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TORONTO, MARCH 30, 1895.

[Na 13.

TRAMPS: BLACK AND WHITE.

I THINK our readers will admit that the white tramps in our lower cut are much the more disreputable of the two kinds. Their degradation has been self-induced by indulgence in drink, and for them there is little kope.

The children in the upper picture are reduced to their condition of "looped and windowed raggedness" by no fault of their own. When God brought a million of altres out of the bondage of Egypt, he fed them with bread from heaven for forty bread from heaven for forty years, and miraculously pro-vided that their raiment waxed not old. But when by his providence he brought out of bondage four millions of slaves in America, he left to the Christian charity and sense of justice of the nation whose wards they were, the care of this wast host, now increased to about eight millions. And nobly has the nation responded to this call of duty, and millions of money have been expended inschools for the blacks, and

macnous for the Diaces, and millions more have they saved out of their earnings. So for these merry, contented-looking children there are the possibilities of a bright and prosperous future.

Due who theil hand hald their test and the same and the same and the same and their test and their

But who shall bring back their lost man-hood to the degraded victims of intemperance? What has the nation done for them? It has fostered and licensed the drink curse which has robbed them of all that makes life worth living, which has made them more degraded than the beasts

which perish.

What is the duty of the hour? Is it not

for every voter of common humanity, not to say of Christian principle, to seek to denounce, prohibit and destroy the guilty traffic in the bodies and the souls of men that takes our bright and beautiful boys and girle -for these degraded wretches were once innocent children—and transforms them into the becreatures sotted which they now are: which fills with such wrecks of humanity our poor-houses, our hospitals, our gaols, our asylums, and the six thousand drunkards' graves which are dug in Canada every year.

Ir was Richter who said: "I love God and little children." Ithink that those of ms who can sincerely my those words of solves need fear



PLORIDA NATIVES.

A TRAMPS THINKING.

A TRAMP had been doing some thinking. "Thinkin' don't seem to agree with yer," said one who saw him.

and one who saw him.

"Naw it don't-it's like this, d'ye see?
I'm a tramp. Now, my old schoolmate,
Bill, is just what I am not!"

"How's that?"

"Well, Bill is the president of a bank; he's got as pretty and handsome a home as yer'd like to see; there's music in that home; there's flowers there, and there's a pretty

wife and some bloomin', happy, curly-headed wife and some bloomin, nappy, curry-nessure, children; there's a carriage and sevrants, and people call I im 'Mister. He's twice been elected mayor, and everything is com-ing his way all the time, and then look at may different, airth til? "How did he atrike it rich like that?"

"I can't think of any other name for it ow but good sense. We were boys tonow but good sense. We were boys to-gether, and while I was foolin around havin's good time, Bill, he sorter seemed to look ahead. He didn't drink or snoke; I did. He didn't care for style, and it cost

me to put it on that same money that he saved. He was fond of reading, and I'd rather play cards and have fun with the rest of the boys. When I was loafin' on the street corners and in beer saloons, Bill was putting in his time at school. I blew in my money on cards. Bill saved his, and I remember now how I used to guy Bill and call him goody goody, and tell him how he was a feolin of his life away without having any fun-but say! I was colouring my nose; I I was colouring my nose; I was getting to play a good game of cards; I was cultivating a fine stock of bad habits—among them was a love for budge; make short, pard. I was giving myself a fine education for this here business, ain't I succeeded at it protty well!"

"I should say!"

"Well!" now look at Bill. Who's having the good time now? He doesn'thave does set on him; he ain't

dogs act on him; he ain't pulled in every once in a while for being a tramp; he don't go hungry and have to
saw a big pile of wood to get
a musl; and mor'n all he
hasn't got the awful, awful
thirst I've got, and doesn't live in hell, as I

thirs I've got, and doesn't live in hell, as I do, because he can't get liquor. He's got manhood; wot have I got? He's got character; wot have I got? He's got friends; who's mine? Not one sance I broke my dear old mother's heart, which laid her in her grave. Am't that a record! "Why shouldn't I do some thinkin?"

THE AMERICAN TRAMP

Sonroug has computed the following interesting facts in regard to the American

tramp. The tramp has come to be a trouble-some character, and multiplies himself more frequently than is agreeable to a neighbourhood. Professor McCook, of Hartford, has been making an investigation of the American tramp, and finds that there are 45,845 of them in our country. They becountry. They belong to all nationalities, but more than half of them boset of American parentage. This is not creditable to our home training, and indicates a degeneracy in American blood, which has been characterized by industry, stability, and energy. It is stated that nearly all of them have trades, but will not follow them or earn a living. Strange to say, the most of them can read and write, and are wellinformed upon current news. What has pro-duced this vagation-dage, or set this army

