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SENATE P O

TWENTY-FIFTH YEAR — TEN PAGES—TUESDAY MORNING NOVEMBER 1 1904—TEN PAGES — ONE CENT

GREATEST FIGHT IN HISTORY AT HAND RUSSIANS SCENT A CRUCIAL SURPRISE

Just South of Mukden Battlefield Being Prepared—Kuropatkin is Faced by an Army as Big as His Own and Japs Are More Than His Match.

St. Petersburg, Nov. 1, 3.05 a.m.—Everything indicates that both the Japanese and Russian armies south of Mukden are ready for a resumption of hostilities, if indeed fighting has not already begun. Gen. Kuropatkin reports that the Japanese have received reinforcements from the south and Fengwangcheng. Their concentration seems to have been accomplished, and they are ready to assume the offensive both east and west of the railroad. There is no official estimate of the strength of the Japanese reinforcements, but correspondents place it at from 40,000 to 60,000. It is believed that the Japanese force has been largely augmented from both Port Arthur, where an engineering siege has been begun, and Japan, whence it is understood every available man is being drafted.

Meet on Equal Footing.

It seems to be assured that the Japanese will be able to meet Gen Kuropatkin on an almost if not quite an equal numerical footing. The mere fact that they are again threatening a double flanking movement indicates Field Marshal Oyama's confidence in the sufficiency of the force at his disposal. It is believed here that the second battle of the Shakhe River will prove to be as much bigger and more serious than the first as the first was more serious than the battle of Liaoyang. Gen. Kuropatkin is confronted by an exceedingly difficult problem. He is pitted against a Japanese force stronger, even despite its recent losses, than that first opposing his southern advance. If Kuropatkin now succeeds in checking even, or in breaking the Japanese formation, it will open large possibilities for the brief remainder of the present year's campaign. On the other hand, a Russian reverse now would render the position exceedingly critical.

Fighting Resumed.

Despatches indicate the resumption of fighting on both extremities of the Russian front. The night of Oct. 26 the Japanese attacked the Russian entrenchments east of Sinchinpu, but were repulsed, tho the bombardment continued thruout the night. A Japanese advance has also begun against the Russian positions at Tunganon, a mile and a half north of Bentsiaputze, where they encountered a hevy Russian fire.

Thus it appears that the Japanese are becoming aggressive along the whole front from Bentsiaputze on the extreme east to Sinchinpu, which is west of the Shakhe River, where that stream bends south after crossing the railroad. This probably constitutes the extreme Russian west, making the battle front about the same as when Gen. Kuropatkin began his southern movement.

ALL UP WITH PORT ARTHUR.

St. Petersburg, Nov. 1.—The latest reports from Port Arthur are by no means encouraging. General Stoessel is making a good defence, but the Japanese are approaching now by parallels, confessedly close to important Russian fortifications. While this form of attack is less spectacular and less costly in men than repeated assaults, it is no less conclusive in ultimate results, demanding a sleepless defence and being almost impossible to frustrate.

WITHIN HAILING DISTANCE RIVAL ARMIES LINING UP

Situation Most Remarkable in Military Annals—Ready for the Great Onslaught.

Mukden, Oct. 31.—The manifestations of the Japanese in their centre, which now converges at a point where the plain meets the hills, have attained the greatest importance. These manifestations are being fully met by the Russians so that the situation at this point of the prospective battlefield is now one of the greatest interest and apprehension.

At the present moment the trenches on both sides are crowded with troops and at many places the Japanese and Russians are within hailing distance. At the isolated hill of Manalon, in the plain where the Russians ten days ago captured fourteen guns and bayoneted eight hundred Japanese, the rival forces are only six hundred paces apart.

The situation is perhaps the most remarkable in military annals. Two armies, each with the other as an objective, are approaching while constructing siege works; the making of which both sides are accelerating, each morning revealing the work done over night to the observation stations on every hill top.

Russians Forced Back.

The Japanese, after their disaster at Manalon Hill retaliated on Oct. 27 by turning the Russians from a pyramidal hill opposite Fenchiapu, seven miles to the east. The Russians were commanded from three directions and withstood a loss of 60 per cent. from artillery fire on the afternoon of the 27th before they were forced out by the Japanese infantry at night. The Japanese abandoned the position immediately after it was taken. This event does not equal in importance the capture of Manalon Hill. The Japanese, who are posted on a similar hill to the south, appear now to have most determined designs to retrieve the position they abandoned.

