CANADIANS DRIVE THROUGH THE HINDENBURG LINE AND TOWNS AND PRISONERS

General Currie's Boys Occupy Cherisy, Vis-en-Artois and the Bois-du-Sart in Successful Drive Against Strong German Positions South of Scarpe River.

Haig's report, occupying Cherisy, Vis-en-Artois and the Boisdu-Sart and taking many prisoners. Scottish battalions also made excellent progress.

British forces are established by the first still going rapidly and the enemy in the northern outskirts of Ba- resistance decreasing.

Scarpe the battle today was rag- Having reached the outskirts of that ing along a field almost forty- place they then swung southward to

burg line in the neighborhood of Croisilles, Fontaine-lez-Croisilles of it are well in British hands. and Bullecourt, and once through the Germans' strong defences in which is valuable, because it is high.

this locality, open fresh ground remains beyond.

The Hindenburg line has actually been pierced at one place, tually been pierced at one place, the state of the somme state of the somme. Vaux wood also was occupied, and is held firmly. east of Heninel (Heninel lies about three miles west of Cherisy), and the weaker portion of isy), and the weaker portion of it, northwest of Fontaine-lez-Croisilles, has been captured and

mopped up. During the day's fighting the British captured high ground from which they can overlook the country occupied by It was to the north of the Somme that the formidable organized attack was launched by the British on an eightthe enemy for miles around, and have thus attained a great advantage. The thus attained a great advantage. The Bois-au-Sart, one of these places, lies south of the Scarpe and northeast of Monchy-le-Preux, and it was feared that here the enemy might hold up the advance for a time. It was captured, however, after a short but fierce struggle, in which the Germans lost heavily.

Another similarly valuable point is Montauban, northwest of Mametz, which fell this morning after the Germans had been given orders to hold at all costs. These orders were suddenly this, they lost a considerable number thousand-yard front this morning, and this had such good results in ground gaining. All the British guns have been moved up and are following close behind the infantry and the tanks. The barrage laid down north of the

had been given orders to hold at all costs. These orders were suddenly changed and the enemy retired.

Six Miles From Peronne. Still another is Dompierre, southeast Cappy-sur-Somme. Dompierre was significant. The Germans ran for their significant. The Germans ran for their lives, when the British suddenly appeared close to them, and did not even make an effort to save their guns.

The enemy machine gunners have shown a similar spirit, their princithe British at this place are now only Bapaume having been almost sur-rounded, has been entered by the Brit-ish patrols, and they have been fighting in the streets. The town, therefore, is a sort of "No Man's Land" for the t but its complete capture seems ! to get away from the advancing British,

IN FIVE MINUTES NO SICK STOMACH, INDIGESTION, GAS

even the morale of the enemy

indicestion, GAS

"Pape's Diapepsin" is the quickest and surest Stomach Relief.

You don't know what upset your stomach—which portion of the food did the damage—do you? Well, don't bother. If your stomach is in a revolt; if slek, gassy and upset, and what you just ate has fermented and turned sour; head dizzy and aches; belch gases and acids and eructate undigested food; breath foul, tongue coated—just take a little Pape's Diapepsin to neutralize acidity and in five minutes you wonder what became of the indigestion and distress.

Millions of men and women today know that it is needless to have dyspepsia. A little Diapepsin occasionally

Toponto Valent Diapepsin occasionally know that it is needless to have dyspepsia. A little Diapepsin occasionally and office the defining for peace by agreement.

214th Division Wiped Out.

The German 214th Division is the longing for peace by agreement.

214th Division Wiped Out.

The German 214th Division is the latest to meet with disaster. One of its battalion commanders, his adjutant and what remained of the staff. were captured, while the unit itself was virtually wiped out. The Canadians in their operations yesterday, south of the Scarpe, took more than 2,000 prisoners, and they continued their work of capturing large numbers today.

