POOR DOCUMENT

THE SEMI-WEEKLY TELEGRAPH, ST. JOHN, N. B., JULY 8, 1903.

POPE LEO DYING; LAST RITES ADMINISTERED.

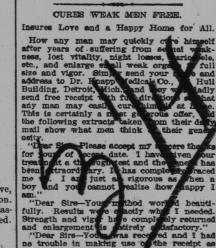
Aged Pontiff is Suffering from Pneumonia, and All Hope of Saying His Life Has Been Abandoned - Pathetic Scene Around His Deathbed.

had three hours sleep but woke with believes that the oppression on his chest believes that the oppression on his chest and the accompanying difficulty of breathbelieves that the oppression on his chest and the accompanying difficulty of breathing are mirely the results of extreme weakness. As soon as he saw me, his holiness repeatedly requested me to turn my attention to the best means of restoring his strength, which, he said, was all he required, except a little fresh air. Now and then the Pope has recourse to his invocations. He groaned and complained of pains on both sides of the throat. Tenderly Dr. Lapponi, assisted by Pope Leo's walet Pio Centra, and the physicians second assistant, De Castro, lifted the frail form and changing the position succeeded in giving the patient some relief.

Though hovering on the brink of death, the life of the Pontiff is still prolonged

Increase of 57,279 Over 1902--The British Gave the Largest

Ottawa, July 3—(Special)—Immigration returns for the year ending June, 1903, show 124,658 arrivals in Canada. There were 44,960 from United States; 41,787 from the British Isles, and 37,891 continental, compared with year 1902 this shows an increase of 57,279. The figures for past year show an increase from United States of 70 per cent from British Isles 140 per cent, and from



by means of strong stimulants and concentrated nourishment, and while he is still alive his wonderful vitality may again resist and conquer the attack of this illness. Late last evening after the excitement of the ceremony of the last sacrament was over the Pope seemed less restless, partly soothed by the religious service and partly by a doze of chloral which was given to him in considerable quantity.

drawn up to a window overlooking the pizza of St. Peter's. The chamber is very large and draped with green curtains. The only picture in the room is an antique Madonna and the sole ornament a great

interior of the Vatican during the The interior of the Vatican during the learly hours of this morning testifies to the conviction that the passage of Pope Leo is very near. The courtyard of St. Damazo is filled with the carriages of the cardinals. Cardinal Satolli drove to Rome from Frascati this evening, the beautiful carriage horses covered with dust and perspiration. In the cortile are and many notables. Servants and messengers hurry across the court with bundles of huge wax tapens and with the robes of the ecclesistical dignitaries who are waiting within the palace. The ante-chambers of the palace were thronged tonight with princes of the church, high noblemen and members of the diplomatic corps. Telegrams of inquiry have been received from experience of the monarche of Europe.

everal of the monarchs of Europe. Rome, July 5, 7.20 p. m.—At this hour the Pope is sinking so fast that it has been considered best to gradually inform him of the gravity of his condition, in ormm of the gravity of his condition, in or-der that he may prepare for his last com-munion, which will be administered to-night with the participation of all the teardinals who are now in Rome and also the whole of the Pontificial court.

The Pontiff is still conscious. He finds his breathing has been somewhat relieved by inhaling overen.

by inhading oxygen.

There is still some hope that he may survive the night. 9.45 p. m.—The following was issued at

Since morning the Pope's weakness has increased slightly. His pulmonary condition is unchanged, his breathing is somewhat rapid, and his pulse, which is weaker, is not irregular. His temperature is less than mormal. His Holiness is perfectly conscious.

(Signed) LAPPONI.

MAZZONI.

Brussels, July 5—The Catholic organ Levingtieme Siecle has received the following telegram from Rome:

"The death agony of Pope Leo has commenced. His demise may be expected at any moment. The last sacraments have been administered.

Rome, July 5—The Associated Press correspondent saw Dr. Mazzoni this afternoon on his return from consultation at Pope Leo's bedside. The doctor said: "The situation this time is certainly very grave, in view of the great age of the patient and his state of extreme weak-

the patient and his state of extreme weakness. However, the case is not yet desperate, especially with a man having such
unexpected reserve of tenegy and vitality
which at the age of 93 is indeed astonishing. The exact definition of the Pope's
filness is senile adynamic pneumonia, but
his holimess has not the least idea that
he is attacked by any organic disease. In
fact, he was not in bed when I went
to
the Vatican, but was seated in his usual
Rome, July 5—It is stated that owing to
the serious illness of the Pope the proposed
wisit of King Victor Emmanuel to Paris
has been postponed indefinitely.

