
Key results

Canada focuses its efforts on providing basic and vocational education for marginalized groups, including Indigenous peoples and girls.

Since 2010, Canada has improved access to, and quality of basic education for, over 500,000 primary-level Indigenous students. It has achieved this through improved teacher training and educational materials, consistent with the Peruvian intercultural bilingual education policy that Canada and UNICEF helped to create. Since 2012, 389,361 students—especially women and marginalized youth—have received quality vocational training. This increases their opportunities for employment.

Canada supports human rights standards in its development programming in Peru. Working through Peru's Office of the Ombudsman for Human Rights, Canada supported the delivery of fair and inclusive services to marginalized Peruvians. It also informed 21,611 people about their constitutional rights. This included the poor, Indigenous people, children, women and members of the LGBTI community.



Canada supports economic diversification for small agricultural producers, cooperatives, and micro and small enterprises. Since 2013, improved agricultural practices have led to a 30% increase in the annual net income of 4,000 family farms. Since 2015, more small agricultural producers have participated in the formal economy. One means of achieving this was through training for 355 small farmers (204 female) to improve their agricultural methods and increase their access to credit via 474 microcredit loans. In addition, the abilities of more than 900 women engaged in agricultural activities and entrepreneurship were strengthened.