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ERAL ACT.

NOTICE.

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day of March, 1903.
GEORGE R. ELLIOTT.

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day of May, 1903.
W. J. ROBINSON.

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afternoon the funeral of
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PROCEEDINGS OF THE LEGISLATURE

DECIDED TO PRINT ALL THE EVIDENCE

Mr. McPhillips and Mr. Houston Exchanged Courtesies in the House Wednesday Afternoon.

After the presentation of the report of the royal commission in the House Wednesday afternoon, Premier Prior stated that the government was prepared to answer the questions on the order paper.

Several were asked to stand over.

When Mr. Curtis inquired a series, the first of which was: "Is the government aware that the contractor or architect is allowing aliens, brought in for the purpose, to do decorative work on Government House, when there are residents of the province thoroughly capable of doing the work?"

The Chief Commissioner objected that the questions were out of order, inasmuch as they made statements contrary to fact.

Mr. Curtis took exception to this construction being put upon it. Mr. McPhillips also supported this contention.

Premier Prior held that an opinion was expressed in the question.

The Speaker ruled the question out of order inasmuch as a fact was stated.

Mr. Oliver asked the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works the following questions: 1. How many applications for coal and oil prospecting licenses in blocks 4,593 and 4,594, Southeast Kootenay, are made by agents claiming to be acting for the applicants? 2. Have the agents signing the above applications satisfied the government that they were duly authorized to sign the above mentioned applications? 3. What steps, if any, do the government intend to take to ascertain if the applications by agents are or are not fraudulent? 4. Is it the intention of the government to recognize the claim to priority of location by the discoverer of coal oil in Southeast Kootenay?

The Chief Commissioner asked that these stand over.

Mr. Oliver thought that the questions had been long enough on the order papers for a reply to be forthcoming.

Mr. Tatlow asked the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works the following questions: 1. Is it the intention of the government to make any alteration in the lands reserved for the Island Power Co., Ltd., as defined in last B. C. Gazette? 2. Has any provision for renewal of special timber licenses been made in the agreement with said company? 3. If not, why not?

Hon. Mr. Wells replied as follows: "1. Yes. 2. Such a provision is unnecessary as the reservation does not include lands covered by special timber licenses. 3. Answered by reply to No. 2."

Capt. Tatlow asked leave to introduce the following resolution: "That an order of the House be granted for a return of all agreements, orders-in-council and correspondence relating to the reservation of lands for the Island Power Co., Ltd."

In doing so he said that he was not satisfied with the reply of the Chief Commissioner. He had noticed that the Island Power Company had sold out to an English company. This put another phase on it and he thought that something should be done to protect the country. The company had got an area far in excess of what was allowed to be given. He understood the lands were not what are generally understood as pulp lands. There was a possibility that these were timber limits obtained under pulp limits in order to avoid the increased rental.

Hon. Mr. Wells said that the application was made by Mr. Farrell, of Vancouver. It had been found that a mistake had been made and a larger area had been included in the bounds than that allowed. The agreement provided for 100 square miles. When it was discovered that something was wrong Mr. Farrell was communicated with and would arrive to-night, when the matter would be rectified.

John Oliver thought that the matter of having granted a lease of 600 square miles for a 100 square mile one required some looking into. He moved an adjournment of the debate.

H. D. Helmcken proposed as an amendment that the maps should also be produced. In the meantime the lease should be cancelled. He was satisfied the government would consent to this.

Mr. Oliver withdrew his amendment.

Mr. McPhillips thought that it was most unfortunate that the government had made such a mistake at this time.

Premier Prior said that Mr. Gore admitted that the mistake had been made by himself. The government was not to be held responsible for this.

Capt. Tatlow asked that provision be made to protect present holders of logging licenses.

The resolution was carried as amended by Mr. Helmcken.

Premier Prior, referring to an article in the Columbian implicating the government in the timber license matter, disclaimed knowledge of any of the men in the company, with the exception of Mr. Farrell, with whom he had not had 500 words.

C. W. D. Clifford announces that the select committee inquiring into the Columbia & Western subsidy matter would not be able to report before the 26th. He suggested that an order of the House might be made and the printing of the evidence before the committee might be proceeded with at once.

Mr. Helmcken asked that no agreement be entered into with the Island Pulp Company until the papers had all been brought down to the House.

The Provincial Secretary said that the King's printer informed him that it would take two months in order to print the evidence before the committee.

A. E. McPhillips wanted the evidence printed even if they had to go to an outside office. He thought it should be printed.

