OAK HALL CLOTHIERS

2.00 Boys' Two-Piece Suits--98c

A clear-up of odd lines in—Tweeds and Serges—light and dark shades—sizes 22 to 27—were 1.50 to 2.00—for... .98

8.00 Waterproofs--6.45

Full range of sizes—fashionable lengths—Currie's make—fawns and blacks—were 8.00—for..... 6.45

The "Irington"--the New Collar

Young gentlemen particularly are always on the lookout for the "newest thing" in collars—the "Irington" is the new spring shape—2¾ inches deep—double band—2oc each, ... 3 for 5oc

115 King E.——— | | ———116 Yonge

HAMILTON NEWS

Remember, THE MORNING WORLD is Delivered to Any Address in Hamilton for 25 Cents a Month. Phone 804.

Contractor on the Stand Denies Much Testimony

Receipts Supposed to Be Missing Are Produced in the Court Room.

TO-DAY IN HAMILTON.

County Teachers' convention, 10 a.m.

County Teachers' convention, 9.30 a.m.

Lodge of Instruction, A., F. and A. M., 8 p.m.

Ladies' hockey match, 8 p.m.

Hockey, Bankers v. Normals, 8 p.m.

"H." Company banquet, 8 p.m.

Y.M.C.A. (juniors) supper, 8 p.m.

Indoor baseball, Cataract Power v. St. Lawrence; Park Nine v. Orientals, 8 p.m.

Star Theatre, burlesque show, 8.15 p.m.

Hamilton, Ont., Feb. 27.—The Brennen coal contract investigation was resumed before Judge Snider in the Council Chamber this morning. Mrs. Conklin, mother of Brennen's ex-driver, who gave sensational testimony at the beginning of the investigation, was called. She said that some weeks ago Brennen called on her and said he was in trouble and that her son could do him harm. Brennen wanted to show her something, but she refused to discuss the matter further. Her son and Brennen had a conversation and she heard her son say he wouldn't "sign the paper." From the answer made to Brennen, she knew that the coal contractor had offered him something.

This ended the city's case, and the Brennen side of the story was begun.

Ald. Dunn, chairman of the Finance Committee, was the first witness called for the defence. He contradicted part of the testimony given by the Relief Officer concerning the certifying of Brennen's October account. He said he didn't state to the Relief Officer that "Ed. Brennen is a decent fellow," and to pass the account.

In Cross-Examination.

Cross-examined by Mr. Nesbitt, he said that he was annoyed when he read in the paper that the Relief Officer had testified as he did. He denied having a conversation with Brennen's counsel or any other lawyer, but finally admitted Mr. Brennen had spoken to him about McMenemy's evidence. He denied there was any bad blood between Mr. McMenemy and himself.

E. S. Brennen then took the stand in his own behalf. He swore that he had examined his books and the vouchers in the City Hall for coal delivered to the hall and to the Sewage Disposal Works. He then started in to account for the weigh scale tickets on which former witnesses had stated the coal hadn't been delivered to the works.

Regarding the conference between Dunn, McMenemy and himself, he said that when the Relief Officer complained to him about the quality of the wood, he said that he would not charge for the two-quarter cords in dispute. He denied offering the Relief Officer $5.

In regard to his former driver, Conklin, Brennen denied that he had tried to bribe him. He also denied offering to go half with Leckie of the disposal works. As for Harry Headland, caretaker of No. 3 police station, he did not offer Headland $5; it was Headland who asked him for the money as a loan. The "three finger" incident with Clerk Barr of the City Hall, he said, had nothing in it.

When the cross-examination of Brennen began, Judge Snider ordered that he produce his books for examination.

Contractor Examined.

Contractor Brennen was under the fire of the Acting City Solicitor for half an hour. He admitted that his books were not kept in the latest business college system, and that he could not account for certain discrepancies in the coal account. Brennen replied so abruptly to some questions that the judge threatened to commit him to jail for contempt.

C. J. Myles was called for the defence, but he did not prove anything.

The inquiry was adjourned till to-morrow afternoon at 4 o'clock.

An Oyster Supper.

Members of Bismarck Lodge, K. of P., were tendered an oyster supper to-night by W. F. Condon. About 60 members and friends were present.

The annual meeting of the Hamilton Poultry Association was held to-night. These officers were elected: J. K. Millard, president; George G. Henderson and John Modlin, vice-presidents; J. A. Peart, treasurer; George Tossey, secretary-treasurer. A vote of thanks was tendered to Stuart Bruce, who was the secretary last season, when the most successful show the club has yet held took place.

Somebody's Babe.

An infant was left on the doorstep of Mrs. John Gillard, corner of George and Caroline-streets, to-night. The police took the babe to the Infants' Home.

County Teachers.