Last night there was the heaviest bombardment of the week from the Russian batteries, and the Russians are seemingly apprehensive of crucial surprise. This bombardment was accompanied by a continuous rifle fire, while the infantry advanced by means of quick entrenching at intervals of a few hundred feet under cover of darkness.

Aid From Port Arthur.

The outcome of this activity is a tense vigilance along the entire extended front. This tension, taken in connection with the reported reinforcement of the Japanese by one and one-half divisions from Port Arthur is likely to precipitate a great battle within a few days. Combatants, however, apparently are not disinclined to winter in their present positions, as since the last tour of the Russian positions made by the correspondent of the Associated Press the forces have adopted a system of winter housing in the field.

From their immediate bivouacs they calmly behold each other and are able to distinguish each other's entrenching gangs as they drop their tools when relieved. These observations are made from points of vantage immediately outside the range of artillery, which is intermittent in its practice against the principal eminences.

The Japanese shells are daily breaking on Pagoda Hill, which is most conspicuous in the Russian position, and in front of which the villagers remain in their houses, indicating that by some prearrangement with the Japanese their homes will not be shelled by the latter.

The Russian forces are disposed so as to meet the disposition of the Japanese armies.

BATTLING AT PORT ARTHUR JAPS CREEP EVER CLOSER

Fierce Fight Took Place on Sunday About the Beseiged Fortress and Russians Lose.

Chefoo, Oct. 31.—The general assault upon Port Arthur, which began in a preliminary way on Oct. 24, developed into a fiercely raging battle yesterday, when the Japanese flung heavy forces against the fortress in their third attempt to secure a commanding position. The result of yesterday's fighting is unknown.

The Japanese have been preparing for this assault for a month. It is believed that the Japanese did not expect to capture the town on this occasion but to accomplish another important forward step. This plan was adopted following the first assault, when thousands of lives were sacrificed in an attempt to swarm over the fortifications by a mere force of numbers, regardless of loss.

This assault, like the previous one, was a climatic incident of weary weeks of trench digging, gun mounting and small engagements. In the opinion of experts, the assault will cease when the Japanese have secured such positions as will enable them to creep steadily closer under the noses of the Russian guns.

It is believed that two more general assaults will be necessary before the distance between the belligerent lines is sufficiently shortened to make an attempt to enter the main forts and make the end of the siege practicable.

The Japanese infantry are now using mechanical devices which enable them to throw grenades with great accuracy and rapidity. Except for the knowledge that the bombardment was continued all information covering the period between Oct. 27 and Oct. 29 is lacking, but presumably Japanese operations are gradually assuming the proportions of the general attack of yesterday. The fighting is reported to have been most severe from Rihlung Mountain down along the whole east side of the town.

WILL BE CUT DOWN.

Quebec, Oct. 31.—(Special.)—The Soliel, the Laurier government organ, in a prediction of the election results tonight, admits that the Liberal majorities in most of the 25 counties in the Quebec and Three Rivers district, will be greatly reduced. It admits that Laurier's majority in Quebec East will be cut down to 700, and that the Liberal candidate will be defeated in L'Islet. The whole is an admission of Liberal defeat in the Quebec district and has caused a sensation.

NO EQUALITY.

(Canadian Associated Press Cable.)

London, Nov. 1.—Lord Avebury, lecturing at the London Institution on fiscal policy, said Canada, New Zealand and South Africa, tho giving Great Britain a preference by raising their duties against foreigners, showed no disposition to place the mother country manufacturers on an equality with their own. Unless they were prepared to do so he feared the conference would be useless and even injurious.

Pember's Turkish Baths will cure all diseases. 129 Yonge-street. 246

WILL COME DEC. 1.

The vestry of St. Peter's Church last night unanimously endorsed the recommendation of the advisory committee that Rev. Fred Wilkinson of Dartmouth, N.S., be chosen to the rectorate. He is expected to arrive about Dec. 1. The sanction of the bishop has already been secured.

Pember's Turkish Baths remove all poison from the system. 129 Yonge-st. 246

SIXTEEN CARS INTO LAKE.

Port Arthur, Oct. 31.—A portion of the railway approach to the King wheat-cleaning elevator collapsed this evening, precipitating sixteen cars loaded with wheat into the lake. The dock was built 20 years ago and has been in constant use.