John Houston said that being a practical printer and not a politician he was satisfied it would take two months to print it. He said that he had attended some of the sittings and more utter rot he had never listened to in the questions asked.

The Speaker called Mr. Houston to order.

Mr. Houston, continuing, said: "There never was a committee in British Columbia which had wasted as much time as this committee," (cries of order), "and he must add that the junior member for Victoria had done more than his share in adding to it."

Mr. McPhillips objected to such insulting language being used.

The Speaker again called Mr. Houston to order.

Mr. Houston said it would take all the facilities available in the city to get it printed in one week.

Mr. McPhillips said: "Well, it will be printed. You'll see that."

Mr. Houston—"Well, who are you? You seem not only to think that you are the member for Victoria, but that you are the whole shooting match."

Again Mr. Houston was called to order.

With both members attempting to speak at once, Mr. McPhillips said, "Yes, if you had your way there would be no investigation. You said so."

"You would not be on the committee, anyway," replied Mr. Houston.

Finally order was restored until the House adjourned, when the uproar again was continued.

It was decided that the evidence should be printed forthwith.

The House then adjourned until May 27th.

CHRONIC TIREDNESS.

Is It a Disease or a Condition?

At any rate, there is ample coincidence of ill ventilated rooms and, still more, poorly ventilated lungs. The blood has declined to a sluggish stress, bearing a great burden of poisonous matter all ready to burst into fever or feed an attack of pneumonia.

This is why your spirits are weighed down like lead, while you feel discouraged and blue as indigo.

Get out into the fresh air, bask in the sunshine, and take Ferrozone. This quickly removes poisons from the blood, quickens the circulation, stimulates appetite and brings restful sleep. Ferrozone is an antidote for the blues, and supplants that dull feeling after dinner by a sense of refreshing brightness.

You will enter into a new life of vigor and endurance, free from tiredness and nervous headaches. In a little while there will be a great improvement in your complexion, and you'll be surprised at the clearness of your skin.

Ferrozone is a medicine to dream about, but still better to use when you are not strong and well. It fortifies you against the strain of excessively hot or cold weather, and supplies a reserve of strength with which to fight the battles of life. Ferrozone nourishes the entire human organism and brings health. Try it right away. Price 50 cents per box, or six boxes for $2.50, at all druggists, or by mail from The Ferrozone Company, Kingston, Ont.

FERROZONE ASSURES HEALTH.

VERY SUCCESSFUL GATHERING

Was the Convention of Pacific Coast Congress of Congregational Churches in Seattle.

The Pacific coast congress of Congregational churches, which was held last week in Seattle, was attended by about 200 delegates, and was one of the most successful gatherings ever held on the coast. Papers of great value were read each by prominent men of the denomination, while every morning and evening Rev. Campbell Morgan, of the Northfield extension movement, gave addresses. Each morning he gave an expository lecture on the Minor Prophets to an audience of about 900 people, which filled every seat in Plymouth church. In the evening his addresses were of a more general nature, and the people of Seattle testified to their appreciation of them by crowding the church to its utmost capacity, while hundreds were unable to get in.

On Sunday evening he addressed an audience of over three thousand in the Armory, and throngs who could not get seats were turned away.

At the concluding lecture on Saturday morning he was invited to return to Seattle next year on his visit to the coast, but he could not say whether or not he could accept. Other addresses, which were much enjoyed, were given by Dr. C. R. Brown, of Oakland, Cal.; Dr. J. K. McLean, president of Pacific Seminary, Berkeley, Cal., and Dr. Amory H. Bradford, president of the National Council of Congregational churches, whose home is in Montclair, New Jersey. The congress will meet three years hence in Los Angeles.

BEAUTY'S CHARM.

A Clear Skin, Rosy Cheeks and Bright Eyes Compel Admiration.

No women needs to be told the charm of a clear complexion. No man can be blind to the beauty of rosk cheeks, or the power of sparkling eyes. And every woman—no matter what her features may be—can have a perfect complexion. Bright eyes and a perfect complexion come from pure blood—and pure blood comes from Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. By enriching the blood Dr. Williams' Pink Pills give vigor, strength, health, happiness and beauty. Here is a bit of proof: "For upwards of three years I suffered from anaemia," says Miss Mary Jackson, of Normandale, Ont., "I had no color in my face, my lips and gums were bloodless and I grew so weak I could scarcely walk about the house. I doctored a good deal but got no benefit until I began using Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. Before I had taken them more than a couple of weeks I could see a change for the better, and continuing the use of the pills for some time longer my strength returned, the color came back to my face, and I gained fourteen pounds in weight. I can recommend Dr. Williams' Pink Pills to every weak, ailing girl or woman."

