

**DHINSTON & CO.,**  
 Curers of the **FIRST PRIZE "5 FAN"**  
**Cleaner and Separator,**  
 WHOLESALE AGENTS IN NEW BRUNSWICK FOR

It's Ithaca Horse Hay Rakes,  
 It's Improved Buckeye Mowers,  
 It's New Light Reapers,  
 It's Steel Mould Board Ploughs,  
 It's Root Slicer and Pulpers, and Staw Cutters,  
 It's Patent Flexible Iron Harrows,  
 It's Seed Sowing Attachment to Horse Rakes,  
 It's Turnip and Fertilizer Drills,  
 It's Randall Pulverizing Disk Harrows,  
 OFFICE AND WAREHOUSE, Opposite City Hall, Fredericton,  
 WAREHOUSE, Westey St., opposite east end of Queen St. Moncton,  
 Machines and Repairs for the same will be kept at these places, and  
 will be held on the North Shore by the agents at Dalhousie, Bathurst and

**NOTICE**  
 Having been made us, that customers have not been properly  
 advised, we have reorganized our  
 agents, and will permanently locate the following agents at the  
 following places, and will take  
 the following have been appointed local agents:  
 F. JARDINE, CHATHAM.  
 LES V. WALKER, COAL BRANCH.  
 R. DUNN, INDIANTOWN.  
 W. L. BROWN, POKEMOUCHE.  
 CHAS. BROS., BAY DU VIN.  
 J. H. DUTCH, NELSON.  
 GEORGE HILDEBRAND, General Agent, Newcastle.  
 Agents from customers in the North Shore Counties should be addressed,  
 & CO., Newcastle Miramichi. May 14 6mo.

have received per. S. S. Sardinian from Great  
 our first instalment, 49 CASES AND BALES  
 several Dry Goods for Spring '81.

oods are selected with care and purchased for  
 direct from the makers and we respectfully  
 attention of buyers to the high quality  
 immense variety of our stock. We have endeav-  
 place the LATEST NOVELTIES as early as  
 in Newcastle. Our low prices leave compar-  
 behind

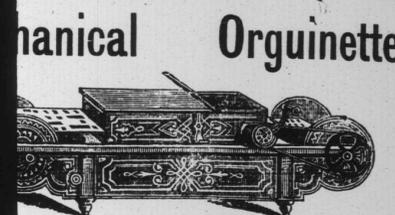
Wholesale and Retail.  
**SUTHERLAND & CREACHAN.**  
 26th March 1881.

**MICHI FOUNDRY COMPANY**  
 Chatham N B

HEAD, Manager; J. M. RUDDOCK, Mechanical Superintendent.  
 MANUFACTURERS OF  
**AM ENGINES AND BOILERS,**  
 Rotary Saw Mills, Gang Edgers and Shingle  
 Machines.

WE HAVE THE SOLE RIGHT TO MANUFACTURE  
 Wisconsin PATENT ROTARY SAW CARRIAGE  
 capable of doing the work of a gang with four men less.

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION ALWAYS ON HAND.  
 every facility for turning out work usually done in a first-class Foundry,  
 shop, parties requiring machinery for Mills, Steamboats, Factories, etc., are  
 supplied with us before purchasing elsewhere. All orders entrusted to us  
 with despatch and in the first-class manner.



**AN AUTOMATIC REED ORGAN.**

ORGUINETTE and PERFORATED MUSIC PAPER: a mere child,  
 any musical education, can produce an endless variety of excellent  
 UNIVERSE is no doubt a peony trap, but a musical instrument of real  
 become Standard in the United States, where 5,000 Orguinettes are

ORGUINETTE and MUSIC PAPER  
 any year, no matter how often played, and will not get out of order.  
 TO \$16. Send for illustrated Catalogue to  
**F. W. ABBOT & CO.,**  
 MONTREAL.

