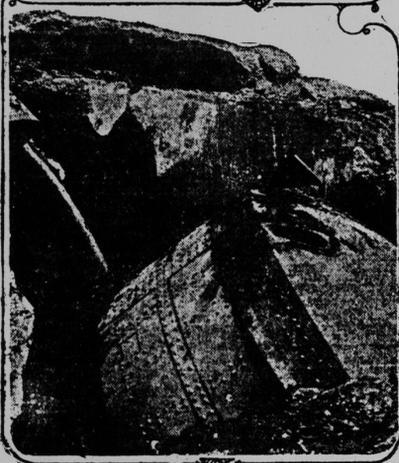
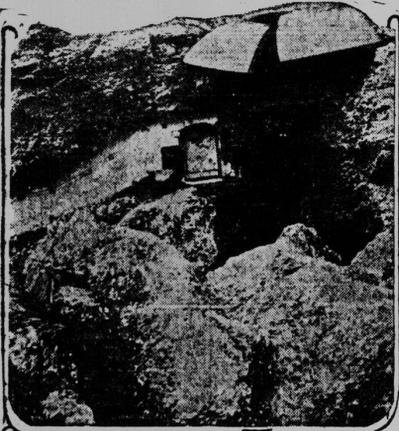


FIRST PHOTOS OF HAVOC WROUGHT AT LIEGE



These photographs, just in from Berlin, show what those terrible 16-inch German siege guns did to the stubborn turret forts which held out so long at Liege. These forts of nickel-armor steel, with concrete walls as thick as a house, were torn to pieces, as shown in the photographs, and the places they occupied made the craters of veritable volcanoes.

Germans Make Stand At River Aisne But Allies Cross
Stirring Report on the British Operations—News From Russian Fighting Line Continues Good

London, Sept. 14, 4.45 p.m.—The official press bureau this afternoon issued the following statement:

"All day yesterday the enemy stubbornly disputed the passage of the Aisne by our troops, but in spite of the difficulty of fording the river in the face of a strong opposition on nearly all the crossings were seized by sunset.

"On our right and left the French troops were confronted with a similar task in which, like ourselves, they were successful. Many more prisoners were taken.

"It is reported from the French headquarters that the German Crown Prince's army has been driven back and that he has moved his headquarters from St. Menehould to Montefaucon."

Broadly speaking, the German lines to the northeast of Paris have been driven back by the Allies about half way to the Belgian frontier. They extend today from a point north of Amiens to the Argonne region and are from sixty to eighty miles distant from Paris and about an equal distance from the boundary lines of Belgium. From the Argonne the line runs northeast to Verdun, which fortress is thirty miles from the Luxembourg line. From Verdun the German line would appear to run southeast to a point north of Nancy whence it continues in an easterly direction to the frontier of Lorraine. Here the German and French troops are virtually on the border.

The statement of the official press bureau discloses the fact that the German crown prince, who heretofore had been supposed to be directing the attack on the fortresses of Verdun, really was in charge of the German centre army, which made a desperate attempt to break through the French line at Vitry Le Francois.

St. Menehould, the deserted headquarters of the crown prince, is at the southern extremity of the Argonne forest and about twenty miles to the north of Revigny. Montefaucon, the new position taken up by the crown prince is about eighteen miles to the northeast of St. Menehould and twelve miles to the northwest of Verdun.

BRITISH REVIEW OF GREAT BATTLE.

London, Sept. 14, 2.45 p.m.—Important details of the operations of the British army in France are contained in a report which the War Office issued this afternoon.

When the German army began its eastward movement to cut the French centre, according to General French, it was ignoring the British as a factor in the fight. The Allies began a general advance on Sept. 7, against the German rear guard of their right wing, which had been left along the river Ourcq. The British army was reinforced. The Germans began a retirement on their right on the 7th. It was the first time that they had turned back since the battle of Mons.

According to letters found on prisoners they had expected to enter Paris in a few days. The order to retreat was a bitter disappointment. The British crossed the river Marne on the 9th with the French, and on the 10th captured 1,500 men, four great guns, six machine guns and fifty transport wagons.

The Germans of the right army seemed demoralized. They were without food and surrendered readily, according to the British report. The continued advance, General French says, has delighted the troops who, with the reinforcements received, are filled with zeal and anxious to press on, carrying all before them at the point of the bayonet.