These pills are good for all troubles due to poor blood or weak nerves. Don't take any other medicine—see that the full name, "Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People," is found on the wrapper around every box. If in doubt send direct to the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont., and the pills will be mailed at 50 cents per box or six boxes for $2.50.

THE PULPIT AND LABOR TROUBLES

CONFERENCE DISCUSS ECONOMIC QUESTION

Interesting Debate at Monday Afternoon's Session—Resolution Referred to the Committee.

Almost tht whole of Monday afternoon's session of the Methodist conference was devoted to a discussion of the resolution introduced by Rev. W. W. Baer, of Nanaimo, referring to the economic conditions prevailing in British Columbia and the best methods to adopt to bring about perfect harmony.

Rev. James Turner presided, and before the transaction of any of the regular business of the conference, Rev. J. F. Vichert, of the Calvary Baptist church, was introduced. He made a brief speech complimenting the Methodist church on the successful work performed in British Columbia and throughout the whole of Canada. In conclusion he extended hearty greetings from the Baptist churches of the city, and expressed the hope that the ensuing term would be one of the most successful in the annals of the Methodist church.

Rev. J. A. Wood, chairman of Kamloops district, then called attention to the illness of Rev. J. W. Winslow, of Ashcroft, who is at present at the Jubilee hospital. Rev. Dr. Whittington moved a resolution of sympathy, which was seconded by Rev. Thomas Crosby and carried unanimously.

The secretary then read Rev. Mr. Baer's motion, as published in these columns yesterday.

Rev. Mr. Baer, speaking to the resolution, said that it was reported the masses had lost confidence in the church. This was in a measure true. Who was responsible for this condition? It was a question that should be investigated. The church should ascertain whether it was directly or indirectly responsible for the existing conditions. Some years ago it had been the custom to preach sermons on labor matters on the Sunday before Labor Day. To these addresses the unions used to send representatives. All this, however, had ceased. In conversation with a labor union man, the latter had said that the ministers did not understand the difficulties under which the workingmen labor. As a result of this feeling there had been a wide desertion of the church by laboring classes. It was true that the membership as a whole was on the increase, but not in proportion to the increase of the population. The matter was one of the utmost importance, and and he thought warranted some action by the conference.

Dr. Whittington, of Vancouver, seconder of the motion, said he was in favor of the proposed resolution on account of the widespread industrial commotions which had marked the past few years. It was high time that the church of God, as a whole, and not only the Methodist church, should take a stand. Neither the employer nor employee should be favored. There were rights and wrongs on both sides. There was nobody in a better position to act as arbitrator in these industrial strifes than the church. Each minister as a leader of the people should inform himself of the conditions as thoroughly as possible, so that he would be in a better position to act. If the church was to become arbitrator its representatives should have a complete grasp of the situation.

Rev. Mr. Powell, the secretary, said he was not surprised to find a resolution of the kind before the conference, emanating from a Nanaimo pastor. The industrial situation throughout the province was distressing, but it was particularly so at the Coal City. He favored the motion. A few years ago a Methodist minister was not supposed to have anything to do with politics. However, it was now beginning to be understood that the church should come out strongly on some questions of legislation. An industrial crisis was pending, and the time had come when conference would fail in its duty to God if action was not taken.

Rev. J. F. Betts believed that the Methodist minister should take an interest in all matters affecting the people. However, in dealing with these questions he was of the opinion that in spite of what had been said the Methodist church was in the van of all other churches. In doing what was proposed the conference should remember that it was delicate ground. Personally he was not afraid of the employer or the employee, but so many interests were involved that the matter should be dealt with carefully so as to prevent an injustice to one or the other party.

Dr. Whittington thought that as the matter was of so great importance the motion should be referred to a committee for such amendment as would provide against arousing the resentment of the employer or employee, while at the same time clearly defining the stand of the church.

Rev. Mr. Sanford held that it would be better for the matter to be dealt with by the conference.

Rev. J. Hall expressed the opinion that there was oppression somewhere, and it was the duty of the church to take the side of the oppressed. At the present time labor possessed more power than ever before. It was possible that before long its influence would be greater than that of capital. What was needed was some reformation through which a perfectly balanced condition might be evolved. There should be a condition of tihngs that would ensure both capital and labor obtaining their rights, thus bringing about perfect harmony. No action should be taken that would lead to the opinion that the church was on one side or the other. At present the conference was not in a position to judge. If the Dominion government did not know the true conditions, as was evident through the appointment of a commission to enquire into them, how could conference?