**STAR CLUB RATES.**  
 We shall be happy to supply the STAR  
 anyone getting up a club at the follow-  
 ing rates:  
 10 Copies Semi Weekly 1 year \$14  
 5 " " " " " " 7  
 15 " " Weekly " " " 4

**RATES OF ADVERTISING**  
 -IN-  
**Semi-Weekly Star.**

SPACE.	LENGTH OF TIME.	RATE.
A Column,	One Year	\$100
Half do.	"	50
Quarter do.	"	25
2 inches,	"	10
A Card,	"	12

of the above spaces, half the amount set  
 opposite for six months, one fourth the  
 amount for three months. Special arrange-  
 ments for terms shorter than three months.  
**TRANSIENT ADVERTISEMENTS.**  
 Single insertion not more than one inch,  
 50 cents; subsequent insertions [each] for  
 same space 25 cents.  
 Advertisements will be charged for  
 the time of insertion if not ordered to be  
 suspended in writing.  
 Advertising rates [outside the transi-  
 ent advertisements] payable every thirty  
 days.  
 Solid advertisements, ten cents a line.  
 Orders for the discontinuation of  
 advertising contracts, after the time agreed  
 upon, must be given in writing; else all  
 continued ads will be charged at the  
 regular rates.  
 The advertising rates in the WEEKLY STAR  
 are the same as those in the Semi-Weekly.  
 Special arrangement may be made  
 with the Editor or Publisher at the office.  
 Subscribers who do not receive their  
 papers promptly and regularly will please  
 send in word to the office.

**The North Star**  
 CHATHAM, N. B. May 25, 1881  
 J. E. COLLINS, EDITOR

**THE TUNIS CAMPAIGN.**

A sketch of the marching and fighting.  
 The first part of the cam-  
 paign, which was directed solely  
 against the border tribes, may  
 now be said to be finally closed.  
 The attack was made in three  
 columns, advancing from bases  
 on the eastern frontier of Algiers.  
 The mud and rain were the chief  
 obstacles to the advance; but  
 bands of Kroumirs appeared,  
 and lurking behind rocks and  
 brushwood, somewhat harassed  
 the French with a not very ef-  
 fectual fire. The Temps' corres-  
 pondent, who was with the left  
 wing of the expeditionary party,  
 describes the Kroumir country  
 as marked by deep ravines and  
 forests of oaks, with but few  
 patches of cultivated land. On  
 reaching the Feikalat crest  
 which commands it, Gen. Vin-  
 cendon and his staff were re-  
 ceived with musketry fire from  
 200 to 300 Kroumirs posted be-  
 hind brushwood and rocks—a  
 reception which was a signifi-  
 cant commentary on the Bey's  
 announcement that they had  
 submitted and were ready to  
 make reparation. The French  
 replied and had one man wound-  
 ed. The Galland column, while  
 marching toward Feikalat by  
 another route and by bad paths,  
 were exposed to a warm fire, but  
 they effected a junction with  
 Gen. Vincendon. On continuing  
 their march the French had one  
 man killed and five wounded.  
 The Kroumirs allowed them to  
 approach within fifty yards, then  
 fired and fled through the brush-  
 wood. A Kroumir who shot a  
 lieutenant in the leg, and was  
 immediately shot down dead by  
 a private next him, was a robust  
 youth of eighteen. His only  
 garment was a shirt with a cord  
 round the waist. He had a cut-  
 lass and a knapsack containing  
 powder and cartridges, but his  
 musket could not be found. In  
 a hut in a ravine were discover-  
 ed a woman and child and five  
 old men, also some hens; the  
 women were taken care of and  
 the hut set on fire. The French,  
 on nearing the coast and within  
 sight of Tabarca and the French  
 ships, found some Kroumirs  
 posted behind a mass of rocks.  
 They made a flank movement,  
 and on approaching within 500  
 yards fired on the rocks and  
 brushwood. The Kroumirs fled;  
 the French who had one man  
 killed, encamped on the spot.  
 They had marched twenty-five  
 or thirty kilometers in a region  
 where they had sometimes to  
 climb up by the help of bushes,  
 and not a single man had lagged  
 behind, though half of them  
 were conscripts of only five  
 months' standing, who at the  
 outset were rather diffident, but  
 after being fired at recovered  
 their nerve.

