The Weekly Mail.

VOL. V. NO. 256. TORONTO, FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 23, 1877. PRICE FOUR CENTS.

THIS IS NO HUMBUG By sending 30c. with age, height, colour of eyes and hair, you will receive by return mail a correct photograph of your future husband or wife, with name and date of marriage. W. FOX, Drawer 54, Fultonville, N. Y. 256-13

SUGAR PANS, TIN SAPBUCKETS, Sugar Kettles. Most approved patterns. Send for price list. Address J. H. PEDLAR, Oshawa, Ont. 251-52

DR. DON, 179 EAST SWAN ST., Buffalo, N. Y., Confidential Physician. Nervous Debility. Pamphlet free; consultation invited; charges moderate; medicine sent everywhere. 235-52

SEED BUSINESS FOR SALE. THE OLD ESTABLISHED SEED BUSINESS situated in the most business part of the TOWN OF GUELPH, Has been carried on by the present proprietors for the last fourteen years, who are now engaged in manufacturing. Address Drawer 37, P. O., Guelph, Ont. 245-tf

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada at the next Session for an Act to incorporate "The Hope and Colonial Investment Company, Limited." ALFRED BOULTBEE, Solicitor for Applicants.

A Member of the Stock Exchange will execute orders for the purchase or sale of stocks, bonds, and gold on moderate margins. Commissions $5 per each 100 shares. Stock privileges negotiated on responsible parties. HENRY MERRIAM, Member Am. Mining and Stock Exchange, 30 Broad street, N.Y. Reference, D. R. MARGAN, Esq., President National Trust Co., N.Y. 254-6

CANADA BUSINESS COLLEGE has no compeer in the Dominion. Young men who wish to receive a comprehensive, thorough, and practical Business Education should where is the young man that does not? will find innumerable advantages to be gained by taking a course in this College. For circulars, specimens of penmanship, etc., address TENNANT & McLACHLAN, Hamilton. 235-1-3

Our Young Folk's Magazine, BEAUTIFULLY ILLUSTRATED. Acknowledged the handsomest and purest Monthly for Youth. Contains 48 pages. Sent by mail, post-paid, at $1.60 per year. Single copies, 15 cts. For sale by all newsdealers. Sample copies, 10 cts. Agents wanted. Address OUR YOUNG FOLK'S MAGAZINE, Box 3000, Boston, Mass. 253-4

AUCTION SALE OF **LANDS** of the late Richard Tracey. ON 15TH FEBRUARY, 1877, at two o'clock p.m., there will be sold by Public Auction, at the ARTHUR HUBBS Auctioneer, at the VILLAGE OF ARLINGTON, County of Simcoe, the following property:—

Parcel No. 1.—East half Lot 28, in 4th concession of Township of Adjala, County of Simcoe.

Parcel No. 2.—West half of Lot 28, 5th concession of same township.

Parcel No. 3.—On the building house, a young orchard, 7 log barns; about 95 acres are cleared.

This property is well watered, and is in a healthy locality, and convenient to schools and churches, and is distant about 1½ miles from the flourishing Village of Allaston, and about four miles from the Station of Allaston and Nottawa Western railway now under construction.

Also, a Brick Dwelling House, adjoining the above parcel No. 1. On it is a quantity of cedar and white ash. Also 12 acres on the 10th concession. There is a frame dwelling house on the premises.

Terms and conditions will be made known at time of sale.

JAMES CONWAY, ARTHUR D.C.; THOS. TRACEY, Lloydtown P.O. Executors.

THOMAS F. PEAKE, Solicitor for Executors.

253-Sover 50 Adelaide street east, Toronto.

THE DAIRYMEN'S ASSOCIATION OF ONTARIO will hold their ANNUAL CONVENTION at the City Hall, Belleville, on 16th, 17th, and 18th days of February, commencing on Wednesday, the 16th, at 10 o'clock, a.m.

