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EIGHTEENTH YEAR — EIGHT PAGES—MONDAY MORNING MARCH 15 1897—EIGHT PAGES — ONE CENT

THE CASE OF MR. McGILLIVRAY

Or What the Major Did Say and What He Did Not Say at Chicago February 27th, 1897.

Senate Reading Room

A week ago this morning—at [illegible] be exact—among the papers received at the news editor of The World, [illegible] of The Western British-American, [illegible] Chicago. It is a weekly paper, published in Chicago in the interest of Canadian and Britishers. Its leading article was directed to a speech made by Mr. John McGillivray, ex-M.P., of Toronto, supreme secretary of the Independent Order of Foresters, made in Chicago the week previous. It expressed its surprise that Mr. McGillivray had come out, at the meeting in question, flat-footed for annexation.

The news editor of The World saw fit to reproduce the article in question in last Monday's paper. The World is a Canadian newspaper. It upholds Canadian ideas, and when it found a Canadian paper, published in the United States, and circulating among Canadians, taxing a late member of the Canadian Parliament with being an annextionist, it felt justified in reproducing the article for two reasons: (1) That Mr. McGillivray might be given a chance to deny it, if he had not so spoken, and after it had been extensively circulated in the States; (2) That if he did make such a speech the people of Canada, and especially the Foresters, ought to know it. No Order stands so high for loyalty as the Foresters.

Mr McGillivray, on the same Monday, wrote a letter to The World denying the charge made against him, expressed his loyalty to Canadian institutions, and hinted that the "irresponsible scribbler" who had attacked him in the Chicago paper has attacked the Order of Foresters before The World published Mr. McGillivray's letter and accepted his denial.

On Thursday night, Mr. McGillivray stated in The World office that the item published in Monday's paper had been supplied us as a stereotyped plate, and that we had not given his letter as prominent a position as the charge. He said some other things that we may refer to later on. On the morning of Friday we again stated that Major McGillivray denied the charge made against him, and that he alleged that his accuser (the editor of The Western British-American), had been expelled from the Order. We also mentioned the fact that a number of prominent Foresters of Ottawa had, in a local paper here, scouted the idea of any such speech being made by Mr. McGillivray.

The World thought the matter ended. But on Friday night, The Lindsay Warder, edited by Major Sam Hughes, M.P., was received at this office. It had the following leader:

Major John A. McGillivray is No Traitor.

A scurrilous article in Monday's Toronto World, one of a kind too often found in the columns of that paper regarding persons who have ever befriended all belonging to it, and one whose publication can only be justified on the assumption that it was paid for by some person or company desirous of injuring Major McGillivray—charged him with treasonable utterances towards Canada while recently visiting Chicago on business for the Independent Order of Foresters.

The article was copied from a Chicago journal and is supposed to have there been inspired by a dismissed servant of the Foresters. It charged in very vindictive language, that Major McGillivray in addressing a monster gathering of Chicago Foresters had spoken in favor of the annexation of Canada to the United States.

It may be that Major McGillivray, like many others, at times utters indiscreet speeches; but his most bitter enemy never yet was fool enough or ass enough to dream that any sentiment savoring of annexation found refuge in his heart or mind.

The facts are that, as is always usual on such occasions, Major McGillivray as became a gentleman visiting among gentlemen did not smash the furniture to pieces in seeking to impress upon his Chicago hearers the majesty of Britain and Canada. He acknowledged the greatness and goodness of the United States, but no word of disloyalty or of treason or of want of the most profound love, respect, loyalty and allegiance to Canada and Great Britain, was uttered by Major McGillivray.

Those who know him do not give the yarn a second's thought.

On Saturday morning the truly loyal Mail had the following in its editorial columns:

A dastardly outrage was the publication by the Ishmaelite of this city of the story that Major McGillivray had uttered annextationist sentiments to a Chicago audience. As a result of this characteristic falsehood the Grit press, which gets much of its inspiration from this slanderer, is parading the worthy major as a disloyal citizen. There were three objects to be served by the attack upon the Major. First, the Major is a Conservative, and the slanderer finds especial pleasure in knifing Conservatives individually. Secondly, by attaching a stigma to a Conservative the thing was expected to injure the Conservative party as a whole. Thirdly, the Major is an official of the Independent Order of Foresters, and a nasty and cowardly blow at him might do harm to the Order itself. It is safe to say that the cut-throat purposes underlying the publication are averted in Major McGillivray's case, as they are in all others of a like character, first because the story bore the evidences of mendacity; and, secondly, because of the source from which it emanated. But, of course, it will go the rounds of the Liberal press. The Ishmaelite gets that much satisfaction out of it.

