in the Church and in the State, their patriotism, and their philanthropy, will give ample evidence how well they have been here cared for, and how admirably they had been here instructed. For this experience which we enjoy, and for the hope which we fondly cherish, we beg to tender our cordial thanks to you, the Honourable Patrons, and to you, the learned and skilful teachers, of this Institution; and while we promise you a continuance of the respect, the gratitude, the affiance, which you have so abundantly earned, and which, we feel assured, you will never do any thing to forfeit, we sincerely and earnestly commend you to the best blessings of Him whose Providence orders all our lot, and from whom, as the Father of Lights, cometh down to us every good and perfect gift. (Cheers.) My Lord Provost, there are two points upon which I wish to make a few remarks: The first respects this new building. We return you our most cordial thanks for transferring the High School from the situation which it formerly occupied to that in which it is now established. (Loud cheers from the boys.) * * * The other point I would speak of regards the selection of teachers: I have always considered this as by far the most important point in education. But the idea entertained by some seems to be, that the system of education is the sum total of the concern. They consider the system to be every thing. If the system is good, they think that the end is attained, and that the work is done; and they never dream that any imperfection can arise from those to whom it is committed to do the work: if there are any failures, they are sure to refer them to the system, and not the persons to whom the working of the system is committed. My doctrine is the very reverse of this; and I am so strongly impressed with it, that I would form it into an absolute maxim, and say, "Make a system what you please, still the *teacher is every thing*." Give us teachers to the High School of high scholarship, sound principles, exemplary characters—teachers who are not merely capable of acquiring knowledge, but who are moreover, capable of communicating that knowledge—teachers who can adapt their instruction to the capacity, tempers, and habits of the young persons under their care—teachers who combine great affection with great energy and great firmness,—above all, teachers who are in love with their profession,—who are very enthusiasts in the cause, and who can say, not merely in the spirit of poetry, but from consciousness and heartfelt conviction of the truth.

Delightful task! to rear the tender thought,
To teach the young idea how to shoot,
To pour the fresh instruction o'er the mind,
To breathe the enlivening spirit, and to fix
The generous purpose in the glowing breast.

Give me teachers of this description, and I care little about the system; because, if it is bad, they will make it a good one—if good, they will make it better. On the other hand, if the teacher is of a different cast, all goes wrong; if you give him a good system, he will make it a bad one; and if you give him a bad one he will make it worse. In the one case, you gain every thing, in the other every thing is lost. (Hear, hear, and applause.) I am not aware that this principle has been formally recognized by the patrons—but whether it has or not, I know they have hitherto acted upon it; for if any thing more than another has distinguished the exercise of the patronage of the Town Council, it has been the selection of the best qualified teachers for the High School. (Cheers.) They (the patrons) have hitherto acted as if they felt that every thing depended upon the qualities of the teachers; and I might illustrate this by running over the numerous list which stands upon your record, from the very commencement of the Institution, down to the appointment of the existing masters, whose presence forbids me to expatiate on their talents and their merits, which I should otherwise have great pleasure in doing,—though why should I dwell upon talents and merits which are so well known to all of us? (Cheers.) We thank you, my Lord, for what you have done so well in times past, and now beg that you may pursue the same course in all time to come. Give us an Adam (pointing to the portrait of Dr. Adam)—give us a Pillans (pointing to the portrait of Professor Pillans)—give us a Carson—(Loud and continued cheering)—I say, my Lord, repeat the boon, as I now repeat the request—give us an Adam, a Pillans, and a Carson,—give us better men if you can find them, and I say, in the name of the parents and guardians of the children, we will not only be contented, but grateful and delighted. You will thus reflect the highest credit on your own characters as guardians of this great and important establishment; you will effectually uphold the high character which the Institution already maintains in the literary world—you will perpetuate and extend its usefulness, and your memories will be embalmed in the hearts of an enlightened and grateful posterity.

