The World is the most extensively circulated and widely read newspaper published in Canada. It knows no party or personal allegiance in treating public measures.

The World aims to have the largest circulation by deserving it, and claims that it is unsurpassed in all the essentials of a metropolitan news paper.

The World is offered at a price which places it within the reach of all: $3 per annum, $1 for four months, 25 cts. for one month.

What Shall Canadians Do?

We as Canadians are in the presence of hostile legislation known as the McKinley bill, directed against us by our neighbors to the south of us. What are we going to do about it?

First we say that the injury likely to accrue to Canada from this legislation has been exaggerated by scheming politicans. We have men in our midst whose sole stock in trade as politicians is the bogles and ghosts that they can manufacture out of McKinley's kill and Claws. They go about like village boys on Hallowe'en with ill-visaged faces cut from pumpkins and illumised into a sad grin by a tallow candle within. Sir Richard Cartwright is roaming about o' nights these times with such a terrifier in his hand. His one shout is, "Beware McKinley's Bill!" Now, as a matter of fact, this dreadful bill is in force and nobody seems much the worse of it. The world is still going on, the Canadian hen is still doing her duty bravely, the farmer is finishing his fall plowing, fattening his bullocks, and his boys and girls are holding husking and paring bees just as they did before McKinley sprang into existence. He hasn't been hit yet.

Next we say, even if we are hit more or less severely by such hostile legislation, don't whine over it. Don't believe for one moment that Canada's prosperity is dependent on any country outside of itself. A nation, like individuals and tubs, must stand on its own bottom. No nation ever amounted to anything worthy in the history of the past that was not self-reliant. *Trust to ourselves* is the cry—don't be dependent on the whim or fad or covetous motive of a neighbor. We've got to make our own destiny, and the best way to do it is to trust ourselves. Why of all nations trust one that has figured in Fenian raids, encouraged rebellion in Canada, abolished a former reciprocity treaty, that has set up against Canada interpretations of international law in the Behring Sea and Atlantic fisheries controversy that are denounced as unsound and immoral by all other nations with a diplomatic history? Remember the tax on the lobster tin cans!

Third, let us look for other markets besides the United States. How can a nation producing a surplus of products like ours be our natural market? Our natural trading market is in countries that produce an insufficiency of products like to ours, and best of all countries that produce an entirely different range of products. Great Britain, the West Indies, Central and South America, Australia, China, Japan are the markets we can cultivate with most profit. These are the markets our neighbors also have their eyes upon. The United States are not the only buyers in the world. There were great emporiums located on the face of the earth before George Washington got his tongue frozen to his father's axe when he went to chop the cherry tree. The emporium of the world to-day is in London not New York. There are then other markets where every surplus bushel or pound of meat we have to sell may be sold at a good price. The trouble is to havethe things to sell, rather than a place to sell them in.

Poor old Cartwright is shouting and Farrer is crying:

"BEWARE THE AWFUL GUT!"

In the fourth place we can do a lot at home. Our farmers, the great bulk of them, can afford to take a lesson in thrift. More thrift is what they want. There are no thrifty farmers being closed out, or who find a glut of products on their hands. Grow better crops, two-rowed barley, raise hens that will lay big eggs, breed $250 horses instead of $125 ones, go in for cheese and bullocks for the English market; cultivate the home market for all it is worth; insist on the Mowat Government adopting a mining policy for Ontario as the one thing that will do more to make us great, wealthy and self reliant than any other thing.

Don't, then, listen to the exaggerators, be self-reliant, don't whine, go in for new markets, don't cry before you're hurt, trust yourselves and trust the country wherein God has cast your happy lot!

Is It Another Wave?

Such is the question asked by a contemporary in view of the efforts of certain temperance advocates to secure what is known as local option. The former wave referred to is of course that on which the Scott Act was borne into force in the counties of Ontario. It is now nearly three years since that Act died an ignominious and unregretted death. It might be thought that the words of the great dramatist, or the truth in them, had fixed itself in the minds of those who are anxious to improve the condition of things, that it is "better to endure the ills we have than fly to others that we know not of." The Scott Act became the occasion of an alarming development of illicit drinking. Hotels cheerfully paid fines. Orders were issued that a third offence must not be pressed to conviction. Dives became innumerable. The thing grew so intolerable that on the first opportunity many who were foremost in voting for the act voted against it. It was an egregious failure. Sensible men knew well enough beforehand what would become of it.

The effectiveness of total prohibition anyone can understand. Whether the country is ripe for it is another question, or rather it is pretty certain it is not. Under the present liquor act any municipality can take advantage of local option. And to all appearance this is the wave now rising over the country as the result of temperance agitation. Is it going to purify the land? We cannot see it. It is inherently weak in that contiguous communities may act, and do as a matter of fact act, differently, so that men intent on finding liquor have only to go a little farther for it. The desire, however, of many earnest temperance advocates seems to be to take hold of anything that promises relief. At the same time, hardly anything seems more certain than that if we are not to depend upon intellectual and moral education to expel the vice of drunkenness the only other method to ensure success is the total prohibition of the liquor traffic. To attack branches of this upas tree is to provide for its striking roots deeper and farther into the soil. If cutting be the remedy the cutting done must not be of the pruning variety. The tree must be cut down root and branch.