So on Saturday The World decided to further investigate the matter, and accordingly despatched one of its reporters to Chicago to find out what the Major really said. The World only became suspicious when it found that truly loyal paper The Mail taking a hand in the discussion.

But before we print our Chicago special we wish to call attention to what the charge really was. It was based on a report, published in The South Side Sun, a Chicago local journal. We have since received a copy of the paper in question. It is a creditable enough production, but we suspect strongly Irish in its politics. It seems a new and successful court of Foresters was organized in the South Side of Chicago, in a residential quarter, and that Major McGillivray, the supreme secretary, went up to open it. There were a thousand people or more at the meeting. It was a great success and was fully reported in The Sun, occupying over a column and a quarter of its space. The report was most enthusiastic. NAY MORE, THE REPORT WAS AN OFFICIAL ONE, as Mr. Clancy, the chief ranger, has since informed our reporter. It gave the names of all the distinguished residents of the South Side, who were there, and nine out of every ten of these names have a strong Hibernian flavor. The Sun tells how that after the speeches a ball followed, and how the gallant Major lead the grand march with a South Side belle on his arm. The Sun report, after giving these details, takes up the speeches. It gives Chief Ranger Clancy's speech in full, and in the first person. Then comes Major McGillivray's speech, somewhat condensed and in the third person:

Supreme Secretary McGillivray, High Chief Ranger A. E. Stevenson and High Councillor W. C. Shaefer also delivered addresses. Mr. McGillivray is a member of the Canadian Parliament, and during his speech paid a glowing tribute to America, and in the course of his remarks said he had passed a thousand times the imaginary line dividing Canada and America, but found his countrymen or both sides of the line, who were all Americans, and he said that although Canada was under British domination, such domination was a farce, and it needed only one word from the Capitol at Washington to end the farce for ever. He looked forward to the day, and that at no distant period, when the Stars and Stripes of the glorious Republic would be the only flag of recognized authority on the Continent. He said that in fact that day had already arrived, for the United States was the arbiter of the destinies of this Continent, and it needed only one word from Uncle Sam to end British domination in Canada for ever.

There is no doubt that this report is the official report supplied by the order. It has all the marks thereof. And yet the Warder and The Mail have the hardihood or the ignorance to say that it emanated from an enemy of the order, and that it was mendacious. They may say they meant that the editor of The British American, whose comments on the report were published by The Sun, was an enemy of the order and mendacious. The World knows nothing about that. But that editor was quite justified in his comments, for he quoted from an official report. And it is this official report that The World's representative investigated.

Here is The World man's special:

Chicago, March 14.—(Special.)—The report of Major McGillivray's speech which appeared in The South Side Daily Sun was the official report furnished by W. P. Clancy, Chief Ranger of Court Independence 1792, Independent Order of Foresters. Clancy is desk sergeant of Grand Crossing Precinct, Chicago Police Force, and brother of Clancy, formerly a Parnellite member of the British Parliament. He is a man of influence who formerly belonged to the Illinois Order of Foresters and then organized Court Independence of the Canadian order.

Mr. Clancy asserts that the report in The Sun is substantially correct, and furnished the following information:

In Mr. McGillivray's speech, he said:

"I have crossed the imaginary line between your country and mine a thousand times and found my countrymen on both sides of the line. I found no difference between them. In the piece just recited by a young Forester who preceded me (a boy 12 years old) reference is made to Benedict Arnold. At that time, the time of Arnold, your country rebelled against the tyranny of King George. It was a just rebellion, but if the benign influence of Victoria existed at that time this country would never be separated from Great Britain. Your chairman refers to the Stars and Stripes and to the colors in the American flag. I honor those colors, whether in the American flag or in our flag, for these colors for a thousand years have floated in every quarter of the world as the symbol of liberty and justice. Your chairman refers to annexation. Why, sir, we are annexed now. I married an American wife, and I am annexed to her, or she is annexed to me, as you may wish to call it. Yes, sir, if annexation comes I would welcome annexation, for both countries are now one in fact, and American doctrines, which are the doctrines of your country and mine, now pervade this continent; the doctrines of liberty and justice, of which both countries are the champions the world over."