The following gentlemen are expected to be present and address the Convention, at least in part in the discussion:—Prof. J. Y. Bell, Albert Nelson, Esq., Geo. Leslie, Esq., Geo. Cubitt, President New York State Dairymen's Association, Internal Arrangements and Management of Cheese and Butter Factories on the most approved plan, Prof. J. Mc. Fadyean, Esq., Prof. Brown, "Commercial Aspect of the Dairy Business," Henry Stevens, Member County New York, "Food and Management of Dairy Cows," Prof. Arnold, "Food and Management of Dairy Cows," "Canadian Cheddar Cheese:" R. Caswell, Esq., Belleville, "Canadian Cheddar Cheese." Dr. Sewell, "Tomatoes," Thomas Watkin, Esq., Belleville, Prof. A. Smith, Veterinary College, Toronto, "Diseases of Dairy Stock;" Hon. Richard Stratton, Albany, N.Y., "Milk Machinery." Prof. Brown, Prof. Arnold, M.P., John White, Esq., Belleville, M.P., Geo. Leslie, Esq., Thomas Wills, Jr., Bowler, N. S. Wright, Esq., Belleville, M.P.P., and others not allotted.

Other addresses will be short, so as to allow ample time for general discussion of practical questions connected with the dairy.

Question drawer will be open during all the sittings of the Convention, to be read out at the close.

Members by writing to J. G. Hagler, Secretary of the Association, at Ingersoll, can procure certificates which will entitle them to the double journey by railway at one and one-third fare; admission to Hall, Belleville, and entertainment—non-members, 25 cents.

J. G. HEGLER, Secretary. W. S. YATES, Secretary Local Com.

Belleville, January 17th, 1877.

J. A. SIMMERS' Seed Warehouse, No. 96 Front street east, opposite the Haymarket, TORONTO, ONT.

SEEDS

The 33rd annual publication of his GUIDE TO THE GARDEN AND FIELD, for 1877, containing full, reliable, and descriptive catalogue of seeds for 1877, being the most complete and elaborate work of the kind in Canada, is now ready for mailing to all applicants sending a 3 cent stamp. 251-f

FARM FOR SALE. One of the finest farms in the TOWNSHIP OF BLENHEIM, COUNTY OF OXFORD, is now offered for sale. 150 Acres. Being south half of lot No. 4, and south-west quarter of lot No. 5, in 1st Concession, at present occupied by Mr. John Pringle. The soil is of a rich loam. The offices and buildings are commodious. Good well and large cistern, etc. The entire farm is in a high state of cultivation. Terms of payment easy, to suit purchasers. Title indisputable. For further particulars apply to MESSRS. MORTON & OGAMON, Solicitors, Collingwood. 254-f

SMOKERS! We have again in cold our attention to the numerous IMITATIONS of the MYRTLE NAVY TOBACCO THE STAMP T&B IN GILT LETTERS, is on each Plug of the GENUINE. Hamilton, 12th Jan., 1877. 251-13

REDUCED TO A CERTAINTY. Chance to Gain $50,000 NO RISK. Send for circular at once. No time to lose. ADAM & CO., Bankers, 74 Maiden Lane, NEW YORK.

AGENTS WANTED in every Township in Canada to sell our celebrated JOHNSTON HARVESTERS COMBINED AND SINGLE; also our CAYUGA JR. MOWERS. Address THE THOMSON & WILLIAMS MANUFACTURING COMPANY, STRATFORD, ONT.

THE WEEKLY MAIL is published every Thursday morning in time for the English mail, second edition on Friday, and despatched by first trains and express to all parts of the Dominion. Price $1 a year.

Advertisements for casual insertion charged at the rate of fifteen cents per line; contract rates by the year made known on application. Condensed advertisements are inserted the rate of forty cents per twenty words, a two cents each additional word.

THE WEEKLY MAIL will form an excellent medium through which to reach the public, circulating from every Post Office and post office in the Dominion, and largely in the entire Province of Quebec, Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, British Columbia, and Manitoba.

THE WEEKLY MAIL—Printed and Published by THE MAIL PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, at their office, corner of King and Bay streets, Toronto. T. C. PATTERSON, Manager.

BIRTHS.

TRAFFIT—At Exeter, Ontario, on the 12th inst., the wife of Edward W. Traffit, Esq., of a daughter (the Widow's book, please copy).

COOKE—In London, on the 12th instant, the wife of Arthur H. Cooke, of a son.

NIVEN—At Haliburton, on Monday, 12th February, the wife of Alexander Niven, Esq., P.L.S., of a daughter.

LUMLEY—At Glenora, on the 14th inst., the wife of W. G. Lumley, Esq., M.D., of a son.