Washington, July 5—The apostolic legation received a despatch at 6 o'clock this
sevening from Cardinal Rampolli, the papal
seretary of state, regarding the serious illness of the Pope. The despatch is simply
a copy of the first official bulletin conterning the pontiff's condition

The lowever of Ferro on lies in it abiltwo trengthen an it mit to nourise anfeebled rg manutanted to prayer or a
manumruct purpor or
and again by a murmured prayer or a
despatched of the poption of the Loggie of Raphael.

In the portion of the Loggie of Raphael,
adjoining the papal apartments, were the
adjoining the papal

kome, July 5—During the afternoon the strength of the pontiff began to fail him so rapidly and his condition became so critical that it appeared that only a few more hours of life remained for him. It was, therefore deemed wise to advise him of his graphs condition and this was done with therefore deemed wise to advise him of his grave condition and this was done with tender precaution. Pope Leo was thus prpared for his last communion, which was administered tonight with the participation of all the cardinals now in Rome and the whole of the pontificial court.

The solemn yet gorgeous ceremony of administering the last sacrament took place at the bedside of Pope Leo. The central figure was the dying pontiff, whose long

figure was the dying pontiff, whose long, life's journey is nearly over, calmly preparing to enter the dark valley. His pale and emaciated face, almost as white as the pillows on which it rested, showed little sign of life, except the keen, glittering eyes, always his most striking feature.

Around the bed were grouped the noble guards, in their glittering uniforms, the Knights of the cloak and Sword in their

picturesque medieval costume of black with white ruffs, twenty five cardinals,

picturesque medieval costume of black with white ruffs, twenty five cardinals, all the members of the Sacred College who are present in Rome, stately and venerable figures in their sweeping crimson robes, the whole forming a scene of rich, yet subdued coloring, a fit subject for the pencil of Rembrandt.

The whole of what is called the pontifical family, headed by Cardinal Rampolli, including all the private chamberlains, was there. Nearest to the bed stood the imposing, tall figure of the Cardinal Grand Peniteritary, Serafiino Vannutelli, with the Pope's confessor to hear the last confession of the departing Pontiff. Then the Priest Apostolic approached, hearing the viaticum to give the last communion and administer the exereme unction, assisted by the Grand Penitentiary. Pope Leo feebly recited the confession of faith as formulated by the council of Trent and finally the words of absolution and the formula of indulgence in articulo mortis, were solemnly pronounced by the Grand Penitentiary.

Penitentiary.

The heads of the great religious order The heads of the great religious orders who were present granted the Pope the special indulgences which they have the privilege of conferring. Then came the touching prayers for a passing soul and part of the gospel, the Lord's Passion. As the last words died away, all fell on their knees. The Pontiff, raising his almost transparent fingers with a feeble effort pronounced in scarcely audible words his benediction on the sacred college and on benediction on the sacred college and on all present and then sank back on the

all present and then sank back on the pillows. There was scarcely a tearless eye in the whole assemblage, the sobs of the Pope's relatives were plainly heard and deep silence followed, only broken now and again by a murmured prayer or a pious ejaculation.

In the portion of the Loggis of Raphael, adjoining the papal apartments, were the families of Count Riccardo Pecci and Count Moroni, the Pope's nephews.

Rome, July 5—The condition of his holiness at this hour (11 p. m.), though still grave, is not so serious as late this after-

ness and argues and discusses the doctors prescriptions. The latter, fearing to ex-

An official communication of the true condition of the Pope has been made only to Cardinal Rampolli as papal secretary of state, and Cardinal Oreglia di Santo Stefino, as dean of the sacred college a Cameriengo. In the latter capacity, Cai dinal Oreglia, in event of the Pope's deat minal Original, in event of the Pope's teath will perform an important ceremony. Assuming white robes of mourning, he will proceed to the death room, where, while all are kneeling, he will unveil the face of the departed and strike the forehead of the dead pontiff with a silver hammer, calling the deceased by name, and will then soldently appropriet that the Pope is

IMMIGRATION TO CANADA NEARLY DOUBLE THIS YEAR.