Dreadful Storm in Scotland.—It appears from the Scotch papers, that the storm which was felt in this town on the night of Monday week, swept over the whole of Scotland with extraordinary violence. It was felt from the Tweed to Inverness, but appears to have been particularly violent in Berwickshire, Perth, and Aberdeenshire, it being described as the most dreadful storm that has been experienced in the last mentioned county, since 1812. Several vessels have been driven ashore on the coast, especially in Moray Frith, where no less than eleven were wrecked, the crews of eight of which perished. In all the counties over which the storm passed, immense numbers of trees, some of them of very large size, were thrown down, or torn up by the roots, especially in the Highland woods of Dopplen, Lynedock, and Methoen, where the mischief is described by the Scotch papers as having been incalculable.—*Liverpool Courier, August* 12.

A highly respectable, and one of the most extensive shipping houses here in the foreign trade, who had to exhibit a statement of their affairs, in 1809, and ultimately received a discharge, in full, from the creditors, on a composition of 10s. in the pound, have now come forward in the most handsome manner, and at present, we understand, are making arrangements to pay the remaining 10s. The sum required has been stated at £30,000.—*Glasgow paper.*

All the Scotch Banks have given notice that after the 1st of September their rate of interest on deposits will be reduced from three to two per cent. per annum.

As was formerly mentioned, some considerable improvements are about to be carried into effect in Lanark. A fine new street is forming almost opposite the Clydesdale Inn, to join the new Edinburgh road. In the High Street preparations are making for commencing the building of the new Commercial Bank, which, it is said, is to be on a very splendid scale. Some fine buildings are also to be erected in the Wellgate, which, along with other improvements that are going forward, will have the effect of adding considerably to the beauty of that ancient borough.—*Glasgow Chronicle.*

IRELAND.

The Presbyterian synod of Munster, before the close of its annual sitting, which is just concluded, voted an address to the Lord Lieutenant, congratulating his grace on the commencement of his administration having had the peculiar felicity of being marked by the settlement of the great political question, which for many generations has agitated the country; and stating the earnest desire of the members of their communion to co-operate with the efforts of his Excellency, for exciting to useful industry the indigent and unemployed population of the island, and of effectually calling forth her vast resources to contribute their due proportion to the general welfare and prosperity of the British empire. The Lord Lieutenant in the close of his reply, says—"From the pale of this constitution we have now no exclusion. Its honors and its benefits are attainable by all; and I am sure, gentlemen, that you will co-operate with the good citizens of every creed, in accelerating the progress of civilization, and in securing for Ireland the two great temporal blessings of Christianity—"Peace on earth and good-will towards men."—*London Atlas.*

Representation of Waterford.—Mr. Villiers Stuart has resigned the representation of Waterford. In his address to the electors he states, that as he deemed it necessary to vote for the Disfranchisement Bill, he came to the resolution of yielding back the trust reposed in him by the forty shilling freeholders, whose independent exercise of their franchises placed him in Parliament. He declines to stand for the representation, again and the electors, he says, will now have an opportunity of selecting another representative "under the regenerated system of election." No less than three candidates have already started to contest Waterford, in the room of Mr. Stuart.—Sir Richard Musgrave, Bart., Lord George Beresford, and Henry Winston Barron, Esq.

Manufactures in Ireland.—Twenty females, between the ages of 13 and 16 have arrived at Limerick, from London. The object of the importation is to establish a lace factory in Limerick, under the superintendence of an English capitatist.

Irish favours.—At the Dundalk assizes, Bridget Matthews, on being sentenced to seven years transportation, thanked the judge, and, accompanying it with a respectful curtesy, said, "God be thanked! it's better than a bad marriage!" And Edward M'Donnell, on being similarly sentenced, said, if he had money he would have been in Botany-bay long before.

The Observer.

TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 22, 1829.

Our London dates by the Mail are to the 6th August, but we have European intelligence down to the 12th of that month, by other channels. Still, however, we have to complain of a wonderful sterility in regard to actual *news*. The great, interesting, and all-absorbing question, whether hostilities are speedily to cease, or war to continue its desolating course in the East of Europe, remains quite undecided, in as far at least as our information at present goes. And as to the ultimate policy of Great-Britain in relation to Eastern affairs, we are likewise much in the dark.