The annual convention of the Wentworth Teachers' Association opened this morning in the MacNab-street Presbyterian school room. About 80 teachers were in attendance. C. E. Kelly, the president, occupied the chair. W. Moore of Dundas, president of the Ontario Educational Association, gave a report of the proceedings of that association at its last meeting. Miss Choate of Fruitland gave a carefully prepared paper on The Importance of Literature in Our Public Schools.

A letter was read from Hon. R. Harcourt, Minister of Education, saying that he would be unable to fill his engagement to-morrow, but would be pleased to send in his place Principal Scott or W. H. Elliot of the Toronto Normal School.

The following were nominated as officers: Mr. Stewart, Ancaster, president; Miss Wells, Ancaster, and Miss Paisley, Dundas, vice-president; James E. Stewart, Millgrove, secretary; Mr. Fletcher, Stony Creek, treasurer; Mr. Smith, P.S.I., librarian.

Licenses Transferred.

The License Commissioners to-day transferred the license of the White Lion Hotel, Merrick-street, to Henry Dore; and the license of the Volunteer Hotel, North James-street, to Archibald Peffers. Both transfers were granted on the understanding that needed improvements were madefi

Minor Mention.

Marguerites 5c at Noble's Saturday. 5

Mrs. Morris, wife of ex-Ald. Thomas Morris, died at Bartonville. Her infant child passed away at the same time. Mr. and Mrs. Morris were married about a year and a half ago.

A number of men will be tried at the Police Court to-morrow on the charge of gambling in the rear of 18 Wood-street.

The Good Roads Committee of the County Council met to-day to consider amendments to the Roads Expropriation Act.

Judge Harding of Lindsay, acting grand master, A. F. and A. M., will be present at the Lodge of Instruction to be held here to-morrow evening.

Arthur Woodworth and S. F. Ackenbauch, who were hurt at the Stuart-street station yesterday, are doing well at the hospital.

AN ARMY OF AFFLICTED WOMEN.

NERVOUSNESS IN VARYING FORMS IS ON THE INCREASE IN CANADA

Paine's Celery Compound

Restores the Nervous System to Full Vigor and Strength.

Paine's Celery Compound is the true physical strengthener and nerve nourisher for women suffering from physical exhaustion, tired nerves and brain, and sleeplessness. This great medicine quickly bestows energy and vigor, banishes headache, tired feelings, despondency, languidness, makes rich, pure blood, and imparts a health that copes with all the duties and work of life. Paine's Celery Compound does for weak women a work that no physician can accomplish; it brings true womanhood and happiness as nothing else can do. Mrs. E. Hurd of Summerville, Hants County, N.S., writes for the benefit of suffering women as follows:

"I cannot speak too highly of your wonderful curing medicine, Paine's Celery Compound, from which I have derived such direct benefit after suffering from nervous prostration, sleeplessness and general debility. I first used one bottle and was greatly improved; I afterward used two bottles more, and now am quite well. I wish to recommend Paine's Celery Compound to others, and trust it will be found in every home where sickness prevails."

ATTEMPT UNSUCCESSFUL.

Brampton, Feb. 27.—At the annual meeting of the Peel Liberal Association, held to-day, all the old officers were re-elected. At the public meeting held at the conclusion, short addresses were delivered by G. P. Graham, M.L.A., and Archibald Hislop, M.L.A. It is customary for Samuel Charters, the Liberal-Conservative candidate, to invite his opponent to Conservative meetings, and thinking that perhaps the Peel Reformers would not be adverse to his appearing on the platform at their annual meeting, he addressed a letter to the president, E. G. Graham, asking for permission to attend, but his attempt proved unsuccessful.

Piano-Player Exhibit Free.

Visitors and our own citizens will find it interesting to call at the beautiful warerooms of the old firm of Heintzman & Co., 115-117 West King-street, and witness an exhibition of the peerless Piano Player. It is amazing, when one thinks of it, that without knowing a note of music the most classical and difficult pieces can be played on this wonderful instrument.

Something More Than a Purgative.—To purge is the only effect of many pills now on the market. Parmelee's Vegetable Pills are more than a purgative. They strengthen the stomach, where other pills weaken it. They cleanse the blood by regulating the liver and kidneys, and they stimulate where other pill compounds depress. Nothing of an injurious nature, used for merely purgative powers, enters into their composition

YORK COUNTY AND SUBURBS

Executive Committee of Toronto Junction Council Discuss Their Bill Before the Legislature.

SUGGESTIONS TO BE LISTENED TO

Steps to Be Taken to Relieve Town From Care of Railroad Crossings.

Toronto Junction, Feb. 27.—The Executive Committee of the Town Council held a lengthy meeting to-night at which the private bill being asked for by the town came up for discussion. The bill has been greatly mutilated by the Private Bills Committee, all the clauses asked for by the Council being struck out except that referring to tax sales, which has been so amended as to make it, if passed in its present form, of little value to the town. The clauses dealing with the Union Stock Yards have passed the committee, and any changes suggested at to-night's meeting will be brought in as amendments when the bill comes before Committee of the House.