**A FIGHT IN THE RAVINES.**  
 The correspondent then goes  
 on to describe the most impor-  
 tant engagement of the cam-  
 paign. "At 2 o'clock," he says,  
 "the vanguard of this column  
 had carried the Rechid Macouris  
 peak, at the summit of which  
 the general had decided to pitch  
 his tent. The whole affair was  
 executed with consummate  
 skill, and the young soldiers  
 who entered the army only five  
 months ago acted splendidly.  
 However, beginning from the  
 moment we left the camp at  
 three, the vanguard had already  
 started forth on the work, and  
 at four o'clock the general and  
 his staff were at the head of his  
 brigade advancing to Fedj Kallah.  
 Here the first attempt at resis-  
 tance was encountered. A band  
 of fifty Kroumirs had posted  
 themselves behind rocks, and  
 when the French arrived they  
 opened fire upon them. A skir-  
 mish took place, in which four-  
 teen were wounded. Then the  
 enemy took to flight and rushed  
 into the ravine below, where  
 they kept up an intermittent fire  
 but without any effect. It is  
 doubtful, too, whether the re-  
 turn fire was very effective, for  
 the Kroumirs fight as it was ex-  
 pected they would. They crawl-  
 ed almost up to the foe, hiding  
 themselves behind the trees and  
 rocks, and taking advantage of  
 every inequality of ground, they  
 then fired at their adversary  
 point blank. The enemy driven  
 from this vantage ground, the  
 column continued its march to  
 the top of the Djebel Tekkek  
 ridge, which forms the frontier  
 line, till it reached the first of  
 the Rechid el Gauroura peaks.  
 Then again resistance was offer-  
 ed, but it was very soon over-  
 come. I must not, however, omit  
 to mention that General Vincen-  
 don was detained from eight to  
 eleven o'clock on the Takintia  
 ridge, a little northward of  
 where the first skirmish took  
 place, by the non-arrival of  
 Palan's brigade, two companies  
 of which had been cut off from  
 the main force, and were separ-  
 ated from it by a deep ravine,  
 occupied by the Kroumirs. The

**The Star**

VOLUME III. CHATHAM, N. B., MAY 25, 1881. NO. 88.

cles to be surmounted in this  
 campaign are not the military  
 force either of the Kroumirs,  
 Duchetats, or Tunisiens, but the  
 scarcity of water and the heat.  
 Both are terrible enemies, against  
 which discipline is almost power-  
 less. Our column, which left  
 the Wild Fowl Lake at four  
 o'clock in the morning, after  
 quitting the plains entered a  
 mountain district, and at about  
 8 a. m. crossed a stream at only  
 a short distance past Boradz Bou  
 Redium, at about twelve miles  
 from the place of starting. The  
 sun had been scorching, and  
 some of the men were evidently  
 suffering severely. I was riding  
 by the side of General Vincendon  
 at the head of the column, when  
 we reached a bridge spanning a  
 small stream. Seeing the state of  
 his troops he posted a company  
 of the Ninety-sixth of the Line on  
 the banks of the rivulet to pre-  
 vent the men of that regiment  
 from going down to drink. This  
 was no easy task, but it was ac-  
 complished, and the regiment  
 passed without a single man  
 having moistened his lips. It  
 appears cruel, but in fact it was  
 an act of humanity and good  
 generalship. The General har-  
 assed orders to give at the head  
 of the column now rode off, leaving  
 on aide-de-camp to transmit  
 orders to the colonel of the For-  
 tieth of the Line that no man  
 was to be allowed to drink.  
 When this regiment came up  
 the Colonel thought fit to disre-  
 gard the General's orders, and  
 the soldiers rushed down to the  
 fresh waters and revelled in the  
 immense luxury of a long  
 draught. A very few minutes  
 after the last man had regained  
 the road a halt of twenty min-  
 utes was sounded. General  
 Vincendon, to whom the Col-  
 onel's disobedience had been  
 reported, sent for him immedi-  
 ately, and, taking away his  
 sword, condemned him to a  
 fortnight's arrest.