It would have given us great pleasure to have been able to communicate favourable accounts of the state of things nearer *home*. But the progress of improvement in the more important branches of our trade and commerce is by no means marked, and the cloud which hangs over them continues as dense and threatening as ever. Ireland, too, remains in a highly feverish state. The calmness and quiescence of the Catholic party, indicate much caution, and deep policy. For it is strongly apprehended that they are the precursors of some new demands on His Majesty's Government, and that among the first of the claims which are likely to be urged, will be the *restoration* of what they represent as Church property unjustly alienated.—Mr. O'Connell has gained the day, without opposition. He has not only been elected with acclamation, but has been *be-dinnered* and *chaired*. Shiell seems to be quite in the back ground, and O'Connell bids fair to be the man of the people, and the triumphant *Agitator*. Great sensation has been excited by a letter addressed to a leading Orangeman, said to be the production of Ex-Chancellor Eldon, as it has his *frank*, and, to all appearance, his signature. But as it is written in the spirit of an incendiary, and obviously designed to keep alive contentions fatal to the peace of the country, and to the last degree adverse to the interests of His Majesty's Government, its genuineness has been pointedly denied by the leading ministerial prints, and it is to be hoped that the venerable character thus implicated will be able to wipe off the imputation in a manner satisfactory to his friends and creditable to himself.

It has been justly remarked, as an evidence of the mutations to which human opinions and human affairs are liable, that within these three years past, political parties may be said to have changed places. The Whigs are the props of Government, while the Tories are its strenuous opponents. A motion for Parliamentary Reform was made by a Tory, and negatived by the assistance of the Whigs. Brougham has been offered a place, which he declined in view of a better. Sir James W. Moncrieff has obtained a double gown under the title of Lord Moncrieff, and Francis Jeffrey, the renowned Editor of the Edinburgh Review, so long the organ of Liberalism, has been elevated to the station of Dean of the Faculty of Advocates in Scotland! The former applauders of the Duke of Wellington are now his virulent traducers—not only his qualifications as a *Statesman*, but his merits as a *Soldier*, have been called in question, and by the quondam Tories the very victory of Waterloo has been represented as a disaster to England, because it has been the forerunner of Catholic Emancipation, Free Trade, and other

"Gorgons, and Hydra's, and Chimera's dire!"

Such and so various are not only the *tastes*, but the sentiments, the feelings, and the states of men.

We are still without intelligence as to the *Transports*, with Troops to relieve the 81st Regiment. But, from a view of our Shipping list it will be seen that we have had a considerable number of arrivals since our last publication. It is not expected, however, that we shall have our usual quantum of shipping this fall, owing to the high price of timber, though it is probable that a number of vessels will be late, several having waited in Ireland, expecting passengers, of which they were disappointed, and having afterwards gone to Quebec, &c. they were only returning home when others were coming out to this port.

Prospects of the Farmer.—Last night we had a heavy gale from the N. W. which would have no favourable effect on the ripening crops, and of late we have had several keen frosty mornings. The country instead of wearing that bright thirsty look which, at this season, usually indicates the approach of harvest, is covered in many places in our vicinage, with a dark, and if we may use the term, raw verdure. There is of course, as is always the case in showery seasons, a very fair prospect of an abundant return to the farmer, but it is now evident that the harvest will be comparatively a late one, if the rains and colds continue much longer. We must have some dry and warm weather soon, in order that our crops may assume that golden hue which indicates maturation, and attain that fulness in the ear which renders them fit for the sickle.

Streets.—We are gratified to learn that in the progress of the improvement of our streets, the Common Council have resolved to reduce to its level the *rocky hill*, (commonly so called) being the part of Princess-street lying between Prince William and Germain-streets. In carrying into effect so excellent a resolution, they will not only contribute much to the appearance of the City and the accommodation of its inhabitants, but will keep many a pauper off the Parish funds during the inclement season of the year which so fast approaches.

Archdeacon.—We are informed on authority on which we can rely, that the Rev. Mr. Wix, of Halifax, is to receive the appointment of Archdeacon of this Province, in room of the late Rev. Mr. Best. He has already been *officially* announced as Chaplain to the Garrison at Fredericton.

His Honor the President has been pleased to appoint Henry Swymmer, Esquire, Barrister at Law, to be one of the Masters of the Court of Chancery.