A suggestion was made to erect an overhead bridge across the cattle pens from Toronto-street to St. Clair-avenue in lieu of closing up Argyle-street. Councillor Baird thought the motion to have a footway over cattle pens was a ridiculous one. He did not favor closing up the street, but he would prefer closing up the street to building the proposed footway. Councillor Ryding thought that the area between Keele-street and Elizabeth-street was too great to close up without having a street thru it. As the idea of a footway over the pens has been incorporated in the bill since it came before the Private Bills Committee, and was not amended or struck out to-night, it will go with the bill before the House. The clause referring to the tax sales which makes valid all titles to land sold for taxes prior to Nov. 4, 1900, despite any irregularity in the sale, was discussed at length. This clause the Private Bills Committee has amended by saying that it shall not apply to pending litigation.

Mr. Dods, solicitor for the Stock Yards Company, stated that there was an opinion abroad that the company was farming out exemptions and getting money for it; but he assured the committee that the company had no desire to make money out of the privileges granted. The company was not only willing to give away all the privileges granted by the town, but would do more. He had offered to give 20 acres to one concern free of cost, exemption from taxes for 30 years and build them a brick building free of cost; but this company wanted more.

There was a disposition among the committee not to bring forward by-laws to exempt factories applying for exemption until manufacturers paid their proportion of the amount laid down, the private bill put thru two years ago.

The chairman and the committee seemed not to know whether the Anti-Rust Tinware Company was prepared to continue negotiations for the building of a factory or not. Last year the arrangements were complete, except the price to be placed on the land at the corner of Keele and Vine-streets. This land the Property Committee recommended selling to the Standard Fuel Co. at $10 per foot, but the committee to-night threw this clause out of the report.

Steps are to be taken to relieve the town from contributing to the maintenance of the railroad crossings on Davenport-road and St. Clair-avenue, and a motion to increase the street foreman's salary was referred to the Works Committee.

North Toronto.

Mayor Fisher was taking advantage of yesterday's fine weather by measuring up the lot on the north side of Roehampton-avenue, west of the Pugsley Hotel. Fisher & Ramsay have secured the contract for a large brick residence, which will be commenced almost immediately. Eglinton-avenue will also have another house in the near future.

One of the too numerous dogs of Sherwood-avenue attacked one of J. Holden's horses a day or two ago, and badly bit it. It is said that there are a great many more dogs than taxes are paid for, and the raising of the tax has been suggested. It is said, on the best authority, that one resident has about 20 dogs of doubtful breed.

The Works Committee met last night under Councillor Armstrong's chairmanship. The Commissioner's monthly report was passed on to the Council, and a number of accounts were also authorized. Only routine business was disposed of.

The employes of the Toronto Brewing and Malting Company had their annual sleigh ride on Wednesday evening. The Davisville Hotel was visited, where dinner was served, and a pleasant evening spent.

The Finance Committee will meet at the Town Hall this evening.

Rev. Richard Seaborn, formerly of St. Martin's Church, but now of Bowmanville, was in the town yesterday, visiting one of his former parishioners.

East Toronto.

The Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen held a supper in the Y.M.C.A. Hall last night. A large number were present, and an enjoyable evening was spent. Everything is ready for the biograph entertainment to-night, and it is going to be of a very interesting character.

Mr. Albert D. Jordan, who is well known in this district, has obtained a position as organist in the First Methodist Church, London.

The pavilion at Balmy Beach, which is used in summer for a church, will have to be removed. It occupies parts of two lots that have been sold to Mr. Trimble and Mr. Booth by Mr. James Hughes, and they expect to build on them this spring. It is likely a new site will be obtained, as the church would be missed very much by the summer residents.

PERRAULT CENSURED

Because His Resolution Favoring C.O.D. Contingent Became Known.

Montreal, Feb. 27.—At the meeting of the Chambre de Commerce, Mr. Perrault gave notice of a resolution opposing the proposal of the Toronto British Empire League, that Canada should meet the entire expense of the third contingent while in South Africa. The text of the resolution was given to the press, and this the president, Mr. Masson, and his colleagues considered a grave breach of etiquet. Nearly the whole of the meeting was taken up with discussing the matter, and Mr. Perrault had to submit to censure.

A Farewell Banquet.

Ottawa, Feb. 27.—A farewell banquet was given in the Senate Restaurant to-night to Mr. Hedly J. Gardner, manager of the Ottawa branch of the Royal Bank of Canada, who goes to the head office in Montreal. Hon. D. C. Fraser, M.P., occupied the chair, and others present were Hon. W. S. Fielding, Minister of Finance; F. B. Wade, M.P., James J. Hughes, M.P., A. A. Lefurgey, M.P., H. J. Logan, M.P., Col. Turner, U. S. Consul-General; George F. Thompson, Hector McRae, H. McGiverin, C. B. Burns, W. D. Ross, T. K. Foster and Arthur Briphy.