No Premiums given with Union Label Cigars. 246

Office Furniture? "Ask Adams."

Smoke Alive Bollards Toronto Beauty cigar. 10c smoke for 5c. 128 Yonge-st.

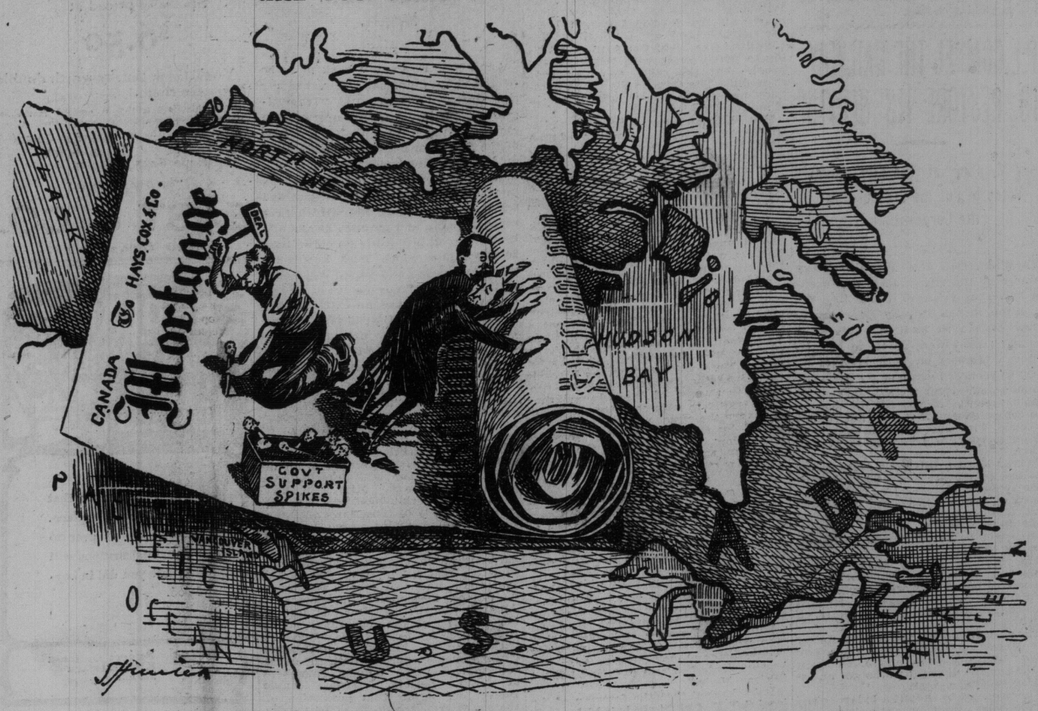
TO-DAY IN TORONTO.

Canadian Institute, York Pioneers, 2.
Castle Memorial Hall, Sunday School Institute opens, 8 p.m.
Euclid-avenue Hall, Hunter meeting, 8 p.m.
Dingman's Hall, Leslie meeting, 8.
Association Hall, Students rally for Conservative candidates, 8 p.m.
St. Paul's Hall and Douglas Hall, Urquhart meetings, 8 p.m.
Beacon Hall, Yorkshire Society, 8.
Canadian Institute, Astronomical Society, 8 p.m.
St. Mary's Anglican Y.P.A., 8 p.m.
Massey Hall, Anna Eva Fay, 8 p.m.
Princess, "Cousin Kate," 8 p.m.
Grand, "His Last Dollar," 8 p.m.
Majestic, "On Thanksgiving Day," 2 and 8 p.m.
Shea's, vaudeville, 2 and 8 p.m.
Star, vaudeville, 2 and 8 p.m.

No Child Labor on Union Label Cigars 246

Smoke Alive Bollard's cool mixture

ARE YOU GOING TO FURNISH A SPIKE?



A VOTE FOR THE GOVERNMENT IS A VOTE FOR THE MORTGAGE.

NOT A LITTLE ENGLANDER IS JOHN MORLEY'S DENIAL

Both Parties Realize Value of Colonies and Differ Only as to Method of Binding of Empire.

All records were broken at the Canadian Club yesterday so far as attendance and enthusiasm go when the Rt. Hon. John Morley lunched with the club at McConkey's and spoke afterwards on international, political and election topics. Over 600 members listened to the English statesman and literary celebrity, and there has been no more satisfactory lion present at the club luncheon.

