## (10

EDITRD GY Ma. DEMOS MUdGR:



## TORONTO, SATURDAY, JULY 4, 1874.

## ghnsuers to Comerspondents.

J. E., Woodstock.-Raceived your letter too late. Soe editor's note of this

INQol. preparation of his book "Physics and Politics." Tne Doctor knows us much of one as of tho other.

## To Contributore.

Contributions are to be addressed to "Grip," Box 958, Toronto.

## So Very True.

The art-critic of The Mail, in his remarks upon the recent exhibition, displayed the masterly hand, fine, fearless judgment and knowledge of painting which might be expected from-alocal reporter well acquainted with signboards.

Not satisfied with giving to the public a critique, to which nothing by. Rusuns can be compared, he enlightens the world by the following historical information which shows vory deep research indeed, butis a little-jnst a leetle-boyond Grip.
"Wa must take somo oxception to the assertion of the catalogue, that Dolwyddolan Costle, North Wales, was built about the elghth contury' us in the Saxoa timeb."

It's as olear $\Omega$ m mud.

## Fashionable Personal.

Mrs. Tibaets says her duties in comnection with a peanut stand prevent her going to the sea side. Determined, however, to be fashionable, she has closed the blinds of her private residence on Dummer street, and locked the front door for the season. Every evening she stauds in a large pork barrel with a foot of brine at the bottom, and gete her old raan to blow on her, through tho bunghole, with a pair of bellows. She says "the salt air agrees with her wonderful."

## Dooidedly!

A comarspondent onquiros:
If DOOTOR JOHNBON's assertion that a man who maker a pun would piok a pooket. bo true-does it necossuruy follow that the man who laughs it one would be guilty of receiving stolen goods?

He verily would if he laughed at the puns of cortnin plaguey and plagarising panatera.

## "Smoke on tho Land."

"gay, Stranger," gaid a tall American to the purser on board the "City of Toronto," as they were stoaming up the bay on a sultry day, with the wind in the enst; "What is the origin of the name of your oity ?" "Toronto, sir," repliod the courteous purser, "is au Indian word signifying "Trees in the water." "You ought to name it over again," replied the Yank. "Find out the Indian word for 'Smoke on the land,' for I'm blowed if it ain't the most smoky place I've seen this side of Pittsburg."

## Some Consolation.

"Buranne lesds a very aniform life," says an account of the capzivity of the eriled Marshal, which is at present going the rounds of the papers. Gam rojoices to know that they haveu't stripped the old man of his military clothing as well as his honor and peace.

## 

## corcerning a serurdlous temiplar.

## Mry dear O'Foozle,-

If a man, in formor ages, had a natural repugnance to applying himself steadily to hard work, the fighting market stood conveniently open, and he could hire out as a soldier, with a good conscience, and a better prospect of what henthen writers called plunder, and current Christianity recognises as loot. Or he might set up as $\AA$ robluer on hig uwn hook; or go begging among the Monks, who had good kitchens and larders, and received with open arms such vagrant unfortunates as were necesaitated to appeal to them for largess owing to a constitutional antipathy to bodily exertion. These, my dear boy, were the good old times-to the view of which distance leads hazy enchantment, and which well-conditioned persons are bound much to reverence because they know next to nothing about them. All human things however, as Daydes tells us, are subject to decay-good old times included. Except among dear relatives fightiug is not so prevalent as it was. Beggars now are apt to tet more kicks than halfpence ; while as regards plunder-loot-if people take to it they discover (unless behind a ohurch bazaar stall), that both the glumour and gleanings of Norman days are gonc-and that thoy are summarily laid hold of by some base valet in the form of a hired constable, and non shut up in prison, or sent out of the counlry, instead of founding a family and fclon-ising their way to broad lands and an albey. Society now-a-days discountenances rogues and vagabonds, uuless they have a good character, wear broadcloth, attend public worship, and have a nice house, and plenty of money. Look which wny I will, my O'Foozle, I find nothing, in these hard prosaic times for the mass of ordinary foll-who do not know a Cabinet Minister, or are unuble to strike out a new "Mission"-but to choose some Lonest occupa. tion, and stick to it. "Tis a nuisanco,-but ono wholly unavoidublethat we must eat and drink, nnd wear Nosey and Son's latest evolvements in cont and pants. In the good old times men domed a garment of blue paint, lived in caves and woods, and lauched ou a raw root. But man is a progreseive animal. Ho has a mind. He has reason. Inaumerable inventions have now incrensed his happiness and necessities. The paint point is broken; caverns are left to the lizards; and wo rojoico in stucco, shoddy, chicory, chignons, bonedust, and other great and useful evidences and issucs of civilised and ennobling enterprise.
And yet, my boy, even civilisation and honest exertion for oug's bread and butter, are not all plain sailing, as has lately been discovered by one Geonoe Benjamin, of Bath, Eugland-by business a conl-dealer-by couviction a "Temperance" man-the latter being the new torm in vague to represent not, as most people would conclude, a moderate partaker of, but an entire alstainer from the beverages which cheer, and also incbriate. These alcoholic forbearers used to be known as T'ec-(or tea) totullers, signifying probubly, that they went totally for Ten-as their ordiuary potation-blended at times with chicory, gingerette, pop, Temperance-Champague, and other esbilurating and ingenious tipples, from which, while giving due meed of praiso to their discoverer, I have found myelf obliged to abstain owing to some unfortunate stomachic eccentricity, inherited from my ancestors. The name 'Totallers, however, has now goud out, and Temperance reigns in its stead. For myself, I preferced the origival appellation, as being in accord with what Cancynes would call tho eternal realitics; while "Temperance," as an alias for abstinence, seems to me an entire misnomer. However, the 'total (or temperance) Benjamin-call him what you will-navigating his commercial bark over the waters of industry, found himself suddeuly eutangled among the rocks and shoals of Casuistry. This, my dear 0'l'oozle, was doubtless not an unexampled experience. One can ensily conceive how nice points of scrapulosity must often prick tender souls, as, piloting their vesseis over the glorious ocenn of trade, they scan the dubious question what amount of sand in the last hogsheud of sllgar will bo in hurmony with current Christion ethics; or whetber that barrel of chicory in the back office is in accord with holding the church plate on Sundays, aud "leading" the dear brethren at Ved. nesday's prayer-meeting. Mr. Benjakin's troublo was this. Ife did not drink any beer. But ho supplied the coal, which warmed the boiler, which heated the water, which made the unclean potation. Pondering this distressing circumstance he resoved to nvoid the appearance of evil. When the brewery-man sent an order for more heat-promoter the man of black-diamonds informed him that "as "an abstainer and Templar, he could not consistently supply him " with any more coals for the manufacture of, etc., ctc."

The ancient King Cole was a jolly old soul, but tho modern King Coal-for Conl, my boy, is King, and no mistake in these days-has not inherited his mantle. Our friend Benjamin is, one feurs, ouly at the commencement of his "testifying." The victim of casuistry, like the victim of jealousy," doth make the meat he feeds on." The demands of "Conscience", $\Omega$ conscience of the conl kind-momentarily appeasod, are soon lively again. Every concession only manks them more exigent and ingatiate. Mr. Benjamin will soon find him-