Rev. T. W. Hall had spent some years in Nanaimo, but professed no great knowledge of the question. There was no other solution than through the acceptance of the Word of God.

Rev. H. M. Sutherland believed that if the question was not taken up by the Federal government along the line of compulsory arbitration, the country was on the verge of a great industrial civil war. The duty of the pulpit with regard to the matter was to deal with the moral phase of the question. It was not true that the mouths of the Methodist preachers were muzzled. They should be heard on all questions affecting the people so vitally as that under discussion.

Mr. Chamberlain held that the reason of the present industrial strife was that there was antagonism between the employer and employee. The final solution of the question would be obtained when a system of co-operation was adopted. Both capital and labor were necessary for the establishment of a business, therefore one should be considered equal to the other. On this basis the profits of the business would be shared between those holding the capital and those providing the labor.

Mr. Chamberlain, of Cumberland, thought that the reason for strikes was the lack of confidence between employer and employee. Conciliation or arbitration would be beneficial. The trouble, however, was that the employers did not as a rule interest themselves in the physical and moral welfare of the employees.

Rev. Mr. Green, of Vancouver, held that what was at the bottom of all this evil was selfishness. The only thing that could remedy this was faithful and energetic preaching of the Gospel.

Rev. A. M. Sanford, of Rossland, had been through several strikes. In many cases the employer was responsible for trouble with the men. It depended largely upon the way the latter were treated. He had known cases where men would work harder for one man than they would for another with bigger pay. There were, of course, two sides to every question. The matter, however, should be thoroughly studied, and no minister should be backward in giving voice to his convictions.

Mr. Davey thought that the resolution under discussion did not call upon conference to take one side or the other. It had been contended that one of the great causes of strikes was selfishness, but what in his opinion was at the bottom of the trouble was ignorance. He expressed himself in favor of the resolution.

Rev. Mr. Jennings pointed out that much of the poverty prevailing at Nanaimo was due to the miners themselves. Large sums of money were paid to the men in wages, and it had been authoritively stated that a good proportion of this found its way into the tills of the saloons.

Rev. Mr. Baer, in winding up the debate on his resolution, said that in it there was no provision for preaching on economic subjects. What was intended was that members of conference should pledge themselves to study this important question. By taking an interest in these matters the church would obtain a better hold on the people. He objected to Rev. Mr. Jennings remark. The people of Nanaimo spent a comparatively small percentage of their earnings in the manner mentioned.

On motion of Rev. J. F. Betts the resolution was referred to the following committee for report: Ministers—Rev. James Turner, Rev. W. W. Baer, Rev. R. J. Hall, Rev. D. White, Rev. G. H. White, Rev. Mr. Sanford and Rev. Mr. Dean. Laymen—Messrs. Okell, Spencer, Wells, Gaugh, Liphardt and Davey.

Rev. Goro Kaburagi, M. A., made an appeal on behalf of the famine-stricken people of the northeast of Japan. In a few words he showed how the famine had been brought about, how the people were living and what was being done towards their assistance. For five years or so there had been no crop in that district. Gradually the means of sustenance had become scarcer, until at present there were in the neighborhood of 500,000 Japanese suffering the pangs of starvation. Rice straw, the bark of the pine tree and roots of the fern were being utilized for food. The Emperor of Japan had donated the sum of 20,000 yen, and as much as 300,000 yen had been contributed by different religious institutions in aid of the sufferers. He added that as a result of the recent visit of the Hon. Sydney Fisher to Japan, that country was beginning to realize that many commodities can be imported from the Dominion far cheaper than they are at present being obtained. A little sympathy at this juncture would not therefore be without effect, even from a commercial standpoint.

Dr. Whittington moved a resolution extending sympathy of conference towards the sufferers, which passed unanimously. It was decided to take up a collection at the evening session.

Reports were received from the mission, sustenance and church property committees. All were adopted with the exception of the former, which was referred back for a revision of clause 8. The session adjourned at 6 o'clock.

There was a large attendance at Monday's session of the Methodist conference. The president, Rev. James Turner, occupied the chair. The usual devotional exercises were first held, after which the report of the Sunday school committee was submitted by the the secretary, Geo. H. Morden.

The report in part says:

"We have carefully examined the returns, and make special mention of the following items: Total number of schools in province, 88; total membership, 7,328; increase, 240; total force, 8,289; increase, 1,201. Two hundred scholars have united with the church during the year. $687 has been raised for missions; amount raised for all purposes, $8,246; increase, $1,509.