From present indications, it seems that at least on the southern side of the battle line, the Boach is slowly, but surely, going back over the Somme. The capture of Roye by the French will help the movement, while between there and the Somme there is every sign that the Germans have had enough. As a matter of fact, the action in this locality began to develop into resistance by rearguards alone three nights ago. Since then the British have had less and less difficulty in getting on. Continued success north of the Scarpe would soon leave the Germans farther north in a continually deepening salient, which it would be difficult for them to hold. Millions of men and women today tinually deepening salient, which know that it is needless to have dys- would be difficult for them to hold. pepsia. A little Diapepsin occasionally keeps the stomach sweetened, and they

MAN-POWER BILL PASSES SENATE WITH ONE "NAY"

Senator Gore of Oklahoma Raises Only Negative Voice to Bill.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 27 .- The manpower bill bringing within the army LONDON, Aug. 27.—Canadian troops made notable advances south of the Scarpe River today, according to Field Marshal Haig's report, occupying Cher-Antoic and the Bois-Antoic antoic antoic antoic and the Bois-Antoic antoic antoic antoic antoic antoic antoic antoic anto

votes.

APPLAUSE FOLLOWED VOTE. APPLAUSE FOLLOWED VOTE.
Washington, Aug. 28.—The final vote
in the Senate on the man power bill
was recorded amid unchecked applause
from the gallery filled with spectators,
who attended the session to witness British forces are established in the northern outskirts of Bapaume, according to the official statement issued at the war office today.

HINDENBURG LINE PIERCED WITH THE BRITISH ARMY IN FRANCE, Aug. 27.—(By the Associated Press).—Having been still further extended by attacks launched north of the River Scarpe the battle today was raging along a field almost forty-

five miles long, and the British with renewed vigor were rolling up the Boche before them and sweeping constantly eastward. Nearly in the centre of the battlefield hard fighting has been in progress along the old Hinden-IMMEDIATE STRIKE

Toronto Men Record an Overwhelming Strike

TORONTO, Aug. 27 .- So far as this city is concerned the sentiment of the Canadian Pacific relegraph operators is distinctly in favor of an immediat strike to compel the company to grant the wage scale demanded by the men's strike committee. Voting today on the question as to whether the matter would he submitted to the railway war board, or strike, resulted overwhelmingly in favor of a strike. Ballotting on the same question took Place today in other tralians are simply pushing ahead, rounding up villages, woods and ground without facing any definite objective.

GEORGE MACBETH DIES

Son of Former M. P. Will Be Buried in

London.

TORONTO, Aug. 27.-George Mac-

ng hardly any resistance, and the Aus

Today's Formidable Attack.

this, they lost a considerable number today. One small British formation alone captured two complete 77-German field batteries since yesterday. The capture of these light batteries is very

SURPRISE ATTACK BY CANADIANS RESULTED IN PENETRATION OF HINDENBURG LINE

Prisoners Captured by Currie's Troops Express Desire To See Early End of War-German Officer Cries, "Go It. You Canadians! Go Right to Berlin!"

WITH THE CANADIAN FORCES IN FRANCE, Monday, Aug. 26 .-(Noon)-(By J. F. B. Livesay, Canadian Press Correspondent.)-

(Noon)—(By J. F. B. Livesay, Canadian Press Correspondent.)—Combined Canadian and Scottish forces at 3 o'clock this morning attacked the enemy on the south of the Scarpe River over a front of about five miles, in the vicinity of Mercatel. The attack was preceded by an intense bombardment of the enemy's main and support lines, and accompanied by a barrage that lifted with mathematical precision as the infantry advanced. It was pushed with great vigor until all the objectives had been reached. Practically the whole of the Hindenburg line in this sector is now in our hands. A small number of tanks assisted in the advance, doing excellent work in clearing avenues through matted wire.

Tanks' Work Accomplished.

Most of them trundled home by 10 o'clock, their task being accomplished, but especially it was a battle of artillery and infantry. Great support was lent by heavy batteries of the imperial forces, whose well-directed fire kept down that of the enemy batteries, and successfully sought out and destroyed dump after dump of the enemy's ammunition. The Canadians and Highlanders participating in the battle were set a by no means easy task. After a fortnight of perfect weather conditions a heavy rain fell Sunday night and continued intermittently during the night and forenoon. The going therefore was heavy and the red clay of the trenches sticky and sodden.

Men Not To Be Denied.

These conditions were aggravated by poor visibility. At 3 o'clock the clouded skies largely offset the advantage of good moonlight. The troops often had to grope their way in the dark amid rusted wire, and foundered trenches, but the infantry on this job was not to be denied.