Give Holloway's Corn Cure a trial. It removed ten corns from one pair of feet without any pain. What it has done once it will do again.

MISSIONARIES FROM FAR DISTANT LANDS

Continued From Page 1.

teeming millions were brought into line with the Christian religion the problem of world evangelization would be to a large extent solved. He told of the horrible practice of child murder in vogue, and of the gruesome death cart, which daily collected the dead infants and took them to be cremated.

The system of ethics, he held, was responsible for China's ills. Confucianism was the grandest system of ethics ever propounded by man, but it gave no place to womanhood. There could be no development of woman. The Empress Dowager was shrewd, well educated and cultured, but cruel and tyrannical, sacrificing everything for her ambitions. Pekin, Dr. Ament said, was to-day the saddest city on earth. Not a family of the native Christians but had lost a member, and some had lost several.

China was the richest country of the globe. The coal and other mineral deposits were inexhaustible, the soil of the greatest fertility. The future would witness a tremendous development in this nation, and the possibilities were limitless. The Chinese nation afforded a grand field for mission labor, and the time was come for action.

Rev. Dr. Gamewell, who directed the defence of Pekin, told of the thrilling experiences of the little garrison, which, with a fighting force of but 450 men, held out for 56 days against the savage hordes of the Boxers. In graphic language he told of the long siege of the British legation, where 4000 European and native Christians were huddled together. The work of fortification, the husbanding of the stores of food, the repelling of attacks and the burying of the dead were described. The garrison, he said, worked as tho all depended on themselves, and trusted as tho all depended on God. The bravery of Dr. Ament, who led a sally, was briefly mentioned, and the endurance and heroism of the women and native Christians praised. The joy at the relief, coming as it did after 48 hours of the fiercest fighting, was portrayed in vivid language. The sound of the guns of the relief column he described as being the sweetest music he had ever heard. Of the garrison 67 were killed and 168 wounded.

The Morning Session.

An official document of more than ordinary interest to the students was presented at the morning session by the president, John R. Mott. It was the report of the Executive Committee of the movement, and was listened to with profound attention. The report first set forth the aim of the movement, that of cultivating a missionary spirit, and, pointed out that the field for which it considered itself responsible embraced all colleges, universities and other institutions of higher learning in the United States and Canada. There were fully 1000 such institutions, with an aggregate of over 200,000 students. From the college halls came the leaders in all the influential walks of life. No work, therefore, could be more important than that of making the student communities strongholds and propagating centres of missionary intelligence, enthusiasm and activity.

Phenomenal Growth.

The report went on to point out that the Volunteer Movement has been the principal factor in the recent remarkable development in the scientific study of missions in the colleges and theological seminaries. At the time of the Cleveland convention, four years ago, the number of classes had increased to 267, having in them 2361 students, and the work of these classes was being prosecuted on a unified and progressive plan. During the past year the number of classes has reached 325, with an enrolment of 4797 students. Thus the number of students in such classes has doubled within four years. It is an interesting fact that over half the members of these classes are not volunteers. This means much for the future leadership of the church at home. One thousand nine hundred and fifty-three volunteers have gone out in connection with about 50 different missionary societies, and are scattered thruout all parts of the non-Christian world. During the four years which have elapsed since the Cleveland convention, 60 per cent. more volunteers have gone to the mission field than during the four years preceding that gathering. The colleges and theological seminaries of the United States and Canada last year gave a little over $40,000 towards foreign missions. Several institutions are supporting wholly or in large part their own missionary.

Since 1894 their secretaries increased from three to eight; from less than 30 mission study classes, with about 200 members, to ten times as many classes, with a total membership of 5000.

The report concluded with a concise statement of the things necessary to continued success, pointing out that the solidarity of the movement as a world-wide student missionary uprising should be accentuated.

Program for the Future.

Mr. Mott outlined the program for the ensuing four years. First, the number of students engaged in the study of missions should be greatly increased. Five thousand was a small number compared with the 40,000 who were enrolled in students' Y.M.C.A. and Y.W.C.A. associations, or with the 6000 theological students on the continent. Then, far more students of ability and promise should be enrolled as volunteers. The present number was too small. Mr. Mott declared, and many boards were asking for more men than were at the time available. It had been found very difficult in the past few years to secure a sufficient number of well-qualified students.

The stay-at-home volunteers were the real stumbling blocks in the way of recruits. One thing which Mr. Mott suggested was co-operation by local secretaries, so as to relieve the traveling secretaries, who have been affected by the growing complexity of the work, of a good deal of such work as that entailed by the mission study, leaving them free for their primary and real work of recruiting.

Qualification for the Work.