enemy was, however, at twelve  
 o'clock driven out of his posi-  
 tion and the forward movement  
 continued. Skirmishing has  
 been kept up all day by the  
 Kroumirs, who show great bra-  
 very in attempting to cope with  
 the force brought against them.  
 From where I am sitting on a  
 rock I can see Tararca, which is  
 in flames. The success is com-  
 plete.

**THE COTTON "OUTRAGE."**

(Mail.)  
 When we are told that the  
 people are paying \$2,000,000 of  
 taxation "on cottons" we are,  
 of course, prepared to be shocked.  
 And when we read that the  
 \$2,000,000 goes to the "cotton  
 lords" we feel the stirrings of  
 communism within us. But  
 when in moments of coolness we  
 give up our minds to reflection,  
 we relax our frowns and lower  
 the tone of our indignation. A  
 comparison of the value of the  
 importation of cotton and other  
 articles between 1878 and 1880  
 suggests various reflections to  
 the well regulated mind. Tak-  
 ing the items of cotton import-  
 ation as nearly as they can be  
 compared for the two years, we  
 find the figures to be as fol-  
 lows:

1878—Value,	\$4,056,197
1880—Value,	1,373,655

Decrease, \$2,672,542  
 Again, taking in the same way  
 the items of blankets and flan-  
 nels in wool goods imported, we  
 make a comparison as follows:

1878—Value,	\$554,016
1880—Value,	297,827

Decrease, \$256,189  
 Again, taking the total import-  
 ation of wool goods imported for  
 the two years, the figures run up  
 as follows:

1878—Value,	\$8,826,690
1880—Value,	6,394,768

Decrease, \$2,431,922  
 Again, taking the items of im-  
 ports of cabinetware and furni-  
 ture as another example, we find  
 the following result:

1878—Value,	\$399,330
1880—Value,	92,049

Decrease, \$307,281  
 We have taken these simple  
 obvious cases of goods that are in  
 daily consumption. They show  
 that there is less imported, and  
 less duty (or "taxation," as the  
 Opposition insist) paid than in  
 1878, and yet the prices have  
 not increased. The money paid  
 for the goods produced at home  
 goes, we are told, into the pocket  
 of the cotton lords, wool  
 lords, and furniture lords, not to  
 speak of the sugar lords, who are  
 the worst of all. This is a  
 favourite theory with the Op-  
 position. But the fact is, and  
 every intelligent man knows it,  
 that the money goes into build-  
 ings for extending business, and  
 wages of men for building them;  
 into wages for the increased  
 number of hands employed; into  
 freight for raw material carried;  
 into insurance on stock and  
 buildings; into machinery, some,  
 or much, of which is now being  
 made at home; and the reason-  
 able balance, less municipal tax-  
 ation and repairs, goes as profit  
 on the investment of capital.  
 The money paid in wages circulates  
 all through the country in  
 many ways, which all intelligent  
 persons understand. The  
 "lords" pocket but a reasonable  
 profit on their investments. The  
 great mass of the money which  
 was formerly paid for the labour  
 of English and American arti-  
 zans is now paid to our own  
 citizens and labourers. These  
 latter are fully aware of the fact,  
 however the Opposition may  
 try to conceal it.