NOTES FROM OSGOODE HALL.

A Local Improvement Judgment—Released from Woodstock Jail—Another Central Bank Dividend.

An important judgment was given by Chancellor Boyd on Saturday in re Graydon and Hammill, a vendor and purchaser application, to determine who should extinguish local improvement rates on city property changing hands. The contract in this case was made May 21 last for the exchange of certain lots in Ossington and Jarvis-avenues in this city for other property. The sale was to be completed before June 5 and the title is to be "good" and "free from all incumbrances." A dispute arose as to whether encumbrances included local rates, and a motion was made to decide the question. In his judgment His Lordship in effect says that local rates are not encumbrances within the meaning of the act and are different from "taxes," which means rates levied from year to year and which cannot be anticipated or defrayed. Local rates are levied for improvement of property whereby the property is immediately benefited. Payment of the money expended is extended over a number of years merely for the convenience of the ratepayers and provision is made whereby it may all be paid at once, but cannot be apportioned for a fraction of a year. If the work is done before the property is sold the advantage is taken into consideration in fixing the price. The language of the contract in this case does not limit the usual right of the purchaser to get the land free from encumbrance. The cedar block pavement here was completed before the sale and the expenditure actually made, and the local rates therefor are encumbrances, which the vendor must remove.

Chief Justice Galt on Saturday made an order admitting to bail Charles Whitmore, the Detroit photographer, at present confined in the Woodstock jail on the charge of attempted murder of Mrs. Wilcox, from whom he tried to get possession of his wife's child. Evidence was put forward to show that Mrs. Wilcox was now so far recovered as to be out of danger, and His Lordship made an order admitting the prisoner to bail, himself in $1000 and two sureties in $500 each, but Whitmore is not to leave the jurisdiction without permission.

The Brost extradition case came up again Saturday, but was enlarged till next Wednesday.

In Thompson v. Poulton a motion was made to commit the defendants for unsatisfactory answers on their examination as judgment debtors, but was enlarged till Wednesday.

A motion was made before the master-in-chambers on behalf of the defendants in the action of McLaughlin & Moore of this city against the Lincoln Paper Mills for leave to amend the statement of defence. The action is for $10,000 damages for infringement of a trade mark. The plaintiffs bought paper flour bags from the defendants, on which a certain design together with the name and grade of the flour and the plaintiffs' names were printed. This design was supplied to the defendants by McLaughlin & Moore and they allege that the defendants since that time have used this design in printing bags for other millers. The defendants were allowed to amend as asked, but ordered to pay the costs.

A motion was also made in the case of Alief against the township of Yarmouth in the county of Elgin, for inspection of a wagon, and leave to experiment with it, and for the medical examination of the plaintiffs. The action is brought to recover damages for injuries sustained by the plaintiffs by reason of being thrown from a democrat wagon, they allege on account of the condition of the roads. The defendants claim that the accident happened by reason of defects in the wagon. The place where the accident happened is at a turn in the road, and the defendants say the front wheels of the wagon do not go under the wagon in turning, as they should do, and ask for leave to try the wagon at the place where the accident happened. The master made an order for inspection, but judgment in the motion for medical examination is reserved.

In the case of the Ontario Natural Gas Company v. Goffield an order was made allowing the appeal bond and staying execution. This is on the appeal from the order of Mr. Justice Street refusing to set aside the bylaw of the defendant township.

The master-in-ordinary, on the application of the liquidators of the Central Bank, made an order for the payment of a fourth dividend of 6 2-3 cents on the dollar to the depositors, payable on and after Nov. 15. This brings the dividend to the creditors up to 93⅓ cents on the dollar.

A Proud American on Our Hoodlum Students.

Editor World: I am an American, and I never before was so proud of the fact as I have been since last evening. At all events, I am thankful I am not a Canadian, if the youth of the Toronto schools are, as they must be, average specimens of that race. Being in your city on business I attended the Grand Opera House last evening and saw and heard what never, I am sure, disgraced any American theatre. The place was practically in the hands of a mob of students, who conducted themselves throughout the evening as if they were a pack of hoodlums and blackguards, as indeed they evidently are. The ragged boys who are called hoodlums and gutter-snipes in our American cities are gentlemen compared to these well-dressed ruffians. Indeed, I dare say the street Arabs of your own city could give the latter a lesson in manliness and decency. A large portion of these student toughs are no doubt clod-hoppers from the country, who think they can do in your city what they do in their native backwoods villages—and are allowed to do so—but the majority are, I suppose, Toronto youths—sons of the better classes—fair specimens of "young Canada." What a sweet training they must get in their homes and at your schools! I am thankful, I repeat, that I am not a Canadian or my face would have reddened with shame last evening.