We understand, from a Gentleman who arrived from Passamaquoddy on Friday, and who received his information from one of the Pilots in that quarter, that a vessel, said to be the Brig *Charlotte*, supposed to have been wrecked in May last, on her passage from Greenock to this port, had been discovered, sunk, with her masts and sails still standing, all under water, by some fishermen while fishing for Bait off the West end of Grand Manan. A party, with a Diving Bell, we are happy to state, were going to the spot, to ascertain further particulars.—*Cour.*

It is stated in the Halifax papers, that His Excellency Sir Peregrine Maitland, Governor of Nova-Scotia, proceeds to England by the first opportunity, by advice of his Physicians, for the benefit of his health.—*St. Andrews Herald.*

Miramichi, Sept. 15.—His Honor Judge Bliss, accompanied by G. P. Bliss, and S. Wetmore, Esqrs. arrived last evening at Newcastle. We regret to state that the Attorney General, when within a few miles of Newcastle, was forced to return in consequence of illness; by this unforeseen event, the Court will be deprived for the present, of the learned gentleman's professional services. As the indisposition may have proceeded from fatigue, we hope it will be of but temporary duration.—*Schediasma.*

Head-Quarters, Fredericton,
14th September, 1829.

MILITIA GENERAL ORDERS.

His Honor the President has been pleased to make the following appointments, &c.

3d Battalion King's County.

Ensign Jabez Upham, to be Captain, vice Joshua Upham, who retires with his rank.

Henry A. DeMil to be Lieutenant, and James M. Fowler to be Ensign.

1st Battalion St. John City Militia.

Conradt John Hendricks, to be Lieutenant.

By Command.

GEORGE SHORE, A. G. M. F.

COLONIAL.

Reflecting Telescope.—The first Telescope of this or any other description made we believe in the British American possessions, and probably the most powerful of any in North America, will be one in progress and nearly completed by Mr. Jones, Master, of H. M. S. Hussar, on the Halifax Station, now in the port of Quebec. Mr. Crawford, of Halifax, Watchmaker, with a zeal and perseverance that does him credit, after much pains and several abortive attempts in the course of last winter, at the instance of Mr. Jones, has finally succeeded in effecting a perfect casting for a Speculum of a very brilliant reflective power, which this gentleman has with great labour nearly finished and made fit for use. Its diameter is six and a half inches, and six feet focal length, with a magnifying power of two thousand times. The Speculum when used is to be placed at the lower end of a tube of equal diameter with it, and of corresponding focal length, the observer standing with his back to the celestial object viewed, and receiving it reflected from the Speculum through a convex lens. The component parts of the metal of which the Speculum consists, are copper, grain-tin, brass-pin-wire and arsenic. Mr. Jones has been engaged under the Admiral, by authority from the Admiralty, during the last eighteen months in astronomical observations, to ascertain more correctly than heretofore the latitude and longitude of various points on the coast of Nova Scotia and Gulf of St. Lawrence, with a view to the correction and improvement of the maritime charts of this quarter. He proceeds hence by order of Sir Chas. Ogle, in H. M. S. Columbine, we understand, to visit and report upon the site chosen for the intended Light House at *Points des Monts*, and thence to certain points in the Gulf to complete his astronomical observations. The trade and maritime interests of the country are much indebted to the gallant Admiral for the attention and interest he takes in promoting the important improvement alluded to, and which we hope will be made public at an early period.—*Quebec Mercury, Aug.* 22.

[We will add to the above, that Mr. Crawford has manufactured a second Speculum of about four inches diameter, which has been also fitted in a tube, and is well calculated to aid astronomical observations—its power is very great.]—*Halifax Royal Gazette, Sept.* 16.