ELLIOTT—In Hamilton, on the 15th inst., at No. 67 Hannah ave. north, the wife of Wm. Elliott, of a son.

SCOBIE—On the 12th instant, at 184 Sherbourne street, the wife of William Scobie, of a daughter.

HYMON—On the 19th inst., the wife of Mr. Louis Hymon, Esq., barrister, merchant, of the village of Port Colborne, of a son.

ANGUS—At No. 13 Prince Arthur avenue, Montreal, on the 20th inst., the wife of Mr. Wm. Angus, of a son.

LAT[illegible]—On the 17th inst., at Rideau Cottage, Ottawa, the wife of Lieut.-Colonel Montague Lat[illegible], of a daughter.

SHEWTON—On the 10th inst., at Bonnyrigg, Lanarkshire, Scotland, the wife of Ernest Shewton, Esq., of a daughter.

MARRIAGES.

AYER—BROKER—On the 14th instant, at the residence of the bride's father, New Dundee, by the Rev. Charles Pentman, John C. Ayer, Esq., of New Hamburg, to Lizzie J. Broker, Esq., only daughter of Cyrus Bricker, Esq., New Dundee.

NASH—CAMPBELL—On the 15th inst., at St. George's church, St. Catharines, by the Rev. J. Holland, Charles W. Nash, Dundee, to Harriette, youngest daughter of the late Judge Campbell, of Niagara.

GRAHAM—ROGAN—At the residence of the bride's mother, on the 15th inst., by the Rev. J. Gibson, Thomas R. Graham, Esq., to Mary Jane Edgar, Esq., to Mr. H. W. Graham, of the same place.

BROWN—HAMILTON—At London, on the 14th inst., at the residence of the bride's father, the Rev. Evan Davis, W. T. Brown to Annie Maria, only daughter of Alexander Hamilton, formerly of this city.

CHAPMAN—AYMER—At the residence of the bride's brother, Mr. George Aymer, Toronto, on the 14th inst., by the Rev. James Roger, Mr. Thomas Chapman, of Toronto, to Miss Mary Aymer, of Windsor, formerly of Guelph.

DEAN—CRAIG—On the 14th inst., by the Rev. Wm. W. Ross, Mr. Thomas Dean, of Toronto, to Miss Rosina Craig, of Toronto, to Miss Mary J., daughter of Mr. Wm. Craig, of Toronto.

BARRIE—SCOTT—At Tiverton, on the 15th inst., by the Rev. Robert Cameron, M.A., Charles Barrie, to Miss Scott, eldest daughter of Thomas Scott, Esq., all of Tiverton.

LAFFERTY—MCMILLAN—At Montreal, on the 14th inst., by the Rev. J. D. Lang, Dr. Lafferty, of Galt, to Jessie, youngest daughter of the late R. Reed, Esq., Bowmanville.

DEATHS.

LODGE—At Uxbridge, on the 15th inst., Mr. Ezra Lodge, aged 75 years.

CAMPBELL—Near Belmont, on the 11th instant, Dugald Campbell, aged 62 years.

DUCKWORTH—Fell asleep in Jesus, in Toronto, on Tuesday, 13th instant, Annie, the youngest daughter of John and Ann Duckworth, aged 1 year, 9 months, and 7 days.

ALLEN—At her residence, Port Perry, on the 9th instant, Grace, beloved wife of J. S. Allen, stationer, aged 55 years, a native of Aylesbury, Buckinghamshire, England.

SMITH—On Wednesday morning, 14th February, 1877, after a long and protracted illness, of consumption, Isabella, the third Smith, orphan niece of Samuel S. Smith, aged 22 years.

MICHELL—At Orillia, on the 9th Feb., Michell, aged 27 years.

JARMAN—On Sunday, at the residence of her parents, 302 Jarvis street west, Minnie Jemima Naomi, youngest daughter of William and Hannah Jarman, aged 18 years.

KILLIN—On the 20th inst., Jessie, the beloved wife of Mr. Thomas Killinn, of Dundas, aged 32 years.

BOWES—On the 20th inst., Ann Bowes, relict of the late Mr. Thomas Bowes, aged 78 years.

BOYD—On the 20th inst., Mr. Thomas Boyd, aged 62 years.

DOUGLAS—On the 20th inst., Mr. Thomas Douglas, aged 72 years.