One word more. The liberty allowed these young Yahoos by the management of the Grand Opera House was an outrage upon the respectable people who went to see the play. The decent portion of the audience was, in fact, swindled by being prevented from enjoying the excellent performance which they had paid to see. But you will not see or hear anything of the kind outside of Toronto, or perhaps some other Canadian city. You certainly give well-dressed ruffianism all the license it desires. Is there a police force in Toronto?

A PROUD AMERICAN.

Nov. 1.

Take D'Alton McCarthy's Opinion.

Editor World: Would you be kind enough to answer these questions:

1. If Colonel O'Brien's motion on the Jesuit question had carried would the Government have had to resign?

2. If the Government had resigned would the Governor-General at once form a new ministry or would he have dissolved the House, or would it be proper for the defeated Government to go to the country without resigning, or in fact what course would be taken? B.

If you feel languid and bilious try Northrop & Lyman's Vegetable Discovery and you will find it one of the best preparations for such complaints. Mr. S. B. Maginn, Ethel, used Northrop & Lyman's Vegetable Discovery and cured a severe bilious sick headache which troubled him for a long time.

Before the Bench.

At the Police Court on Saturday John Ross and John Smith were each fined $1 and costs or ten days for fighting in York-street. Howard F. Brown, an American student at the Veterinary College, was fined $2 without costs for disorderly conduct in the Hallowe'en students' procession. Thornton White was fined $20 and costs or five days for carrying a revolver.

Pleasant as syrup; nothing equals it as a worm medicine; the name is Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator. The greatest worm destroyer of the age.

AMONG THE CHURCHES.

The Pulpits' Many Voices Heard by Small Congregations Yesterday.

Dean Carmichael of Montreal preached an eloquent and impressive sermon, the first of a series to young men, last evening in St. James' Cathedral. Taking as his text II. Samuel, xviii., 17: "And they took Absalom and cast him into a pit in the wood and laid a very great heap of stones upon him," he told the story of the glorious early life and the rebellion of Absalom against his father David, and said one of the saddest tales of human history is that which tells how the cry was wrung from David: "Would to God I had died for thee, O Absalom, my son, my son!" No one can read the life of Absalom without thinking: "I, too, have a glorious life; what am I going to do with it?" The moral for young men is to avoid the wretched selfishness which ruined Absalom. What was needed was a purpose for good, the surest protection for youth. Nothing fits one for the highest purpose so much as faithfully trusting in Christ. In conclusion, the preacher warned young men against any course which might bring misery and wretchedness upon their parents in their old age and literally rend their hearts, and he prayed that God might give all a purpose for good.

THREE GREATEST PREACHERS.

Spurgeon, Talmage, Wild—The Doctor Blushes—The World Filling Up.

Dr. Wild in Bond-street Congregational Church discoursed last evening on Prof. Ravenstein's idea of the world being full in 182 years.

He introduced to the congregation the Rev. Mr. Walton of Brooklyn, who made a few remarks. He spoke of Dr. Wild's work at Brooklyn as lasting. The people there, he said, thought the three greatest preachers in the world were Spurgeon, Talmage and Wild. He would be glad to tell the people over the line of the stalwart Protestantism of Toronto. If there was any place he would like to live and die in it was in the city of Toronto. It was a perfect paradise on the Sabbath.

Dr. Wild said that geology taught that several worlds had preceded this. Milton was probably right in his conception that Satan was at the head of the world that immediately preceded this. The Scriptural language concerning replenishing the earth was adduced as proof that it had been filled before, to replenish meaning to fill again. The head of the present world was Adam. The head of the next new world would be Christ.

Astronomy taught that some stars are decaying, others increasing, and that others have been consumed. It was likely that our earth was under some such law, having a cycle that would some day be concluded. Science taught that material was gathering for the great bonfire, and he, the Doctor, would like it to be on some 5th of November.

Scripture taught that births would decline in number, and at length finally cease, while the life of the individual man would become greatly extended.

Here the doctor branched off to notice enthusiastically that the line of demarcation between the religious and secular was being broken down. Science had entered the pulpit. Theological questions were being dealt with by scientists. At the last meeting of the British Association Prof. Ravenstein read a paper in which he sought to show that the world would be full in 182 years. His method of calculation proceeded on the basis that the average yearly rate of increase was 8 per cent. It was evident, said the doctor, that the limits of sustenance would be reached some day. The Scriptures, however, indicated that the end would be in a little over a thousand years from the present day, this and ushering in the millennium. The reason against Ravenstein's calculation was the Scriptural revelation that births would become fewer, and the term of each man's life extended. The population of the world was doubling every one hundred years. This would give one hundred billion five hundred and thirty-six million in a thousand years if things went on as they are at present. In fact the world would have been more than full to-day but for the Noachic flood. Scripture still kept ahead of science.