Rev. Dr. George Scholl of Baltimore spoke next, emphasizing the necessity of a strong and healthy body to combat the climate and other drawbacks of foreign lands. It had been found necessary to submit applicants for foreign work to a rigid medical examination. God had provided means by which man might fight against sun, climate and attacks of enemies, and even missionaries should arm themselves for self-defence. So-called Christian Science, he said, taught its followers not to believe in sickness, but people should not be lacking in sanctified common sense.

Rev. H. E. Fox, honorary secretary of the Church Missionary Society of England, spoke eloquently on the spiritual qualifications necessary for missionary work.

The progress of the movement in England was dealt with in an interesting address by Thomas Jays, traveling secretary of the Students' Volunteer Movement in England.

Bishop Thoburn of India spoke next, his theme being the need of spirituality in the hearts of those engaged in mission work.

MANY SECTIONAL CONFERENCES

Foreign Mission Outlook Discussed in Nine Large Gatherings.

In the afternoon sectional conferences were held in nine churches in the city, at which the work in the various mission fields was discussed.

Latin-American Countries.

The subjects dealt with at St. James' Cathedral Schoolhouse were South America, Mexico, West Indies, Philippines and other Latin countries. W. D. Millar of the International Committee, New York, was in the chair. The first speaker, Rev. J. Rockwell Smitr, D.D., of the Presbyterian Seminary, Brazil, spoke of the great opportunities in South America, and of the great need of missionaries, there being only 400 to a population of 35,000,000. There are five States in Brazil, without a single Protestant missionary.

Rev. W. E. Vanderbilt, Mexico, said there were no longer any obstacles in the way in that republic, and the work was only limited by the number of laborers.

The West Indies, principally Cuba and Puerto Rico, was the field of Rev. John Fox, D.D., who thought the missionaries should take advantage of the changed civil status of these islands.

W. E. Hearne, Y.M.C.A. representative in the Philippines, made the same statement in regard to that new possession of the United States.

Rev. M. W. Clark, D.D., of Reeder Theological College, described the work in Papal Europe, speaking particularly of the recent provincial council from Rome to Protestantism in Austria and France, whole communities having gone over to the reformed faith.

The chairman, Mr. Millar, concluded by a brief address to the students present.

Conversion of the Jews.

"Mission to the Jews," was the subject dealt with at Knox Church. Rev. J. I. Peritz spoke of the "present condition of the Jews in the world, with their religious needs." He spoke of the Zionist movement and of the opportunity and responsibility that it laid upon the Christian church.

Rev. J. McP. Scott's paper on the Jews in North America pointed out that the down-trodden condition in which the Jews of Eastern Europe arrived in America, was due to centuries of oppression by Christian nations. The 1,000,000 Jews in America presented great possibilities, but it would require patience and effort to develop them.

Perhaps the most striking paper was that by Rev. Lewis Meyer, on the obligations of Christianity to the Jews. Mr. Meyer dealt with the continuous persecutions of the Jews for the last two thousand years, and held that suffering was God's means of purification to prepare the Jews to rule. When the Jews were prepared they would be the ones to proclaim Jesus to the world. As to their preparation, he pointed out that the Jews were distributed all over the world, inured to all climates, familiar with all languages, manners and customs. They could live everywhere and preach the Gospel to all nations. He mentioned the particular disposition of the Jews to preach the Gospel. The first preachers of the Gospel were Jews, and of the Christian Jews in the United States and Canada, one out of every 37 was a preacher. In the last century 204,000 Jews were converted to Christianity, or five times as many in comparison as the converts from heathen nations. There had been 5200 converts in America since 1810. The treatment of the Jews by Christians was one of the darkest pages in history, but if the church would now do her duty towards the Jews, the number of converts would be rapidly increased, and, as to the results, he held that there never would be any great extension of the kingdom until the veil was removed from Israel.

The Turkish Empire.

Rev. C. H. Daniels, secretary of the American Board of Foreign Missions, Boston, presided at the conference in the Northern Congregational Church, on the work in the Turkish Empire. S. B. Capen described the capture and release of Miss Stone. The government of the United States could do nothing in that matter, because there was no precedent, but President Roosevelt took a personal interest in the case. The outcome would be that American missionaries must be protected as English missionaries were now.

Dr. William Harvey of Cairo, Egypt; Rev. F. W. March of Syria; Miss Flora Fenshaw of the American College for Girls at Constantinople, and Miss Elsie Pohl of the Girls' School at Smyrna all described their work.

The Indian Empire.

In the Jarvis-street Baptist Church there was a good attendance, the subject of the address being the work in India. Rev. Mr. Wishard presided. John Forman spoke on India as a mission field; Rev. Dr. J. P. Jones, Madura, dwelt on the need of educating workers; Miss Adala Frost of Makoba spoke about the zenana work; Miss Lila Watt on work among the lepers, and Rev. J. W. Conklin on the heroic efforts made to spread the gospel in that field.