"Your committee is of the opinion that the matter of the conversion of the boys and girls in our schools calls for more earnest attention. To this end we recommend that the Decision Day be employed and adopted to local conditions. We are heartily in favor of the information in every school of a home department and a cradle roll, also of holding a Sabbath school prayer meeting once a month in conjunction with the regular session, and also with the formation of Normal classes. We believe that there are valuable benefits to accure to Sabbath school work in those communities in which the plan is particable through the formation of local branches of 'the International Sunday School Association.'

"Your committee recommend that in future the Sunday school and Epworth League convention he held bi-ennially at the same time and place as the annual conference, and that official provision for the same be made in the conference programme.

"In order that the several items of this report may find their way to the greatest possible extent into the practical operation of the several schools throughout the conference, and that there may be provided some means whereby the most approved methods of Sabbath scaool work shall be brought forcibly before each school, we recommend that a Sabbath school secretary be appointed for each district, whose duty it shall be to visit when practicable each school upon the district assigned to him at least once a year for the purpose of conferring with local workers upon methods of work, and that each school so visited provide the secretary's expenses."

"District secretaries were nominated as follows: Victoria, Noah Shakespeare; Vancouver, R. H. Cairns; Yukon, Rev. W. H. Barraclough; Westminster, C. S. Keith; Kamloops, Rev. A. E. Hetherington; West Kootenay, Rev. J. H. White; East Kootenay, Rev. J. H. White; Indian district, Rev. R. Whittington, M. A., D. D.

C. S. Keith was nominated conference secretary for the ensuing term. Discussion of the report was left over until this morning.

Rev. B. C. Freeman presented the report of the committee on Epworth League work. This said in part: "We regret to note that the schedule report shows a decrease in the number of societies, but this is accounted for by the fact that the Indian district reports being incomplete show only five societies, whereas last year they had fifteen. The total amount raised for missions is $351, an increase of $45 over last year." The report was laid over for later consideration.

An address was then given by Rev. Goro Kaburagi, M. A., who explained the condition of affairs in the northwestern portion of Japan, where thousands of people were starving, and asked that a liberal contribution be made in aid of the sufferers. A collection was taken, and $31.75 was given towards the fund.

During the evening a number of musical selections were rendered by the choir.

Morning's Session.

Tuesday morning's session was marked by a lengthy discussion of the Sunday school report, and its final adoption as submitted. Rev. James Turner presided, and after devotional exercises an address was delivered by Rev. R. N. Powell.

In answer to a communication from C. J. South, of the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals, asking that the sermons on Sunday, July 5th, refer to the work of that association, the following resolution carried: "That the request of the provincial executive of the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals in British Columbia be acceded to, as far as it is possible for the brethern to comply therewith."

(From Thursday's Daily.)

The final session of the Methodist conference was held yesterday afternoon, the chair being occupied by the president, Rev. James Turner. Numerous reports were received and adopted without discussion. The final draft of the stationing committee was received, considered and finally adopted.

The travelling expenses committee reported that the disbursements this year had been $419.40. It was recommended that probationers be allowed half of the travelling expenses this year, and that all delegates must attend the sessions of the conference four days in order to participate in the benefits of this fund. The report was adopted.

Dr. Whittington moved that a standing committee on travelling expenses to conference be appointed. Carried. The committee follows: Dr. Whittington, Prof. Sipprell and R. W. Harris.

A committee to confer with the directors of the Methodist Recorder on the advisability of conference taking that journal over as its official organ was appointed as follows: Rev. James Turner, Rev. A. M. Sandford, A. E. Green, T. R. Pearson, S. Johns and D. Spencer.

The committee having in hand the matter of Sabbath observance expressed hearty sympathy with the work being done by the "Lord's Day Alliance," and endorsed its efforts in trying to secure better legislation for the preservation of the day of rest, and expressed strong disapproval of the unnecessary operation of public conveyances of all kinds upon the Sabbath Day, thus affording greater facilities for Sunday excursions, hunting and fishing parties, etc. It was recommended that "as far as practicable Saturday afternoon be set apart as a half holiday for recreation and the development of our social life, and further that sermons be preached in all our churches urging our people to do all in their power to keep the day inviolate, and to see that it is devoted to the use for which it is intended." This was adopted unanimously.

The contingent fund committee's report was received and adopted. Rev. J. H. White was elected conference representative to the missionary board.

Rev. J. H. Morden moved a vote of thanks to the friends of conference delegates in Victoria who had so royally and generously entertained them during the annual assembly. Passed.

