Sunday Reading.

HIS FIRST CHANCE.

A very unusual incident is related in nost too strange to be true:

A young man had just joined the church. He was in the very first glow of religious elation, and eager to do something definite and important to prove himself worthy of the christian name. It was a country church, old and conservative. There were few young people in it, and there did not seem to be any opportunity for practical, every-day christian work.

a changed man. He was thinking seriously of uniting with the church when his pro-bation had ended.

was overcome by his old appetite. He remained under its debasing influences for about a week. Then he went in great trouble to a friend and said:

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'Do?' said the other. There is but one thing to do. Go to the prayer-meeting.

Take your usual seat, rise at the usual time and tell the whole story. Ask the parden of God and of the church. Do this, if you are sorry. If you are not sorry,

stay away."

The poor fellow went, and did as he had been advised. Tremblingly he told of his temptation and of his tall. With tears he offered his consession, and asked that the petitions of God's people might be of-fered for divine help, that he might never again be overcome by temptation; but not a word of encouraging response or a prayer in his behalf was offered by any of the

eeting ended. The people filed out past him on their way from the church. Not one of them approached him. It seems incredible, but this is no fiction. They who had vowed to cherish and help the penitent and the fallen went out and left their erring brother standing alone in his shame in the house of God.

'It can't be true. He must be a hypocrite,' one said to another as an excuse for

'It no use to coddle such men. They are a disgrace to the parish,' said a third. The young church-member passed out with the rest. Some feeling of sympathy agitated his heart. He watched the rereating figure of the abashed and humiliated man as he slunk away from the church with bowed head. He went home, but could not stay. He wandered out again, and his anxiety led him to the drunkard's

He hardly dared to knock at the d He grew hot and cold, wondering what he ought to do. At last he thought he heard a woman weeping within, and summoning all his courage he rang the bell, and then wished himself a thousand miles away. He had never spoken to the man in his life, and he thought that probably his intrusion would be considered impertinent.

The wite admitted him, weeping. 'Oh,' she said, 'help me! Maybe you've away. He's packing up. He's going for good! He's leaving me and the children! never set foot in this town again. He's so ashamed of what he has done, and the

plead with him, and prevent him from going!'
The young man torgot his timidity. 'I will try,' he said. He went into the room with the discouraged penitent and shut the door. The sounds of pleading—then of prayer-came through the partition to the wife's eager ears. An hour the visitor came

out. Behind him walked a man whose head

was erect.

'Well, Jennie,' he said, 'seems I've got one friend left in this place. As long as he sticks I'll try to stick, too.'

Hope and determination were stirred. Another attempt for permanent reform would now be made. The unselfishness of the roung christian, in doing what others would now be made. The unselfishness of the young christian, in doing what others did not do, had accomplished this. The man was saved to his family. His soul had been strengthened in its fight with evil. Such consecrated work by every christian would win supreme honor to christianity and hasten the universal reign of Christ in the hearts and lives of men,—'Union Gospel News.'

Bubbing It In.

Never use a linament for rheumatism, says a high medical authority. Don't rub it in—drive it out. Take something that removes the soid poison from the blood—take something that will improve your digestion, and build up the body to the perfection of robust health. That "something" is Scott's Saraparille, a remedy that obtains the best results in the shortest time.

THE ARREST OF THOUGHT.

In one of the central cities of our country, one Sabbath morn, the secretary of the Young Men's Christian Association stood at the entrace of the post office and silently handed to all who came for their Sunday mail a card containing only the fourth commandment: Remember the Sabbath day to keep it holy; six days shalt they lake and de all the peak but the thou labor and do all thy work, but the seventh day is the Sabbath of the Lord thy God; in it thou shalt not do any work, thou, nor thy son, nor thy daughter, nor thy manservant, nor thy maidservant.

Many Christians who had for years thoughtlessly come for their Sunday mail at the close of church. crushing the sermon between the upper and nether millstones of In the congregation was a man who had been a drunkard. To use a common phrase, he had reformed and had become the general delivery and the woman at the stamp window were severally the 'manser-vant' and the 'maidservant' whom God Al-mighty had torbidden to work on the holy Sabbath. The card might well have had below the commandment God's explanation of its humane purpose: 'That thy manser-vant and thy maidservant may rest as well as thou,'

The secretary counted nineteen members of his own church among those who came that Sabbath noon for their mail. No came that Sabbath noon for their mail. No doubt the other churches were as well represented. When he returned to his post for a like warning the next Sabbath not one of the church members he had seen there the previous Sunday, knowing them to be such was to be seen. What Miss Willard calls with large charity 'the arrest of thaught' had come to them—the only arrest that most Sabbath-breakers need, the arrest for which this article is a 'warrant.' The writer has found great encouragement in (often to the unwise) is sufficient.'