The doctor announced that he would speak next Sunday night on "General Wolseley's prophecy of the two great coming wars."

Advice to the Students.

Rev. R. S. Edward Young of Westminster Church, Asbury Park, N.J., preached in Trinity Methodist Church yesterday. The evening sermon was addressed principally to university students and young people. The preacher is a young man himself, eloquent and earnest. He eulogized work and said that nothing really worth knowing was ever attained without hard study. The Rothschilds and the Vanderbilts, with all their wealth, were not to be preferred to those who begin at the bottom of the ladder and by sheer application and industry rise to the top. The preacher gave valuable advice as to study. Better, he said, "learn one thing thoroughly, than know partially a multitude of subjects." The Bible he held to be the best book to know thoroughly. There was danger in imperfect knowledge. "Do not be like the old woman who said she liked that passage of Scripture, 'Grin and bear it.'" [Laughter.] Physical culture the preacher highly commended. The proper order of nature was "a sound mind in a sound body." Students he advised to appreciate their professors and give them due honor. "Above all," said he, "get wisdom and with all your getting get understanding." The sermon was a truly eloquent one.

A Damper for the Orangemen.

The wretched weather yesterday militated against the attendance of the church parades of the Orange societies. The Sunday preceding Nov. 5 (Gunpowder Plot) is a favorite one for church-going with the brotherhood. There was very poor musters yesterday by these bodies: Royal Knights of Ireland preceptories, comprising the county chapter of York, to Trinity Church, King-street east, in the morning to commemoration the frustration of the historic plot; the officers and members of Lord Erne, L.O.L. 504, and L.O.L. of West Toronto to Concord Congregational Church; and the County Orange Lodge, O.Y.B., True Blues, Prentice Boys, Y.M.P.B.A. and uniformed corps at Elm-street Methodist Church in the afternoon. Rev. Bro. J. C. Madill preached both at Concord and Elm-street churches. Collections were for the Protestant Orphans' Home.

Other Church Matters.

The anniversary services at Wesley Church, Dundas-street and Ossington-avenue, were conducted yesterday by Rev. W. G. H. McAlister of the London conference, who lectures in the church to-night on "Atoms."

The first anniversary of St. Alban's Methodist Church Sunday-school was held yesterday. Mr. Alfred Day, secretary of the Provincial S.S. Association, preached morning and evening.

The second anniversary of the First Reformed Presbyterian Church, Carlton-street, was celebrated yesterday by special sermons by Rev. Drs. Gregg and McLaren. The annual social will be held to-night.

At Beverley-street Baptist Church Rev. P. A. McEwen yesterday morning gave interesting details of French evangelization in connection with the Grande Ligne mission. In the afternoon there was a harvest home service, in which the Sunday School children took part. Pastor Ira Smith preached in the evening.

Nearly all infants are more or less subject to diarrhœa and such complaints while teething, and as this period of their lives is the most critical, mothers should not be without a bottle of Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Dysentery Cordial. This medicine is a specific for such complaints and is highly spoken of by those who have used it. The proprietors claim it will cure any case of cholera or summer complaint.

Will Welcome the Medical M.P.

Dr. G. B. Clarke, M.P. for Caithness, Scotland, will be in the city on Tuesday next and the Caithness and other Scottish societies have arranged to tender him a reception in Victoria Hall on the evening of that day.

Five Years' Imprisonment

is the penalty for perjury. Don't buy Baking Powder unless the purity is sworn to by a legal declaration. A 25 cent package of the Borwicke will go as far as 40 cents worth of any other pure powder, a sworn declaration with each package.

There are a number of varieties of corns. Holloway's Corn Cure will remove any of them. Call on your druggist and get a bottle at once.

ANOTHER "FREE TRIP TO EUROPE" WORD CONTEST

AND $200 IN GOLD FOR EXPENSES

OVER 8000 PRIZES Awarded in "The Queen's" LAST WORD CONTEST

"THE QUEEN'S" last "FREE TRIP TO EUROPE" Word Contest, which closed August 1st, having excited such universal interest, at the urgent solicitation of many of our patrons we have concluded to give one more "Word Contest," having for its principal prize another First Cabin Passage to Europe and return, and $200 IN GOLD FOR EXPENSES, to the person sending the largest list of English words constructed from letters contained in the three words "BRITISH NORTH AMERICA." This trip can be taken by the winner at any time before October 1st, 1891.

SPECIAL PRIZE FOR LADIES—To the one sending the second largest list will be given an Elegant Genuine Alaska Seal Jacket made according to measurement supplied by winner.

Special Prize for Girls and Boys—A Handsome Shetland Pony costing $160 will be given (and delivered free anywhere in Canada or United States) to the girl or boy, under 16 years of age, sending the largest list. Age of competitor must be stated on list.

A Special Daily Prize of a Silver Tea Set Valued at $25 will be given to the person from whom the largest list is received each day during the contest.