In some cases the enemy's defence was not serious until a penetration

In some cases the enemy's defence was not serious until a penetration of a thousand yards had been made, but in others it was stiff fighting all the way. Captured enemy orders indicated

Captured enemy orders indicated that the Hindenburg line was to be held at all costs. Nevertheless, the enemy resistance as a whole lacked determination. The forward posts were lightly held, and there was not that massing of men on the Hindenburg line itself that its strategic importance warranted.

Through Hindenburg Line. Through Hindenburg Line.
At an early stage the Scottish troops reported the capture of the three trenches of the Hindenburg system in their sector, and two hours and ten minutes after zero the whole of it was in our hands. This lack of morale may be explained in some slight degree by the inclusion

of several hundred Alsatians among our prisoners. One of these, who spoke perfect French, explained that he was, after all, content to be a

prisoner.

"We fight and give fight," he said.

"We each do the best we can for our country. Now for me it is all over. I have a sister in Paris. I shall be glad to see Germany beaten, and she knows it. Germany is short of ammunition and has used up all her men. Look at these rosycheeked boys of 17 and 16. Are these fit to be soldiers?" these fit to be soldiers?"

"Go It, you Canadians," a captured officer cried. "Go right to Berlin; that's the only way you can end this bloody war."

Berlin; that's the only way you can end this bloody war."

Desolate Battlefield.

It is a stark, desolate battlefield; the hand of the Hun hangs over it.

The village of Neuville-Vitasse, the pivot part of the whole line, was taken by a brilliantly conceived and executed turning movement on the part of a western battalion. The bridge is obliterated, not one stone standing upon another.

Beauraignes is in little better shape, for 1,000 yards in front of this village were our forward batterles, brought up during the night, and they were not more than that distance from the enemy's line when they opened fire. Only a shallow valley lay between the opposing armies.

shallow valley lay between the opposing armies.

Storming Monchy Plateau.

A principal point was the plateau of Monchy-le-Preux, dominating the surrounding territory, and a bar to an eastward advance from Vimy or Arras. This stronghold was taken early in the forenoon by a successful turning movement, and with a minimum loss. It opened the door to our eastward advance. The battle is still in progress and doubtless the enemy is assembling his reserves in a desperate effort to stem the tide.

The present penetration is about

his reserves in a desperate effort to stem the tide.

The present penetration is about six thousand yards, and we thus hold the Scarpe river to the outskirts of Pelves, some hundreds of yards east of Monsur-Cojeul. The number of prisoners taken by the Canadians may be estimated at two thousand to date, and an unascertined number of guns.

Much of the success is again due to brilliant staff work, whereby the presence of Canadian troops was entirely concealed from the enemy. Prisoners admit that it was a complete surprise. A single Canadian unit was known by the enemy to be operating in the vicinity, but this was regarded as a camouffage to cover a movement elsewhere. cover a movement elsewhere. To this notable success the High-

CHILDREN MUST HAVE CHILDHOOD THAT IS "REAL"

Hon. Dr. H. J. Cody Thrills Directors of National Exhibition.

NATION'S FINEST ASSET

Wrong Ideals Pursued, Two or Three Generations Would Wreck Nation.

TORONTO, Aug. 27 .- In an eloquent extending over two years. speech that brought the 150 guests at Dr. H. J. Cody, minister of education, voiced today the "rights of children." He summarized them as follows: 1. The right to be born.

2. The right to be well born. 3. The right to live. 4. The right to protection.

5. The right to play. 6. The right to a sound education.

He emphasized the need of giving play. He roused laughter and cheers by quoting the slogan of an English without a school than a school without a playground."

He pointed out that there were 7,140 chools in Ontario, 7,737 teachers, and schools in Ontario, 7,737 teachers, and
560,000 pupils. The fact was that the
average daily attendance was only 68,000. There was need of inquiry into
this. The truancy act must be enforced,
and amended, if need be, to check up
this loss of teaching value.

A Popular University.

Hon. Dr. Cody described the exhibition as "a popular university." It was
of great educational value to the
nation. Those who regarded it merely
as a place of amusement vastly under-

as a place of amusement vastly under-estimated it. "I am delighted to come here with my teachers and pupils, to make merry and to learn a great deal,"

make merry and to learn a great deal, he said.
"If as minister of education I fail either to devise or fulfil, it will not be because of lack of effort, of good-will or earnest purpose. Nothing but the highest regard for the importance of the work before me could have moved me to make such a break in the even tenor of my way as was necessary in my taking this office."