Rev. John Robson moved that the thanks of conference be extended to the trustees of the Metropolitan church for the use of the building, to the ladies of the Methodist churches for their kind entertainment at luncheons, to the choir for its rendering of excellent music, and to Mr. Gideon Hicks, the choir leader. This carried unanimously.

Rev. T. W. Hall moved that the hearty and cordial thanks of conference be extended to the press of Victoria for the reports of the proceedings and the copies donated. Carried.

It was decided that the next conference will be held in New Westminster on the third Tuesday in May. Rev. E. E. Scott addressed the conference.

The station list final draft was then submitted as follows:

The Victoria District.

Victoria—Metropolitan, Elliott S. Rowe, D. D.; John P. Hicks, chaplain to Wesleyans in H. M. forces at Esquimalt, by permission of conference; Geo. W. Dean, superannuated. Centennial, Jas. P. Westman. Victoria West, S. S. Osterhout, Ph. D. James Bay, Charles F. Conor. Chinese Mission, one to be sent (under Supt. Metropolitan).

Saanich—T. H. Wright.

Cowichan—Wm. C. Schlichter.

Salt Spring Island—A. E. Stevenson.

Ladysmith and Extension—W. Gordon Tanner, B. A., C. M. College.

Nanaimo—Wallace St., Albert M. Sandford, B. A. Haliburton St., Robert Hughes.

Nanaimo Chinese Mission—One to be sent (under Supt. of Wallace street).

Cumberland—W. D. Misener. Fred. S. Okell to attend Victoria College.

The Vancouver District.

Vancouver—Wesley church, Walter E. Pescott, B. A.; Cornelius Bryant, superannuated. Princess St., R. Newton Powell, secretary of conference. Mount Pleasant, Chas. H. M. Sutherland; E. Robson, D.D., superannuated. Sixth avenue, Alfred E. Green. Chinese Mission, one to be sent (under Supt. Sixth Ave.) Japanese Mission, including Sapperton and Steveston, Goro Kaburagi. Scandinavian Mission, C. N. Hauge.

Richmond—Elihu Manuel.

Maple Ridge and Agassiz—W. Lashley Hall.

Mission City—James Hicks.

Victoria Japanese—Ukichi Oyama (under Supt. G. Kaburagi).

Cumberland Japanese Mission—Under Supt. G. Kaburagi; E. E. Scott, under order of transfer; W. G. Mahon to attend C. M. College.

The Yukon District.

Dawson—Wm. H. Barraclough, B. A.

Duncan Creek—One to be sent.

Dominion Creek—F. A. Magee.

Sulphur Creek—One to be sent.

Atlin—One wanted.

The Westminster District.

New Westminster—Queen's avenue, Geo. H. Morden; Wilford J. Sipprell, B. A., B. D., principal C. M. College, by permission of conference; T. D. Pearson, superannuated; J. P. Bowell, superannuated. West End, B. Hedley Balderston, B. A. Sapperton, to be supplied from College, under superintendency of principal of College. Chinese Mission, one to be sent (T. C. T.—under Supt. Queen's avenue).

Ladner—Arthur N. Miller.

Cloverdale and Langley—Robert Wilkinson (C. H.)

Sumas—To be supplied.

Chilliwack—Thomas W. Hall (Jos. Hall, principal Coqualeetza Institute, by permission of conference).

Cheam—R. J. Irwin; Chas. Whittaker to attend C. M. College; Geo. R. B. Kinney to attend C. M. College.

The Kamloops District.

Kamloops—A. E. Hetherington, B. A., B. D.; Jas. Turner, president of conference, superannuated; Jas. H. White, local Supt. missions. Kamloops Chinese Mission, to be supplied under Supt. K.

Thompson River—To be supplied.

Nicola—John S. Pye.

Salmon Arm—Jas. A. Wood.

Revelstoke—Chas. Ladner.

Trout Lake City—A. K. Sharp.

Golden—R. B. Laidley.

Enderby—Arthur E. Roberts; J. E. Rosoman, supernumerary.

Vernon—To be supplied.

Okanagan—John W. Bowering, B. A.

Keremeos—One to be sent.

Hedley—J. M. B.

Cariboo—To be supplied.

Ashcroft—Jos. W. Winslow.

Lillooet—John H. Wright.

Members in B. C. not elsewhere enrolled—Local Supt. Missions.

The West Kootenay District.

Nelson—W. W. Baer.

Ymir—One to be sent W. E. McN. (under Supt. Nelson).

Kaslo—Samuel J. Green.

Ainsworth—To be supplied.

Sandon—Robt. J. McIntyre.

New Denver—Jas. Calvert.

Slocan City—David W. Scott.