Mr. Clancy further says: "The above is a fair statement of what Mr. McGillivray said in his speech at the Foresters' meeting at Boulevard Hall on Feb. 27. With reference to the statement attributed to him that one word from the capitol at Washington would end the British farce for ever, those words were not uttered by him. He did, however, say that American doctrines dominated this continent, but he said those doctrines were also doctrines held by Great Britain, and as much British doctrines as American doctrines, and they were doctrines of liberty and justice all over the world, upheld and symbolized by the British flag everywhere. If necessary I can get a thousand affidavits that the above is a true version of that part of his speech, which has been objected to by the ultra-loyal, cringing subjects of Queen Victoria. For myself, I could not let the opportunity pass without saying there that I have the utmost contempt for Her Majesty's Government, and that I consider the British flag the symbol of tyranny and oppression the world over. The meanest citizen of the United States is a sovereign and equal in rank to any foreign potentate, and certainly not inferior in rank to Mrs. Guelph or any of her family.

[Signed.] W. P. Clancy.
Chief Ranger Court Independence 1792.

"There," said Mr. Clancy, as he handed the above written statement to The World reporter, "that is letting Mr. McGillivray down dead easy." He further intimated that if Major McGillivray kicked against it he could make it much worse. In further conversation he said that with the exception stated there the report in The Sun was correct, and although the words referring to the ending of the British farce were not uttered by Mr. McGillivray, that was the inference that he drew from the speech.

P. B. Cook, recording secretary of Court Independence, was present when Chief Ranger Clancy read his written statement given above, and attached the following certificate to the document:

"The above statement is correct."
[Signed] P. B. Cook."

It was difficult to find members of the court who heard the speech, as the hall was crowded and visitors were given the front seats. J. A. Swift, 5356 Halsted-street, a charter member of Court Independence, who was present at the meeting, read the report in The Sun, as quoted above. He attached his signature to a statement certifying that from his recollection the report is correct.

Captain Frank O'Neil of the Stock Yards Police Station, who was present at the meeting, said that there was nothing as far as he could see in McGillivray's address that could be called an annexation speech. Mr. McGillivray had spoken eulogistically of the United States and Oronhyatekha, but did not preach annexation doctrines. He devoted himself mostly to the business of organization, and O'Neil

Continued on Page 2.

JUBILEE 3-CENT STAMP

The P.O. Department Will Mark This Year

BY A SPECIAL STAMP ISSUE.

Only a Limited Circulation, Then the Old Stamp Will Reappear.

Some Misunderstanding as to the Military Order From the Old Country—Bisley Men Are Accepting—Gift to Public Libraries of Old Census Books—Rogers' Case Before the Supreme Court—Great Boom in the Lumber Trade Just Now in View of the Prospective Increase of Duty—Ottawa News.

Ottawa, March 14.—(Special.)—Here is good news for postage stamp collectors. The Postmaster-General proposes, as far as his department is concerned, to commemorate Her Majesty's diamond jubilee by the issue of a new 3-cent postage stamp, appropriate to the occasion. It will have a limited circulation only, probably for a period of months covering the jubilee celebrations during the coming summer. When the sale is stopped the present 3-cent stamp will be put in circulation again.

AS TO THE MILITARY.

The invitation received from the Colonial Office for Canada to send a representation of militia to take part in the diamond jubilee celebration has been under the consideration of the Government. It is somewhat ambiguous in its terms, and uncertainty prevails as to whether the invitation includes only officers, or whether it embraces officers and men. Until such time as definite information upon the point has been received, a decision as to the Canadian representation will not be made.

GOING TO BISLEY.

Although only a few days have elapsed since members eligible for Bisley were notified to send in their acceptances or not, the secretary of the D.R.A., Col. Bacon, has received nine letters of acceptances and no refusals.

GIFT TO PUBLIC LIBRARIES.

As more accommodation is needed for clerks in the Department of Agriculture, it has been decided to get rid of the accumulations of census volumes. The Minister therefore proposes to present a set of census volumes of 1891 to every public library in the Dominion.

ROGERS V. TORONTO S. B.