DONOHOE—On the morning of the 16th inst., Robert Donohoe, aged one year, eleven months and eighteen days.

FERGUSSON—On Saturday, 17th February, 1877, at 3 o'clock, p.m., Mr. Robert Fergusson, aged 70 years, a native of Perthshire, Scotland, for many years a resident of Toronto.

GOODWIN—At the Old Fort, Toronto, on Saturday, 17th inst., Lieut.-Col. Henry Goodwin, "Commander Royal Artillery, Upper Canada," Knight Commander Royal Hanoverian Guelphic Order, Knight of Medjidie, Knight of Valour, Knight of Sardinia, Knight of Charles Third, Barrister, aged 8 years and 4 months.

The Weekly Mail.

TORONTO, FRIDAY, FEB. 23, 1877.

THE BUDGET.

The Budget speech delivered Tuesday by Mr. CARTWRIGHT if not great in breadth and depth is at least of considerable length; nor does it admit of the one dark length; nor does it admit of the considerable measure of praise which was fairly awarded his last Budget speech. His figures would seem not to have been prepared with any proper reference to the establishment of a definite conclusion. There are a great many of them, but they are often used without purpose; indeed there is a painful lack of continuity in the speech, and altogether it leaves the strongest possible impression of incompleteness.

The first thought which will occur to every reader of the speech, as it must have occurred to every attentive listener to it, is that the censures, the severe censures, passed upon the Finance Minister for his first Budget speech were well merited. That was a wailing, lugubrious speech from beginning to end. It depicted the future in the darkest colours. It filled Pelion on Ossa in the endeavour to show that the old Government had involved the country in obligations which could not be met without consequences well nigh approaching national shipwreck. Mr. CARTWRIGHT is now compelled to confess that matters have not turned out anything like what he had foretold. The obligations to be met are not even serious. Canada's credit in England stands so high that it has been possible to reduce the rate of interest on the public debt, and altogether he now paints a bright future on a high canvas. The prophet has turned out to be an impostor. The country which was to have gone to the dogs immediately, is not in such a bad way after all.

We are not sure indeed that Mr. CARTWRIGHT has not become too hopeful. It may be that the loss of revenue last year is due to the shrinkage in the value of goods imported rather than to diminished imports. It may be that we did not import so much *per capita* last year as in 1867. It may be the depression of trade is at an end. But it may be, too, that time when there is general depreciation and weakness of prices, it looks well year, support, like an ice bridge in an early spring, is melting beneath their feet, what might at another time have looked over the character of a grave early crime. The second reason, however, weighs more perhaps with the wise men who constitute our Parliament. Mr. HODGINS would have no chance of being re-elected. He got in in the last time by a fluke, having in fact been beaten, and since the Provincial general election the so-called Reform Party in this Province has declined rapidly towards the cold floods of disapprobation destined to sweep them from power. Mr. HARDY has not much claim on the Party, and he is essentially a light weight. In looking about for a Minister Mr. MOWAT has not been unlike ÆSOP, lantern-in-hand, searching for a man.

The name of Mr. CLARKE, of Wellington, is one of those which has been associated with the Provincial secretaryship. There is in Mr. CLARKE's case, as in that of Mr. HODGINS, the difficulty of re-election. Mr. CLARKE was returned for Wellington merely on the score of his personal popularity, and that has been considerably attenuated in the course of revolving moons, while his Party has been almost hopelessly damaged. A happy thought, as Mr. BURNAND would say, flashed like a gleam of frosty Rifulgent light on a wintry cloudy day across the mind of the bewildered Prime Minister. "Suppose we ask the capacious-minded "Mr. WELLS, our Speaker, to come to "from that delicious watering, like JUPITER "on Olympus, he rules this assembly by "his awful nod?" But if Mr. Speaker must back to his constituents he would have as little chance of re-election as either Mr. HODGINS or Mr. CLARKE. Times have changed since he went down to South Bruce intent on pushing the interests of Mr. EDWARD BLAKE and sung hymns with the wives of all the Orangemen in that Riding. Memory, and especially the memory of the wives of publicans, is treacherous, and the edifying spectacle has been forgotten, while those brilliant decisions which, like those of the "Father of gods and men," emanate from our Local House, are sacrosanct. Mr. CARTWRIGHT is not the man to disturb them, and over whose bald rhyming Ossa and her sisters weep. Young Mr. EDGAR ever so gently, and it seems to be one of the "cardinal principles" of the *Globe* to make you suffer for it.

