Keeping lodgings clean.

12. Every proprietor who occupies a house, every tenant and every occupant of a house, is bound to maintain the same, and the appurtenances thereof in a suitable state of cleanliness, to the satisfaction of the local board of health.

13. No person shall oppose any visit made at reasonable times, during the day, by the health officers, under the regulations of the central board of health.

Obligation to report small-pox cases.

14. The head of a family in which a case of small-pox has broken out shall be bound to give notice thereof to the local board of health as soon as it may come to his or her knowledge.

15. Every physician must give notice to the local board of health of any case of smallpox to which he has been called professionally.

Placards.

16. The placards which must be posted as aforesaid, shall be printed in letters not less than four inches in length, the placard itself being at least two feet long and one foot six inches wide.

17. Every head of a family occupying the house shall be responsible for the placard inasmuch as he must replace the same every time it is destroyed or defaced.

18. Every placard must remain posted until after the disinfection of the house to the satisfaction of the local board of health.

Isolation—Schools.

19. Every person having the care of a small-pox patient, must keep him isolated according to the instructions received from the health officer.

20. No person suffering from small-pox shall expose himself in any street, church. school, chapel, theatre or other public place. or in any omnibus or any other public conveyance, and any person in charge of any one so suffering from small-pox who exposes the sufferer in any place above mentioned. shall be liable to the penalties imposed by law upon any person contravening to the present regulations.

small-pox exists shall take part in any public or private gathering, nor shall exercise any profession or trade which shall place him in contact with others.

22. Parents and guardians must prevent their children or pupils from attending schools or other gathering places when smallpox exists in the house where such pupils reside, until after fifteen days following the disinfection of the house.

23. The directors and professors of educational establishments shall exact from time to time from the parents or guardians of their pupils, a certificate countersigned by a physician that no small-pox exists in the house where such pupils reside, and such certificate shall be kept for the inspection of the health officer.

24. The directors and professors of any educational establishment shall refuse admission into it of any pupil residing in a house where small-pox exists until after fifteen days following the disinfection of the same.

25. The directors and professors of any educational establishment shall refuse admission into it during a period of fifteen days of any pupil who shall have visited a house in which small-pox exists, or shall have attended the funeral of a person who has died from small-pox.

Conveyance of small-pox patients.

26. The conveyance of any person suffering from small-pox shall be made exclusively in vehicles specially for that purpose and approved of by the local board of health.

27. No small-pox patient shall be conveyed from one municipality into another. without the permission of the local board of health of the municipality to which the patient is being conveyed.

28. The central board of health may give such permission.

Interments of persons who have died of small-pox.

29. The bodies of those who have died from small-pox shall be buried under ground in the cemetery of the municipality within which they have died.

30. The bodies of all persons who have died from small-pox shall be buried under 21. No person residing in a house wherein ground within twelve hours of their death.