In the Supreme Court yesterday the case of Rogers v. the Toronto School Board was argued. The plaintiff, Rogers, was superintendent of the coal commission which had a contract to supply coal for the Ryerson School in Toronto. Between 7 and 8 o'clock in the evening before the day for delivery he went to examine the premises. A caretaker lived in a cottage near the school house, and being laid up from an accident his wife pointed out to the plaintiff the windows through which the coal was to be put into the basement. He asked to see the basement and a man named Rooney, who was a friend of the caretaker's, and in his house at the time, volunteered to take him down. It did not appear clearly whether or not he got the key from the wife, or if the door was open. The plaintiff followed this man downstairs, and in doing so fell into a pit near the furnace and was severely injured, for which he brought the action for damages. He recovered a verdict and $500 damages at the trial, which the Court of Appeal reversed, and dismissed his action. Counsel for the appellant argued that the plaintiff was on the premises by the implied invitation of the board, and also that he could recover if he was a mere licensee. McCarthy, Q. C., for appellant; Christopher Robinson, Q. C., and Hodgins, for respondent. The arguments of counsel were not completed when the court rose. The next case on the list is the Consumers' Gas Company v. The City of Toronto.

A RUSH FOR LUMBER.

The prospective increase in lumber duties by the United States Congress has had a marked effect on the Canadian lumber trade. At present Canadian dealers are almost unable to meet demands for lumber coming from American buyers. Larger and better sales are being made this season than ever before. Owing to the open winter and consequent lack of snow the cut in the various camps has not been as extensive as in previous years, although the demand is much greater. The Canada Atlantic Railway is making very large shipments from Rockland, Hawkesbury and Ottawa. The company is doing its utmost to find cars in which to carry on the export trade. The officials of the road state that never in its history has the C. A. Railway been so pressed for cars and accommodation as at present.

DEEP WATERWAYS.

Messrs. Howland, Keefer and Munro, Canadian commissioners under the Deep Waterways Commission, had a meeting here yesterday to complete their report to the Government of their joint deliberations with the United States representatives. Much valuable information has been gained and plans formulated, with accompanying sketches and maps. The United States Government will be asked by its commissioners to appropriate $150,000 for surveys. Canada may be asked to contribute a little, our part of the work being nearly done. About $15,000 will be sufficient for all purposes. The commissioners' report will be presented to Parliament at the approaching session.

Mr. F. H. Walker of Walkerville was here yesterday on business with the Inland Revenue Department. Mr. Walker says his firm did not manufacture any whiskey last year on account of a double stock laid in during the previous year, when grain was selling at low prices. If the firm had waited till this last season they would have been perhaps further ahead, because grain was purchaseable for a time at even lower figures.

PERSONAL AND GENERAL.

Senator Bechard is dying. Mr. Tarte went to see him Friday.

The Order of Trappists are applying for incorporation to hold and maintain institutions in Manitoba and the Northwest.

James William Bain, Postoffice Inspector of Montreal, and Francois Choquette have been appointed commissioners to investigate and report upon certain complaints respecting the management of the Louiseville postoffice, Quebec.

William Cook, Fergus Murphy and John C. Howe, Quebec, have been appointed commissioners to investigate and report upon the nature and extent of the losses incurred by the citizens of Quebec in consequence of the landslide that occurred there in September, 1889.

The Indian Department is advised of the death of Dr. Richard Stephen, Indian medical officer on Manitoulin Island.

The Department of Trade and Commerce has received the reply of the Victoria Board of Trade to circulars sent out by the department. It commends the appointment of commercial agents in foreign countries, the pushing of emigration and building of lines to develop the resources of the Pacific Province.

Cyrus Beardsley, who kept a boot shop on Rideau-street, is missing, and yesterday Judge Ross codemned him to serve twelve months in jail for defrauding his creditors. Recently Beardsley declared himself insolvent, his liabilities being placed at $12,000 and his assets at $1900.

ANOTHER NEW BUILDING.

The Dineen's About to Move Into New Quarters—An Old Landmark to Disappear Shortly

The hundreds of thousands of people who have been accustomed to see the old building at the corner of King and Yonge-streets will soon see it no more, for the owners of the property have decided to put up a large building on this important corner, and the firm of Messrs. W. & D. Dineen, who have carried on one of the largest and most successful hat and fur businesses during the past twenty-two years at this point, and whose name and reputation entend from the one end of this Dominion to the other, will be compelled to move out until the new premises are erected, and therefore they have secured the store at 81 Yonge-street, almost opposite their present site, and on the 1st of April Dineens will start to move.