The other day we congratulated this most curly-headed of the Dictator's protégés on the fact that *de facto* he had fallen heir to the MERCER property. The estate, the reader will remember, was seized by Mr. MOWAT as Attorney-General, pending the appearance of an heir. Mr. MOWAT, however, having much to attend to, (the duties of his office are heavy, and the management of his own and his partners' briefs in connection with the Scott claim and other private business is very troublesome), put it into Mr. EDGAR's hands. A return brought down last week showed that in 1875 Mr. EDGAR's firm had charged the estate $4,100 for law costs, and we rejoiced at the prospect of a Liberal Government. But Mr. BROWN comes forward with an explanation to the effect that $890 of this sum was for the services of Mr. Blackstone, Q. C., for counsel fees, and $326 to witnesses, *&c.*, leaving Mr. EDGAR only $2,700!

But after all twenty-seven hundred dollars is not a sum in these hard times to be sneered at. It is not a vulgarism nor half so barbarous as some of Mr. CLEMENS, the Reform candidate, defeated Mr. WEBB by a majority of 4 votes! In 1871 Mr. CLEMENS, the Reform candidate, defeated Mr. WEBB by a majority of 430. That was the last contested election in the county.

Whence comes this change from 430 to 12? This marvellous result, too, has been brought about in spite of the combined slander of Mr. BLAKE, followed by Mr. JAMES YOUNG and his allies, and the frantic appeals made to old-time Reformers to "vote just this once for the Party."

Galt, Wilmot, Preston, New Hamburg, and Hespeler have done nobly; in fact, no adequate explanation of the Reformers who voted for Mr. MASSIE had come to hand when the mail closed. Perhaps the Reformers who supported him throughout the hard-fought contest will explain how the country are due. To Mr. JAMES YOUNG the result is a warning that his political influence, so far as South Waterloo is concerned, is nearly run. To the country at large it is cheering evidence that the day of its deliverance from incompetent rulers, both at Toronto and Ottawa, is at hand.

THE OIL COMBINATION.

The public may as well receive with many grains of allowance the news that the oil combination is at an end. It is true enough that certain refineries which have been supplied by the Petrolia Refining Company, and which have received notice of termination of their respective leases; a fact from which it might be supposed that now competition must come and will come, do not the public too hastily expect cheap oil in consequence. A rumour which is very likely to prove substantially true is that the sharp notice of termination of lease is resorted to by the Association for the purpose of bringing a dozen or two of the malcontents to terms, and showing them that they must "come to order." In other words, that they dictate or do not. It may be suspected, besides, that the move is intended to influence legislation, and that through persuading our assembled wisdom there that the oil monopoly is dead and buried, that we will do nothing to countenance it is necessary any more. But what is much safer to believe is that the present combination will be dissolved the weekly expiration of the present contracts, and that once it is past the monopoly will be alive again and stronger than ever. We would advise the public not to expect very large supply of cheap oil as a result of the present "fare up" among the monopolists.

SUBMITTING TO THE RESULT.

The New York *Herald* is very emphatic in asserting what the prevailing tone of other American journals seems to confirm, viz. that the Democrats will not "counted in" as Presidents, and that the Democrats will submit to the result, however disastrous. The country generally will be made to the completion of the count and the inauguration of HAYES, and the Democrats will not make any attempt would not only fail of its object but split and destroy the Democratic Party. All the best men in the Party will keep faith and maintain their honour, as they have expressed this intention with so much emphasis. The opposition to the work of the Commission will dwindle to mere angry protests. Taking the votes of all the Northern States, it appears that Mr. TILDEN has a majority of 184 votes (actually 05; the former being the choice of eighteen Northern States, and the latter of nine), and yet he is elected because States have 128 votes in the Electoral College, and the *Herald* maintains that with a fair count TILDEN would have had every one of them except South Carolina's 7, in which case he would have had 196 votes against 183 for his opponent. But a tribunal for the creation of which Democrats were mainly responsible has given the doubtful States to HAYES, and there is now no help for it.