"On Monday, Sept. 7, there was a general advance on the part of the Allies. In this quarter of the field (the German right), our forces which had now been reinforced pushed on in a northeasterly direction in co-operation with the advance of the French fifth army to the north and of the French sixth army to the eastward against the German rear guard along the river Ourcq.

REASON FOR GERMAN RETIREMENT.

"Possibly weakened by the detachment of troops to the eastern theatre of operations, and realizing that the action of the French sixth army against the line of Ourcq and the advance of the British their own flanking movement in considerable danger of being taken



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We want your trade. The only way we except to get it is by giving you more value for your money than you can get elsewhere. As you know, the policy of this store is to sell it for less and thereby sell more.

VELVET CORDUROY
 85c. Value.....Sale 59c. Yard
 Suitable for Suits and Children's wear; very popular this Fall. Colors, navy, tan, brown, grey, Copenhagen, white and green.

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 Values to 75c. Yard.....Sale 35c. Yard
 About 300 yards in lot that must be cleared at once. Only in the following shades: Nile, myrtle, reseda, dark cardinal, fawn, pink, cream, yellow, tusean and light blue; width 24 inches.

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 Suitable for Fall Millinery. Don't delay, as the best shades are selling fast!

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 Wonderful Value

25c. China Silk.....Sale 15c. yard
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 60c. Paillette Silk.....Sale 39c. yard
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 \$1.00 Taffeta Silk.....Sale 49c. yard
 85c. Colored Satin.....Sale 49c. yard
 \$1.25 36-inch Paillette Silk.....Sale 65c. yard

DRESS GOODS
 The Tennant & Holder Stock
AT HALF PRICE

\$2.00 Yard Black Silk Emb. Voile.....Sale \$1.00 yard
 \$1.50 Yard Black Stripe Voile.....Sale 75c. yard
 \$1.00 Yard Colored Silk and Wool Crepe de Chine.....Sale 49c. yard
 \$1.00 Yard Cream Silk and Wool Crepe de Chine.....Sale 49c. yard
 \$1.00 Yard Silk and Wool Crepe.....Sale 49c. yard
 55c. Yard Black and White Stripe Voile.....Sale 25c. yard

MEN'S FALL CAPS
 Values to \$1.00 Each.....Sale 23c. Each
 We are dropping this line, as we have not the room to properly display them. Cloth caps in tweed and plain effects; all good styles. One price. Your choice 23c. each.

KID GLOVE BARGAINS
 \$2.00 Ladies' Long Black, Grey and Tan Gloves.....Sale \$1.00 Pair
 \$2.00 Ladies' 3-4 Tan Cape Gloves.....Sale 88c. Pair
 \$1.50 Ladies' Reynier's Famous Kid Gloves.....Sale \$1.00 Pair
 \$1.00 Ladies' Tan and Grey Kid Gloves.....Sale 49c. Pair
 75c. Men's White Kid Gloves.....Sale 39c. Pair
 Because of the war Kid Gloves have advanced in price 20 per cent, so it's up to you to buy now at the above bargain prices.

OVERALL APRONS
 Value 69c. Each.....Sale 49c. Each
 Can be slipped on and off in a second, and affords complete protection for the dress. Made of good quality English Print, in light and dark colorings.

WOMEN'S FINE NATURAL WOOL DRAWERS, UNSHRINKABLE
 Penman's Best Make. Value \$1.65 Pair To Clear 69c. Pair

WOMEN'S RAINCOATS
 Value \$8.00.....Sale \$5.98

CHILDREN'S FLEECE-LINED SLEEPERS
 Value 75c. Each.....Sale 39c. Each

UNDERSKIRT SALE
 75c. Black Sateen Underskirts.....Sale 39c. each
 75c. Striped Wash Underskirts.....Sale 39c. each

TURNBULL'S UNDERWEAR FOR WOMEN
 Every Garment Guaranteed

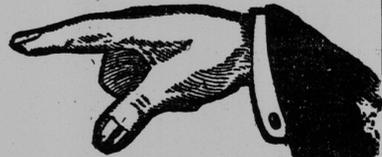
35c. Knit Corset Covers.....Sale 25c. each
 35c. Vests and Drawers.....Sale 25c. each
 45c. Vests and Drawers.....Sale 35c. each
 50c. Vests and Drawers.....Sale 40c. each
 Vests and Drawers, outside.....Sale 45c. each

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in the rear and on its right flank, the Germans on this day commenced to retire towards the northeast.

