

ARTICLE IV.

THE QUESTIONING OF WITNESSES	Page 224
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The Coroner then proceeds to question all persons in a position to enlighten justice.

These persons, either by oath or affirmation, according to their religious beliefs, pledge themselves to tell the truth and the whole truth.

The jurors, those interested and all persons present may suggest questions which the Coroner should put to the witnesses, if they are not foreign to the objects of the inquest.

The material facts related by the witnesses are carefully noted by the Coroner or his Clerk.

ARTICLE V.

OF EVIDENCE	233
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The general rules of evidence apply to Coroner's Inquests.

ARTICLE VI.

CONTEMPT OF COURT	233
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The unjustifiable refusal of a witness to reply to the Coroner's questions, disobedience, during the inquest, of the Coroner's orders, on the part of anybody whomsoever, or any reprehensible or wrongful act committed with the object of casting contempt upon the judicial proceedings of the inquest constitute a contempt of Court, which the Coroner, if he sees fit, may punish forthwith by a fine of four dollars, or, in default of payment of such fine, by an imprisonment of fifteen days.

ARTICLE VII.

EXPERTS	245
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The Coroner may call as witnesses, if necessary, experts residing in the neighborhood. The expert analyst, if the jury as well as the Coroner believe it necessary, is called only if judged advisable by the Attorney-General. The Coroner may employ the services of a clerk or secretary and of an interpreter.