continental Europe 60 per cent. Homestead entries show even a gr verage increase than total arrivals. Num ber of entries for year were 31,343, an in-crease of 16,710 over previous year. In 1896 entries for year were 1,857.

no trouble in making use directed, and can truthfull to weak men. I am gro size, strength and vigor." All correspondence is

Charles D. Dickinson Falls in a Fit in Post Office Rotunda and May

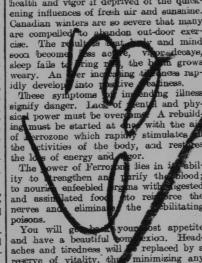
New York, July 5.- Charles D. Dickinson, a broker whose home is Woodstock (N. B.), fell to the floor in the rotunda of the general post office early today and sustained injuries to his head which may result fatally. The injured man could rethat he had an attack of vertigo.

Wireless Telegraph for Manœuvres. Washington, July 3-Rear Admiral Bradford has ordered twenty sets of wireelegraphy for installation on the flagships and scouts which will participate in sum The Topeka and Prairie will soon install

wireless telegraphy sets for experimental First Border—"Don't you always have a stuffy feeling in this house?" Second Board-er—"Not when we are in the dining room."

TIREDNESS, LASSITUDE, HEAD-

Danger Signals of Spring Sickness. Only the very robust can maintai



GRAND TRUNK

NO INCREASE IN IRON DUTY

The Terms of Agreement Cor-

dially Endorsed by Boards

of Trade and Press.

Assistance May be Given Steel Producers in the Shape of Increased Bounties - A Big Increase in Number of Canadian Manufac-

Ottawa, July 5.—(Special)—Joseph Pope nder secretary of state, leaves for Wash ington, along with Mr. Topley, the photo grapher of the interior department, to take photographs of certain documents mentioned in the United States case as presented for the Alaska boundary commission

The Grand Trunk project, the iron and the Grand Trunk project, the iron and steel proposition and the silver lead matter will be presented to a caucus of the Liberals on Tuesday. In connection with the iron and steel question, the matter has not been definitely settled, but there will be no increase in the duties. Assistance be no increase in the duties. Assistance will be given by a change in the bounty as tion, when a large number of excellent stock will be offered for sale. already pretty well indicated.

The producers of lead will get a bounty of \$15 a ton on the smelted ore and the bounty heretofore given to the refiners will be done away with.

The details of the Grand Trunk under

taking will not be ready for submission to the caucus but the leading features of the trans-continental line, as published in this correspondence, will no doubt be pronounced upon.

The terms of the proposed agreemen between the Canadian government and the

Grand Trunk Railway, as outlined in this ns-continental have been well received press and the public. Boards of trade and other societies as well as leading citizens, have expressed their approval.

The independent press expresses satisfaction. The Evening Journal of Ottawa, after giving the terms of the agreement, says editorially:

"There will be no cash subsidy, no land

grant, and a government mortgage will be taken on the road to secure repayment be taken on the road to secure repayment of any part of the bond guarantee, which the government may be called on to pay.

"With the latter facts there will be, we think, great satisfaction throughout most of Canada. The growing feeling against presenting public money and land to such private citizens, as take up the business of railway promotion, has evidently at last told upon parliament.

"Canada, the only country in the world

"Canada, the only country in the world which has been giving money and land away in this fashion, has apparently come to the happy pass where the lavishness stops. Aid is still to be given to railway promoters but in the form of loans or of interest guarantees only with security to government for repayment. The dominion apparently reaches a basis of common sense as regards encouragement of railway

cific Company must in the end foot the bill or lose the road."

bill or lose the road."

It has been arranged with the department of interior that when the visiting journalists from Britain came to Canada the Maritime Provinces will be included in

The census report on Canadian manufactures will show that this branch of our na tional activity has made wonderful strides since the year 1891. The biggest developsince the year 1891. The biggest develop-ment is in Ontario, but the gain is by no means confined to that province alone. In 1891, even blacksmith shops with their one and two workers, were all enumerated as industrial establishments, and so the re-turn was much larger than it would be if only factories and the like had been reck-

ploys less than five hands. Still, in spite of this fact, there is shown a growth of \$12,000,000 in the annual output of manu factures over 1891. And if the comparison be found even more satisfactory than this.