LIST OF ADDITIONAL PRIZES: China Dinner Sets, Ladies' Gold Watches, French Music Boxes, Silk Dress Patterns, French Mantel Clocks, Portiere Curtains, Silver Dinner Castors, Silver Breakfast Castors, Silver Tete-a-Tete Kettles, Silver Card Receivers, Elegant Toilet Cases, Elegant Manicure Cases, Elegant Odor Cases, Oil Paintings, Ladies' Jewelery, Writing Portfolios, Imported Fans, Albums, Napkin Rings, and many other useful, handsome and valuable articles.

RULES GOVERNING THIS CONTEST:

1. The lists are to contain English and Anglicized words only.
2. No letter can be used in construction of any words more times than it appears in the text.
3. Words having more than one meaning, but spelled the same, can be used but once.
4. Names of places and persons are barred.
5. Words will be allowed either in singular or plural, but not in both numbers, and in one tense only.
6. Prefixes and suffixes are not allowed.
7. The intention being that purely English words only are to be used; all foreign words are barred.
8. The main part only of Webster's Unabridged Dictionary will be the governing authority; its Appendix or Supplement will not be used.

Each list must contain name of person sending same (sign Mrs., Miss or Mr.) with full Postoffice address and number of words contained therein, and be accompanied by $1 for a year's subscription to The Queen. If two or more tie on the largest list, the list which bears *the earliest postmark* will take the first prize, and the others will receive prizes following in order of merit.

The object of offering these liberal prizes is to introduce our popular magazine into new homes, and this contest is, therefore, open to New Subscribers only. Present Subscribers can avail themselves of it by enclosing $1 with list and the address of some friend to whom the Queen can be sent for one year.

Prizes awarded to subscribers residing in the United States will be shipped from our American agency free of customs duties.

No person can take more than one prize on the same list. Every New Subscriber sending a list of not less than twenty words will receive a prize. All prizes awarded in order of merit.

WHAT THE MAIL BRINGS US

397 McDermott-street west, Winnipeg, Man., Oct. 5, 1890.
Mrs. D. A. Forbes' compliments to the Editor of The Canadian Queen and begs to acknowledge with thanks the pretty and useful prize received to-day.

Galt, Ont., Oct. 20, 1890.
To The Canadian Queen: I received my prize of a silver tea set on the 15th instant, and find it to be very satisfactory. All who have seen the tea set compliment me in securing such a valuable prize. Wishing your paper every success. I remain, yours, etc., N. C. Hamilton.

Vancouver, B.C., Oct. 3, 1890.
Miss Hobson begs to thank The Canadian Queen for the silk dress which she has received in good order. She wishes the magazine every success.

Kingston, Ont., Oct. 17, 1890.
The Queen Publishing Co., Toronto: Dear Sirs—Received yesterday the Silver Tea Service and was very much pleased with it. Yours truly, Georgina Hilton, 319 Brock-street.

Tweed, Sept. 10, 1890.
Prize awarded me in last word contest to hand. Am well pleased with it. Yours, etc., Mrs. C. J. White.

51 Scollard-street, Toronto, Oct. 9, '90.
The Canadian Queen, 58 Bay-street, Toronto: Dear Sir—I beg to acknowledge the receipt of the elegant tea set awarded me as the daily prize on Oct. 8. Accept my heartiest thanks for your handsome present. With best wishes for The Queen. I remain, yours truly, William Douglas.

Peterboro, Sept. 29, 1890.
Dear Sir—I received prize in good order and like it well. With thanks. Respectfully, Eva L. Denne.

Carp, Ont., Oct. 5, 1890.
The Queen Publishing Co.: Received prize last week. Just lovely. Very many thanks. Fanny G. Carruthers, Box 40, Carp, Ont.

St. Albans, Vt., Oct. 14, 1890.
The Canadian Queen: Prize received; many thanks. We like your magazine the best of any we have ever taken and wish it success. Yours truly, Mrs. W. T. Beals, Box, 674.

Winners of the Special Daily Prize. (A $25 Silver Tea Set.)

