"Well!" continued Mr. David, "you have two sonsoue of them a physician, and the other a Master of Arts. Why you must be proud of them !"
"Oh, yes! oh, yes!" returned the ground officer.
"And your excellent wife, Margaret, she will be very proma also!"
"Oh, yes, she is, poor body; but, if 1 had known," he remarked, in rising to leave, that my family would have attained such eminence, and become so distinguished, I would have married a lady, and had another mother for them."

## Great on the Piano.

"I think," said a well-known orchestral leader to a San Francisco friend, "that the best joke ever playediu this town was on an ambitious amateur pianist when (iuttschalk was here. The amateur's father was the owner of a large hall, and he offered the use of it to Gottschalk for his benefit. There was to be a piece for eight pianos, and the amateur was to play oue of the instruments. I was leader. I thought Gottschall: would have a fit when I tuld him that the amateur ( nuldn't play three straight notes of the piece. 'He is sure to throw us all out; said 1 , and win the performance. Gottschalk swore like a majo, but it was no good. The bills were out, and he couldn't go back on his programme, even if the gift of the hall for the uight was no consideration to him. It last I hit on an idea that tixul the whole busiuens. The amateur came down to rehearsal, and we praised him until he thought he was to be the star of the night. As soon as he left, we took the hammers out of his piano and made it as dumb as an oyster. I guessed he would never know the difference with several pianos going at once. And, just as 1 thought, that amateur and his friends never discovered the trick. No ; he just sailed in and pounded on that piano as if it was the worst enemy he had ever had. IIe was bound to show off among so many good pianists, and hammered on his key-board until the prespiration nearly blinded him. Now and then I looked at himapprovingly tu give him fresh courage, and every time I did so he gave the piano a lick that nearly made matchwood of it. His friends all around threw bouquets at him till he looked like a wedding arch; and when it was all over his fond parent fell on his neck in the green-rom and slipped a check fur two bundred and fifty dollars into his hand. The old man didn't know whether he was standing on his head or his heels, he was so tickled. - Didn't he do fine,' said he to me-tamong so many firstclass professionals too?" "I never heard an amateur do so well in public,' said $I$; and, what's more, I meant it."

## Anecdote of Lord Clyde.

Un returning to camp it was quite dark. Not a tent was pitched; the baggage was coming up in darkness and in storms of angry voices. As the night was cold, the men made blazing fires of the straw and grass of the houses of the neighboring hamlet, in which Nama sahib's followers had long been quartered. At one of these fires, surrounded by Belochees: Lord Clyde sat, with his arm in a sling, on a cherpoy which had been brought up to feed the flames. And as he rose up to give some orders for the disposition of his troops, a tired Belochee flung himself full length on the crazy bedstead, and was ierked off in a moment by one of his comrades, "Don't you sec, you fool, that you are on the Lord Sahib's cherpoy?" Lord Clyde interposed, "Let him lie there; don't iuterfere with his rest," and took his seat on a billet of wood. The Life of Colin Camplell (Lord Clyde) by Eieutenant-Gencral Shadicrll. C. J.

The Gamdrnea's Lessos.-Two gardeners had their carly crope of peas kill 1 by the frost. One of them was very impatient about the loss, and fretted about it very much. The other went patiently to work to plant a new crop. After a while, the impatient man went to his neighbor. To his surprise, he found another crop of peas growing finely. He wondered how this could be. "These are what I sowed while you were fretting;'" said his neighior. "But don't you ever fret?" he asked. "Yes I do; but I put it off till I have repaired the mischief that has been done" "Why, then you pave no need to fret at all!" "True," said his friend: "and that's the reason I put it off."
"Faix, Patrick, don't ye cross the ford, Ye set me in a shiver."
Said Bridget to her liege and lord, Who eyed the rolling river.
"Ah Biddy dear, ye must cross first, And don't get in a fidget;
And then if worst must, cone to worst, I think that I will bridge it."
'lexas has a local option law; under it the county of Rockwell has been for three years trying the experiment of running a county without whisky. The Greenville Independent gives the following results: "The experiment is a successfill demonstration of the evils of dram drinking. Urime has so notably diminished that first-class people are coming here to find homes. A recent session of the court had no criminal docket. A new jail built two years ago has never had an inmate save one, and he came there through whisky clandestinely got. So clear is the gain socially. morally, commercially, universally, that even old topers are now temperance advocates. Men who would get drunk the very first day a saloon was opened, now say, 'For God's sake beep, them clused forever. "-The Signal.

## The Holy Well at Mecca.

When Mohammed captured Mecea, which had been regarded for aye br his countrymen a: a place of peculiar sanctity, he interfered with the worship of the Blark Stone (probably a meteorite) which the angels had brought from heavelu, and of Zemzem or Holy Well of Hagar, only so far a= to suppress the ancient po:ytheistic rite:. This well is close beside the Cuaba or Square IIouse; the chief Sanctuary of the Mohimmedan world.

The princes of Iskm main!ain at Mecca keepers of the Holy Well, who annually supply them with wa er to be used on great occasions and in great emergencies, as when stricken with disease. Every pilgrim to Mecca-and thous inds come thither from all countries-visits the well and is purified by drinking the water or pouring it over his parson, or both. The water is described as unpleasent in taste and cathartic in effect-qualities which are not to $b$ : accounted for without recourse to miracle.

With (occidental irreverence the British C snsul-General at Jeddah has sent a bottle of the water to the Royal College of Chemistry at South Kensington to be analyzed. Dr. E. Frankland, in his report of the analvsis, says that the water is of the most abominable character. "In fact, it is sewage more than seven times as concentrated as London Sewage, and it contains no less than 579 graius of solid matters per gallon Knowing the composition of this water, and the mode of propagation of Asiatic cholera by excrementitious matters, it is nc to ke wondered at that outbreaks of this disease should often occur among pilgrims to Mecca, while it would scarcely be possible to provide a more effective means for distribution of cholera poison throughout Mohammedan countries."

It sould be interesting to know the composition of the waters of other holy wells of which Isam has by no means the monoply.

Pohitics ann Matmmonx.-The death of Mrs. Millard Fillmore serves to recall a singular incident connected with her two husbands. In 1847, while she was the wife of Ezchiel Mclntosh, of Albany, Mr. Fillmore was candidate for the position of State Comptroller of New York. Some persons who desired to defeat his election raised about twenty thousand dollars for the purpose, and placed it in the hands of McIntosh, instructing him to place it in a bank in his own name and not to make the matter public. He did as desired, but before the fund could be drawn ont to use for election purposes the treasurer fell sick and died. Mr. Fillmore was elected Comptroller, aud many years afterwards married Mrs. MrIntosh, and received, as a part of her dowry, the money that had been raised to defent his election. The ex-President used to enjoy telling the story, and often remarked that "the money was placed where it would do the most good" to him.-Loocell Courier.