Burmah, Ceylon, Siam.

The outlook for missionary work in Burmah, Ceylon, Siam and Laos was dealt with at the Church of the Ascension, and the various missionaries expressed themselves confident of great results in the near future. Statistics show that of the 350,000,000 of people in the British empire 50,000,000 are Christians, 60,000,000 Mahometans and 240,000,000 heathen. Dr. Sanders of Yale presided. The speakers were: Dr. Haggart, Assam, India; Dr. Harris, Burmah; Dr. Hamilton, Siam; Miss A. F. Chapman, Burmah; Miss Stella Mason, Burmah. The work in the various provinces was explained by the use of maps.

China.

Of the different sectional conferences, that on China in St. James' Square Presbyterian Church was, perhaps, the most interesting. Mr. Beach, educational secretary, presided. About 40 missionaries, who had escaped the butchery of the Boxers, were present, and several of them were heard in brief speeches on their experiences. Dr. Baldwin of Foo Choo spoke interestingly on the prominent elements of strength in the Chinese character. He said they were stubborn, and, as a consequence, anything taken up by them was carried on with great determination. A conspicuous trait of the Chinaman was thrift. He never saw a lazy Chinaman. Mr. Beach dealt impressively with the wickedness of the Boxers towards the Christians.

Dr. Ament, who had such a narrow escape from being convicted on a concocted charge of looting, gave some instructive facts. He said 30,000 native Christians had been killed, 20,000 of whom were Roman Catholics, and 10,000 Protestants. Whatever else could be said about the Roman Catholics, they died well. The result of this terrible work by the Boxers was a big reaction in favor of Christianity among the natives, so that the signs at present were most hopeful.

Mr. Gamewell followed with the recital of some exciting incidents in the mission field. He stated that The New York Sun, thru their correspondent, published the death of Von Ketteler, on June 17, whereas his death did not take place until two days afterwards, showing that there was a plot to kill him, and that the correspondent had learned of it before the deed was done.

Miss Noyes read an interesting paper, and Dr. Howard Taylor spoke afterwards, stating that from present indications, in 1950 there would be as many Christian Chinese as there would regular church members in the rest of the world.

The Dark Continent.

Africa was the subject under discussion in the Bond-street Congregational Church yesterday afternoon, Rev. J. L. King residing. Miss Isabel A. Nassau, for 35 years a missionary in West Africa, under the American Presbyterian Board, spoke on "The Work and Promise of a Generation of African Service."

Rev. C. M. Ranson, from the South African field, talked about the extended field for missionary work that would be opened in South Africa at the conclusion of the war.

Short addresses were also delivered by D. T. Joys, London, England; W. H. Hunter, secretary of the Colored Department of the International Committee of the Y.M.C.A., and Rev. Willis R. Hotchkiss.

Work in Japan.

At Elm-street Methodist Church the missionary work in Japan and Corea was discussed. The church was filled. Rev. R. E. Speer, Chicago, presiding. The following were the speakers: Rev J. P. Moore, on "The Political and Religious Situation in Japan"; Rev Dr C F Reid, "Political and Religious Conditions in Corea"; Rev J O Spencer, "Results of Work in Japan"; Rev B C Howard, "Revival in Japan"; Rev Graham Lee, "Special Methods of Work of Presbyterian Missions in Corea"; Miss Anna B West, "Women's Work for Women in Japan"; Rev J H Wainwright, "Special Difficulties in Japan"; "Rev H G Underwood, "Need for Workers and Special Evangelization in Corea." The addresses of the various speakers indicated that the results of the work in both Japan and Corea are encouraging in every respect.

Bible Training Schools.

The conference on Missionary and Bible Training Schools, which met in the lecture room of the Toronto Bible Training School, was largely attended, nearly 70 institutions of learning being represented. Rev. Dr. Elmore Harris presided, and many reports were given of the nature and amount of Bible study now given in connection with the curriculum of literary colleges and universities. The course of study in Bible Training Schools also received careful consideration, many of the leaders of these institutions giving valuable hints and suggestions. The practical work of the students in city missions was also reported, and the necessity of some medical training was urged for those who are expecting to labor in the foreign field. Classes in sacred music were also recommended.

ADMITTED TO BAIL.

Defendant, Arthur E. Brunet, Was Again Arrested Yesterday.

Montreal, Feb. 27.—Arthur E. Brunet, the defendant in the St. James' election frauds case, was again arrested at 2 o'clock this afternoon by Deputy High Constable Lambert, on a charge of concealing witnesses and helping them with money to go to the United States. The warrant was issued at the instance of Mr. J. G. H. Bergeron. Mr. Brunet pleaded not gulty and was admitted to bail.

MERELY CENSURED.