ST. JOHN MAN

Edward L. Scribner Found Lying Unconscious on the Common, and Bled Shortly After.

age and had recently been working at Crescent Beach, lodging in Revere. His father, H. L. Scribner, who lives in Can-ton (Me.), was notified of his son's death.

about pumped out, and actual operations of mining will commence in a few days. American tourists are arriving in large

PURE-BRED CATTLE FOR N. B. BREEDERS.

Fredericton Last Evening.

Fredericton, July 3-A car load of pure red cattle recently purchased by W. W. n Ontario are expected to arrive this vening by C. P. R. The lot comprises ome of the finest stock and will be dis out the province for whom they were pur chased. In the lot are twelve head of cat Ontario, and the best stock breeders in Ontario, and the stock of New Bruns-wick cannot help profiting by the excel-lent importation of which nearly all are

The lot comprises, one fine young bul for Hon. L. P. Farris, White's Cove, pur chased from Wm. Smith, ex-M. P., o Columbus (Ont.); one bull and two cow for P. C. Powys, Kingsclear, from John Moore and the Glenhodsen Farm, Company of Myrtle (Ont.); two heifers for N. F. Phillips, Pembroke, Carleton county, from A. N. Smith, Maple Lodge (Ont.)

Two heifers for John A. Little, Harvey, and one heifer for John A. Humble, Stanley, purely and from Lohn Bright, of

One Clyde mare and colt and one bull chased from John Bright. rive which will be for sale.

A very fine Holstein cow for

If the demand is sufficient there will ! an importation and auction, sale of pu bred sheep and swine at either Woo stock or Fredericton during the comi

Powers Declare That They Will Not Allow Servia to Be Gobbled Up.

London, July 3-The Vienna correspondent ent of the Daily Telegraph says in official circles of the Austrian capital the view is gaining ground that the outbreak of a war and it is inferred that an encounter may occur at any moment. A newspaper in Sofia quotes the Bulgarian war minister

as saying:
"We will never attack Turkey, but stand prepared to defend Servia, our constitu-tion and rights. War would endanger us other vultures who are waiting for our end move the Sultan we would march on Con stantinople and set his son on the throne and baffle the intrigues of Reshed Bey, the

Sultan's brother."

On receiving the Bulgarian note on Wed-On receiving the Bulgarian note on Wednesday, protesting against the massing of Turkish troops on the Bulgarian frontier and accusing Turkey of seeking an intenational conflict, Count Golochowski, the Austrian chancellor, stated emphatically that the powers would never allow Turkey to attack Bulgaria, but warned Bulgaria that should she provoke hostilities she would lose the sympathy and support of all Europe. A similar intimation has been conveyed to Bulgaria from St. Petersburg.

WOODSTOCK VOTES FOR

More Than Three to One in Favor of Bonus and Exemption for Pork Packing Industry.

Woodstock, N. B., July 3-(Special)-Several weeks ago the Meductic Pork Packing Company, now doing business at Meductic, made a proposal to the town council to remove its business here, erect teen years, exemption from licenses for workmen for this year and a bonus o

favor of the proposals and the question of bonus was voted upon by the property seven ratepayers, representing \$167,450, voted against.

Several heavy ratepayers did not vote.

Those in favor of the bonus are jubilant over the result.

When Mr. and Mrs. Albert Beers left

Newton Centre (Mass.), and boarded the Prince George at Boston for Nova Scotia, says Friday's Yarmouth Times, they registered with two children and a maid. They leave to return tonight with three children are of when bears a royal summer.

LAMOTHE DEAD IN NEW YORK KILLED BY REVOLVER SHOT.

Carload Was Due to Arrive at He Was a French-Canadian and College Graduate - Evidently Not the Man Seen at Waterville.

> New York, July 5-Joseph A. Lamothe, Detective Becker in the reception room oned and gave him the last sacament. In reply to the questions of the priest as to his relatives, he turned his trouble.

Attendants at the hospital say that the dying man did not utter a word which could in any way be taken as a statement.

It is said that when the injured man was being taken to the ward of the hospital he murmured: "I want to die."

Lamothe, it is stated, has a brother, a elergyman, attached to St. Francis Xavier shurch, Little Falls, Minn.

