. Intimidated by them the ministers have wered themselves so far as to become

of seeking a revision of the Dreyfus pro ceedings, while convinced that Dreyfus is guilty, and under the pretext of calming the public, to their own profit. He de-clares the prospect makes his heart quiv-er and concludes his manifesto in these

"Frenchmen, we are masters of our own country. Your servants, subject to an occult and pernicious power, presume to impose upon you the will to which they submit under the pretext of proving the innocence of a man whom inilitary bunals have condemned as a traitor. is the army they are trying to destroy and the French they are striving to ruin

"Frenchmen, you will not allow it." COSTE IN OTTAWA.

prosecutor asked for an adjournment on Yukon Troops Delayed Unavoidably-An Interesting Legal Fight.

Ottawa, Sept. 20.—Louis Coste, chief engineer of the Department of Public Works, returned from the Yukon to day. He made an inspection of the Stiking route and has reported as to its prac-

ticability. The first detachment of the Yukon milto hand over Col. Picquart into the itary force, he says, has reached Fort Selkirk safely, but the detachment stranded on the Hootatingua, owing the destruction of the boat plying be tween the head of Lake Teslin and Fort is perhaps the last time I shall speak in Selkirk. Owing to the lack of transpublic. I shall sleep perhaps in the mili-portation facilities this may delay the could be formulated.

Belyea went to Dawson first and when Walsh arrived he was surprised to find that he had issued licenses to the amount of \$32,000. Meantime legislation passed at Ottawa separating the Yukon from the Territories. Naturally the major took prompt action to remedy the existing state of affairs. The major says these are the straight facts of the case.

It will be murder, for I have no idea of committing suicide."

The audience was intesely moved and shouted "Vive Picquart." The judges, however, after a short deliberation, decided to indefinitely adjourn the case and control of the case to the Privy Council, while of the case to the major took prompt action to remedy the existing state of affairs. The major says these are the straight facts of the case. Le Mercier Picard, the man referred Among the appeals inscribed for ing at the sitting which opens on October 4th is that of Quebec against the understood to have been employed in the award of the arbitrators appointed to Dreyfus affair, who was found hanged in adjudicate between the province and the Dominion in regard to Indian

The city council has voted \$500 for the

SIR JULIAN APPRECIATED. Washington, D.C., Sept. 21.—The retirement of Sir Julian Pauncefote, the

British ambassador, from active diplo-matic service would have occurred to-day had not the foreign office, as already an-nounced, extended his term of service and the acceptability of his administration to the authorities here.

SUCCESSFUL AT LAST.

"I was a sufferer from neuralgia in my side, and headaches. I followed numer-ous prescriptions without benefit and was persuaded to try Hood's Sarsaparilla. persuaded to try Hood's Sarsaparilla. When I had taken only one bottle I realized it was doing me good and I contin-ued taking it until I was cured." Mrs. Carrie Price, Georgetown, Ontario.

HOOD'S PILLS are the favorite famliy cathartic. Easy to take, easy to oper-



British Naval Expert Says the Sortie From Santiago Was a Foolhardy Proceeding.

Capt. Paget Maintains Superiority of British War Vessels Over Those of Uncle Sam.

Washington, D.C., Sept. 21.-Capt. Alfred Paget, the British naval attache who was assigned to observe the operations during the recent campaign in the West Indies, is engaged here assembling the large mass of material he gathered in Cuba, and supplementing this with official data now being supplied

by the navy department. Captain Paget's report will devote much attention to the destruction of Admiral Cervera's fleet, as this was the main naval incident of the war. Captain Paget's personal view is that Admiral Cervera's sortie was a most fool-hardy venture, which cannot be justified by naval standards, even though ordered by the admiral's superiors. According to Captain Paget's view, the most effective use Admiral Cervera could make of his squadron was to have dismantled them of all the lighter guns, particularly the quick-firing guns, and turned over the guns and men to General Toral for use in defending the city. Distributed along the entrenchments and handled by the trained men of the squadron they would have been able to sustain a deadly fire on the American advance. Captain Paget expressed his belief that such a move would have made Santiago practically

impregnable. plans and specifications. He does not admit, however, that American ships yet excel or even equal those of British The Duc d'Orleans accuses the ministry build. In this connection a prominent American naval officer recently told Captain Paget that the new cruiser New Orleans, bought in England during the early stage of the war, was a revelation to the authorities here in so far as her

> guns and armament are concerned. MANUFACTURERS' ASSOCIATION Send Hon. Clarke Wallace to Quebec to

Represent Their Interests. Quebec, Sept. 21.-Clarke Wallace, M. P., is here, on a non-political and nonpartizan mission to the premier and other members of the British commission. The former minister of customs has a letter from J. J. Cassidy, secretary of the Manufacturers' Association of Canada in the following terms: "In view of the fact that the International Convention is endeavoring to arrive at a modus by which some measure of commercial re ciprocity may be brought about between Canada and the United tSates, and de-siring that the British commissioners may be duly advised regarding the enormous manufacturing industries of this country, it is desired by our association that you proceed to the city of Quebec and put yourself in communication with Sir Wilfrid Laurier, premier of Canada, Sir Wilfrid Laurier, premier of Canada, and the other Britsh commissioners, and remain there as long as you deem it in the interest of Canada to do so. I am instructed to say in asking you to look after Canadian interests, this association has every confidence in your knowledge, ability and discretion, and they do not desire to restrict you in your liberty to use your best judgment in any matters that may arise in your intercourse with the British commissioners nor to interfere with your complete freedom as an independent member of the parliament of independent member of the parliament of

THE BEAR IN KOREA.

Yokohama, Sept. 21.—Advices from Seoul say the Korean cabinet has decided to cancel the engagement of Americans and British, five Germans, five Frenchmen and two Russians, who enlisted in Shanghai to act as imperial guards, Russia having protested that their engagement was a breach of the promise made when Russia withdraw her Russian adviser and instructors from

MUZZLING SOCIALISTS.

Berlin, Sept. 21.-The police authoriies have prohibited the holding of five projected socialist meetings in Hamburg called for the purpose of discussing Em peror William's recent speech regarding imprisoning of the provokers of the

recent strike. TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:

I have been in the drug business for twelve years, and during that time, have sold nearly all the cough medicines manufactured; and from my personal knowledge of such remedies, I say that Chamberlain's Cough Remedy gives better satisfaction than any other isfaction than any other on the market.

—W. M. Terry, Elkton. Ky. Sold by
Langley & Henderson Bros., wholesale
agents, Victoria and Vancouver.