Mr. Morley is not tall, and his presence is of the legal type, a complexion somewhat weather-worn and brick-dusty in hue, bespeaking outdoor exercise. Mr. Morley's smile is quite a revelation and banishes the severe Puritanical conception which many had formed of him. While not an orator in the unctuous and voluble sense, Mr. Morley's refined diction and weighty thought, with a charmingly gracious humor, proved his gifts as a speaker to be of the highest. An exquisitely sarcastic drawl occasionally lent point to an allusion, and the animation of his constant gestures lightened the burden of his sentences. His gestures were of the most varied character. With clasped hands, with two fingers beating emphasis on the other palm, with two palms together and fingers all extended, with open-handed appeals, with elbow on hand and threatening forefinger, with one hand in trousers pocket and declamatory sweep of the other arm, with left arm across the breast and hand clutching right shoulder, with hands on hips in confidential communication, with both hands holding the coat below the lapels, and in so many other gestures that Delsarte might be at a loss to classify them, Mr. Morley emphasized his points and held attention. He wore a bright red tie, and collar of a somewhat restrained Gladstonian fashion.

Toronto aldermen will be glad to hear that the great man lapsed in his English once in speaking of "either Canada or the States or Great Britain." He made a distinction of emphasis also in using the word "extraordinary," and "extrornary."

A letter was read from Hon. Edward Blake, who had hoped some months before to take part in the reception, but was prevented by a long-standing and imperative engagement. With President Hotwell at the table of honor with Mr. Morley were: Prof. Goldwin Smith, Vice-Chancellor Moss, W. K. George, J. F. Ellis, H. M. Irish, C. W. J. Woodland, G. H. Wood, A. E. Huestis, A. L. Crossin, John Turnbull and W. R. P. Parker.

An International Character.

The president introduced Mr. Morley as a great man among the great men of whom they were proud.

"Mr. Chairman and gentlemen—I thank you very warmly for the extraordinary welcome that you have now extended to me. After all, you are only repeating the kindness that has been extended to me since I set my foot in Canada by all sorts of persons of all degrees of importance, and makes me regret the more that my visit is, as the chairman indicates, a short visit. But tho it is a short and fugitive visit I think even already I perceive the advantage which even that visit has been to me. It has brought names and scenes that before were only words into their place as being realities.

"It has showed light upon many stirring, and I would even say, momentous questions affecting your policy and affecting the policy of the mother country. And gentlemen, I am confident, that in the course of my observations I have made what may be, little as it deserves to be called, many new things.

"The chairman seemed a little perplexed as to using the words English, Scotch, Irish, Canadian, etc. To a certain extent, I claim to be rather international because I was born in England, I represent the best of Scotch constituencies (laughter) and the most active portion of my political life has been devoted to Ireland so that I call myself an Irishman. I hope, before I go back after my short visit, within three or four months, at all events, to have seen three general elections: one in Canada, another in the United States, and a third, and not altogether the least interesting of them to me, in my own country.

A Serious Time

"I have heard, but I may be entirely wrong, that here and across your southern border it is a foregone conclusion. I may say without arrogance and with every confidence I may inform you that

Continued on Page 2.

GANS WON IN FIFTH ON A FOUL IT WAS ALL BRITT'S BATTLE

Colored Champion, After Repeated Knockdowns, Was Hit While on the Floor, Thus Causing the Defeat of the White Man.

San Francisco, Oct. 31.—At the Mechanics' Pavilion to-night Joe Gans of Baltimore defeated James Britt of San Francisco in the ring in a battle that carried with it the title of world's champion of all lightweights. The men entered the ring at the specified notch of 133 pounds and the incident lasted only five rounds.

Great interest has been displayed in California over the result of to-night's contest. Britt and Gans are admitted to be exceedingly clever and finished boxers. Consequently an enormous throng fought its way into the pavilion to see the pugilists fight. All afternoon huge crowds stood in line awaiting the opening of the general admission gates and it required the constant vigilance of mounted police to keep the people in line. At 8 o'clock the gallery was crowded to suffocation and at 8.30 the holders of reserved seats occupied every chair on the lower floor. Delegations from all Pacific Coast points were conspicuous at the ringside. Los Angeles sent several carloads of enthusiasts, while Portland, Oregon, and Puget Sound and the Rocky Mountain regions were well represented.

