BANKERS COPED WITH SITUATION

SEVERE CENSURE ON U. S. GOVERNMENT

Charles Fowler Says That Issue of Panama Bonds Will be Disastrous Economically.

New York, Nov. 23.—Representative Charles N. Fowler, chairman of the house committee on banking and currency, to-day made a statement regarding the issue of Panama Canal bonus, and treasury certificates.

"Personally," said Mr. Fowler, "and from a partizan viewpoint, it is of course unpleasant for me to disapprove the action of the Republican administration, but my duty to the question involved, and my duty to the public, compel me to set forth the reason why the action of the administration is surprising, extraordinary, unwarranted, and most unfortunate.

"On Friday, November 15th, the crisis of the present currency panic had been reached and successfully passed through the splendid achievements of the American bankers bringing gold to this country to the extent of about $75,000,000 at a very great cost to themselves, for it was purchased generally at a premium of about 2 per cent., and also by responding to the business necessities of the various localities in using clearing house certificates and cashiers' checks in denominations of $1, $2, $5 and $10, as well as the larger denominations.

"Under the circumstances, then, I assert that the action of the administration was certainly surprising to any one who was at all familiar with the banking situation on Friday, November 15th. Considering the fact that the government had $240,000,000 of cash on hand, would it have any more to speak of immediately after the bonds were sold? It was unwarranted in increasing the national interest bearing debt by $150,000,000, and it was most unfortunate from every point of view, and especially economically.

"I believe that the effect is bound to be disturbing to the banking conditions, because the transaction is a forced one and has no direct relation to the commerce of the country, as did the import of gold on the part of the banks. That operation was related to our coming exports and a strictly business transaction.

"I am confident that the effect upon the situation will be most disastrous economically, when the reserves begin to accumulate in January, rising as I have said to a point probably in excess of any reserves we have had for the last seven years, because there will be no way of getting this vast fixed mass of bond-secured, immobile currency out of the way and leaving us in a normal position, ready to adjust ourselves to the demands of the coming fall.

"In conclusion let it be remembered as absolutely certain that the process now invoked of forcibly injecting into our currency this fixed mass brings us the same danger from which we are now suffering, if only some exciting cause be present to precipitate the trouble.

"For the honor of the government, but more especially for the welfare of the whole country, I sincerely hope that not a single three per cent. bond will be issued now, and that the administration will have the wisdom, courage and patriotism to withdraw the offer of the $100,000,000 three per cent. issue immediately, thereby relieving the present situation and protecting the people against the future consequences of a most serious mistake."

WEIRD MURDER STORY.

How the Wizard of the North Died in the Wilderness of Yukon.

Dawson, Oct. 23.—Carrying the curse of a wizard, and hated by men of his blood, dogged and driven from the tents of his people and an outcast, like the Ishmaelite of old, a red man, sullen, morose and obdurate, has died in the wilderness of Yukon by the hand of one of his kind.

Such is the tale of murder that comes from the upper Pelly. The story is that the wizard, so-called, had incurred the enmity of the Pelly Indians, and had been believed by the tribes of the realm, to be possessed of a devil. He had come among them in years past from the Mackenzie side, and there had dwelt among them, following them until his ways had seemed to bring to them ill-fortunc and trouble.

Bob Henderson, just down from the Pelly, brings the story, and says that it was conveyed to the whites by an aged squaw, who said in her broken speech that the devil-man had incurred the wrath of one of the Pelly tribesmen, and that the Pelly man murdered the wizard.

According to the report the murder was committed somewhere near Rose river, now almost inaccessible for the winter. The Indians seemed to have been pleased rather than displeased over the dispatch of the strange-possessed red man, and reported the case more out of novelty than because they wanted to see the slayer brought to justice.

The murder is said to have been committed with a gun. The explanation is suggested by some that perhaps the man murdered was insane, and that his strange actions had caused the Indians, in their superstition, to believe him possessed, and that, in pursuance with the practice of some others of uncivilized peoples they followed the practice common in such cases and dispatched the sufferer for that land beyond the watershed.

BERLIN BOURSE.