Tuesday, Sept. 16th, Mrs. Annie L. Jarvis, 99 Gloucester-street, Toronto; Wednesday, Sept. 17th, Mrs. Reid, 27 Tranby-avenue, Toronto; Thursday, Sept. 18th, F. Pethick, Bowmanville, Ont.; Friday, Sept. 19th, Miss R. Jackson, Hellmuth College, London, Ont.; Saturday, Sept. 20th, Miss Jessie C. Brown, Brockville, Ont.; Monday, Sept. 22nd, Mrs. J. E. Lennon, Welland, Ont.; Tuesday, Sept. 23rd, Mr. F. L. Sawyer, Orillia, Ont.; Wednesday, Sept. 24, Miss A. Fraser, Prescott, Ont.; Thursday, Sept. 25, Miss Eva Lake Dunne, Peterboro, Ont.; Friday, Sept. 26th, Mrs. W. Percy, 55 Goulbourn-avenue, Ottawa, Ont.; Saturday Sept. 27th, Miss E. Godson, Trenton, Ont.; Monday, Sept. 29th, H. F. Porter, Truro, N.S.; Tuesday, Sept. 30th, Mrs. J. W. E. Darby, 193 Hargrave-street, Winnipeg, Man.; Wednesday, Oct. 1st, Mrs. James F. Gillard, Cobourg, Ont.; Thursday, Oct. 2nd, Mrs. John Martin, 318 John-street north, Hamilton, Ont.; Friday, Oct. 3rd, Mr. John Waddell, 86 Kensington-avenue, City; Saturday, Oct. 4, Mr. K. C. Hamilton, Galt, Ont.; Monday, Oct. 6, Mr. John Carrick, 357 Barton-street east, Hamilton, Ont.; Tuesday, Oct. 7th, Miss Georgina Hilton, 319 Brock-street, Kingston; Wednesday, Oct. 8th, William Douglas, 21 Scollard-street, Toronto; Thursday, Oct. 9th, H. A. Kennedy, city editor of The Witness, Montreal, Que.; Friday, Oct. 10th, Mr. Clifford Kemp, barrister, Woodstock, Ont.; Saturday, Oct. 11th, Miss Jackson, 196 Gloucester-street, Ottawa, Ont.; Monday, Oct. 13th, C. A. Steeves, Botsford-street, Moncton, N.B.; Tuesday, Oct. 14th, George O. Fleming, 73 Mecklenburg-street, St. John, N.B.; Wednesday, Oct. 15th, Mrs. M. St. John, Montreal, Que.; Thursday, Oct. 16th, Miss Zoe, 86 Queen-street, Port Hawkesbury, N.S.; Friday, Oct. 17th, Mrs. Tremaine, 25 South-street, Halifax, N.S.; Saturday, Oct. 18th, T. R. Stewart, Stratford, Ont.; Monday, Oct. 20th, Mrs. E. B. Eddy, Orillia, Ont.; Tuesday, Oct. 21st, Millie R. Snyder, Leamington, Ont.; Wednesday, Oct. 22nd, Mrs. Annie E. Hood, Yarmouth, N.S.

Contest Closes December 5th and Prizes Awarded December 20th.

DO NOT DELAY! SEND NOW!

Address "THE CANADIAN QUEEN," 58 Bay-street, Toronto, Canada.

MUSIC AND THE DRAMA.

The Attractions at the Theatres This Week—Forthcoming Events in the Amusement World.

The Grand.....The Balloon
Toronto Opera House.....Erma the Elf
The Academy.....The Dead Heart

Those who wish and can enjoy a good comedy well played should make a visit to the Grand this evening and see the favorite artists, Mr. and Mrs. McDowell, in their new English comedy, entitled "The Balloon." This comedy has made an enviable reputation both in London and New York, as well as the provinces where Mr. McDowell has exhibited "The Balloon" this season. In Montreal last week it might be called an ovation. Miss Fanny Reeves McDowell, who plays the part of Mrs. Ripendale, the adventuress, will be seen at her best. Mr. McDowell, as the unfortunate Dr. Glynn, around whom all the trouble and ludicrous situations revolve, is equal to the emergency. Edward Lyons, whom Mr. McDowell has engaged this season as his comedian, specially brought from England to play the part of Mr. Æneas Pocket in the "Magistrate," on its first production in New York, will play that part here also. In the part of Mr. Fitzjohn, in "The Balloon," he has proved himself one of the best English comedians.

Erma the Elf.

This popular play will hold the boards at Jacobs & Sparrow's Opera House to-night and the remainder of the week. This comedy drama, Mr. C. T. Doyly's latest, in which Marguerite Fish is starring this season, has made a pronounced success. The management of Jacobs & Sparrow's, after seeing it, are satisfied that they will present to their patrons to-night one of the best pieces of light entertainment ever offered in this city. While "Erma the Elf" is a comedy drama, it is something more than has of late been given to the public under that broad title. It has a plot, pleasing and funny situations, laughable incidents, bright music and clever specialties. The company is one of the best ever organized for this kind of work, and the comedian Charles Wassen has been given a prominent part which calls for the exercise of dramatic ability. The ladies, who are talented and pretty, and handsomely costumed, add their full share to the enjoyment of the entertainment. Unprejudiced critics have been outspoken in their praise and the verdict is that "Erma the Elf" will be the greatest success ever achieved in this field of dramatic endeavor. Erma matinee, Thursday, Thanksgiving Day.

"The Dead Heart" at the Academy.