The tendency now, he said, was to my taking this office."

The tendency now, he said, was to prevention rather than cure, to formative rather than reformative work, to pay attention to the child rather than the adult. To neglect the child was not only criminal, but nationally suicidal. He quoted Emerson: "We shall one day learn to supersede politics by education."

rights of men. During the last genera-tion the question of women's rights was uppermost. These, Dr. Cody continued, amid applause, have been won through woman's splendid work in the war. "And now it is the right of the child," he declared.

he stated, was well worth white in the saving of that one child's life.

"Conservation of resources is a great aim, but the conservation of human resources is the greatest of all."

The child, he continued, had the right The child, he continued, had the right to be properly educated. This brought up the question of the extension of the present school age limit and in commenting on this Dr. Cody said. "I consider it most uneconomical to chop off education at the age of fourteen. In

Senate Leaders of Both Pro and Anti Factions
Agree.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 27.—Senate leaders of prohibition and anti-prohibition factions joined in stating late today that an agreement had been reached which is expected to insure passage of the pending national war-time pro-

"Sisters and brothers, little maid,
How many may you be?"
"Don't know or care," the child replied,
"The state looks after me." "And of great importance," Dr. Cody continued, "is the right to play. It seems rather ridiculous for a minister of education to quote what I am going to quote for you, words of a leading British physician: 'It is better to have a playground without a school than a school without a play-ground."

Playground Won Waterloo

Playground Won Waterloo.

"Waterloo was won on the playing fields of Eton, and I am confident that many of the famous engagements of this war, whose names will go down in history, were won on the playgrounds right here in Canada. And last, they have a right to a sound education, an education which, he said, would make the child strong in body, cultured in mind, devout in spirit and able to make a rational use of his leisure. And I know we will all be united in co-operating for the winning and furthering of these rights."

SENATOR OLLIE JAMES DEAD. Washington, Aug. 28.—Senator Ollie M. James of Kentucky died this morn-ing at a hospital in Baltimore, where he had been ill for some time.

The Present Battle Front

LONDON, Aug. 27.—The Anglo-French line from Picardy north now runs through Roye, Liancourt and Hallu, to the east of Herleville to Domplerre (which is in German hands), to Maricourt and Flers, both of which are in British hands.

The British hands.

The British have not captured Guillemont, but have reached the outskirts of Vaulx-Vracourt, which is still German.

The line then runs to the western outskirts of Ecoust-St. Mein to Croisilles, which, is German, and to Cherlsy and Gavrelle, both of which are British.

GENERAL MANAGER OF G. T. P. RAILWAY DEAD

OTTAWA, Aug. 27.-The death took place shortly after noon today of Morley Donaldson, vice-president and general manager of Grand Trunk Pacific at the age of 65 years, after an illness

the Canadian National Exhibition of the city and was well known in busiluncheon to their feet, cheering, Hon. ness circles. He was for many years Major Robert and Louisa Evelyn Xi.20, 520, 520, 510, 50 J. I. Xi. 20 J

H. J. McCALLUM.

C. P. A., London,

ESCORTED TO LONDON

GODERICH, Aug. 27 .- The Dominion police picked up a young man here Satexemption was up, and he was taken to London by escort. London by escort.

The farmers in this district are pretty well through with their harvest. A number have started their fall ploughing. They report that the grain is turning arter.

FAILED TO REPORT;

ing out well.

The summer tourists are beginning to leave now, and things are beginning to quiet down. Many visited this dis-POWER SUPPLY WAS CUT .- A break in the hydro service at Niagara necessisted a cut of 25 per cent in London's power supply yesterday. The residential sections suffered the most inconvenience. It is believed one of the

generators at the Falls broand this caused the shortage.

London and Port Stanley Railway

Falls broke down.

extending over two years.

Mr. Donaldson was a lifelong resident of the city and was well known in business circles. He was for many years general superintendent of the Canada Atlantic Railway here. He was born in Edinburgh, Scotland, the son of Maior Palest and Louise Evelyn (1997).

Maior Palest and Louise Evelyn (1997).