Berlin, Nov. 25.—Trading on the Bourse to-day improved in all departments, especially Americans, upon New York advices. Business, however, was limited, pending the receipts of reports from the London and Paris exchanges.

A LAZY LIVER

May be only a tired liver, or a starved liver. It would be a stupid as well as savage thing to beat a weary or starved man because he lagged in his work. So in treating the lagging, torpid liver it is a great mistake to lash it with strong drastic drugs. A torpid liver is but an indication of an ill-nourished, enfeebled body whose organs are weary with over-work. Start with the stomach and allied organs of digestion and nutrition. Put them in working order and see how quickly your liver will become active. Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery has made many marvelous cures of "liver complaint," or torpid liver, by its wonderful control over the organs of digestion and nutrition. It restores the normal activity of the stomach, increases the secretions of the blood-making glands, cleanses the system of poisonous accumulations, and so relieves the liver of the burdens imposed upon it by the defection of other organs.

Symptoms. If you have bitter or bad taste in the morning, poor or variable appetite, coated tongue, foul breath, constipated or irregular bowels, feel weak, easily tired, despondent, frequent headaches, pain or distress in "small of back," gnawing or distressed feeling in stomach, perhaps nausea, bitter or sour "risings" in throat after eating, and kindred symptoms of weak stomach and torpid liver, or biliousness, no medicine will relieve you more promptly or cure you more permanently than Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery.

Perhaps only a part of the above symptoms will be present at one time and yet point to torpid liver, or biliousness and weak stomach. Avoid all hot bread and biscuits, griddle cakes and other indigestible food and take the "Golden Medical Discovery" regularly and *stick to its use* until you are vigorous and strong.

Of Golden Seal root, which is one of the prominent ingredients of "Golden Medical Discovery," Dr. Roberts Bartholow, of Jefferson Medical College, says: "Very useful as a stomachic (stomach) tonic and in atonic dyspepsia. Cures gastric (stomach) catarrh and headaches accompanying same."

Dr. Grover Coe, of New York, says: "Hydrastis (Golden Seal root) exercises an especial influence over mucous surfaces. Upon the liver it acts with equal certainty and efficacy. As a cholagogue (liver invigorator) it has few equals." Dr. Coe also advises it for affections of the spleen and other abdominal viscera generally, and for scrofulous and glandular diseases, cutaneous eruptions, indigestion, debility, chronic diarrhea, constipation, also in several affections peculiar to women, and in all chronic derangements of the liver, also for chronic inflammation of bladder, for which Dr. Coe says "it is one of the most reliable agents of cure."

Prof. John King, M. D., late of Cincinnati, author of the AMERICAN DISPENSATORY, gives it a prominent place among medicinal agents, reiterates all the foregoing writers have said about it, as does also Prof. John M. Scudder, M. D., late of Cincinnati. Dr. Scudder says: "It stimulates the digestive processes and increases the assimilation of food. By these means *the blood is enriched.* * * * * the consequent improvement on the glandular and nervous systems are natural results." Dr. Scudder further says, "in relation to its general effect upon the system, *there is no medicine in use about which there is such general unanimity of opinion.* It is *universally* regarded as *the* tonic, useful in all debilitated states * * *."

Prof. Finley Ellingwood, M. D., of Bennett Medical College, Chicago, says of Golden Seal root: "It is a most superior remedy in catarrhal gastritis (inflammation of the stomach), chronic constipation, general debility, in convalescence from protracted fevers, in prostrating night-sweats. *It is an important remedy in disorders of the womb.*" (This agent, Golden Seal root, is an important ingredient of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription for woman's weaknesses, as well as of the "Golden Medical Discovery.") Dr. Ellingwood continues, "in *all* catarrhal conditions it is useful."

Much more, did space permit, could be quoted from prominent authorities as to the wonderful curative properties possessed by Golden Seal root.