ing clash of tons of ice dashed  
 against their houses, and  
 stepped from their bed into water  
 already so deep that haste was  
 needful to reach the upper story  
 if there was one, the roof there  
 not, or the shelter of a barn or  
 stack of greater height than the  
 dwelling. Wave succeeded wave,  
 and frames were crushed in,  
 timber strained and bent, and  
 roofs uplifted, until incoherent  
 ruin took the place of orderly  
 comfort. One woman left alone  
 with her young child was awak-  
 ened by the crashing in of one  
 end of her house. The waters  
 pursued her in the second story,  
 and even into the loft, so she  
 beat a hole through the roof  
 with her hands, clambered on  
 the ridge of the roof with her  
 infant, and there remained four  
 days, until help came. One  
 woman was confined during the  
 commencement of the flood, and  
 as the waters rose her bed was  
 raised on boards laid across the  
 uppermost rafter in the apex of  
 the house. There she remained  
 nine days, and now she and the  
 child are doing well. Two old  
 ladies left alone found their  
 house gradually leaning to its  
 fall, and rushing out into the  
 night through water above their  
 waists gained safety in the top  
 of their barn near by, there re-  
 maining for more than a week.  
 Little children with naught to  
 cover them save the scantiest  
 night attire, withstood exposure  
 that would make a strong man  
 shudder to imagine, and are to-  
 day all well save sundry frost-  
 bitten members. All these have  
 been rescued, too. These poor  
 people have such accommoda-  
 tions only as a generous people  
 themselves little less than des-  
 titute, could give them.

A Cough, Cold, or Sore Throat should be  
 stopped. Neglect frequently results in an  
 Incurable Lung Disease or Consumption.  
 BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES do not  
 disorder the stomach like cough syrups and  
 balsams, but act directly on the inflamed  
 parts, allaying irritation, give relief to  
 Hoarseness, Coughs, Catarrh, and the  
 Throat Troubles which Singers and Public  
 Speakers are subject to. For thirty years  
 Brown's Bronchial Troches have been recom-  
 mended by physicians, and always gives  
 perfect satisfaction. Having been tested by  
 wide and constant use for nearly an entire  
 generation, they have attained well-merited  
 rank among the few staple remedies of the  
 age. Sold at 25 cents a box everywhere.

**Mothers! Mothers!! Mothers!!!**  
 Are you disturbed at night and broken of  
 your rest by a sick child suffering and  
 crying with the excruciating pain of cutting  
 teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of  
 Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. It will re-  
 lieve the poor little sufferer immediately—  
 depend upon it, there is no mistake about it.  
 There is not a mother on earth who has ever  
 used it, who will not tell you at once that  
 it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to  
 the mother, and relief and health to the  
 child, operating like magic. It is perfectly  
 safe in all cases, and pleasant to the taste,  
 and is the prescription of one of the oldest  
 female physicians and nurses in the United  
 States. Sold every where at 25 cents a bottle.

**Help**  
 Yourself by making money  
 when a golden chance is offered  
 thereby always keeping poverty  
 from your door. Those who at-  
 tain the advantage of the good chances for  
 making money that are offered, generally  
 become wealthy, while those who do not  
 improve such chances remain in poverty.  
 We want many men, women, boys and girls  
 to work for us right in their own localities.  
 The business will pay more than ten times  
 ordinary wages. We furnish an expensive  
 outfit and all that you need, free. You can  
 devote your whole time to the work, or only  
 your spare moments. Full information and  
 all that is needed sent free. Address: Sin-  
 son & Co., Portland, Maine. oct30 scw1.

**TO LET**  
 The Shop adjoining the Residence of  
 Mrs. James Maher. For further  
 particulars apply on the premises.  
 Chatham N.B. April 30, 1881—6i

**SEEDS!**  
 1881—1881

**JUST RECEIVED**  
 AT THE  
**NEW DRUG STORE,**

Direct from the most Re-  
 liable Growers in Canada  
 Our Stock of

**FRESH GARDEN SEEDS.**  
 We guarantee them PURE and  
 Suitable for this climate being  
 grown in Canada.

Orders by mail promptly attended to,  
 and SEEDS sent free of postage  
 to any part of the country.  
 ALSO—a choice assortment of  
**FLOWER SEEDS**  
 daily expected.