TRACTION COMPANY

Improved Service Between London, St. Thomas and Port Stanley. SUNDAY CARS UNDERLINED: children a real childhood-the right to Through cars leave London for Port Stanley as follows: 8:00 a.m., 10:00 a.m., 1:00 p.m., 4:30 p.m., 6:30 p.m., 9:30 p.m.

Additional cars for St. Thomas only at 3:00 p.m., 5:30 p.m., 11:15 p.m., week days. medical man: "Better a playground Returning leave Port Stanley for London and St. Thomas as follows: 8:00 a.m., 9:45 a.m., 11:45 a.m., 2:45 p.m., 6:15 p.m., 9:30 p.m. Additional cars for St. Thomas only at 8:15 p.m. and 11:20 p.m., week days only. Reduced rates single and return between London, St. Thomas and Port Stanley.

Ask agents for information.

> **CANADIAN PACIFIC** Final Farm Laborers' **EXCURSION** THURSDAY, AUGUST 29

\$12.00 to WINNIPEG

Further particulars from Canadian Pacific Ticket

HELP SAVE WESTERN CROP

20,000 Farm Laborers Wanted \$12 to Winniped

Plus half a cent per mile beyond. Returning, half a cent per mile to Winnipeg, plus \$18.00. Comfortable Through Trains, Lunch Service at moderate prices, Special Accommodation for Women and a Scenic Route by C.N.B.

Excursion Dates from LONDON, AUGUST 28 and 30 By regular trains to connect with C. N. R. No Special Train Service: 1 from Toronto 10:00 p.m.

For information see: F. B. CLARKE, City Agent, London. or write General Passenger Dept., 68 King St. E., Toronto, Ont.

CANADIAN NORTHERN RAILWAY







COURT-MARTIAL CASE ENDS.

landers contributed materially. The Hun showed his spleen by heavily bombarding what is left of Arras with his long-range guns. be submitted to the railway war board, or strike, resulted overwhelmingly in favor of a strike. Ballotting on the same question took place today in other large cities of the Dominion. HELD ON CHARGE OF TAKING MONEY FROM CANADIANS, SUPPORTED BY SCOTCH ON EITHER HAND, DRIVE DEEPLY INTO HUNS Sergt. McLean, Arrested at Detroit, Must Answer To Detroit, Must Answer To System in the was bearful overwhelmingly in favor of a strike, resulted overwhelmingly in favor of a strike, resulted overwhelmingly in favor of a strike, resulted overwhelmingly in favor of a strike. Ballotting on the same of the same of the same question took place today in other large cities of the Dominion. CANADIANS, SUPPORTED BY SCOTCH ON EITHER HAND, Dr. Cody laid stress on the value of the spiritual. They talk of the spiritual. They talk of German efficiency, depends on the spirit or ideals behind them." (Applause.) The watchword of the manufacture or efficiency depends on the spirit or ideals behind them." (Applause.) The watchword of the new generation, the speaker affirmed, was the rights of the battlefront the Australians continued their advance and made substantians continued from the case of two or three generations would wreck a Nation. The what is defected to the world. Dr. Cody laid stress on the value of the substantians continued the materially. The what continued the s TAKING MONEY FROM SCOTCH ON EITHER HAND,

Slopes To South Taken-Detroit, Must Answer To Stern Battle Is Fought Serious Accusation. Between Croisilles and

pal idea now heing to save themselves to the present of the possible.

The pal idea now heing to save themselves to the present to the possible of the possibl

Prussian Guards Beaten.

Prussian Guards Beaten.
South of Bapaume also English and
Welsh troops gained ground in the face
of strong opposition. We reached the
western outskirts of Flers and have
driven the enemy from Longueval, Delville Wood and Bernafay Wood. Coun-RESULT OF AN ACCIDENT

rer-attacks by the Prussian Guards in this area were repulsed.

Astride the Somme, Australian, English and Scotch battalions forced the enemy back on the whole front of our attack. Our troops gained the high attack. Our troops gained the high ground east of Maricourt, Fontaine-lez-Cappy and the woods between there and the Somme have been taken, with some hundreds of prisoners, and Ver-mandovillers is in our hands."

some hundreds of prisoners, and vermandovillers is in eur hands."

21,000 Prisoners.