If by printed or spoken word those who wrong God and their fellows and them-selves by Sunday work and Sunday amusemeuts were shown the far-reaching mjury done by their thoughtlessness and selfishness, in many cases they would desist. thoughtlessness and selfishness are indeed partners in Sabbath-breaking, and the writer believes that the first, the Christian partner, is really doing the most harm, bewomen, that excuse of childhood, 'I didn't think.' Such a person uses his head only for a hat rack. God commendation Sabbath day to keep it holy.'

It should, however, encourage us that so often a reminder like this article, or the speaking of the same thoughts in the puldepartment the writer secured the Sabbath closing of the local post-office by petition to the Postmaster-General, who had intimated he would order such closing when requested to do so by a majority of the adult receivers of mail. Not a whole sermen or so address was required to accom-plish this, but only a brief reminder that there was no real need of Sunday mails, and nothing to sustain them but thoughless come in time to stop it. John is going that there was really a stronger excuse that there was really a stronger excuse good! He's leaving me and the children! for Sunday saloons than for Sunday He'll never come back. He says he'll mails, since in the case of the former Sunday profits were double those of other days, and the patrons way they've treated him. He never can hold up his head again. Oh! can't you in the case of the Sunday mails there was than in like offices for six, and the patrons had in place of imperative appetite, only a childish curiosity. It is usually seen at once, when the question is raised that if it be admitted that there should be a weekly rest day, the postal clerk has as much right to require the dry goods clerk to serve him on that day as vice versa. In these days, when Saturday night and Monday morning telegrams provide adequately for all mes sages of emergency, when such [messages, in fact, are seleom trusted to the slower mails, there can be no serious claim that Sunday mails are a work of mercy or necessity, kindred to the sale of milk and medicines and the necessary routine of the

> Nor will the superficial objection that the suspension of Sunday work in postoffices would cause a congestion of commerce and hinder business prosperity, bear examination. London and Toronto both prove the contrary. In the former the Sunday work has long been next to nothing, and in the latter, which has grown faster in re-cent years than any American city save Chicago, there is absolutely no work done in the post-office in the twenty-tour hours of the Sabbath. Those who think that to give the Sabbath to government employees (who more than almost any others need to

would make double work on Monday, for get that the great bulk of the mail comes from business houses that are closed on the Sabba'h, so making a twenty-four hour histos in the deposit of mail, which would give to Monday little more than the would give to Monday little more than it e usual daily allowance to handle. In the words of a railway engineer pleading for Sabbath rest against shallow excuses that really charge God with impracticability, 'Right wrongs no man.' He who made the world and the man, made the Sabbath; made it not so much tor early agricultural days when it was needed for worship chiefly as for these rushing days of steam and electricity, when it is a necessity of life to body and mind as well as soul — 'Sunday-School Times.'

OBGANIZED HOSPITALITY.

A Christianity Which is put Into Very Organized hospitality is the outgrowth of Christanity, and while we glory in such work as our city missionary societies, homes and asylums, fresh air benevolences and floating hospitals are doing to brighten the lives of those less fortunate than ourselves, we must not allow them to take from us the privilege of using our individual homes in a personal manner. Two modern instances of the large and loving ure of Christian them in the discussion of grave matters of many such proofs that 'a word to the wise young girls into his home, and treating them with as much consideration as he could bestow upon his only daughter, is a lovely picture of nineteenth century Christlikeness. The other method of hospitality is most significant in its two-fold relation to guest and hostess, and illustrates a noble way of rising above mere selfish grief by doing the Lord's will. Father and mother had passed into the rest that remainsth for the children of God, and left an orly for a hat rack. God commands us to life 'without relifishly keeping the dear 'Think on these things,' to 'Remember the home all to herself.' Providentially a physician told her of a lady who would be greatly benefited if some one in the suburbs could invite her away from the heat and noise of the business section pit or in private, has caused such results as that already described. In more than a score of places during Mr. John Wanascore of places during Mr. John Wanascore of the post-office has received as guests, home and foreign missionaries, Salvation Army and other christian workers, trained nurses and young business women, besides adopting a little German orphan in whom her mother was much interested. 'It is simply making such use of their home as would gratify my parents,' she recently said to me, adding, Adjectives are misplaced in its mention since the people who need me are those I

-Harriet Knight Smith in the Congrega-

rest to guests of the character described.

no one ever expects her to swerve from the path approved by her judgement and her conscience. When she first became queen, however, the world had yet to learn how ed the young girl ruler could be.

determined the young girl ruler could be.

Lord Melbourne, her prime minister, is
said to have declared that he would rather have ten kings to manage than one queen. On one occasion he arrived at Windsor late on Saturday night, and informed his youthful sovereign that he had brought for her inspection some papers of importance. 'But,' said he, 'as they must be gone into at length, I will not trouble your majesty with them tonight, but will request your attention to them tomorrow morning.

'To-morrow morning?' replied the queen.
"To-morrow is Sunday, my lord.' 'But business of state, please your

asked the queen.

'Very much, your majesty,' he replied. 'I will not conce al from you,' said the queen, that last night I sent the clergy-man the text from which to preach. I hope we shall all be the better for his

It is presumable that they were better for the day passed, and no word was heard of the papers. At night, when her majesty was about to withdraw, she said: 'Tomorrow morning, my lord, at any hour you lease, we will go into those papers-at seven o'clock, if you like.'