Boston, July 4—Joseph Lamothe was a mates that is in this part of the country. I never knew him to be friendly with any

classes in St. Marie's College, Marievilleyoung woman.

bright by his songs and piano playing. He had a peculiar way of keeping

he spent reading aided him greatly, en-abling him to reach the head of his class. He paid special attention to chemistry
A college chum of Lamothe called "He was a quiet fellow," said the friend,

was so quiet and distant with his college mates that he was called "Sissy." This

nickname was given him when in his first year, and from that time it held to La-

mothe, who was at times angered by it. Lamothe declared that he did not care

for women. He became greatly annoyed at times when some of his schoolmates

"when in college, and spent his time read-ing. He was taking a regular course. "I had not seen him from the time I After an examination the coroner's can be easily identified by the scar on ms physician gave it as his cpinion that Lamothe had killed himself, probably intensity in the property of the property in the property of the property in the property of the property is a property of the proper ter with his right hand, but I can't say "If I see Lamothe on the street I wil

STATES HIS VIEWS. Director Cushing was asked Friday the strike what the situation was. He said the city street cleaning work was being done as usual, but the construction work was penig done as usual, but the construction work was practically suspended. The work at which the striking laborers declined to continue could wait for a time as, while t was desirable, it was not absolutely necessary at once. The hold-up of operations in extending the water and sewer-age service out Mount Pleasant was to

vice down Germain street, that was desirable, but the people had water service and the new work was mainly for improvement. The work will not be resumed

that there is wisdom in changing their views. He says the position of the city the men's own interests that they go to work as now. If they insist on a fixed rate of \$1.25 and \$1.50 that will force the city to call its men and pay each according to his work, and it would take away work from many who now receive city employment. He says under present con ditions the men get work for longer time comes back to the director for re-engagement he is taken on again. This is not

ment he is taken on again. This is not a mere theory, he says, it is common practice. If conditions as at present are changed it will bring the laborer to the point of being accepted or rejected, according to this capability and be paid according to the scale imposed by the law of supply and demand.

As to the statement made by the laborates. ing men's representatives, after the meeting with him, he says the matter was no correctly set out by the representatives. They claimed, he said, that certain en

spired at that conference could have been more farily set forth dian was done by the men's representatives before the Berryman's Hall meeting.

The congregation of St. Joachim

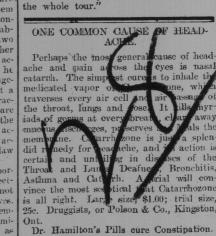
the congregation of St. Joachill's church, Silver Falls, will hold their annual pictric on the McTravis grounds, Marsi Road, on Tucsday next. Trains will leave the depot at 2.30 and 6.15; returning at 7 and 8.30. Busses will also leave the King's Square during the day for the picnic. The grounds are well adapted for higher transfer of pictric and property of pices. St. John orchestra will furnish music. Ex

Of Edward M. Atkins, the notice of whose death P. E. Island papers are asked to copy, the Boston Herald of Monday

yesterday morning at the Soldiers' Home in Chelsea. He was Edward M. Atkins, of Cambridge, who served during the Spanish war as a private in company "M," 13th the service he contracted tuberculosis, and his death yesterday was from that cause. He was unmarried, and went to the home April 2 of this year, from Cambridge, Spanish war veterans at the home, and the

As Mr. Pope Saw Us.

The Royal Tour of Canada, 1901, by Joseph Pope, C. M. G., is a handsome volume of 372 pages, but it scarcely does justice to St. John. The illustration which is described as the I. C. R. station at St John may be the city hall of some other city, but it certainly is not the St. John railway station. However, though Mr. Pope thinks there was a lack of police control on the barrack square. he speaks in the highest praise of the recepfreshness, brightness, and a gentine cor-diality which were not anywhere excelled." The exhibition hall was "one of the most handsomely decorated buildings of



Summer School of Science. The annual meeting of the Summer School of Science will take place this year at Chatham, Northumberlae anty (N.

Board can be had at reasonable term by applying at once to the local secretary, J. Baxter, M. D., Chatham, and the ticket

County Court Chambers.

Before Judge Forbes Monday, in the matter of the John F. Dockrill estate, ap-T. P. Regan appeared in support of the application, and Jack H. A. L. Fairwea-

"You have broken the Sabbath, Johnny," of town and country people for a few said a good man to his son. "Yes," said his little sister, "and mothers' long comb, too, right in three places."