The management are to be congratulated on having secured such a strong attraction for Thanksgiving week as Mr. Henry Irving's Royal Lyceum Theatre version of that romantic play of the French Revolution, "The Dead Heart." Mr. James O'Neill, who will make his appearance here, is one of the foremost actors on the American stage, and is best known by his impersonation of Edmond Dantes in "Monte Cristo," part which he has played in the states over 2000 times, and by which he has amassed great fame and a large fortune. Mr. O'Neill was fortunate enough to make successful negotiations with Mr. Irving for the American rights to "The Dead Heart," and it will be presented here to-night with all the wealth of scenery (expressly made from the London models) and fine stage effects which graced the original production. An excellent New York company of players will support the star, and the event is expected to be a remarkable one in our theatrical season.

Corinne is Coming.

The public of Toronto should appreciate the fact that the engagement of the Kimball Opera Comique and Burlesque Company at the Toronto Opera House next week is an event of no small importance. The organization, which embraces 64 people, is the largest company traveling. They travel in their own special train and carry two car-loads of scenery and properties—absolutely everything used in the big production of "Carmen." The company, which is led by the famous burlesquer, Corinne, includes Mr. Bernard Dyllyn, the celebrated baritone; Mr. Charles Postelle, who is without an equal in his line; James Sturgis, Tony Williams, Miss Roberta Crawford, and others of equal prominence. Richard Stahel, author of the opera of "Said Pasha," acts as leader of orchestra.

Toronto College of Music.

The afternoon recital on last Saturday was a most interesting one and was rendered in excellent style. The students were present in large numbers. The compositions of the best masters are always to be found upon the college programs. The first movement of a sonata for two pianos by the eminent composer Brahms was a notable feature of Saturday's program. It is a fine composition and well worth hearing in its entirety.

St. George's Society Concert.

Mrs. Mackelcan, the favorite Canadian contralto, will be one of the attractions at this concert on Thursday evening. She will sing Mattei's "My Native Land" and Shelley's "Love's Sorrow." The plan of seats is now open at Messrs. Mason & Rich's warerooms.

CANADA'S MINERAL WEALTH.

One of the Iron Magnates Tells of the Richness of the Sudbury District.

Mr. James Allen, a prominent member of the Iron and Steel Institute, on his visit to this city was interviewed by The World and the following interesting particulars learned: Mr. Allen's large iron works are situate near Glasgow. He appears to be a canny Scotchman and to have made good use of his opportunities of observing Canada and the United States. He expressed great surprise at the extent of the resources of Canada, and said if it were known in the Old Country that such opportunities existed sufficient capital would at once be forthcoming to develop the country, especially its great mineral wealth. He thought Canadians made a great mistake in not presenting the advantages of their country properly before British investors. In his opinion it would be very suicidal for Canadians to go in for unrestricted reciprocity. Canada would deal much more advantageously with the Old Country than with the United States. Mr. Allen said he had visited the Sudbury district and was astonished at the extent and richness of the nickeliferous deposits. He said he thought Canadians would do better by having their properties developed by British capital than by selling their valuable claims to American capitalists. He had seen specimens from gold district west of Sudbury, and in the opinion of experts in the party the indications were exceedingly favorable. There was no doubt but that there being profitable deposits of platinum, gold and silver in the district. The facilities for mining operations were good, and all that was required was capital, which, on the character of the district being known can be procured without difficulty. From what Mr. Allen could learn the most promising section of the country was that between Larchwood on the main line of the C.P.R. and White Fish on the Spault branch, taking in the townships of Creighton, Denison and Fairbank.

Home from the Hunt.

The hunting party consisting of Messrs. W. N. Merritt, J. L. Capreol, Major Leigh, E. W. Thomson returned to town last week, bringing with them five fine fat bucks, slain by their own hands, and a tale of seven others that they had eaten and given away while in camp. Their hunting ground was in the French River district, one of the best in Ontario. They also got some partridges and had for a change in the shape of black bass. They saw one moose and heard of the Indians having killed others. The white hunters seem to be respecting the law against moose being killed. Mr. Thomson, who possesses glowing descriptive powers, says the country is a magnificent one in the way of natural scenery.

We Make Our Own Stained Glass.

In The World of Saturday reference was made to certain details in connection with the new Board of Trade buildings. It was stated that the stained glass was from New York and put in by McCausland & Son; instead of which it should have been said that all the stained glass windows were designed and made by this firm in Toronto with the exception of six small shields. In addition to the stained glass made by McCausland & Son for the Board of Trade they supplied all the plate and other glass throughout the building.

How We Get Our Legislators.

[From The Orillia News-Letter.]