Before moving Dineens will sell at sacrifice prices seal and Persian lamb, otter, south sea seal, Alaska sable, mink, Greenland seal and grey lamb, made into sacques, coats, capes, collars, caperines, caps, muffs, gauntlets, etc., for both ladies and gentlemen, and it will pay to buy now for next season.

Dineens' hat department is one of the most extensive in the Dominion, and the hats which they have already opened up this season, along with their other stock, will be included in the two-weeks' moving sale, now in progress, and no head need go shabbily attired for the want of an up-to-date hat at low price and still fine quality and new style.

Cook's Turkish Baths, 204 King W. Ladies 75c.

Special Values.

1000-page letter books, fine white paper, leather back and corners, $1.25 each. The Varsity Fountain Pen sells rapidly at $1 each. Blight Bros., 65 Yonge-street.

Try Watson's Cocoa Essence.

Grand & Toy's Snaps.

Fine Russia Leather indexed memo books and price books, travelers' expense books, duplicate and triplicate order books. If it is a good thing, we have it. Grand & Toy, Stationers and Printers, Wellington and Jordan-streets, Toronto.

By improving the digestion Adams' Tutti Frutti gives warmth to the system. Allow no imitations to be palmed off on you.

Big Rush of Passengers to the Old Country This Coming Summer.

Berths for June and July are already being applied for; so passengers who wish to travel in comfort will please reserve accommodation at once at S. J. Sharp's ticket office, 78 Yonge-street.

"Salada" Ceylon Tea is restful.

"White Horse Cellar" (blend 1746) from the Isles of Islay, can be had from Michie & Co. and George W. Cooley, wine merchants, at $1 per bottle.

THE WATCH DOG OF THE PASS.

SIR WILLIAM, earnestly: I'd like awfully well to get him out of there.

SCHOOL SETTLEMENT.

The Bitter Controversy in Manitoba Revived.

ORANGEMEN'S GRAND LODGE

By Resolution Condemn the Government of Mr. Greenway.

Manitoba Premier Charged With Betraying the Cause of National Schools—As Soon as Mr. Laurier Came Into Power the Cloven Foot Was Exposed—Sending of Emissaries to Rome Strongly Denounced — The Terms of Settlement Called a Delusion and a Snare.

Winnipeg, March 14.—(Special.)—With the bill now before the Manitoba Legislature to ratify the terms of the Laurier-Greenway school settlement, all the bitter school controversy seems to have been renewed. The remarkable feature of the discussion now is that, judging from the utterances of representative bodies and men, neither Protestants nor Catholics agree with the settlement. The Manitoba Orange Grand Lodge, for instance, condemns Mr. Greenway for betraying the cause of national schools, while Mr. Pare, chief representative in the Legislature of the Manitoba Catholics, declares that no concessions have been made to the minority, and he sees but a further insult in the so-called settlement.

A STRONG RESOLUTION.

The resolution passed by the Orange Grand Lodge was exceptionally strong. It first sets forth that the Manitoba Orangemen sacrificed party to strengthen Mr. Greenway's hands against coercion, and says: "But as soon as the Laurier Government came to power the cloven foot was exposed, and the terms of settlement arranged between the Provincial and Federal Governments, which is one of the rankest and barest acts of duplicity in the history of responsible government, and a menace to the liberty of the Manitoba Protestants. The teaching of Roman Catholic dogmas is again restored and the principle which Orangemen have contended for, that the State should not recognize any religious denomination in our schools, has been sacrificed. The Roman Catholic Church has been specially singled out for favors, while all Protestants are simply referred to as non-Catholic."

After vigorously condemning the bilingual system, which provision the Orange Grand Lodge says answers the double purpose of introducing into the Public schools the dual language and Roman Catholic teachers, the resolution proceeds:

"This settlement has other features even more vicious than the old Separate school law. The policy of Rome has ever been aggressive. Roman Catholic teachers will be scattered throughout the province, and will have an opportunity of proselytizing to a much greater extent under the terms of settlement than ever before."

After referring to the sending of emissaries to Rome, the resolution says: "The humiliation of our great Dominion in the eyes of every liberty-loving nation must indeed be great, when our rulers so far forget their dignity and that of our country as to endeavor to obtain the sanction of a foreign potentate before legislation is submitted to Parliament. Therefore, be it resolved, that we express in the strongest terms possible disapproval of the settlement and denounce it as a delusion and a snare, and we will use every legitimate means of defeating every member of Parliament who votes in its favor."