Young Corbett and Battling Nelson, who are matched to fight in San Francisco on Nov. 20, were among those present and each expressed a desire to meet the winner of to-night's contest.

A meeting between Gans and Britt has been looked forward to for over two years, but the question of weight and color line proved a stumbling-block and prevented them meeting sooner. Finally Gans, who has been fighting around the 140-pound notch, agreed to make 133 pounds ringside. Britt waived the color question and the men went into hard training. With Gans taking off every atom of surplus flesh and with Britt at a weight exactly suited to his splendid physique, it was agreed that no more even match could have been arranged.

Gans, however, found it no easy task to make the required weight and was compelled to undergo a strenuous system of reduction even up to the eleventh hour, in the meantime the general public was timid in wagering on the result.

At was not until late this afternoon when definite assurance was given that Gans had turned the scales at less than 133 lbs. that speculation began in earnest. The colored lad was at once made a warm favorite, despite the fact that Britt has a tremendous following.

At 9 o'clock the quotations were 20 to 12, with Gans on the long end. Although it was known that Britt was up the pink of condition, there was no lack of coria in Gans

Behind Gans were stationed Al Herford, his manager; Frank McDonald and Kid Sullivan, while Britt was looked after by Spider Kelly, Frank Rafael, Sam Berger and Smiling Metzger.

There were two four-round preliminaries George Wilson and Billy Mehan went four rounds to a draw and Eddie Chambers was given the decision over Jack Burke in the third round. Young Corbett jumped into the ring as soon as Gans appeared and challenged the winner of to-night's fight.

Gans' appearance was none too inviting. His face looked pinched and drawn and his general appearance showed plainly the effects of hard training.

The scales were brought to the centre of the stage and the men were weighed in full view of the public

Billy Gardner and Mike (Twin) Sullivan also challenged the winner of to-night's fight.

At 9.25 p.m. the scales were set at the 133 pound mark. Gans jumped on and failed to raise the beam. The exact figures were not taken.

At 9.30 p.m Britt entered the ring and immediately jumped on the scales. Like Gans he failed to raise the beam at the 133 pounds mark.

Britt looked a trifle nervous, but physically no fault could be found

At 9.35 p.m. Britt's arms were bound with tire tape. Gans' arms were free of bandages. Referee Graney sent the men to the centre of the ring, where they were photographed by flashlight.

At the ringside bets were made at even money that Gans would win within 15 rounds. Britt was introduced as the featherweight champion of the world.

Gans was presented as the lightweight champion of the world.

Time was called at 9.46.

Round 1.

Britt went at once into his favorite crouching position, and they sparred for a time. Britt shot his left twice in quick succession to Gans' body, but they were not forcible. After more sparring, Britt hooked left to the body again and followed it with right to the head. Both then missed rights and lefts for the head. Britt shot his left to the body and missed a right for the head. Gans apparently sizing up Britt's reach. Gans missed a straight right for the head. Britt was short with left for the body, and missed a left for the head as the bell rang. The work in the round was light, Britt having a slight advantage. Gans permitted Britt to do most of the work. Britt's blows were of a light nature and did no harm.

Round 2.

Britt missed left and right for the body and they went to a clinch. Britt suddenly jumped his left to the head and then brought it to the body. Gans continued to force Britt about the ring, and they came to a clinch without result. Britt missed a left hook for the body and sent a straight left to Gans' nose. Gans retaliating with left to the body. Britt drove Gans back with a left swing to the body. Britt bored in, scoring with left and right to the wind. In the mixup, both exchanged rights and lefts to the face. Britt missed a vicious left for the body. They came together again, Britt missing right for the body. A rally in the centre of the ring followed, Britt landing right and left on the face as the bell rang, but not before he had received a straight left on the head. Britt did most of the leading in this round. The honors were about even, however.

Round 3.

They mixed it fiercely at close quarters, both doing some clever boxing. Gans got in a good right to the body, but Britt retaliated with a straight left hard to the stomach. They mixed it again, Britt putting left and right to the body. An ineffectual mix followed. Britt caught Gans with a terrific right to the jaw, dazing the colored man. He followed the advantage with a right an deft swing to the head, forcing Gans to a clinch. Britt rushed in, fighting wildly. He bombarded Gans' face and body with right and left swings, and put some punishing rights over the heart. Britt, at close quarters, distressed Gans with a fearful right on the body. Gans clung desperately to Britt to avoid punishment and the gong found them in this position. It was all Britt's round.