Small-Pox.—We are sorry to learn that several cases of this disease have appeared in this city in adults and those not out of the lower order of society, but who, judging from their age, probably underwent Vaccination before the treatment and appearance of that mild preventative were so well understood as they now are.—*Quebec Mercury.*

Lead Ore.—Some very rich specimens of galena or sulphuret of lead, were a week or two ago brought to Quebec from the country in the rear of Kamouraska, in this district. It is reported to be abundant, and steps are to be taken to get further information regarding it. It is known that galena has been found near Cornwall, (U. C.) and some of the townships situated on the south side of the St. Lawrence in this district, but not in sufficient abundance to induce its being worked.—*Quebec Gazette.*

Salt.—The U. C. Herald mentions the discovery of salt springs near the village of Haal lowell, The Editor has in his possession a bottle of water obtained from a well made there by digging about 16 feet through the rock, and says, if the quantity be equal to the quality, the discovery of this water will be a valuable acquisition to the resources of the country.

Auger an old offender, who was reprieved from sentence of death, on condition of his leaving the Province for life, was on Wednesday, arrested in this city for returning to it, contrary to the conditions on which he was released from Quebec gaol.—*Montreal Herald, Aug.* 29.

MARRIED.

On Sunday morning last, by the Rev. Rector of the Parish, Mr. John Renney, to Miss Mary Thompson, both of the State of Maine.

At Fredericton, on Thursday the 3d inst. by the Rev. George M'Cawley, Frederick Abraham DeVeber, Esq. of Maugerville, to Miss Milner, of the same place.

At Fredericton, on the 16th inst. by the Rev. George M'Cawley, Mr. Abraham T. Coburn, to Hepsibah, second daughter of Mr. Thomas Pickard, all of that place.

At All Saints Church, St. Andrews, on the 5th inst. by the Rev. Jerome Alley, Rector, Capt. Joseph Baxter, of the Provincial Revenue Cutter Defiance, to Mary, youngest daughter of C. J. Briscoe, Esq. of His Majesty's Customs.

On the 14th inst. at Court Hill, (Nova-Scotia,) by the Rev. John Martin, Mr. John Ackerson, of Sheffield, (N. B.) to Ann, daughter of Mr. John Drysdale.

DIED.

At Fredericton, on Monday se'nnight, after a short but severe illness, which he bore with unexampled patience and pious resignation to the Divine Will, Mr. Bealing Stephen Williams, in the 76th year of his age, leaving a wife and four children to lament his loss.

PORT OF SAINT JOHN.

ARRIVED,

Wednesday, ship Forth, Hunter, Liverpool, 46 days—Crookshank & Walker, salt, &c.

Thursday, ship Rankin, Wishart, Port Glasgow, 47—R. Rankin & Co. ballast.

Restitution, Moon, Plymouth, 48—G. Ball, passengers.

Friday, ship Percival, Lethaby, Plymouth, 49—to order, ballast.

Frances Peabody, Mock, Liverpool, 35—to order, coals and goods.

Saturday, brig St. Catharines, Green, Demerara, 35—N. Merrit, rum, sugar, and molasses.

Friends, Crawford, Port Glasgow, 42—J. Hendricks, ballast.

Crown, Shiels, Belfast, 43—R. Rankin & Co. ballast.

Sunday, ship Faside, Hutchinson, Port Glasgow, 39—R. Rankin & Co ballast.

Miramichi, M'Arthur, Port Glasgow, 37—R. Rankin & Co. merchandize.

In the offing.—His Majesty's Ship Rose, Capt. Travers, from Halifax.——Brig Margaret, Rees, 26 days from Saint Vincent, bound to Londonderry, (N. S.); and two Brigs, names unknown.

CLEARED.

Ship New Eagle, Rose, Plymouth, timber.

Brig Atlantic, M'Farlane, Liverpool—timber.

Moon, Moon, Sunderland, do.

Calista, Coats, Sunderland, do.

Timandra, Robertson, Falmouth, (Jam.)—assorted cargo.

Union V., Vaughan, Montego-Bay—do.

Rosemount, Wishart, Barbados, via St. Andrews, to load.

The Pacific, Carr, for this port, sailed some time previous to the Francis Peabody.

The Spray, Home, at Clyde, from Grenada, 2d Aug.

The Union, from this port, was driven on shore on the 18th July, at the entrance of Dingle Harbour, (Ireland) —she was full of water, and had received considerable damage.

At Liverpool—James & Henry Cumming, Lunan; Tweed, Shackly; Alcyone, Muir;

At Plymouth—Priam, Redpath.