The agitation regarding the payment of county officials by salary instead of fees as at present seems to be cooling somewhat, though it will doubtless be revived again when the Local Legislature meets in January. The growing independence in politics should lead to a combined demand that the exorbitant salaries of sheriffs, registrars and other appointees of the Government should be reduced in the interest of the general taxpayer. Apart from the lessening of the burdens imposed on the community by the fee system, there is no doubt that the lowering of these salaries would do something toward reform in political methods. Under the prevailing methods the successful candidate must have been a mere creature of the Government and party subservient in giving his vote to all measures proposed by the local ministry and in politics a partisan first and, too often, a mere voting machine on the outlook for the first fat berth that looms up. If there were no fat berths to be given to members of the legislature there might be less spending of money as elections, as candidates would know that they could not recoup themselves by pushing into the position of sheriff or registrar, etc., at a big salary for life. As the matter stands at present, the candidate who can succeed in an election contest by the use of a little "queer work" is simply making a distribution of funds which he expects to get back when his turn for office comes, and thus the money spent corruptly is actually audited on those who pay fees to government appointees, such as sheriffs, registrars and others whose success at the polls, or as party men, has led to their securing office. The county offices should be in the hands of good business men, who should be fairly paid for their services, but the salaries should not be made to reimburse appointees for former campaign expenditures.

WEDDED AND WIDOWED.

Bereavement of the Daughter of Congressman Butterworth.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 30.—Miss Mary Butterworth, daughter of Mr. Benjamin Butterworth, who yesterday at 3 o'clock became the wife of Mr. Haughwaut Howe, was today at 12 o'clock made a widow. The circumstances attending the wedding were very romantic. The patient had been confined to his bed for some time, and his physicians attributed much of his weakness to worry over the thought that he could not keep his engagement to wed Miss Butterworth on the appointed day. It was thought that the performance of the ceremony would hasten his recovery. The bride and her parents gladly concurred in the suggestion, and shortly after 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon the marriage was solemnized.

After the marriage ceremony Mr. Howe appeared to be greatly relieved in mind and to suffer less pain than for some time previously. Toward evening, however, he grew rapidly worse. Throughout the night he was delirious, and struggle succeeded struggle. Every effort was made by his physician to protect the heart of the patient. At 12 o'clock yesterday afternoon his pulse increased in violence, and it was even necessary to make use of hypodermic injections to quiet the patient.

A sad night it was for the young bride. All through the weary watches she sat by the sick bed, not retiring or resting for a moment until 6 o'clock this morning, when she took an hour's rest. Later on, as the morning passed, Mr. Howe's heart was found to be jumping at a fearful rate, and shortly after noon he died. Grouped around the bedside at the time were the young bride of a day, Dr. and Mrs. Roosa, Dr. Magruder and Isaac Roosa.

Mr. Howe was the son of the late Colonel Frank E. Howe of New York, and was well-known both in this city and New York. At the time of his death he was dispatch agent at New York for the State Department. He also held the position of private secretary to Postmaster James and disbursing officer of the International American Conference.

His death was a great shock to the young wife, who is a great favorite in Washington society.

AMONG THE SECULARISTS.

Debating Club Inaugurated—Capital Punishment—Readings by Mrs. Watts.

The Secular Society did not lack entertainment in Science Hall yesterday. In the afternoon the newly-formed debating club held its first discussion. The subject was "Should Capital Punishment be Abolished?" Messrs. Lowe and G. S. Caldbeck supported the affirmative and Messrs. W. R. Rosenfeugel and J. V. Janin the negative. The question was devoid of any religious reference and was left undecided. F. A. Denton read a paper on "Blasphemy" and S. Friedewald gave a selection from Schiller's Don Carlos.

In the evening Mrs. Charles Watts gave a series of readings from G. Jacob Holyoake's "Trial of Theism." The selections were interspersed with music by J. Monk.

Why Don't Some of Our Professors Do Likewise?

[From The Salt Lake City Tribune.]

Professor Montgomery (formerly of Toronto) of Sweet University has just returned from Bingham, where he spent a couple of days examining geological formations and the mines and mills and making selections for the university. He visited the different mines of the Consolidated Mining and Milling Company; also the South Galena and the Niagara concentrators and found them in nice running order. He brought back with him very fine collections of the ores and rocks, and also many good samples of products of these two concentrators, showing all the various steps in the process. Through the courtesy and attentions of Superintendent Holden and Mr. Franklin he obtained a large fund of information as well as valuable collections for the university, and speaks highly of the prospects of that mining region. The professor is working to make the department of geology and mineralogy in the university a credit to the city.

Rev. J. B. Huff, Florence, writes: "I have great pleasure in testifying to the good effects which I have experienced from the use of Northrop & Lyman's Vegetable Discovery for Dyspepsia. For several years nearly all kinds of foods fermented on my stomach, so that after eating I had very distressing sensations, but from the time I commenced the use of the Vegetable Discovery I obtained relief."

Mr. Leys' Sale.

Farmer John Leys has invited the live stock men from all over the county to attend the sale of stock at his Pickering farm, on Thanksgiving Day. Visitors from the city and the west will be able to go down by the morning express leaving here at 8.55 and which will, by special arrangement, stop at Pickering. The sale promises to be a lively one.

Bargains.

Ladies who want bargains in dry goods should not fail to visit McKendry's, 278 Yonge-street, corner of Alice. 613

AN INTEMPERATE TEETOTALER.

How the Chairman and the Audience "Sat Upon" a Temperance Advocate.

The Gospel