Round 4.

Britt waded in fiercely, rushing Gans to the ropes with a heavy left over the heart. He then missed right and left swings for the body. Britt kept himself well covered and was a puzzle to Gans. Britt sent Gans back with a succession of rights and lefts to the face and a left to the body. Jimmy then shot a straight right to the body and followed it with a right swing to the body. At close quarters Britt landed some heavy blows. Gans suddenly shot his left hand to Britt's jaw, who in return put in body blows that sent Gans to his knees. After a mix-up Britt sent Gans to the floor with a left to the jaw. Gans rose, but was again floored with right and lefts to the face. There was fearful confusion and the bell was not heard. In this round Britt hit Gans accidentally while Gans was down, but a claim of foul was disallowed. Gans was in distress and the gong saved him.

Round 5.

They mixed fiercely. Britt went after Gans like a whirlwind. Britt sent Gans to the floor with a succession of rights and lefts to the jaw. As Gans was attempting to rise, Britt met him with a desperate right to the jaw. Referee Graney quickly disqualified Britt and awarded the decision to Gans. The excitement was terrific. Britt rushed at Graney like a madman and fought him to the ropes. A squad of police immediately jumped into the ring and it looked as if there would be a general fight. The house gave vent to its disapproval by tremendous hooting and wildly cheered Britt as he went to the centre of the ring.

Their Best Battles.

—Joe Gans.—

Date.	Opponent.	Result.	Rds.
1902—	Frank Erne	K	1
	Gus Gardner	K	5
	Charley Sieger	W	14
	Charley Sieger	D	10
1903—	Willie Fitzgerald	K	10
	Buddy King	K	5
	Sam Langford	D	15
	Gus Gardner	WF	11
1904—	Joe Lanford	D	6
	Joe Wolcott	D	20

—Jimmy Britt.—

Date.	Opponent.	Result.	Rds.
1902—	Tobey Irwin	W	15
	Geo. Lavigne	K	7
	Tim Haggerty	K	8
	Frank Erne	K	6
	Charley Sieger	W	20
1903—	Willie Fitzgerald	W	20
	Jack O'Keefe	D	20
	Jack O'Keefe	D	6
1904—	Young Corbett	W	20

The Rivals Compared.

Britt.		Gans.
5 ft. 6 in.	Height	5 ft. 6 in.
67½ inches	Reach	62½ inches
133 lbs.	Weight (ringside)	133 lbs.
15 inches	Neck	15¼ inches
35½ inches	Chest	29 inches
28 inches	Waist	29½ inches
12 inches	Biceps	11½ inches
10½ inches	Forearm	9½ inches
7 inches	Wrist	7 inches
19 inches	Thigh	20 inches
13 inches	Calf	13 inches
7 inches	Ankle	7 inches

THE SOVEREIGN BANK OF CANADA
28 King St. West, Toronto.
Drafts on all parts of the world.

BROKE A LEG.

Winnipeg, Oct. 31.—Roy Jenkins, a freshman of Manitoba College, was a victim of Hallowe'en bouncing pranks this afternoon, falling from the arms of the bouncers and breaking one of his legs.

It is not the quantity but the nourishment you get out of food that builds the body. St. Leon is the greatest aid to digestion. M1321.

Higher Accounting—Mr. Neff's class for Bookkeepers' and Chartered Accountants' students meets every Friday evening at 27 Wellington Street East. Neff & Postlethwaite, Chartered Accountants. 235

"Ask Adams" about Filing Cabinets.

Try "Lowe Inlet" Canned Salmon Always Reliable.

DEWART WIRED BORDEN ABOUT THE SOLDIERS' PAY

And Increase Came Most Opportunely for the Liberal Candidate in South Toronto.

More telegrams and more bribery in the local campaign on the part of the government and its candidates were brought to light at the South Toronto Conservative meeting in Victoria Hall last night when Mr. Macdonell read this telegram from Hartley H. Dewart of date, Oct. 18, to Hon. F. W. Borden, minister of militia:

"Find considerable uneasiness regarding increase of pay for permanent men who are all in South Toronto. Am writing letter explaining fully, to which hope for reply by telegram."

In reply Sir Frederick Borden wired on Oct. 19:

"Re your telegram dated eighteenth the moment the new militia law is proclaimed the increased pay will come in force and we expect to proclaim it at once."