We want to assure the reader that "Golden Medical Discovery" can be relied upon to do all that is claimed for Golden Seal root in the cure of all the various diseases as set forth in the above brief extracts, for its most prominent and important ingredient is Golden Seal root. This agent is, however, strongly reinforced, and its curative action greatly enhanced by the addition, in just the right proportion of Queen's root, Stone root, Black Cherrybark, Bloodroot, Mandrake root and chemically pure glycerine. All of these are happily and harmoniously blended into a most perfect pharmaceutical compound, now favorably known throughout most of the civilized countries of the world. Bear in mind that each and every ingredient entering into the "Discovery" has received the endorsement of the leading medical men of our land, who extol each article named above in the highest terms. What other medicine put up for sale through druggists can show any such *professional* endorsement? For dyspepsia, liver troubles, all chronic catarrhal affections of whatever name or nature, lingering coughs, bronchial, throat and lung affections, the "Discovery" can be relied upon as a sovereign remedy.

A little book of extracts treating of *all* the several ingredients entering into Dr. Pierce's medicines, being extracts from standard medical works, of the different schools of practice will be mailed *free* to any one asking (by postal card or letter), for the same, addressed to Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y., and giving the writer's full post-office address *plainly* written.

Don't accept a substitute of unknown composition for this non-secret MEDICINE OF KNOWN COMPOSITION.

AMENDING OF LIQUOR BY-LAW

QUESTION BROUGHT BEFORE THE COUNCIL

Consideration of the Proposed Changes Was Laid Over for Future Meeting.

The anxiously-awaited amendment to the Liquor License Regulation By-law, 1907, dealing with the hours for the closing of saloons, was presented to the council last evening in the form of a by-law to amend the first-named measure, which had such a trying time in the courts. The ruling of the full court, quashing the seventh clause in the by-law which defined the hours of closing for saloons and hotel-barrooms, was the signal for several saloons to keep open all night and, the by-law in its incomplete state being practically useless, the amendment has been eagerly awaited by all interested.

The amendment came to the council together with an assurance that it had been before four judges and had stood the criticism of each. The effect that the amendment will have, should it escape being nullified by some legal strategy, will be to enforce closing of the saloons from midnight until sunrise in the morning and, as the latter hour varies throughout the year, it is anticipated that the by-law will yet give the council considerable trouble. The amendment reads as follows:

"The municipal council of the corporation of the city of Victoria, enacts as follows:

1. Section 7 of the Liquor License Regulations By-law, 1907, No. 503, is hereby repealed, and the following is substituted therefor:

"'7. Saloons shall be closed during the following days, and hours of the night, in each week:

"'On Mondays, from 12 o'clock Sunday midnight to sunrise.'

"'On Mondays, Tuesdays, Wednesdays, Thursdays and Fridays, from 12 o'clock each midnight to sunrise of the next morning.'

"'On Saturdays after 11 o'clock p. m. On Sundays all day.'

"'This provision as to the closing of saloons, shall not apply to hotel bar rooms, but no liquor shall be sold in hotel bar rooms, during the above periods of time, save in pursuance of any statute.'

"2. Nothing in the repeal hereby made shall prejudicially affect any breach, penalty, forfeiture or liability incurred heretofore, or any proceedings relating to or for enforcing the same, nor any act, deed, rule, regulation, matter or thing heretofore subsisting, nor shall the same diminish, disturb, invalidate or prejudice any other matter or thing whatsoever had, or done, or completing, existing or pending at the time of such repeal.

"3. This by-law may for all purposes be cited as the "Liquor License Regulation Amending By-law, 1907."

The draft of the by-law given above was accompanied by the following communication from the city solicitors:

"Gentlemen,—Mr. J. W. Taylor, the city barrister, has now settled the enclosed simple amending clause of the Liquor License Regulation By-law, rendered necessary by the decision of the Full court. This amending is to make clear what the regulation is, but even although it is passed a prosecution for keeping open a saloon during the hours of the night before sunrise, can be successfully undertaken if requested. Following the judgment of the court, although the council cannot close hotel bars, they can if they so desire, prohibit the sale of liquor therein during the closing hours for saloons, and Mr. Taylor has suggested the mode in which this can be concisely affected, and we have drawn accordingly."

The by-law did not get to its third reading. Ald. Fell said he wanted time to study the amendment before he could vote intelligently on it.