**MACKENZIE & CO.**  
 Chatham N B April 2

**Harness.**  
**Harness.**

Having commenced business in my new  
 factory, I am now prepared to manufacture  
 Harness of all descriptions.  
 Collars a specialty. A few of those  
 celebrated

**VICTOR HUGO COLLARS**  
 always in stock. Carriage trimmings neatly  
 executed. Orders from abroad promptly  
 attended to and shipped with care.

**A. H. PALLEN.**  
 Opp. Utlock's stables  
 Chatham Feb 16—3 mos

**JOHN HAVILAND,**  
**Harness and**

**Collar Maker,**  
 would announce to his former customers  
 and the public, that he may be found at  
 his old stand opposite the Masonic Hall,  
 where he is prepared to manufacture  
 Harness of every description,

**Collar Making.**  
 Having a practical experience of this  
 branch of the Trade for "THIRTY-  
 THREE YEARS," he is prepared to  
 turn out COLLARS which cannot be  
 excelled in the Dominion.  
 The most difficult horse sashes: actorily  
 fitted.  
 Chatham, April 29th, 1881—3m

**CO-PARTNERSHIP**  
**NOTICE.**

The undersigned would respectfully inform  
 the residents of Chatham and vicinity, that  
 they have entered into a co-partner-  
 ship under the name and style of Mer-  
 serreau & Thomson, for the purpose of  
 carrying on a Picture Framing and Pho-  
 tographic business.  
 J. Y. MERSEREAU,  
 E. H. THOMSON.  
 Chatham, N. B., April 28, 1881.

**PHOTOGRAPHIC.**  
 In reference to the above we would say that  
 we have bought out the Photographic busi-  
 ness lately conducted by Mr J P Stevens, in  
 the Studio on Duke street nearly oppo-  
 site the Canada House, where we are prepared  
 to take  
 Photographs and Tinty et,  
 at the lowest rates.  
**PICTURE FRAMING.**  
 We keep constantly on hand a large supply  
 of Picture Frame & Mouldings,  
 and are prepared to make up any style of  
 frames to order, at prices that defy com-  
 petition.  
 Don't forget the place, nearly op-  
 posite the Canada House, Duke street.  
 MERSEREAU & THOMSON,  
 PHOTOGRAPHERS.

**SEWING MACHINES.**  
 I respectfully inform my friends and pat-  
 rons, that I have by no means given up  
 handling the celebrated  
**WANZER SEWING MACHINES**  
 and may be found at the Studio above men-  
 tioned where orders shall receive prompt at-  
 tention. Repairing attended to as usual.  
 J. Y. MERSEREAU,  
 Chatham, April 30, '81 3 m

**JOHN FRASER,**  
 Water Street, Chatham.

Direct importer of choice Wines,  
 Liquors and Cigars, good accom-  
 modation for all travellers; permanent boarding at  
 reasonable rates  
 Good stabling on the premises.  
 Bar-room constantly supplied with  
 the best brand liquors, cigars etc.  
 Chatham, April 4, 1881 1 yr.