Mr. Macdonell said that the act will be in force to-day, and he never knew of a more shameless bribe at any time.

E. F. Clarke said he was astonished to find him resort to such tactics as Mr. Macdonell had exposed. Mr. Macdonell had come of fighting stock, and his brothers had gained fame in South Africa, and why should not the gallant fellows in Stanley Barracks favor him? The Star of last night had remarked that "this popular move of the government had been conceded on all sides to be most opportune."

What Election Act Says.

On the face of it, an offence against the Dominion Elections Act is thus disclosed. According to section 108: 'The following persons are guilty of bribery and shall be punishable accordingly:

(a) Every person who, directly or indirectly, by himself or by any other person on his behalf, gives, lends or agrees to give or lend, or offers or promises any money or valuable consideration, to or for any voter, or to or for any person on behalf of any voter, or to or for any person, in order to induce any voter to vote, or refrain from voting, or corruptly does any such act on account of such voter having voted or refrained from voting at any election;

(g) Every voter who, before or during any election, directly or indirectly, himself or by any other person on his behalf, receives, agrees or contracts for any money, gift, loan or valuable consideration, office, place or employment, for himself or for any other person, for voting or agreeing to vote, or for refraining or agreeing to refrain from voting at any election.

Clear Case.

The despatch by Dewart to the minister of militia points out that individuals who are electors in his constituency, he being then a candidate before the electors, feel uneasiness about the increase of pay guaranteed by the new militia act. The minister by his reply shows that the statute at the time of its receipt was in abeyance, but that the proclamation which would bring it into force was expected to issue immediately. This would constitutionally be done upon the initiation of the cabinet.

J. B. Mackenzie, who has devoted some attention to criminal law, gives it as his opinion that, supposing Mr. Dewart to have conveyed the minister's reply to some elector, the correspondence reveals a corrupt practice in him as well as the sender of the message and that it may also be doubted whether an elector who may have been so informed could properly take the oath founded upon sub-section "g." If such view be correct, neither Mr. Dewart nor Sir Frederick Borden, if elected, could hold his seat. It will be seen that this is the case of individual offers to bona fide electors and not a case of a proposition by which the general public may be benefited.

A Good Meeting.

Ald. Geary took the chair at the rally. Others on the platform were E. F. Clarke, A. C. Macdonell, Thomas Crawford, M.L.A., Col. John McGillivray, F. Somers, C. E. Macdonald, Capt. R. K. Barker, F. Drake, D'Arcy Hinds, Dr. Beattie Nesbitt, E. Strachan Cox, Ald. Foster, Thomas P. Galt, L. Shumer, A. Shier, Jacob Cohen, John Cuthbert, Ald. Dunn, J. B. Mackenzie. The best of enthusiasm was everywhere apparent.

Dr. Beattie Nesbitt invited all who wished to help on election day to attend at the committee room at 3 East Gerrard-street to-night.

A Seasonable Display.

The W. & D. Dineen Company's busy fur season for 1905 opens to-day at the show-rooms, corner Yonge and Temperance-streets. The stock is now in its most complete form, and those who desire to view the display are invited to call. An elevator is in continuous operation for the accommodation of visitors.

STUDENTS MADE BIG NOISE BUT DIDN'T BREAK THE LAW

Unnecessary Disorder at the Princess—Arts Graduates Banquet and Medicals Also.

Hallowe'en passed off uneventfully so far as the conduct of the principal student bodies in the streets was concerned. They foregathered early at the colleges and proceeded in demonstrative but not unruly fashion to the Princess Theatre. There they spoiled the first act of the performance entirely, and so greatly were the ladies of the company distracted by the uproar it was thought the balance of the show would have to be called off. The cause of the disorder is laid at the door of the Ontario College of Pharmacy by the other colleges desiring to find an excuse for their bad behavior. O.C.P., it seems, made arrangements two months ago to have the entire house. A week ago the others, desiring to attend, were forced to ask O.C.P. for terms. S.P.S., Arts, Osgoode and the rest were allotted space on promises to be good. They also claim, tho, that only the colors of Varsity were to be displayed. So, when the leading lady in "Cousin Kate" appeared wearing O.C.P. colors the others thought they had a right to object in any way they pleased. They created pandemonium generally and some in the gallery scattered flour indiscriminately on those seated in the balcony and lower floor. The O.C.P. claim that they alone acted like gentlemen; the others say the pharmacists played them a mean trick. O.C.P. was represented in the boxes by Miss Marshall, their only girl student, Dean Heebner and Profs. Chambers, Fotheringham, Evans and Scott.