At Sligo—Native, Chapman. *At Belfast*—Billow, Squires. *Off Cork*—Baron Androssan, Rogers.

At Barbados, 7th Aug.—Jane, Armstrong, and Mary, Bairdain; 12th—Peggy, Hunt; 13th—Hiram, Bradshaw. 17th—William Henry, Phelan.

At Philadelphia, Sept. 6—Hope & Susan, Studley.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

FOR SALE,

40 BAGS, of Two Bushels each, INDIAN CORN, *the production of the County of York.*

Sept. 22. E. DeW. RATCHFORD.

NOTICE.

By virtue and in pursuance of a Licence from His Honor the President and His Majesty's Council:

NOTICE is hereby given, that on the 19th day of October next, at the hour of 12 o'clock, the PREMISES extending from Prince William-street through to Water-street, being part of the Real Estate of the late John Thomson, of this City, Merchant, deceased, and now in the occupation of Mr. Wm. Reynolds, and Mr. John Cox, will be offered at Public Sale, in front of the same Premises, for the payment of the debts of the said John Thomson.

MARY THOMSON, *Adm'rx.*
LEWIS BURNS, *Adm'r.*

St. John, September 22, 1829.

NOTICE.

A LETTER, addressed to "*Mr. ALLAN M'LEAN, St. John, New-Brunswick, North America—to be left at St. John Post-Office, till called for*"—was taken out of the Post-Office, and opened by an Allan M'Lean, who found it to be intended for another person. The Letter contains a Bank Post Bill of £180 Stg. The owner of the Letter can hear of the same and the Bill, by applying at the Mayor's Office in this City.

St. John, 22d September, 1829.

For LIVERPOOL—Direct,

The very fine British built and coppered Brig

BIRKBY,

John Johnston, Master.

SHE has superior accommodations either for Cabin or Steerage Passengers; and will sail on or about the 30th instant. Apply to the Captain on board. *Sept.* 22.

JUST PUBLISHED,

And now ready for delivery,

In one neat volume, 12mo. fine demy paper, (price, in boards, to Subscribers, One Dollar)—

FORMS OF PRAYER,

Adapted for Public Worship, the Domestic Altar, Sunday Schools, the Chamber of Sickness and Death.—To which are added, Prayers for the Use of Young Persons, and Graces before and after Meals—with a Conclusion, recommendatory of Prayer as a Christian Duty.

BY

GEORGE BURNS, D. D.

Of this City.

Pray'r is the simplest form of speech,
That infant lips can try;
Pray'r the sublimest strains that reach
The Majesty on high. [*Montgomery.*

☞ Subscribers are requested to call for their copies at the Stores where they left their names.—A supply is on hand, for purchasers, at Mr. J. M'Millan's Book Store. August 18.

PEW FOR SALE.

A DOUBLE Pew, No. 88, in the Northern Aisle of St. Andrews Church, to be sold.—Apply to J. M'MILLAN, S. C.

August 11.

AUCTION SALES.

POSITIVE SALE.

By order of the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury.

On TUESDAY the 29th of September next, at 12 o'clock, at the corner of the Exchange Coffee House:—

THAT WELL KNOWN PROPERTY THE

MISPECK SAW MILLS,

WITH Several Lots or Tracts of Land adjoining, in all One Thousand Acres, more or less, with several Buildings and other erections thereon.—☞ Terms of payment—one-fourth cash, one-fourth in twelve months, one-fourth in two years, and the remaining fourth in three years, with Interest, and Security being given by the purchaser.

JOHN KERR.

St. John, August 18th, 1829.

POSITIVE SALE,

TO CLOSE A CONSIGNMENT.