The Mayor and Ald. Gleason were anxious that the amendment should become law at the earliest possible moment, but their haste was characterized by Ald. Fell as an attempt to "railroad" the measure through.

Considerable bewilderment existed in the aldermanic minds for a few moments after it was discovered that Ald. Fell had blocked the third reading, and several tilts materialized between the Mayor and that gentleman.

Upon introducing the amendment by-law, Ald. Gleason said that the city solicitor's letter made it unnecessary for him to make any remarks concerning it. He moved that it be read a first time.

Ald. Fell—I move that this by-law stand over for a week.

Ald. Gleason could not see why the week's delay was necessary. He thought it should be dealt with right away.

Ald. Fell—If I am going to be voted down on this motion I will take another way of stopping this by-law. I take a point of order. Rule 75 of the regulations say that this by-law cannot be read a second time to-night.

The Mayor decided that a two-thirds vote of the aldermen would override Ald. Fell's point. This vote was then taken, the question being, "Does this council decide that the by-law shall be read a second time on a point of urgency?"

Ald. Gleason wanted to explain why he wished the by-law to be advanced at once, but Ald. Fell rose to another point of order. "The aldermen has already spoken once," he said, and Ald. Gleason sat down.

When the vote was taken Ald. Hanna did not raise his hand. He was included in the "ayes."

The by-law was considered in committee and the committee then rose and reported the by-law complete.

Ald. Gleason moved that the by-law be read a third time.

At this juncture the clerk discovered that the by-law had been considered in spite of the fact that the vote taken had not been a two-thirds one. Ald. Fell said that the council could not re-consider the by-law.

The city solicitor said that the clerk had recorded the vote in the affirmative, which made it valid.

The Mayor said that the by-law could be re-considered if the council would pass the third reading by a vote of two-thirds.

"I don't think Ald. Fell would play the council such a trick," His Worship commenced when the alderman referred to, broke in.

"Now don't say that, Mr. Mayor. If you do you are no gentleman. You would play the trickster yourself when you wanted to and with worse tricks than this."

The motion to read the by-law a third time was lost and the aldermen will now have a week in which to acquaint themselves with the proposed amendment.

MAKE NEW BLOOD.

That is What Dr. Williams' Pink Pills Do—That is Why They Cure So Many Diseases.

Many persons have not enough blood, or when their blood is weak and watery, the doctors name the trouble anaemia. Bloodlessness is the direct cause of many common diseases, such as indigestion, palpitation of the heart, debility, decline, neuralgia, nervousness, rheumatism and consumption. The surest signs of poor blood are paleness, bluish lips, cold hands and feet, general weakness, low spirits and headaches and backaches. If anaemia is not checked in time it will probably develop into consumption. There is one certain cure for anaemia—Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. These pills actually make new, rich, red blood, which fills the veins and brings new life, new energy and good health to bloodless people. In proof of this Miss Mabel Clendenning, Niagara Falls, Ont., says: "For two years I suffered from anaemia. I was weak, thin, had no appetite. I sometimes had distressing headaches and felt low spirited. My heart would palpitate violently; I could do no work around the house. I became very pale and my nerves got unstrung. The efforts of two good doctors failed to help me. I was in such a pitiful state. One day a friend urged me to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and I did so. Soon I saw the pills were helping me and by the time I had taken nine boxes I was completely cured. I had a good appetite; gained in weight, I hadn't an ache or pain, could sleep well and I am in far better health now than I ever was. I cannot speak too highly of what Dr. Williams' Pink Pills have done for me."

What Dr. Williams' Pink Pills have done for Miss Clendenning they have done for thousands—they will do for you. But you must get the genuine with the full name "Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People" on the wrapper around every box. If your dealer has not got the genuine pills you can get them at 50 cents a box or six boxes for $2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

CITY WILL SEEK ADDITIONAL POWER

Council Adopts Motion of Ald. Fell to Make Application to Legislature.

The city will make application to the provincial legislature for leave to introduce a private bill at the next session to amend the Victoria Waterworks Act, increasing the city's borrowing powers and powers of expropriation, and obtaining additional rights in connection with these powers. Ald. Fell's motion to this effect was passed at last night's meeting of the city council.