Both Sides Remembered.

Once out of the theatre the students proceeded on their way home, all save the graduating class in arts, who repaired to McConkey's for supper. They were disorganized, but, forgetting a little spasmodic yelling, were very orderly.

On each flank of the college men walked small parties of policemen prepared to resent any violence, but no violence came. The senior students had been in the killing of 1902 and the junior years had often heard the story of how their predecessors were slaughtered on that eventful Hallowe'en. So the memory restrained the seniors and the story restrained the juniors.

The police also had memories, visions of stopped "good conduct" pay and suspension, and they, too, remained passive. The students went on, followed by large crowds of people, but gradually dispersed.

Arts' Grads. Banquet.

A royal repast at McConkey's and a good fellowship borne of three years close intimacy with one another made the arts graduating class dinner such an event as seldom enters into men's lives. The boys realized that they were on the last lap of their college courses, and that there were few such reunions before they left the college, and prepared to enjoy themselves to the full. The president of the year, W. D. McDonald, was toastmaster, and after honoring the King the gathering turned to university subjects. The "Alma Mater" was proposed by C. R. Jamieson and replied to by A. C. Stewart. "The Faculty" received criticism and eulogy at the hands of J. S. Jamieson and R. C. Reade. On the topic of "Athletics," T. A. Phillips and W. J. McKay waxed eloquent, for it is a subject dear to both. John C. Sherry and E. C. Archibald extended the courtesies of the gathering to the "Varsity Girls," and the toast to the class elicited happy speeches from W. E. Moore, W. D. McDonald, E. M. Henderson and W. F. Lane. At every possible opportunity the

Continued on Page 2.

BIRTHS.

SOCKETT—At 58 Spruce-street, on Oct. 29th, to Mr. and Mrs. George C. Sockett a daughter.

DEATHS.

EWING—On Oct. 31, at her late residence, 255 Arthur-street, Eliza Ewing, dearly beloved wife of Richard Ewing, aged 44 years.

Funeral Wednesday, Nov. 2, at 3.30 p.m. Friends kindly accept this intimation.

HOSKIN—On Oct. 31, 1904, Margaret Farrell, beloved wife of Wm. H. Hoskin.

Funeral from the residence of Mr. W. J. Henderson, 54 Esther-street, to Mount Pleasant Cemetery, at 2.30 p.m., on Tuesday, Nov. 1st, 1904.

Waukegan, Ill., papers please copy.

Broderick's Business Suits, $22.50 118 King Street West.

FAIR.

Meteorological Office, Toronto, Oct. 31.—(8 p.m.)—The weather continues fine and warm in Manitoba and the Northwest Territories. Heavy frost was general last night from the great lakes to the Maritime Provinces, but during to-day there has been a tendency towards higher temperature in Ontario and Quebec.

Minimum and maximum temperatures: Victoria, 50—52; Kamloops, 50—58; Edmonton, 26—60; Prince Albert, 28—50; Qu'Appelle, 40—42; Winnipeg, 32—50; Port Arthur, 30—48; Parry Sound, 22—46; Toronto, 22—42; Ottawa, 20—38; Quebec, 18—32; St. John, 26—28; Halifax, 28—38.

Probabilities.

Lakes—Fresh winds; mostly fair and a little warmer. Georgian Bay—Fair with about the same temperature.

Ottawa and Upper St. Lawrence—A few scattered showers, but mostly fair with about the same temperature.

Lower St. Lawrence and Gulf—Westerly winds; cool and mostly cloudy, with scattered showers.

Maritime—Westerly winds; fair with a little higher temperature.

Superior—Easterly winds; cloudy and cool.

Manitoba—Fair; not much change in temperature.

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STEAMSHIP MOVEMENTS.

Oct. 31	At	From
Georgic	New York	Liverpool
Minnehaha	New York	London
Hungarian	Cape Race	London
Sardinian	Belle Isle	Glasgow
Astoria	New York	Glasgow
Moltke	New York	Dover
Friesland	Philadelphia	Liverpool
Arabic	Liverpool	New York
Pretoria	Glasgow	Montreal
Bluecher	Hamburg	New York

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