But the papers had suddenly grown less pressing, for the prime minister found that nine o'clock would be quite early enough

mine o'clock would be quite early enough to attend to them.

AN IMPORTANT DISCOPERY.

The Professor's Unwelcome Increase of Knowledge.

One of Washington's scientific men found himself in an ascemblage where there were a great many young people. He endeavored to rise—or, perhaps, to descend—to the occasion as gracefully as possible. Having been introduced to a number of young women, he tried to make himself agreeable by explaining some of the latest information in ethnology, and he became so absorbed in his discourse that he did not not notice, until they were nearly all gone, that a youth with a nasal voice was winning his audience away from bim with a funny song. He tried it again with archeology as the theme. A girl with a bango wrecked his ambitions. He thought he was making some headway by means of his remarks on on paleontology when a man who took a rabbit out of a silk hat eternally quenched his pride.

'My dear,' he said to his wife, on their way home,' I have been thinking it over, and I find that the evening has been far from wasted.'

'No, I have made a very important and interesting discovery. The merest accidents cometimes lead to the most surprising revelations, and tonight I learned something which completely overturns an excepted theory.'

'Yes,'

'Yes,'

'We have been led to believe that the chief of all forces is the attraction of gravity.'

'Yes,'

'Well, I have found ont to-night that I dreaded to see the dawn of day.

'"My apptitite was poor, and atter eating I way power, and the beneave and at my chest and side. Frequently I couldn't bring myself to touch the very thought of it."

'In was bad, but the stomach was right, nevertheless. More food would have made more pain, more indigered matter to ferment and turn sour, more of a load for the sleepy liver, more poison for the nervex, kidneys and skin. And yet, with out the food, how was she to live? It was blate being ground between the upper and sexitable that I got no proper aleepy in gift, and on account of loss of strength I was obliged t

most need.' There was no closing of doors from a morbid, selfish grief, and the home is all the dearer since making it a haven of





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FAIRLY WELL ISN'T WELL

"To-morrow is Sunday, my lord."

'But business of state, please your majesty."

'Must be attended to, I know," replied the queen, 'and as, of course, you could not get down earlier to-night, I will, if these papers are of such importance, attend to them after we come from church to-morrow."

In the morning the royal party went to church, and the noble statesman was not absent. Much to his surprise, the sermon was on the duties of the Sabbath.

'How did your lordship like the zermon?' asked the queen.

'Very much, your majesty,' he replied.
'I will not conce al from you,' said the

"Nearly all my life," says Mrs. Sarah Dalby; "I have been subject to attacks of billiousness, accompanied with sickness, but got on fairly well up to the early part of 1882. At this time I began to feel reavy, dull, and tired, with an all-gone, sinking sensation. My skin was sallow, and the whites of my eyes of a yellow tinge."

As everybody knows, or ought to know, the colouring matter was bile. The liver being torpid, and therefore failing to remove the bile from the blood, it entered the skin, and showed itself on the surface. But the discolouration isn't the worst mischief done by the vagabond bile, containing many poisonous waste elements; it disorders the whole system and sets up troublesome and dangerous symptoms, some of which the lady names.

"I had a bad taste in the mouth," she goes on to say; "and, in the morning particularly, was often very sick, retching so violently that I dreaded to see the dawn of day.

"My appetite was noor, and after esting."

chief of all forces is the attraction of gravity.

Important Papers.

Queen's Victoria has given so many proofs f the possession of sterling virtues that to one ever expects her to awarve from the star.

Chief of all forces is the attraction of gravity.

Yes,

'Yes,'

'Well, I have found ont to-night that to the possession of sterling virtues that to the attraction of levity.'—Washington

Star. lifer life had always been at a discount; she has always got less than her due; she lost part of her health—wages. Do you take my meaning? Of course. Whatever may be our differences of opinion as to the rights of capital and the value of labour, it is certain that every human being is entitled to perfect health—without reduction, without drawback. All the more, as nobody else loses what one person thus gains. No, no. On the contrary, a perfectly healthy person is a benefit and a blessing to all who are brought into relations with him.

him.
But do all have such health? God help
us, no; very, very few. Why not? And, the
answer is too big; I can't give it today.
To the vast crowd who only get on "Fairly
well" I tender my sympathy, and advise a
trial of the remedy mentioned by Mrs.
Dalby.

Prairie Dogs in The Sunshine.

On recent days when, though the air was keen the sun was bright and strong, some keen the sun was bright and strong, some of the prairies dogs in the prairie dog village in the Central park menagerie came up out of their burrows to enjoy its warmth sitting perfectly still in their characteristac attitude, or even skipping about a little within the inclosure. After the prairie dog has gone down into its winter quarters where it has already carried a winter's store of provisions, it may not come out again until spring, but as the days grow longer and the sun gets higher, a still bright day sometimes draws it to the surface, even though the winter has not yet passed.—N. Y. Sun.