Mayor Morley asked Ald. Fell whether the city bound itself to seek for a private bill if the motion was passed by the council. Ald. Fell replied that it would.

Ald. Meston moved that the motion be laid on the table until copies were prepared for the aldermen's consideration. Ald. Fell expressed himself as quite willing that this course should be taken.

Ald. Hall pointed out that Ald. Fell wanted the motion to be passed because the city could save $200 in fees if the notice of application for the private bill was given before December. He said that he was in favor of the city owning its own utilities, and pointed out the advantage of the corporation controlling its lighting system. To do this power was needed, and rights to this power should have been sought by the city years ago.

Ald. Hall, continuing, said that while he would like to see the Municipal Clauses Act amended to cover all cases giving the proper powers to Victoria and corporations similarly placed, he thought that a private bill should be sought for in view of the government's decision that the act would not be amended this year. Members of the legislative committee had always experienced trouble in getting any rights for Victoria, as there were many rural members on the municipal committee of the legislature and Vancouverites who had no interest in this city. The city was turned down on nearly every occasion.

Ald. Meston thought that the chairman of the legislative committee had been very lax in attending to the matter under discussion.

Mayor Morley asked Ald. Fell whether the legislative committee had held a meeting to consider the bill.

Ald. Fell said that he had not yet received all the information asked for from the heads of the various departments of the corporation. The water commissioner was preparing a list of privileges to be asked for, and further suggestions were forthcoming.

City Solicitor Mann explained that Ald. Fell's motion was simply a matter of routine. If passed it simply authorized the solicitor to prepare a notice of the bill which would be run for six weeks in a newspaper. The notice would embody all the privileges to be asked for in the bill, and probably some that would not be asked for. The council could discuss the whole matter when the notice was before them.

The motion was put and passed.

FOR THE DESTITUTE.

Fund Opened to Juvenile Christmas Dinner for Poor Children of London.

Many citizens have cheerfully subscribed at this season during the past three years to a dinner fund which has been forwarded to the Shaftesbury Society Ragged School Union in London, Eng.

Last year this society was enabled to provide a good dinner for over a thousand of the most destitute children. The organization is in a position to invite those only who are really destitute. A suitable hall was loaned for the occasion, and after the dinner was enjoyed, a lantern entertainment was added.

All cash subscribed to this fund directly benefits needy children, as the society has an army of voluntary helpers, headed by Sir John Kirk.

A subscription list will be opened as usual at the Y. M. C. A. secretary's office, Broad street, and will remain open for two weeks. Envelopes will also be distributed in the Sunday schools. All local subscriptions to the fund will be acknowledged in the press.

LICENSE TO AN EXTRA-PROVINCIAL COMPANY.

"COMPANIES ACT, 1897."
CANADA:
Province of British Columbia.
No. 410.

This is to certify that "The Fidelity and Casualty Company of New York" is authorized and licensed to carry on business within the Province of British Columbia, and to carry out or effect all or any of the objects of the Company to which the legislative authority of the Legislature of British Columbia extends.

The head office of the Company is situate in the City of New York.

The amount of the capital of the Company is one million dollars, divided into ten thousand shares of one hundred dollars each.

The head office of the Company in this Province is situate at the City of Victoria, and L. U. Conyers, Insurance Agent, whose address is Victoria, B. C., is the attorney for the Company.

Given under my hand and Seal of Office at Victoria, Province of British Columbia, this thirtieth day of October, one thousand nine hundred and seven.

(L. S.) S. Y. WOOTTON,
Registrar of Joint Stock Companies.

The objects for which this Company has been established and licensed are:

To make insurance upon the health of individuals and against personal injury, disablement or death resulting from travelling or general accident by land or water, and guaranteeing the fidelity of persons holding places of public and private trust, and upon the lives of horses, cattle and other live stock; and also against loss, damage or liability arising from any unknown or contingent event whatever, which may be the subject of legal insurance, except the perils and risks included with the Departments of Fire, Marine and Life Insurance.