The debate on the schools settlement will be continued in the Legislature tomorrow.

AT THE CONFESSIONAL.

A Catholic writes to The Tribune, declaring that Archbishop Langevin in a sermon at St. Norbert just prior to the St. Boniface election made a statement to the effect that all those who voted for Mr. Bertrand at the last election held in the electoral division of St. Boniface would be refused burial in consecrated ground should they die in their present state. The writer then adds that some electors went to confession since election. The first question asked by the priest was: "Who did you vote for at the last election?" "I voted for Bertrand," answered the penitent. "Then," said the priest, "you will have to go to the Archbishop. I can do nothing for you."

The elector did go to His Grace, and judge of his surprise when he was asked to sign a printed document, acknowledging his guilt in having voted for Bertrand and promising in future to vote according to the bishop's instructions.

OUR ROSSLAND SPECIAL.

Another Test Will be Made of Le Roi Low Grade Ore at the O.K. Mill—Joe Martin's Headquarters.

Rossland, B.C., March 14.—(Special to The World, via Spokane, Wash.)—In the west crosscut in Centre Star five feet of ore has been struck, which averages $100 to the ton.

The new plant on Morning Star is nearly ready.

One hundred tons of Le Roi low grade ore will be tested in the O. K. mill to prove conclusively that it is capable of profitable treatment.

A stock exchange is being formed.

Joe Martin will make Rossland his headquarters.

Ned Hewitt declined the nomination for alderman. W. A. Campbell accepted the nomination.

O. Jeldness, champion ski runner of British Columbia, ran down Red Mountain, nearly two miles, in three minutes.

Ore found in the lowest workings of Le Roi gives the highest gold values yet obtained, substantiating the belief that the ore of the camp grows richer with depth.

A. R. M.

Try Watson's Cocoa Essence.

Sale of Real Estate.

Messrs. C. J. Townsend & Co. sold on Saturday to Mr. George Parker, for the sum of $1425, the property situated on the northeast corner of Markham and Arthur-streets, on which is a two-and-a-half storey brick-faced store and dwelling. 17 feet by 113 feet.

Monuments.

See our designs and prices before purchasing elsewhere. We are manufacturers. D. McIntosh & Sons, office and showroom, 524 Yonge-street, opposite Maitland-street. Works, Yonge-street, Deer Park. 146

Cook's Turkish Baths, 204 King W., day, 75c.

BIRTHS.

FENWICK—At 25 Brunswick-avenue, on Sunday, March 7, the wife of Thomas H. Fenwick, of a son.

DIED.

BOBBY—On Saturday, March 13, 1897, at her late residence, 52 Belmont-street, Annie Amelia, beloved wife of Herbert J. Bobby, eldest daughter of George and Caroline Glenister.

Funeral from above address Monday, March 15, at 3.30 p.m., to Mount Pleasant Cemetery. Friends and acquaintances will please accept this intimation.

FENWICK—On Monday, the 8th inst., at 25 Brunswick-avenue, Lena M. Ballagh, beloved wife of Thomas H. Fenwick.

MORAN—On Saturday morning, at 100 Shuter-street, Bridget Moran, relict of the late Frank Moran, aged 72 years.

Funeral private on Monday at 9.30 a.m. to St. Michael's Cemetery.

BRITAIN, FRANCE, ITALY

Arrayed Against Russia, Germany and Austria.

OR EAST AGAINST WEST.

That is the Shape the Eastern Question is Now Taking.

The New Cleavage Is the Work of Public Sentiment, and the Political Leaders, Though Opposed to It, Cannot Ignore It—Growing Antagonism in Britain Against Germany — The Significant Words of Mr. Goschen in the British House of Commons Regarding the Navy.

New York, March 14.—The Sun's special London cable says: The general belief now is that the powers will condescend to argue the subject of Crete with Greece, in spite of their absolute ultimatum which King George has disobeyed. The reason for this concession is, as was telegraphed mid-week, that the French Government is unable to commit itself to drastic measures of coercion without the consent of public opinion in that country. M. Hanotaux has postponed until Monday his appeal to the Chamber of Deputies to support the Government in whatever policy seems necessary, but it is pretty clearly indicated that this policy will not include any punitive action against Greece at the present moment, although the three Emperors are openly desirous of dealing with King George in a high-handed fashion. Each day's delay is making more conspicuous the new cleavage of Europe which the Greece-Cretan crisis has caused.