"This was the first sign that these troops had turned back since their attack at Mons a fortnight before, and from reports received the order to retreat when so close to Paris was a bitter disappointment.

"On Tuesday, Sept. 8, the German movement northeastwards was continued. Their rear guards on the south of the Marne were being pressed back to that river by our troops, and by the French on our right, the latter capturing three villages after a hand-to-hand fight and the infliction of a severe loss on the enemy.

"The fighting along the Ourcq continued on this day and was of the most sanguinary character, for the Germans had massed a great force of artillery along this line. Very few of their infantry were seen by the French.

"The French fifth army also made a fierce attack on the Germans in Montmirail, regaining that place.

"On Wednesday, Sept. 9, the battle between the French sixth army and what was now a German flank guard along the Ourcq continued.

"The British corps, overcoming some resistance on the river Petit Morin, crossed the Marne in pursuit of the Germans, who now were hastily retreating northwards. One of our corps was delayed by an obstinate defence made by a strong rear guard with machine guns at La Ferte-Sous-Jouarre, where the brigade had been destroyed.

"On Thursday, Sept. 10, the French sixth army continued its pressure on the west, while the fifth army, by forced marches, reached the line of Chateau Thierry and Dormans, on the Marne. Our troops also continued the pursuit on the north of the latter river, and after a considerable amount of fighting captured some 1,500 prisoners, four guns, six machine guns and fifty transport wagons.

"Many of the enemy were killed or wounded, and the numerous thick woods, which dot the country north of the Marne, are filled with German stragglers. Most of them appear to have been without food for at least two days.

"Much brutal and senseless damage has been done in the villages occupied by the enemy. Property has been wantonly destroyed. Pictures in Chateaux have been ripped up and houses generally have been pillaged.

"It is stated on impeccable authority also that the inhabitants have been much ill-treated.

"One of the features of the campaign on our side has been the success obtained by the Royal Flying Corps. In regard to the collection of information it is impossible either to award too much praise to our aviators for the way they have carried out their duties or to over-estimate the value of the intelligence collected, more especially during the recent advance.

All the news coming in today seems to confirm the Russian reports that the Russians have inflicted another crushing defeat on the Austrians, who, on the right, were supported by some German divisions. By the capture of Tomaszow, the Russian drove a wedge between the Austrian army which had invaded Poland as far as Opole, Krasnostav and Zamosc, and the army which they defeated at Lemberg, and which, although it lost heavily in killed, wounded, prisoners and guns, managed to reform to some extent and undertake the offensive.

The Germans, who reinforced the Austrians, according to latest reports, shared in the defeat. They are trying to reach the fortress at Przemyel, and the rear guard is endeavoring to keep off the Russian cavalry which are pursuing them.

Austria had in Poland and Galicia an army estimated at 1,000,000 men, with 2,500 guns. At Lemberg, Austria lost many thousands of men in killed, wounded and prisoners. It is now stated, although not officially, that the total number of prisoners amounts to 130,000, and that 1,000 field guns were taken, besides the guns in the captured forts and an immense amount of war material.

The Servians after taking Semlin, over which they had great rejoicing as it relieves Belgrade from a continuation of the bombardment, have resumed the offensive against the Austrians, and, like the Montenegrins, are taking advantage of Austria's weakness on that frontier to push into her territory.

POLICE PROTECTION
 Editor Times:
 Sir,—As a property holder and tax payer of St. John I want to say that there is no other city in Canada where the tax payers would stand for the same conditions as we do. It is a disgrace of the worst kind. Ladies and children have to go out in the middle of the street to pass the Gem, and there should be a change at once. Just because civic officials are at logger heads the people have to suffer. It is time for some other action to be taken. If there had been as much attention given to police protection as there has been to investigations it would have been more satisfactory to all. St. John has just about half the police force it should have. If we are paying for it, give it to us; or go back to the old aldermanic system, as a property holding tax payer I fail to see any improvement.

A WATERLOO ST. PROPERTY HOLDER.

HOME RULE BILL AND WELSH DISESTABLISHMENT TO PASS THIS WEEK
 Premier Asquith announced yesterday in the British House of Commons that both the Irish Home Rule bill and the Welsh disestablishment bill will be placed on the statute books this week but will not go into effect for at least a year.

June 29th. was the hottest day this season in London, the temperature in the shade reaching 82 degrees.

PHOTOGRAPH OF THE GERMAN MARCH THROUGH BELGIUM. A REGIMENT OF TROOPS RESTING AT THE ROADSIDE