Take notice that I, Helga Jacobson, of Bella Coola, B. C., intend to apply for permission to purchase the following described land, situated on the N. E. side of the South Bentick Arm, Coast District, known as Crown Grant Lot 6, reverted to the Crown: Starting on the N. W. corner of said Lot 6, ½ mile more or less from the entrance of Noseek River, thence east 40 chains, thence south 40 chains, thence west 40 chains to S. W. corner, thence following shore line of South Bentick Arm 40 chains more or less to post of commencement. Containing 160 acres more or less.

HELGA JACOBSON.
B. F. Jacobson, Agent.
Dated 18th of October, 1907.

VICTORIA LAND DISTRICT.
DISTRICT OF COAST, RANGE 3.

Take notice that Geo. E. Davenport, of Vancouver, occupation, lumberman, intends to apply for a special timber license over the following described lands:

No. 1. Commencing at a post planted on the east side of Kimsquit River about ½ mile north of N. W. corner of Lot 51, thence east 40 chains, thence 160 north, thence west 40 to bank of river, thence southerly 160 to point of beginning.

October 6th, 1907.

No. 2. Commencing at a post planted on the east bank of Kimsquit River about 2½ miles north of N. W. corner of Lot 51, thence east 80 chains, thence north 80 chains, thence west 80 to bank of river, thence south 80 chains to point of beginning.

October 6th, 1907.

No. 3. Commencing at a post planted on east bank of Kimsquit River about 3½ miles north of N. W. corner of Lot 51, at S. W. corner, thence east 80 chains, thence north 80 chains, thence west 80 chains to bank of river, thence south 80 chains to point of beginning.

October 6th, 1907.

No. 4. Commencing at a post planted on east bank of Kimsquit River about 4½ miles north of N. W. corner of Lot 51, at S. W. corner, thence east 80 chains, thence north 80 chains, thence west 80 chains to bank of river, thence south 80 chains to point of beginning.

October 6th, 1907.

No. 5. Commencing at a post planted on east bank of Kimsquit River about 5½ miles north of N. W. corner of Lot 51, at S. W. corner, thence east 40 chains, thence north 160 chains, thence west 40 chains to bank of river, thence south 160 chains to point of beginning.

October 6th, 1907.

No. 6. Commencing at a post planted on west side of Kimsquit River about 3½ miles north of N. W. corner of Lot 51, at S. E. corner, thence west 80 chains, thence north 80 chains, thence east 80 chains to bank of river, thence south 80 chains to point of beginning.

October 6th, 1907.

No. 7. Commencing at a post planted on west bank of Kimsquit River about 4½ mile snorth of N. W. corner of Lot 51, at S. E. corner, thence west 80 chains, thence north 80 chains, thence east 80 chains to bank of river, thence southerly 80 chains to point of beginning.

October 6th, 1907.

No. 8. Commencing at a post planted on west bank of Kimsquit River about 5½ miles north of N. W. corner of Lot 51, at S. E. corner, thence west 80 chains, thence north 120 chains, thence east 40 chains, thence south 80 chains, thence east 40 chains to bank of river, thence south 40 chains to point of beginning.

GEO. E. DAVENPORT.
Per J. W. MacFarlane, Agent.
October 6th, 1907.

VICTORIA LAND DISTRICT.
DISTRICT OF COAST, RANGE 3.

Take notice that Geo. E. Davenport, of Vancouver, occupation, lumberman, intends to apply for a special timber license over the following described lands:

No. 1. Commencing at a post planted on the east side of Salmon River about ½ mile north of the N. E. corner of Lot 50, at the S. W. corner, thence east 40 chains, thence north 160 chains, thence west 40 chains, thence south 160 chains to point of beginning.

October 8th, 1907.

No. 2. Commencing at a post planted on the east bank of Salmon River about 2½ miles north of the N. E. corner of Lot 50, at the S. W. corner, thence east 80 chains, thence north 80 chains, thence west 80 chains, thence south 80 chains to point of beginning.

October 8th, 1907.