Washington, Feb. 27.—The sub-committee of the Senate Committee on Privileges and Elections, which was appointed yesterday to formulate a proposition for the proper punishment of Senators Tillman and McLaurin (S.C.) for their offence to the Senate last Saturday, to-day practically concluded to recommend that the two senators be severely censured for their conduct, and to limit the punishment to censure.

Havana filled cigars, my own manufacture, sold at five cents, equal any ten-cent cigars. Buy direct and save middlemen's profit. Union made. Alive Bollard, 199 Yonge-street. ed

Machine Type-Setters.

Said to be Hard on Operators.

The work of a typesetter in a modern printing office is very exacting, particularly if he runs a linotype or typesetting machine. It requires the closest attention and rapid and sympathetic action of both brain and hand. This machine works much like a typewriter. Such workers fed on ordinary food give up because of nervous prostration, some in a short time, and some are able to stand it longer.

One of these workers says: "I have been at the linotype three years. It has made a great change in my once robust health. About three months ago, after long expecting it, I completely collapsed, from indigestion and extreme nervousness. The daily physic I had not dared to omit for years, now and then, refused relief and a physician was consulted.

"'Change of occupation and diet,' read the prescription, 'advise eating Grape-Nuts food twice daily.' I had often set up the advertisements of the Postum Cereal Co., but somehow printers are apt to think advertisements are not intended for them to make use of. I could not well change my occupation, but did change the diet.

"Since then have used Grape-Nuts, both at breakfast and supper, daily. The results are truly remarkable. The first perceptible change was in the matter of digestion. It has been six weeks since I have had to swallow an aperient of any kind. At the beginning of my experiment with Grape-Nuts I weighed 124 pounds; last evening I tipped the beam at 157 1-2.

"My nerves, which were completely shattered three months ago, are now strong and steady, and I do not tire easily, though I go to bed an hour later on an average than formerly, and have increased my capacity at the machine fully two columns of type a day. I am convinced that Grape-Nuts food is the food for persons of sedentary occupation, especially for those who work with brain in lieu of brawn." CHAS. H. ECKHARD, 177 N. Chambers St., Galesburg, Ill.

DESIRABLE BUILDING LOTS

—FOR SALE—

Walmer Road, Spadina Road, Madison Ave., Kendall Ave., Huron St., St. George St. and on best streets in east and west end of City, Toronto Junction and North Toronto.

Lists of properties and full information can be obtained on application to The Toronto General Trusts Corporation Liquidator of The Farmers' Loan & Savings Company), 59 Yonge Street, Toronto. 145

AMUSEMENTS.

GRAND — Special Engagement! BOSTON LYRIC OPERA CO. 50--PEOPLE--50. Tonight—Faust. Sat. Mat.—Bohemian Girl. Sat.—Carmen. PRICES UNCHANGED. Next Week—Devil's Auction.

TORONTO OPERA HOUSE — MATINEE TO-DAY. 10,15,25. THE SEASON'S SENSATION THE TIDE OF LIFE. PRODUCED WITH ALL SPECIAL SCENERY. Night Prices 10,20,30,50c. Next Week—Gambler's Daughter.

PRINCESS THEATRE — Matinee To-Morrow. The Favorite Romantic Actor JAMES K. HACKETT. In Victor Mapes' Dramatic Success, DON CAESAR'S RETURN. A new treatment of a famous character. New York production complete in every detail. NEXT WEEK—Mats. Wed. and Sat. Clyde Fitch's best Comedy. Wm. A. Brady's famous production LOVERS' LANE. 5 M'ths in New York, 4 Months in Chicago. SEATS on Sale TO-DAY.

SHEA'S THEATRE. Matinee Daily—all seats 25c. Evening Prices—25c and 50c. 8 PICCHIANIS, Leon Morris, Lew Sully, Monroe, Mack & Lawrence, Fields & Ward, Katherine Miley, Terry & Elmer. Special Extra Attraction—Matthews' Cycle Whirl.

STAR — Matinee Every Day. All This Week. CITY SPORTS BURLESQUERS. Sunday Night—Passion Play Pictures. Next Week—Watson's Oriental Burlesquers.

"It was laugh, laugh, laugh."—Boston Post. The Inimitable Entertainer—GEORGE GROSSMITH. In a unique humorous musical recital. Massey Hall | Mon. Mar. 3 | 8.15. Seats selling rapidly. Reserved at $1, 75c, 50c.

ASSOCIATION HALL. Saturday Evening, March 1st. A LECTURE by H. GAYLORD WILSHIRE of New York. "Shall Canada Be Sold to J. Pierpont Morgan?" Admission, 25c; ladies free. Note.—Wilshire's Magazine, formerly of New York, was suppressed by the U. S. Postoffice because it "addressed Idiots." It is now published in Toronto. For sale at all news stands. Mayor Howland will take the chair.