**GRAY'S**  
**SYRUP**  
 or  
**RED**  
**SPRUCE**  
**GUM.**

**TO LET**  
 The Shop adjoining the Residence of  
 Mrs. James Maher. For further  
 particulars apply on the premises.  
 Chatham N.B. April 30, 1881—6i

**TO LET**  
 The Shop adjoining the Residence of  
 Mrs. James Maher. For further  
 particulars apply on the premises.  
 Chatham N.B. April 30, 1881—6i

**TO LET**  
 The Shop adjoining the Residence of  
 Mrs. James Maher. For further  
 particulars apply on the premises.  
 Chatham N.B. April 30, 1881—6i

**TO LET**  
 The Shop adjoining the Residence of  
 Mrs. James Maher. For further  
 particulars apply on the premises.  
 Chatham N.B. April 30, 1881—6i

**TO LET**  
 The Shop adjoining the Residence of  
 Mrs. James Maher. For further  
 particulars apply on the premises.  
 Chatham N.B. April 30, 1881—6i

**TO LET**  
 The Shop adjoining the Residence of  
 Mrs. James Maher. For further  
 particulars apply on the premises.  
 Chatham N.B. April 30, 1881—6i

**"STAR"**  
 Semi-Weekly and Weekly  
 The former edition published WED-  
 NESDAYS AND SATURDAYS. Terms  
 \$2.00 per annum in advance.

**THE WEEKLY STAR**  
 Published on SATURDAYS. Terms, \$1.00  
 per annum in advance. Sent to any address  
 post-paid for above figures.

J. E. COLLINS,  
 EDITOR & PROPRIETOR  
 Chatham, N. B.

**T. F. KEAREY,**  
 -DEALER IN-  
**CHOICE BRANDS**

Wines,  
 Liquors  
 and Cigars.

-ALSO IN-  
**ENGLISH ALE & IRISH PORTER**

Large quantities of which are always kept  
 on hand and for sale by the dozen or the  
 barrel.  
**T. F. KEAREY,**  
 [Near of Customs House,] CHATHAM, N. B.  
 Chatham, Aug. 20, 1880—1f

**THOS. FLANAGAN**  
 Has on hand and is Selling Low A  
**LARGE ASSORTMENT OF**

**DRY GOODS,**  
**Ready Made Clothing**

ETC., ETC.  
 Also—A Full Assortment of

**Boots and Shoes.**  
 A FULL STOCK OF

**LIQUORS, GROCERIES and**  
**PROVISIONS**

Always on hand.  
 Call and inspect before purchasing  
 elsewhere.  
**THOMAS FLANAGAN,**  
 Canard St., Chatham.  
 April 20, 1881. 3m

**HOTEL DUFFERIN**  
 CHARLOTTE STREET,  
**SAINT JOHN, N. B.**

**BEQ. W. SWETT, PROPRIETOR.**  
 Formerly Manager of the Vic-  
 toria Hotel.

November 1st—1f  
**FLOUR! FLOUR!!**

Excelling today  
 125 barrels choice "White Star,"  
 125 barrels choice "Welcome,"  
 125 barrels Cornmeal.  
 To be sold low by  
 STARTLE  
 E. A. STRANG

**WILLET & QUIGLEY,**  
**BARRISTERS, ATTORNEYS.**  
 NOTARIES PUBLIC, &c.,  
 Princes St., Ritchie's Building, (up stairs),  
 St. John, N. B.

John Willet,  
 Rich'd F. Quigley, LL. B., D. C. L.,  
 Commissioner for Massachusetts

**D. DESMOND,**  
 DIRECT IMPORTER OF  
**CHOICE WINES, LIQUORS**  
**AND CIGARS.**

**LOWER WATER ST., CHATHAM.**  
 Good Stabling on the premises.  
 Bar-room constantly supplied with the best  
 of liquors and cigars.

**The Great American Remedy for**  
**COUGHS, COLDS, ASTHMA,**  
**BRONCHITIS, LOSS OF**  
**VOICE, HOARSENESS AND**  
**THROAT AFFECTIONS.**

Prepared from the finest Red Spruce Gum. (Dok-  
 eton's Flavor) Balsamic, Soothing, Expecto-  
 rant and Tonic. Superior to any other offered for  
 all the above complaints. A scientific combination  
 of the Gum which comes from the Red Spruce tree  
 (which doubt the most valuable native Gum for  
 medicinal purposes.)