No. 3. Commencing at a post planted on the east bank of Salmon River about 3½ miles north of the N. E. corner of Lot 50, at the S. W. corner, thence east 80 chains, thence north 80 chains, thence west 80 chains, thence south 80 chains to point of beginning.

October 8th, 1907.

No. 4. Commencing at a post planted on the west bank of Salmon River about 3½ miles north of the N. E. corner of Lot 50, at the S. E. corner, thence west 40 chains, thence north 80 chains, thence west 40 chains, thence north 80 chains, thence east 40 chains to bank of river, thence south 80 chains, thence east 40 chains to point of beginning.

October 8th, 1907.

No. 5. Commencing at a post planted on the west bank of Salmon River about 4½ miles north from the N. E. corner of Lot 50, at the S. E. corner, thence west 80 chains, thence north 80 chains, thence east 80 chains to bank of river, thence south 80 chains along bank of river to point of beginning.

October 8th, 1907.

No. 6. Commencing at a post planted on the west bank of Salmon River about 6½ miles north from the N. E. corner of Lot 50, at the S. E. corner, thence west 40 chains, thence north 40, thence west 40, thence north 120 chains to bank of river, thence southerly along bank of river 160 chains to point of beginning.

October 8th, 1907.

No. 7. Commencing at a post planted on the east bank of Sachumtha River, about 7 miles north from the N. E. corner of Lot 50, at the N. W. corner, thence east 160 chains, thence south 40 chains, thence west 160 chains, thence north 40 chains to point of beginning.

October 8th, 1907.

No. 8. Commencing at a post planted on the N. E. bank of Salmon River about 4 miles easterly from the junction of Sachumtha River and Salmon River, at the S. W. corner, thence east 40 chains, thence north 40 chains, thence west 40 chains, thence north 40, thence west 80 chains, thence south 80 chains to point of beginning.

GEO. E. DAVENPORT.
Per J. W. MacFarlane, Agent.
October 8th, 1907.

COAST LAND DISTRICT.

Take notice that I, B. Fillip Jacobsen, of Bella Coola, B. C., by occupation a timber cruiser, intend to apply for a special license over the following described lands:

No. 1. Commencing at a post planted at the N. W. corner, on the south side of Deans Channel, and about ½ mile east of the entrance of Cascade Inlet on the south shore of Deans Channel, thence south 40 chains, thence east 160 chains, thence north 40 chains more or less to shore line of Deans Channel, thence following shore line 160 chains to post of commencement. Containing 640 acres more or less.

B. FILLIP JACOBSEN.
Dated 17th day of September, 1907.

No. 2. Commencing at a post planted at the N. W. corner, and on the south side of Deans Channel, about ½ mile S. W. of Cascade Inlet, and adjoining B. C. D. Co. Lot 226 on their N. E. corner, thence south 40 chains, thence east 120 chains, thence north 40 chains, thence east 40 chains, thence north 40 chains more or less to shore line, thence following shore line 160 chains to post of commencement. Containing 640 acres fore or less.

B. FILLIP JACOBSEN,
Locator.
Dated this 17th day of September, 1907.

No. 3. Commencing at a post planted at the S. E. corner, on the north side of Deans Channel, due north of B. C. D. Co.'s N. E. corner post of Lot 226, thence west 40 chains, thence north 80 chains, thence east 40 chains, thence north 80 chains, thence east 40 chains, thence south 40 chains more or less to shore line of Deans Channel, thence following shore line 160 chains more or less to post of commencement. Containing 640 acres more or less.

B. FILLIP JACOBSEN.
Dated Sept. 17th, 1907.

No. 4. Commencing at a post planted at the S. E. corner, on the north side of Deans Channel, and about 2¼ miles east from the entrance to Cascade Inlet, thence north 40 chains, thence west 160 chains, thence south 40 chains more or less to shore line of Deans Channel, thence following shore line east 160 chains more or less to post of commencement. Containing 640 acres more or less.