Rossland—R. Forbes Stillman.

Trail—One to be sent (under Supt. Rossland).

Grand Forks—John F. Betts.

Greenwood—John D. P. Knox.

Phoenix—Thomas Green, B. A. (under Supt. Greenwood); Geo. K. Bradshaw to attend Victoria College; J. A. Seymour to attend Columbia College.

The East Kootenay District.

Cranbrook—Samuel J. Thompson.

Moyie—Richard B. S. Taylor (under Supt. Cranbrook).

Kimberley—One to be sent (J. D.), under Supt. Cranbrook.

Fernie—Jno. Robson, B. A.

Morrissey—Geo. E. Smith, S. T. L.

Michel—Alphaeus E. Marshall (under Supt. Fernie).

Coal Creek—Thomas E. Colwell.

Elko—One to be sent (under Supt. Morrissey.

Creston—One to be sent (under Supt. Cranbrook); Frederick Brown, on list of reserve.

The Indian District.

R. Whittington, M.A., D.D., chairman of Indian District, to reside at Vancouver.

Nass River—Robert A. Spencer.

Port Simpson—Barnabas C. Freeman.

Skidegate, Q. C. I.—One to be sent.

Port Essington—Dennis Jennings.

Kitselash—To be visited from Pt. Essington.

Kitzegucla—Native agent—L. G. (under chairman).

Hugwilget—To be visited from Hazleton.

Hazleton—H. C. Wrinch, M. D. (C. M. College), medical missionary.

Hartley Bay—Missionary teacher—G. R. (under chairman).

Kishplax—Wm. H. Pierce.

Kitamaat—Geo. H. Raley.

Kitlope—To be visited from Kitamaat.

China Hat—George Edgar.

Kimsquit—To be supplied, native agent (under chairman).

Bella Coola—John C. Spencer, M. D.

Bella Bella—Richard W. Large, M. D. (C. M. College), medical missionary.

Rivers Inlet—Native agent—P. R.—(under chairman).

Cape Mudge—Missionary teacher—R. J. W. (under chairman).

Lower Fraser—Thos. Crosby, Sardis; native agent (Capt. J.)

Nanaimo—Missionary teacher—E. N. (under chairman).

Cowichan Tribes—Chas. M. Tate, Duncans.

Victoria—Lay Agent (W. H. G.), under chairman.

Nitinaat—William J. Stone, Cloose.

In the first draft Rev. W. W. Baer, of Nanaimo, was placed at Fernie, but according to the final draft he goes to Nelson. Rev. Mr. Robson was placed at Vancouver according to the first draft, but the revised list puts him at Fernie. Rev. Mr. Sandford, of Rossland, goes to Nanaimo and Rev. F. Stillman to Rossland.

Among reports which have been adopted by the conference were those on the work of the Columbian College, on missions and circuits and state of the work. The following resolution was carried unanimously: "That this annual conference expresses its gratification that the government of Canada has seen fit as a part of their functions to recognize the widespread and devastating conflict between capital and labor within the bounds of the province of British Columbia, and further, that we express our satisfaction that a commission has been appointed to investigate the cause or causes of these conflicts. This conference further expresses its confidence in the commissioners and prays that their investigations and report may result in such legislation as shall remove all cause of strife between masters and men."

The report of the committee on education was presented by Rev. John Robson, B. A. It recommended that the following attend college: F. S. Okell, Victoria College, Toronto; W. G. Mahon, Columbian College; G. R. B. Kenney, Columbian College; Charles Whittaker, Columbian College; J. A. Seymour, Columbian College; G. K. Bradshaw, Victoria College, Toronto.

Rev. Dr. Rowe, Rev. Dr. Whittington and Rev. Dr. Robson were appointed a standing committee on religious instruction in schools. It was recommended (a) That the teacher in the public schools open with the Lord's Prayer; (b) that the teacher be required to read portions from the Word of God from the book of selections prepared by the Ontario government.

Rev. T. H. Wright moved a resolution expressing appreciation at the splendid work done by Columbian College during the past term. It carried unanimously.

Rev. W. J. Sipprell, B. A., seconded by Rev. J. Robson, moved "that this conference desires to place on record its gratitude to Almighty God for the preservation of the life of our beloved brother Bryant, the first member of our church in British Columbia, and prays that he may long be spared to the church in which he has labored so zealously and long."

AN ENGINE'S VAGARIES.

Yard Locomotive Went on a Tear on Wednesday Afternoon.