Mr. TILDEN's hopes were staked upon the ability of his counsel to convince the Commission that it should receive and consider evidence which goes behind and contradicts the returns. That this evidence was ruled out in the case of Florida, and when a similar ruling followed in the case of Louisiana, he confident was virtually settled. "It will be "futile," says the *Herald*, "to contest "South Carolina, from which there is "also a double set of certificates, for the "Democratic House Committee unanimously admitted that that State was "carried for HAYES. For the Democrats "to rest any hopes on Oregon would be "preposterous, especially since the publication of the scandalous decipherings "despatches, which expose that stupendous and disgraceful trick." The *Herald's* opinion is not generally counted of weight to correspond with its large circulation; but its utterances serve the purpose of straws to show how the wind blows, and we have little doubt that its forecast of political probabilities will in this case be verified.

The South did really cast its vote almost "solid" for TILDEN, and, if any particular section of the Union has either the right or the disposition to refuse to accept the verdict of the Commission, it is the South that ought to be foremost in objecting. But the Southern leaders in Congress are in no mood for engaging in such a strife, or for taking upon their shoulders the burden of the political struggle that would follow. They are sincerely, we believe, in desiring peace above all things, and they give no countenance to proposals of resistance. Lacking the help of the South the Northern Democrats are powerless, but the Democracy as a whole is powerful in every case in which North and South can be got to pull heartily together. If, as expected, HAYES takes the Presidential chair, he will be compelled to temper his policy very much to suit the Democratic majority in the House of Representatives. Both parties will be put upon their good behaviour, and each will have to refrain from doing evil because of the check which the other is able to impose. And, even should it not quite reach no higher merit than that of negative goodness, the country may after the experience of recent years still be thankful for that much, after all.

SUMMARY OF ENGLISH NEWS.

To Tuesday, February 5th, inclusive.

THE SLADE CASE.

On January 29th the appeal of Dr. Slade against his conviction and sentence was heard at the Middlesex Sessions House before the Assistant Judge and a full bench of magistrates. The result was that the conviction was quashed on a technicality. The specific words mentioned in the Act, "by palmistry or otherwise," were omitted by Mr. Stavely Hill from the charge upon which the accused was convicted. They were omitted, Mr. Hill says, advisedly, but as it turns out fatally, greatly to the triumph of the Spiritualists, and of the whole army of Spiritualists. It was well known to the latter that the Serjeant would raise this technical point, if he gave an order (to Spiritualist) had privately expressed his opinion that the objection could not be surmounted.

SAD FUNERAL OF A COUNTESS.

A request has been held to investigate the circumstances attendant on the death of the Countess Howe. Deceased, who was giving a party at her residence, 10 Chesham place, when she fell down and died on the spot. Some inquiries. These were the circumstances stated to the *Manchester Courier*. It was not denied in evidence that the proceedings at the Ball were perfectly and honestly narrated; it was not alleged by any witnesses that the reports were coloured, distorted, or mutilated by a malicious hand. There was nothing to show that the report was not published in the ordinary course of journalism, or that it was inaccurate in any particular. The defendant rested his defence on the fairness of the report and on the fact that the subject under discussion was a matter of public interest and concern. But a Manchester jury took another view, awarding 40s damages, and their opinion was upheld by the Court of Common Pleas, on the ground that the jury should have sat in judgment, or the reporter should have exercised some discretion and omitted the personal allusions. This decision has not been upheld by the Court of Appeal.

DESTRUCTION OF THE TAY BRIDGE.

On the 28th ult. the Commissioners for Dundee, and the squalls on the Tay were such as have not been experienced for generations, heard evidence as to the fall of spans Nos. 12 and 13 of the Tay bridge, each 245 feet in length, situated near the centre of the bridge, and which fell carrying with them a train of several thousand of pounds having been on it.

FIVE CHILDREN KILLED BY THEIR MOTHER.

A most extraordinary discovery has just been made at Liverpool. It appears that Mrs. Kirkbride, a widow, who for ten years had been a schoolmistress near Penrith, Cumberland, left that town with great interest by all University men as well as by educational reformers. Mr. Smith brings to the notice of the public the horrible details of his observations on American academic life, and of certain, the bestial or ordinary familiarity with the conditions of our Sophish universities. It is easy to see that his sympathies are with Oxford and Cambridge, and not made him look the less favourably on his own *Alma Mater* with all her shortcomings, than he would have done, but the article which he contributes to this month's Fortnightly Review will be read by all so called Goldwin Smith,