B. FILLIP JACOBSEN.
Dated Sept. 17th, 1907.

No. 5. Commencing at a post planted at the S. E. corner, on the north side of entrance to Nuscall Bay, on the west shore of Deans Channel, and about 2½ miles north of west entrance to Labouchere Channel, thence west 120 chains along north shore of Nuscall Bay and Nuscall Creek, thence north 40 chains, thence east 40 chains, thence north 40 chains, thence east to Deans Channel 40 chains more or less, thence following shore line 80 chains more or less to post of commencement. Containing 640 acres more or less.

B. FILLIP JACOBSEN.
Dated Sept. 17th, 1907.

DOMINION HOTEL, Victoria, B. C. Maintained on the highest standard; rates $1.50 to $2.50 per day. Free bus.

JAM THAT IS JAM

We make a specialty of JAM—Jam that is Jam—the real, genuine, unadulterated article, no sham, and can well recommend these:

WAGSTAFFE'S RASPBERRY, per jar 50c
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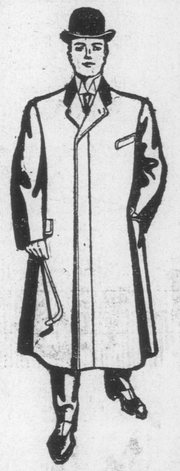

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VOL. 36

CANADA'S ENVOY GIVEN AUDIE

JAPAN WILL MEET VIEWS OF DOM

Hon. R. Lemieux Entertain Lunch by the Empress-- Emperor Indisposed.

Tokio, Nov. 28.—Hon. R. L Canadian postmaster-general an missioner of labor, who is on a concerning emigration, had an a to-day and lunched with the e at the palace.

The usual ceremonies were ob The emperor was indisposed cold, and was unable to be pre

Mr. Ishii, chief of the bureau merce of the Japanese foreign expected here on November 30th his arrival it is believed that tions concerning the emigrati North America will proceed mo idly.

It is understood that Viscoun ashi, minister of foreign affai assured Mr. Lemieux that the ese government is prepared the views of Canada regarding t tation of immigration.

STRANDING OF IMPERIAL Y

Russian Officers Punished for A Standart to Run on Rock

St. Petersburg, Nov. 28.—The mission appointed to investiga stranding of the Imperial yacht dart, which ran on the rocks off on September 11th while the on board, has handed in its Rear Admiral Niloff and Capt. gin are reprimanded. Lieut-Co nochkow is dismissed, and Lieu tanoff is placed under arrest week. Gen. Schemann, director pilotage system of the Finnish is acquitted.

DYNAMITED TO DEATH

Edmonton, Nov. 28.—Edward was killed yesterday by an ex of dynamite in the construction at Clover Bar.

UNDER GUISE OF JAPANESE STUDE

American Ambassador Direct tention of Nippon Governm to Pacific Coast Influx.

Tokio, Nov. 27.—It is understoo United States Ambassador Mr. has officially called the attention Japanese government to the gr crease in the number of Japan riving on the Pacific Coast. sented the view of the state ment that this cannot be consid accordance with the promises Japanese government, and, the requested a rigid investigation prompt measures to prevent the gration into America of any who, entering as a student, mi terwards become a laborer.

There is reason to believe th emigration companies in Japa taking advantage of the laxity inspection qualification for emi and becoming bolder in pra fraud, hence a meeting of the en companies has been called for ber 3rd.

At the foreign office it was st a correspondent of the Ass Press: "We are now consideri best methods of controlling and limiting emigration and correcti mistakes which may have occur cently. Conditions here are di from those in America, Japanes dents who have reached a certain in Japanese schools desiring America, register as students faith, but reaching America they work to enable them to prosecu studies. It is quite probable that have been committed, but with cognizance of the government, now using every precaution to recurrence of such frauds."

M. SHIPPOFF IN JAPAN.

Former Russian Finance Ministe Confer With Emperor.

Tokio, Nov. 28.—M. Shippoff, form ister of finance of Russia, arrived day from Manchuria. His visit is official character, and it is und that he will confer with the mini foreign affairs, Hayashi, and will b an audience with the Emperor.

KINGSTON MAYORALTY

Kingston, Nov. 28.—Ald. E. A M. D., president of the Conse Association, will oppose Ald. Toy, in the mayoralty contest i nary.