Probably the most remarkable freak in local history can be attributed to a 14-ton yard engine which literally "went on a tear" at the E. & N. depot Wednesday afternoon. It appears that shortly after 4 o'clock the passenger train was standing on the main line awaiting the locomotive which was at Russell's station, when the little yard engine started out, its crew not expecting the other one back for some time. They had just reached the rock cut when the large engine's smoke was seen. The engineer of the latter spied the yard engine at the same time, and the reverse levers of both were applied at once. It was too late, however, and they came together with a bang, the engineer and brakeman of the little one either jumping or being thrown. At any rate they landed on the track with uncomfortable abruptness.

The collision sent the yard engine back towards the depot at a tremendous rate. Strangely enough the mix-up started its whistle blowing, and long it went like a little demon screaming a warning all the time. Had it not been for this the chances are that somebody would have been killed, for there were quite a number on the bridge at the time. On, on, the engine sped, hurling with a frightful crash into the passenger train, throwing the whole line back on the buffer. The baggage car, the immediate victim of the shrieking little fiend's vagaries, was considerably damaged. Its course thus interrupted, the yard engine then started up the track again, its destination apparently being Hardy Bay. Fortunately, however, the crew of the freight engine saw it coming and switched it to a siding, where it exhausted itself on some wood cars. Nobody was seriously hurt, but the engine was badly damaged, if not irreparably so.

WEEKLY WEATHER SYNOPSIS.

Victoria Meteorological Office,
13th to 19th May, 1903.

The weather during this week has been chiefly cloudy and cool on the Mainland, partly cloudy and cool in this vicinity, and showers have been general upon several occasions throughout the province. On the Coast considerable rain has fallen, accompanied by high winds and gales upon several days. These conditions were caused by the eastward passage of a number of storm areas across the northern portion of the province. The winds therefore in this vicinity were chiefly from off the cold waters of the Pacific.

Upon Sunday, 17th, one of these storm areas upon reaching the Rockies developed considerably, and as the barometer was high off the Coast a westerly gale prevailed throughout the greater portion of the province. A few light falls of snow and some rain has occurred in Cariboo, and light rains were reported in Kootenay upon three days.

The passage of these storms eastward has caused considerable rain in the form of showers and thunderstorms throughout the Territories and Manitoba upon several days, and towards the close of the week a cold wave appeared in Alberta. This slowly spread across the prairies towards Manitoba; it was accompanied by a general snowfall amounting to from one to three inches. The weather at Dawson during this period has been quite mild, light frosts only occurred upon two days and the temperature rose to 66 on the 19th.

Victoria—Amount of bright sunshine registered was 47 hours and 18 minutes; rainfall, .25 inch; highest temperature, 58 on 13th; lowest, 40 on 17th.

New Westminster—Rainfall, .41 inch; highest temperature, 66 on 17th; lowest, 36 on 17th.

Kamloops—Rain, .22 inch; highest temperature, 76 on 13th; lowest, 38 on 18th and 19th.

Barkerville—Rain and snow, .80 inch; highest temperature, 64 on 13th; lowest, 26 on 17th.

Dawson—Highest temperature, 66 on 19th; lowest, 30 on 13th and 18th.

—In bulletin 13, relating to markets for British Columbia fish and fish products, R. E. Gosnell, of the Bureau of Information, says: "The difficulties of obtaining statistics have been very great, especially in regard to the South American republics. However, it may be accepted as certain that a large market exists there for our fish products, provided always that these can be laid down cheaply enough. With the inhabitants of South America, fish in some form or other is a staple article of diet, much as rolled oats is with us. I have not made any special enquiries into the markets above referred to. However, while in France last year, I ascertained that the prospects of selling canned salmon in France would be greatly enhanced if it were shipped direct; and in order to do that and obtain advantage of the law for the encouragement of French shipping it would be necessary to ship in French bottoms."

SPEAKER'S SORE THROAT.—Public speakers and singers know how useless and sickening are cough mixtures, sprays, lozenges, etc., for irritable or sore throat, and state that the most satisfactory remedy is Catarrhozone, the advantage of which is that it acts quickly and is convenient to use in public places. Catarrhozone relieves congestion, allays inflammation, and is a protection to the membrane. As a safe guard against colds and Catarrh it has no equal. Rev. Mr. McKay, Goderich, says "Catarrhozone is an excellent remedy for throat irritation arising from throat irritation" Physicians, ministers and singers recommend Catarrhozone, druggists sell it for $1. Small size 25c. by mail from Polson & Co., Kingston, Ont.

For the information of a correspondent we may state that Dr. Jameson was sentenced by the courts to fifteen months' imprisonment for the part he played in the raid which will be known to history by his name.