DANCING. Our Scale, or the Rhythmical Division of Time

for every known or unknown dance of society. The mind governs the body through the foot movements. We impart the secret of this scale to our pupils in one lesson, together with several dances, including the two-step. Spring term begins Tuesday, March 3rd. Ends May. Prof. J. F. Davis, 102 Wilton-avenue.

CHAS. FARRINGER, 444 Sherbourne St., Toronto. Tel. N. 572. —Teacher of— PIANO, HARMONY, Etc. By my method, brought to its present standard of excellence through large and varied experience, children with or without talent can be made superior readers and fine performers. ed

PROPERTIES FOR SALE.

FRUIT FARM—NIAGARA DISTRICT. fronting on the Niagara River; beautiful spot; healthful climate; good soil; full buildings; no encumbrance; $6750; satisfactory reasons for selling. Apply James Skelton, 55 Palmerston-avenue, Toronto. ed

NEW RESIDENCE FOR SALE—89 Walmer-road (annex); parties who contemplate purchasing a model home are requested by the owner of the above number to call and see this colonial-designed masterpiece, pronounced by many who have already viewed it, charm of design and harmonious decoration to be the best type of colonial architecture yet attempted in this city. Open daily.

ART.

J. W. L. FORSTER—PORTRAIT Painting. Rooms: 24 King-street west, Toronto.

SAILOR NEARLY LYNCHED.

Killed a Comrade on a Liverpool Steamer.

London, Feb. 27.—An American seaman, named Charles Brown, narrowly escaped lynching at South Shields, Durham, this afternoon, after killing a fellow sailor.

A general fight occurred on board the Liverpool steamer Beacon Light, Capt. Kelley, which was anchored in the Tyne, during which Brown shot a sailor named O'Donnell. Brown escaped in the melee and got ashore. Here he was captured by a constable, after a hard fight, on the dock, and it was with difficulty that he was protected from the mob.

Brown was carried to the police station, and, as the constable laid the American's revolver down on the table, a cartridge exploded and the bullet seriously wounded another sailor.

WOULD LIKE TO HELP.

Montreal, Feb. 27.—The Quebec branch of the Dominion Alliance passed a resolution to-day proffering support to the temperance people of Manitoba and Ontario in their fight.

SALAMON ACCUSED.

Dominion City, Man., Feb. 27.—In the Stuartburn murder case the coroner's jury returned a verdict that the deceased met death, by violence, at the hands of Usipp Salamon. The preliminary trial of Salamon is proceeding.

A beautifully illustrated lecture on "Rome, Ancient, Mediaeval and Modern," by the Rev. William Carey Ward, M.A., will be the great attraction at Trinity University Saturday afternoon at 3.30 o'clock.

TO LET

THE FINE PREMISES lately occupied by the Witzel-Groch Co., being GROUND FLOOR of 13 Wellington Street East. Also BASEMENT of said building. Immediate possession. JOHN FISKEN & CO., 56135 23 Scott Street.

HELP WANTED.

SMART BOY WANTED—APPLY J. Lang, World Office.

SPLENDID WAGES PAID MEN WHO learn barber trade with us. Can earn scholarship, board, tools and transportation if desired; two months required; 100 wanted to prepare for spring rush. Particulars mailed. Moler Barber College, Buffalo, N.Y.

PATTERN FITTERS AND STOVE mounters—Keep away from Toronto; strike on.

HELP WANTED—MALE.

HALL'S BARBER SCHOOL, 246 Yonge-street, Toronto. Branches: New York, Boston, Chicago, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Pittsburg, Buffalo and Montreal. Elegantly furnished; everything first-class. Tuition rates very reasonable. We offer opportunity to earn scholarship, room, board, tools and railroad ticket. Also earn money at your home by working for us. By our "Special Co-operation Plan," full course is given absolutely free. Call or write for catalogue. Shave, 1c. 2c. 4c. 5c, 10c. Hair-cut, 2c, 3c, 6c, 10c, 15c; five different departments. Try us. ALDIS OWEN HALL, Principal.

ARTICLES FOR SALE.

COMMON SENSE KILLS RATS, MICE, Roaches, Bed Bugs; no smell. 381 Queen-street West, Toronto. ed

CARDS, STATEMENTS, LETTERheads, envelopes, dodgers, billheads, etc.; close prices. Barnard's Printery, 77 Queen east.

WANTED.

LAUNDRY WANTED BY MRS. GOOD, 349 College-street; large families; 8 years' reference from several Toronto ladies; large dry ground; prompt delivery.

EDUCATIONAL.

GERMAN AND FRENCH WITHOUT study; speaking, reading, writing; trial lessons free; references. Frou Whitelaw, 96 McCaul-street.

LAWN MANURE.

OLD MANURE, SPECIALLY ADAPTed for lawn purposes. J. Nelson, 97 Jarvis. Phone Main 2510.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

YOUNG WOMAN, EXPERIENCED IN nursing, wishes a position with invalid; references. Apply P., 80 Wellington-avenue.