EAST AGAINST WEST.

Public opinion is now openly divided, east against west. Great Britain, France and Italy are arrayed against Russia, Germany and Austria. It would not be surprising or unnatural if this division became more distinct and permanent. I do not desire to imply that there is any desire on the part of the Cabinets of the Western powers, or any one of them, to secede from the European concert. The new cleavage is the work of public sentiment, and nothing else. Lord Salisbury, M. Hanotaux and Signor Rudini are all opposed to it. Nobody can calculate yet to what it may lead.

Sympathy with Greece in this country is being strengthened daily by the growing antagonism against Germany. Emperor William's naval program has aroused intense feeling in all parties. Its virtual rejection by the committee of the Reichstag to-day will not mitigate English bitterness.

SIGNIFICANT WORDS.

There is immense significance in the British Government's reply to the German Emperor, announced last night by Mr. Goschen, First Lord of the Admiralty, in the House of Commons. His language means more than is contained in the ultimatum to Greece. He said: "In the present year there will be built sixty-six ships, and there will be 108 under construction. Is that program sufficient? It had been settled on the principle of seeing what forces we might have to meet. Looking at the normal shipbuilding of various countries we took a survey, and the result of that survey is embodied in the estimates we propose. But there is what I may call a balance of power in navies of Europe, and we should watch with some anxiety that that bal-

Continued on Page 2.

Sword's Collar Sale.

Lack of room for balance of spring goods now on the way necessitates a clearing out at once of over 200 dozen colored and white shirts, also 500 dozen collars. Saturday's crowd was too much for us to handle. You can buy these goods during this week at Saturday's bargain prices. Colored fronted shirts, Dresden effects (unlaundried) 50c, bought to sell for 85c. Choice of 50 dozen cambric shirts, collars and cuffs detached, 75c, worth $1 and $1.25. A hundred and one other lines at similar reduced prices. Four-ply collars, 3 for 25c; 4-ply English collars, 2 for 25c. Sword, 55 King east.

Aids digestion and improves the complexion—Adams' Tutti Frutti. See that the trade mark name Tutti Frutti is on each 5 cent package.

The Concert of the Powers.

Although much has been heard of this so-called concert at Crete, yet it is now well and widely known that only on the merits of "White Horse Cellar" Whiskey (the blend of 1746) do they entirely agree. Wine merchants do not require, neither do they use, coercion to introduce it. Telephone 155.

Cook's Turkish Baths, 204 King W, evenings, 50c.

The Provident Savings Life Assurance Society of New York, established 1875, Edward W. Scott President. General agents wanted in the following districts: Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Peterboro, Barrie, Owen Sound, Arthur, Guelph, Stratford, Berlin, London and Hamilton. Successful agents and gentlemen seeking remunerative business connections may apply to R. H. Matson, General Manager for Canada, 37 Yonge-street, Toronto. 136

Have you tasted "Salada" Ceylon Tea.

At Treble's, 53 King-street west—Special values in Boys' Shirts, well made and good fitting. Clearing prices this week.

Pember's Turkish baths, 129 Yonge.

At Treble's—40 dozen 4-ply English linen collars. "The Leader," 2 for 25c, 15c each.

Fetherstonhaugh & Co., patent solicitors and experts. Bank Commerce Building, Toronto.

Fair and Cold.

Minimum and maximum temperatures: Calgary, 6—26; Prince Albert, 38 below—4 below; Qu'Appelle, 16 below—4 below; Winnipeg, 32 below—2 below; Port Arthur, 2—22; Toronto, 20—37; Ottawa, 4—22; Montreal, 6—48; Quebec, 4 below—10; Halifax, 16—26.

PROBS—Fair and cold.

Baths, steam heated, 127 and 129 Yonge.

Steamship Movements.

March 13.	At	From
Werkedam	New York	Roterdam.
Paris	New York	Southampton
Concordia	Tory Island	St. John, N.B.
Etruria	New York	Queenstown
Noordland	Antwerp	New York.
Prussia	Hamburg	New York.
March 14.	At	From
Labrador	Moville	Halifax.
Dundas	Scilly Islands	Halifax.
La Gascogne	Havre	New York.