On WEDNESDAY the 30th instant, at 11 o'Clock, will be Sold at Public Auction, at the Store of the Subscribers:—

3 TONS Flat IRON, assorted;
2 „ Round „ „
½ Ton ½ in. Square, } in Bundles of 1 cwt.
½ „ extra Flat, } each;
¼ „ ½ in. Round, }
2 Casks } IRON SPIKES;
2 Bags }
5 Casks NAILS, 4'dy. to 30'dy.;
24 Crates } EARTHENWARE;
5 Hhds. }
3 Pipes } Old BRANDY, *in Bond;*
6 Hhds. }
100 Boxes best Yellow SOAP;
6 Bags—No. 1 }
8 „ „ 2 }
8 „ „ 3 } SHOT;
6 „ „ 4 }
4 „ „ 5 }
10 Kegs White }
20 „ Black } PAINT;
5 „ Green }
20 „ Red }
3 Pieces Superfine Black Broad CLOTH.

TERMS:

Under £10—Cash; £10 to £25—Three Months Credit; over £25—Four Months ditto, by approved Endorsed Notes.

THOMAS MILLIDGE & CO.

St. John, 22d September, 1829.

POSITIVE SALE,

WITHOUT ANY RESERVE!

On TUESDAY the 13th day of October next, will be Sold at Public Auction,

All the recently purchased and extensive Stock of

BRITISH MERCHANDISE,

Of the Subscribers—consisting of

SUPERFINE broad and narrow CLOTHS; printed & white Cottons; black & colored Bombazetts and Bombazeens; book, jaconet, mull, & other Muslins; Cotton Balls; Threads; Tapes; Gloves, Socks, and Stockings; silk and cotton Handkerchiefs; Hats; Shoes; Umbrellas; Satins; Sarsnets; Gro de Naples; Lustrings; Shirting Linens & Cottons; Flushings; Kerseys; Guns; Pistols; black Crapes; Homespuns; Shirting Stripes; Fringes; Buttons; checked Shirts; Combs; Braces; Trimmings; Quills; Pencils; Sealing Wax; Bed Lace; Cotton Boxes; Writing, Printing, and Wrapping Paper, &c. &c.

☞ *Great Bargains will continue to be given until the 6th proximo—and great inducements for wholesale customers who have Cash to dispose of.* LOWE & GROOCOCK.

September 8.

JUST RECEIVED,

Per the Perseverance from Liverpool:

230 PIECES Grey SHIRTING COTTONS;

600 Dozen assorted White and Coloured Sewing Cotton Reels.

For sale at the lowest prices, by

Prince William-street, August 25. } P. DUFF.

FLOUR, TALLOW, &c.

Just received by the Cyrus, Sears, Master, from Philadelphia:

BARRELS new Superfine FLOUR,
Barrels Middling Do.
Barrels TALLOW;

which will be sold cheap if taken from the vessel.

Also—per the Bethiah:

A lot of WINDSOR CHAIRS.

Sept. 15. E. DeW. RATCHFORD.

W. & G. HUTCHINSON,

Have just received from Liverpool, a New Supply of

JEWELLERY, PLATED WARE, &C.

—AMONG WHICH ARE—

FINE Gold Watch Seals and Keys; fine gold Brooches and Breast Pins, set with Amethyst, Topaz, Pearl, and Garnet; fine gold set Top and Drop Ear Rings, and Finger Rings; Cornelian, Coral, and Jet Ear Rings; black and gilt Bracelet Snaps; Gilt Web for Bracelets; Gilt Buckles; Silver mounted Cruet and Liquor Stands; do. Candlesticks, Snuffers, and Trays; Plated Chamber Candlesticks; Brass Candlesticks, Snuffers, and Trays; Plated Tea, Table, Mustard, and Salt Spoons; do. Sugar Tongs; Thermometers; Surveyors' and Pocket Compasses; Ships' Compasses; Telescopes and Quadrants; Silver and Steel Spectacles, &c. &c.

St. John, July 28, 1829.

FARM FOR SALE.

A FARM, in the Parish of Hampton, (King's County), fronting on Hammond River, containing 200 acres, 15 of which are cleared, the remainder well stocked with hard and soft Wood—is offered for Sale. Eight tons of Hay was cut this year.—There is on the premises, a well finished one and a-half story frame House, a log Barn, and other improvements.—The Farm adjoins the property of Mr. Jonathan Titus; and is but 24 miles from the city, with a good turnpike road all the way.—For terms and further particulars, please apply to Messrs. Crookshank & Walker, St. John, or to

JAMES ROBERTSON,

September 15.—3‡ on the premises.