Today's early statement read:
"Since last Wednesday the British
have taken 21,000 prisoners.
"The British have pushed through the
town of Montauban, three miles north
of the Somme, and, capturing the wood
near that place, have reached Longeuval.

near that place, have reached Longeuval.

"Australian forces have made substantial progress toward Dompierre, south of the Somme, and east of Suzanne, north of the river."

"North of the Scarpe River Scottish troops renewed their attack against the Germans last night and have advanced towards Plouvain.

"Severe fighting took place on the field of the old Somme battle between Maricourt and Bapaume, and also north of the latter town, yesterday afternoon and evening. The enemy counter-attacked repeatedly in strength, incurring great losses from the fire of our troops, but being unable to arrest our progress.

Fierce Battle For Wood.

"English and Welsh troops pushed through Montauban and advanced along the crest of the ridge, capturing High Wood and reaching Longueval. In the village we were heavily counter-attacked

Australians continued their advance astride the Somme and made substantial progress towards Domplerre and to the east of Suzanne."

Calls Upon People To Refrain
From Pleasure Driving
on Sabbath.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 27.—The fuel administration bublic east of the Mississippi River to stop using gasoline for passenger automobiles, motorcycles and motorboats on Sunday until further notice. Unless voluntary action on the part of public improves the gasoline situation, notice is given that the administration will be obliged to enforce prohibitory regulations.

In the slopes of the village and taking south of the Scarpe other Scottish battalions carried Roeux, Greeland (?) and Gavrelle, and English battalions gained possession of Arleux-en-Gohelle and the old German line south of this.

Reinforcements Shattered.

"Between Croisiles and Bapaume and to the south, English and New Zealanders again in heavy fighting repulsed numbers of determined counter-attacks the heights."

PROHIBITION IN

U.S. BY JULY

SEEMS CERTA

The fuel and the slopes of the Missions of Arleux-en-Gohelle and the old German line south of this.

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PROHIBITION IN

U.S. BY JULY

SEEMS CERTA

Senate Leaders of Both and Anti Factions SEEMS CERTAIN

the pending national war-time pro-hibition bill by Thursday, to become effective July 1, 1919, instead of January 1, as originally porvided.

It also provides that manufacture of beer and wine shall stop May 1, 1919, instead of November 1 next.

STREET RAILWAYMEN AT SARNIA GRANTED FIVE-CENT INCREASE

Walkout Scheduled for Wednesday Will Not Take

great losses from the fire of our troops, but being unable to arrest our progress. Fierce Battle For Wood.

"English and Welsh troops pushed through Montauban and advanced along the crest of the ridge, capturing High Wood and reaching Longueval. In the village we were heavily counter-attacked and forced back toward Bazentin-le-Grand and High Wood. On this line we broke the enemy's attack, and, again advancing, established ourselves well to the east of High Wood.

"Early in the night, a second enemy counter-attack was driven off by rifle fire before the Germans reached our position.

"North of High Wood, the enemy twice counter-attacked in the neighborhood of Ligny and Thilloy, pressing back our advancing troops some 400 or fre before the Germans reached out position.

"North of High Wood, the enemy twice counter-attacked in the neighborhood of Ligny and Thilloy, pressing back our advancing troops some 400 or 500 yards. There his infantry was stopped and driven back.

"At Bapaume the N. & Zealanders, after fierce fighting, established themselves in the northern outskirts of the town.

The position of High Wood, the enemy dense to the neighborhood of Ligny and Thilloy, pressing back our advancing troops some 400 or 500 yards. There his infantry was stopped and driven back.

"At Bapaume the N. & Zealanders, after fierce fighting, established themselves in the northern outskirts of the town.

This is the speaking to The Advertiser tonight, said:

"The whole matter now rests with the city council. The raise was simply given until further notice."

It is not known yet how great an increase in fares will be asked by the company, but it is thought likely that they will want to charge a straight 5-cent fare.

FIRE THREATENS FARM BUILDINGS

CAMLACHIE. Aug. 27.—Fire broke out on Friday on the section east of Camlachie. Owing to its being such dry ground, the fire spread rapidly over Andrew Lowrie's and John Copes' farms, threatening the buildings for a time. Aid was called for, and about a hundred men gathered and fought the fire for hours. The rain in the evening was a great help in extinguishing the fire. It is thought to have been due to a spark from a passing locomotive.